"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; continued cool with northwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 83; min., 68.
☞ For weather report see page to last page.

VOL. LXXIII...No. 24,296. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1924. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

DEADLOCK BROKEN AS FRENCH PROPOSAL GAINS IN CONFERENCE

Sanctions Committee Accepts Herriot's Plan for Special Board on German Default.

ARBITER FOR COAL PAYMENT

French Also Carry Their Point in the Matter of Payment of Reparations in Kind.

EXPERTS IN NIGHT SESSION

Adjourn at 2:15 A. M. Without Full Agreement, but Logan Hopes for Settlement Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Two of the main features of the plan of the French for safeguarding their interests were adopted yesterday by committees of the Inter-allied Conference. The third is likely to cause more discussion, but the "cautious optimism" to which the British representatives have confessed all along is more obvious, and it is hoped that the French, when the matter comes to debate, will be willing to modify their views so as to render them acceptable to all their colleagues. In that case an invitation to Germany may be sent by the Premiers today or Saturday, and the long-drawn-out conference will enter upon its final stage.

The first point in the French proposal was accepted by the First Committee without much difficulty. This dealt with the suggestion that if any nation requested a declaration of default from the Reparation Commission, sitting for the occasion with an American as an additional member, and could not obtain a unanimous decision in its favor, it would have the right to appeal to a special arbitral committee.

This proposal was not received by the First Committee without some criticism. Philip Snowden, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, in particular, was not pleased with it, and James A. Logan, the American representative, found it necessary to make a speech on the general attitude which was too often assumed toward the Dawes report. Usually, he pointed out, in discussing a mortgage attention was paid not to what would occur if the mortgagor defaulted, but to what he could put up in the way of security. The Dawes report, he said, was placing on Germany a great mortgage, and yet the conference was continually thinking of what it would do if Germany defaulted, and not of the value of the railroads and other securities which, under the report, she was offering.

He deprecated this attitude of mind and said he preferred himself to be optimistic as to the way in which the Dawes report would work out.

The result of the discussion was that the First Committee decided to recommend to the conference the adoption of the first point in the French proposal. This would set up an arbitral committee to which any nation could appeal to declare German default in case it was not able to obtain unanimous approval of the Reparation Commission, enlarged for the occasion by the addition of an American. This committee is to have an American Chairman and two other "impartial and independent" members, the selection of whom is not restricted. It will in the first case be nominated by the Reparation Commission, but if the members of the latter are not unanimous it will be appointed by the President of the Permanent Court of International Justice at The Hague.

New Committee's Powers Enlarged.

The idea that the functions of this body should be limited to approval of the default decision and reference of the question to the Reparation Commission for confirmation and action has been modified, and it will now have power to declare a German default absolutely. The form and powers of this new committee may, of course, be further modified when the proposal comes before the plenary meeting of the conference.

Some criticism of this arrangement was expressed today on the ground that the recommendations of the committee would not prohibit explicitly independent action of one power—for instance, France—if neither the Reparation Commission nor the Arbitral Committee would take her view of German behavior. The answer was made by a member of the committee that such separate action must look toward war, and that if any nation was willing to take the risk of war it would not be prevented from doing so by the mere piling up of machinery. Already a long process would have to be gone through before it would find it necessary to play a lone hand, and if it were sufficiently determined to persist in spite of the opinion shown against it, it would go on, whatever additional machinery was provided.

The Third Committee found little difficulty in assenting to the proposal of the French with regard to deliveries in kind. The possibility of France wishing to get from Germany after 1930, the year in which the delivery of reparations in kind is regulated, more coke than the German industrialists are willing to part with was again used as an instance of the sort of difficulty the French might find in getting precisely the type of commodities they desired, even though the Germans did not dispute the value of the goods they (the French) were to receive.

Arbitrator for Reparations in Kind.

It was decided to appoint an arbitrator with authority to decide any disputes which might arise over this kind

Continued on Page Three.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Thru Sleeper 3:40 P. M. Daily, with direct connection for Durham, N. C. Seaboard, 143 W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 5412.—Advt.

Orchid Oil Found Useful In the Fight on Tuberculosis

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—Orchids were recommended at the Scientific Congress at Liège today as the newest weapon against tuberculosis. It is not, however, the exotic beauty or the fantastic shapes of the tropical flower which recommended it to the scientists as a cure for the white plague. To the scientists beauty is as beauty does. And the scientists have discovered that the orchid has intrinsic value in its heavily scented essential oils.

These, according to a paper read by Dr. Barbier, describing experiments by Dr. Rous, when extracted and injected into a tuberculosis patient, will give him a much better chance of success in his fight for recovery.

It is the consensus of opinion among the doctors attending the congress that science is gaining in the war on tuberculosis and it is only a question of time before the fight is won.

FULL SATISFACTION PLEDGED BY PERSIA

Note From Foreign Minister Declares the People Aghast Over the Imbrie Murder.

WILL FULFILL OUR TERMS

Teheran Regards Washington's Demands as Moderate—Precautions for Future Taken.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—That Persia will meet in full the demands of the United States relative to the killing of Major Robert W. Imbrie, Vice Consul at Teheran, is shown by the text of the reply of the Persian Minister of Foreign Affairs, as made public here today on receipt from Minister Kornfeld.

In the American note Acting Secretary Grew made the point that American property and lives must be respected. The reply says this is considered a "positive duty" by the Persian Government.

The Persian note, which was dated July 29 and addressed to Minister Kornfeld, reads as follows:

"Pursuant to my letter No. 9,458 I beg to advise your Excellency of the views of the Imperial Government in response to your note of July 25, 1924.

"As your Excellency has observed, the Government and people of Persia are extremely chagrined and depressed by the lamentable incident of Friday, July 18, and have expressed their feelings to that effect in numerous instances and in various ways.

"You state that your Excellency's Government does not desire to approach the situation in such manner as to offend my Government. The Persian Government regards this as an evidence of the unequivocal good-will and friendship of the American Government, and requests your Excellency to be good enough to communicate its thanks and appreciation to the authorities of your great Government.

"As I stated in the course of my letter No. 9155, the Imperial Government is making extreme efforts in pursuing and punishing the persons who caused and perpetrated the killing of Mr. Imbrie, and it will not hesitate to take any kind of steps in this connection. Up to the present time the action of the Government in pursuing this object has proceeded with rapidity. Many of the persons who were either suspected or were accused of committing the crime have, regardless of the class to which they belong, been arrested. Other persons who participated will shortly, as a result of the vigorous efforts of the Government, be apprehended and the culprits will receive drastic punishment after their trial.

"I also feel it again necessary to give your Excellency the assurance that the Imperial Government is extremely de-

Continued on Page Five.

DARROW PRESENTS PLEA OF MERCY FOR SLAYERS OF FRANKS

Explains Defense Based on Diseased Minds Though Not Alleging Legal Insanity.

URGED ONLY IN MITIGATION

State's Demand for Death Penalty Denounced and Judge's Sympathy Invoked.

COURT MAY RULE TODAY

End of Long Contest Over the Admission of Testimony of Alienists Is Expected.

CHICAGO, July 31 (Associated Press).—Mitigation not of crime but of punishment and mercy founded on humanity were the considerations emphasized today by the defense in support of its efforts to introduce testimony by alienists showing the minds of Nathan F. Leopold Jr. and Richard A. Loeb, slayers of Robert Franks, to be affected by mental disease.

Clarence S. Darrow, fighting against capital punishment as he has in and out of court for many years, put squarely before Justice Caverly his contention that considerations of this character should be written into the jurisprudence of Illinois.

"The State's Attorney's office seems to feel the universe will crumble unless these boys hang," he said.

He replied to long arguments made by Robert E. Crowe, State's Attorney, and Thomas Marshall, indictment expert. Through a day and a half the prosecutor had maintained that the evidence of alienists offered by the defense as to the degree of mental responsibility of the youthful murderers was incompetent, irrelevant and immaterial after a plea of guilty had been entered.

Century-Old Cases Cited.

"We seek not mitigation of the crime but only mitigation of the punishment because of a diseased condition of the mind, constant in character but not amounting to legal insanity," was the keynote of the defense.

"A showing of mental disease constitutes a showing of insanity, the existence of which must be determined by a jury. It can be brought in here only if the defendants withdraw their pleas of guilty and rely upon insanity as a defense to the crime itself," responded the State.

Throughout the four-hour session today this question was again debated by the attorneys. Occasionally three or four of them would be on their feet talking at the same time, but for the most part Mr. Marshall held the floor for the State and Mr. Darrow and Walter Bachrach for the defense.

Hundreds of citations from decisions given in this country and England, some of them a century old, were offered by Mr. Marshall, and Mr. Bachrach had not finished his analysis and comparison of these when court adjourned for the day.

Tomorrow will see a renewal of the legal engagement, but it was predicted that Judge Caverly would rule after an hour or two more of arguing. He is holding in reserve a decision against the State which he gave yesterday. He interrupted Mr. Marshall several times today to ask him to point out specifically how some of the decisions he was reading affected the present proceedings.

Once when the attorney for the State was discussing depravity of character as not being evidence of insanity, Justice Caverly said:

"Well, if it is not evidence of insanity, then is it not proper for a court to consider it as mitigation of punishment?"

At the very outset of the day's proceedings the Court told the prosecution that among all the cases cited yesterday he had found none applicable to the conditions which faced him.

Mr. Darrow interjected several remarks disparaging the relevancy of the

Continued on Page Three.

Diver Broadcasts From Bottom of the Sea; Tells Thrills While Exploring Around Wrecks

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The first man ever to broadcast from the bottom of the sea did it this afternoon. To the listeners-in on the program of the Gimbel Brothers' station, WIP, he told all about the sunken ships he saw in Davy Jones's locker.

The broadcaster was C. O. Johnson, a diver for the Philadelphia Derrick and Salvage Corporation. He talked from the floor of the Atlantic off the Steel Pier, Atlantic City. Through an arrangement much like a telephone his voice was carried to a boat anchored near by, and thence to an amplifier on the pier by a cable, waterproof and flexible. From that point it was carried by telephone to the station here and broadcast.

At 3:11 P. M., after the announcer said Neptune was next on the program, listeners-in heard a swirling and swishing much like waves beating against a rocky shore. That noise, it was explained later, came from the air currents in the diver's helmet.

Just before the diver's voice was heard the WIP announcer explained that the microphone had been placed in the helmet of the diving outfit. A small boat then took the diver out a short distance and he made his descent. The sea-bottom broadcast lasted about ten minutes.

At 3:12 came a voice:

"I'm on my way to the bottom."

It was a weak voice, but gradually it grew stronger. This is the tale it told:

"On my left," said the diver, "I see the wreck of an old boat. It looks like the skeleton of a huge fish. In it a school of little fish is playing. The rays of the sun, which look green at this depth, shine on their backs."

The diver was fifty feet below the surface.

Then he made a great find.

"The Atlantic City bootleggers have been here," he chuckled. There was a pause. "Oh, the dickens; the corks are pulled."

He paraded around a second derelict, near by, and at 3:18 called it day.

FALLON GETS DELAY WITH AID OF JURY

Court Lets the Twelve Men Decide on Adjournment to Monday When Prosecution Rests.

McGEE GIVES TESTIMONY

Says Rendigs Met Accused Lawyer in His Apartments—Fuller Was Not Called.

The Government rested yesterday afternoon in the trial before Judge McClintic and a jury of the charge that William J. Fallon, the attorney, in the Fall of 1922 bribed Charles W. Rendigs, Juror No. 3, in the trial of Durrell, Gregory & Co. and other defendants on charges of stock swindling.

William J. Millard, Assistant United States Attorney, moved so abruptly in closing the Government's case that the defense was taken aback, having earlier in the day dismissed its witnesses until Monday in expectation of continuance of Government testimony until then. A whispered consultation at the bench ended with the announcement by the Court that the defense had asked a delay until Monday. Judge McClintic expressed his own opposition, but left the matter to the jurors.

When a juror asked how long the case would last, Judge McClintic replied with a smile:

"I wish to heaven I could tell you, son."

The jury decided to let things go over until Monday.

The morning and afternoon sessions, like their predecessors since the trial opened, bristled with exchanges of opposing counsel and were enlivened with picturesque comments by Judge McClintic.

Fuller Not Called as Witness.

It had been expected that the Government would call to the stand Edward M. Fuller, convicted bucket-shop operator, but he was omitted from the list with others who were excused. The prosecution did call, however, W. Frank McGee, former partner of Fuller in the brokerage enterprises that ended in trouble for them, Fallon and others. He admitted transacting business over a Government telephone at Governor's Island while held in contempt.

McGee's presence on the stand was largely under a lashing cross-examination in which the witness found refuge to more than half a hundred embarrassing questions in the formal, "I decline to answer on the ground that it might tend to degrade and incriminate me." Another witness, Joseph L. Pani, restaurateur, was the target of many of Fallon's choicest barbs, some of which confused the witness and led him into contradiction.

Pani, the first witness of the day, was owner of the Knickerbocker Grill and the Woodmansten Inn when, according to the Government, Fallon gave Rendigs two payments of $1,000 each. One of these payments, it was alleged, was made at the Woodmansten Inn on Oct. 6, 1922, the day after the stock swindling trial opened. The second payment, made by check of Fallon's wife, Agnes R. Fallon, was alleged to have been in the Knickerbocker Grill on Nov. 6, 1922, Rendigs getting $1,000 in cash for the check which Ernest Eidlitz, then confidential man to Fallon, had left with Pani. It was charged that Rendigs then gave the cash to Pani in return for Pani's check.

Pani Reverses Some Testimony.

At the outset, Fallon compelled Pani to reverse his testimony of the preceding day that he did not know Edward Reynolds, a former Assistant Federal Attorney. When Fallon presented Reynolds in court, Pani said he recognized him as a patron of the Woodmansten Inn. Pani denied that a few days ago he told Reynolds that the Federal authorities threatened to close the inn unless he testified against Fallon. Likewise, he denied having told Jerome A. Jacobs, an attorney, that he had been promised the restoration of seized liquor if he would testify against Fallon.

After Pani had identified his signature on a check for $1,000, made Nov. 6, 1922, Fallon asked:

"Isn't it a fact that you told Mr. Millard hundreds of times that you didn't remember this check at all, because you wrote so many checks?"

"Something of the sort," agreed the witness.

Millard protested that the witness was being misquoted by Fallon and the cross-examiner was admonished by the Court to "stop that hollering." Judge McClintic commented that shouting at the witness confused Pani and "you can see what kind of a witness he is." Fallon quickly snapped, "If you have

Continued on Page Six.

Atlantic City's best moderate price Hotels, Elberon and Irquois.—Advt.

DEAD MAIL BANDIT ONCE STATE TROOPER

Killed by Brave Young Postal Clerk in Battle at East Orange Station.

SAVES MAILS THOUGH SHOT

Robber's Confederate Escapes —$50,000 They Sought Was on a Later Train.

A carefully planned and boldly executed attempt to rob the United States mails of $50,000 in Federal Reserve Bank notes was frustrated by the heroism of a young postal clerk at the Lackawanna Railroad Station at East Orange, N. J., yesterday morning.

The clerk, Eugene L. Stack, fought off the two robbers with his pistol, though he himself was wounded; killed one of them and saved every letter in his care.

One of the robbers escaped, but the one who was killed was identified last night as John J. Manyon of Hoboken, a former New Jersey State policeman. Manyon was dismissed from the service about a year ago for assaulting his superior, Captain John Weymann.

The hold-up occurred just as train 353, carrying mail, newspapers and home-going suburbanites, was rumbling away from the railroad station at 4:50 A. M., Daylight Saving Time. Young Stack, tall and wiry, who had been employed as clerk with the East Orange Post Office since last Christmas, and Golden B. Treadwell, negro, the assistant baggage man, had piled a half dozen pouches of mail, including registered letters and packages, onto a truck, when they saw two men swing off from the rear platform of the moving train.

Robbers Pretend to Be Drunk.

Stack rolled the truck into the freight elevator which carries the mail to the street level. Treadwell walked over to one of the train's baggagemen to pick up a "train" letter for the station agent, while Stack waited for him just outside the elevator. The two strangers came unsteadily down the platform, feigning drunkenness.

"No, Prospect Street isn't in that direction," Stack and Treadwell heard one of them say. "Let's ask this fellow where it is," one of them shouted.

Before Stack could reply to the question, the stocky negro baggageman had picked up the train letter and was putting it in his pocket. The bandits construed this as a menacing gesture and one of them—Manyon, the police say—opened fire on Stack from a distance of about ten feet. The shot went wild. Stack, in the meantime leaped into the waiting elevator and stood guard next to his mail. The bandit fired again but he missed his mark the second time.

"I backed into the elevator, where I quickly took my revolver from the holster," Stack later said at his home at 16 North Brighton Avenue. "The men kept coming toward me, one of them following me into the elevator. I got behind the baggage truck. One of them fired low and I returned the shot. He must have fired three or four more times."

Two bullets hit young Stack in this duel, but he fought on. With a slight wound on his right thigh and another injury to his right thumb, the mail clerk jumped after the hold-up man as he started to run down the stairs. Just as he was about to descend, however, Stack aimed once more and pulled the trigger. The bullet pierced Manyon's heart. He fell down the flight of steps and was picked up dead a few minutes later.

Companion Flies in Cab.

While the shooting was going on in the dimly lighted lift the second robber fled down the steps and into a waiting taxicab, which was standing with its engine running in the shadows of the station pillars. The cab sped along Arlington Avenue toward Newark. Because of the darkness the license number could not be read.

Even had the robbers succeeded in their attack on the mail truck, though, they would not have got the booty they undoubtedly were seeking. The pouch of banknotes sent every Thursday morning to five East Orange banks was not sent on the usual train yesterday morning. It was expressed on a train arriving after 3:53.

F. C. Hackenburg, conductor of 353, said the two bandits boarded the last car at Newark and paid cash fares for Orange. Both wore caps and he was suspicious of them.

In Manyon's pockets the police found

Continued on Page Two.

SELF-ANS FOR ACUTE INDIGESTION relieves the most severe attack.—Advt.

FLIGHT TO ICELAND IS DELAYED BY FOG ON NORTH ATLANTIC

Round-the-World Aviators Held at Kirkwall by Reports of Bad Weather and Low Visibility.

MIST ALL WAY TO ICELAND

Fliers Hope to Take Off Early This Morning and Cover the 500 Miles in 8 or 9 Hours.

CRUISER AT HORNAFJORD

Little Iceland Port of 80 Inhabitants Hangs Out a Welcome Sign in English.

KIRKWALL, Orkney Islands, Scotland, July 31 (Associated Press).—The United States Army world fliers, who arrived here from Brough, England, yesterday, have postponed their departure for Iceland until tomorrow because of adverse weather reports received from the patrol boats.

The hop-off set for this morning was called off when the patrolling destroyers reported a heavy fog and rain along the 500-mile course.

Fog banks floated about the Orkneys in the early hours this morning and half-hourly messages from the destroyer Billingsley at Farce Island and the Reid off the Iceland coast reported the same conditions in their waters. The destroyers reported the visibility as low as a half mile.

The fog seemed spread over the entire route, and then a spasmodic rain set in. Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, the flight commander, waited until the last minute before deciding to abandon today's getaway. The hop is such a long one that it would require an early morning start to insure the arrival of the airplane in time for them to fill their tanks in fair daylight.

Lieutenant Smith expects the jump will take from eight to nine hours and he intends to take the air as near to 6 A. M. as possible.

Immediately the airmen were informed that the day's jaunt was off, they started in small boats to view the remains of the scuttled German fleet, which lie a half mile from the United States cruiser Richmond, where the fliers are making their headquarters. They also wished to escape from the enthusiastic souvenir hunters, who vie with the seagulls for floating spaces in the waters near the ship.

While the aviators were at mess they were called on deck to receive a salute and the semaphore message of "Good luck from the British Air Service," which a British naval coast plane extended while manoeuvring over the flagship. Lieutenant Smith returned the greetings with "Thanks for your good wishes" which a bluejacket wigwagged straight back to the moving plane.

The pilots had inspected the globe-circling airplanes this afternoon as they moved listlessly on the mirrored waters of Houton Bay and saw that they were in condition for the start tomorrow morning. The airmen of the Richmond's personnel, who were given a short leave, appeared in Kirkwall this evening to get a little touch of the local color of the Orkneys.

Delay Expected to Be Brief.

Copyright, 1924, by The Chicago Tribune Co.
KIRKWALL, Orkney Islands, July 31.—Fog horns hooted dismally at daybreak today through the rolling mists which obscured the Orkney waters completely, and the American round-the-world fliers decided not to fly today.

Early in the morning, however, the mists lifted and the aviators remarked that tomorrow might offer a clear flight.

It was no use taking a chance now, pilots and naval officers said, since an average of twenty-three days in August are suitable for flying and probably no more than two days' delay for favorable weather will be necessary. It was added that a comparison of today's conditions in the Orkneys gave a basis for future forecasts.

Many regular steamers arrived early this morning, carrying passengers out of the way, especially to view the Chicago, Boston and New Orleans riding pilotless on the placid bay. Gobs, dripping with moisture, were on the pier all night keeping watch over the machines.

Morning saw the airmen visiting the half-submerged hulks of barges in Scapa

Continued on Page Four.

Jaurès, Slain Socialist Leader, To Lie in Pantheon of France

PARIS, July 31.—The Chamber of Deputies today voted to transfer to the Pantheon, the final resting place of France's distinguished dead, the remains of Jean Jaurès, the Socialist leader, who was assassinated just ten years ago on the eve of the outbreak of the World War. The vote was 346 to 110.

The Chamber also adopted the text of a Senate bill empowering the Government to grant amnesty to several categories of war-time offenders.

The Senate, with only five contrary votes, adopted the Chamber's project for the transfer of Jaurès's remains. The bill will become a law upon the signature of President Doumergue and publication in the official journal. The Government will then set a date for the ceremony of exhumation and reburial.

WIGWAM FOR SMITH AS AGAINST HYLAN

But If Governor Doesn't Run, Mayor Is Viewed With Favor by Some Leaders.

HEARST HIT BY TOM FOLEY

'That Man,' He Says, 'Couldn't Run for Constable and Get Away With It.'

Following a canvass of all the Tammany district leaders, assurances were said last night to have reached the Wigwam that the workers to a man would stand with the organization in event Mayor Hylan should become a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination against Governor Smith.

While Judge George W. Olvany, the new Tammany chieftain, spent only a couple of hours at Tammany Hall, district leaders flocked to the Wigwam in Fourteenth Street and remained long after their chief had departed to discuss the statements of Mayor Hylan, issued while on his way home from a visit to W. R. Hearst in California, also his silence since he reached this city.

This silence was not broken by the Mayor yesterday. Mr. Hylan has told some friends that he wants to look the situation over before he makes another move in relation to his willingness to heed the call of "progressives" if they should want him to become a candidate for Governor.

Governor Smith has told his friends he would much prefer to retire at the end of his present term and devote himself to private business. A talk today between the Governor and John W. Davis, the Democratic nominee for President, who is anxious to have Governor Smith run, may have an important bearing on the course Governor Smith will pursue, although it hardly is expected to be followed immediately by a clarifying statement on the subject.

It was learned that Governor Smith had urged Franklin D. Roosevelt to enter the Gubernatorial race. In Democratic circles it was admitted Mr. Roosevelt as a candidate would be nearly as strong as Governor Smith. Mr. Roosevelt, however, is said to have made it plain that he could not be a candidate. He told his friends he must devote the next few months to his health—that he must keep out of politics if he would recover from his present infirmities. This is regarded as final.

Some Tammany leaders indicated that in event Governor Smith should refuse to run again, they would not look upon the nomination of Mayor Hylan as entirely out of the question.

"He would make a good candidate," said ex-Sheriff "Tom" Foley, who is regarded as the "political godfather" of Governor Smith. "He polled a big vote the last time he ran."

"But how about Governor Smith?" the former Sheriff was asked.

"Smith does not want to run," said Mr. Foley.

Only a few days ago ex-Sheriff Foley in an interview said that Governor Smith "must" run—that he could see no way out of it if the candidates on the national ticket were to carry this State.

"But don't you think the Governor could be induced to run, as he was two years ago when at first he was equally unwilling?" Mr. Foley was asked.

"He does not want to run," Mr. Foley repeated.

"But wouldn't there be objection to Hylan on the ground that he is Hearst's man?" was asked.

"Hearst—that man is outside of this

Continued on Page Two.

DAVIS HERE, BACKS BRYAN ON DEFENSE; APPOINTS SPELLACY

Says Nation Should Lead World Back to Work Instead of Making Military Gesture.

CONFERS WITH PARTY CHIEFS

Names Eastern Manager for His Presidential Campaign and Receives Many Visitors.

TO MEET GOV. SMITH TODAY

Nominee Expected Personally to Urge Governor to Enter Race for Re-election.

Complete agreement with the views of his running mate, Governor Charles W. Bryan of Nebraska, on the Coolidge Administration's plans for National Defense Day was expressed yesterday by John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President, shortly after his return from his vacation in Maine.

In a statement issued at his campaign headquarters in the Murray Hill Hotel Mr. Davis not only denied that Governor Bryan's attitude had embarrassed him but declared that he agreed with him that the calling of civilians to engage in a military demonstration of no educational value was unnecessary, particularly at a time when every energy should be bent to getting the world back to work and peace, calming prejudices and passions that grow out of the World War and encouraging trade and commerce.

Mr. Davis's assertion that America should take the lead in these matters was taken to indicate his belief in the participation of the United States in international affairs and to forecast an attack on the policy of isolation in his acceptance speech.

Mr. Davis's Statement.

Mr. Davis's statement follows:

"Since my return from the State of Maine I have taken occasion to inform myself fully concerning the views expressed by the Governor of Nebraska in regard to 'Mobilization Day'.

"I am surprised at the statements which I see in the press to the effect that I am in disagreement with him or that his action has in any way proven an embarrassment to me. On the contrary, I think that the view expressed by the Governor of Nebraska to the effect that there is no necessity at this time to encourage civilians to leave their occupations for the purpose of engaging in what would only be a military demonstration without any practical educational effect is entirely sound.

"It is one thing to keep the military organizations of the country in adequate practice; it is quite another to encourage demonstrations which can be nothing else at a time when every energy should be bent to getting the world back to peace and to work, calming the prejudices and passions growing out of the World War and encouraging fruitful trade and commerce. In all these America should take the lead."

Spellacy Made Eastern Manager.

After a conference with Mr. Davis, immediately after the latter's arrival, Cleon L. Shaver, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, announced the appointment of Thomas J. Spellacy of Hartford, formerly United States District Attorney for Connecticut, as Eastern campaign manager. Mr. Spellacy will have charge of the Democratic national campaign in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, with headquarters in New York City, for the present at the Murray Hill Hotel. Mr. Spellacy was not in the city yesterday, but is expected to take charge today.

At the same time Mr. Shaver announced the appointment of ex-Representative Lincoln Dixon of Indiana as head of the Bureau of General Organization of the Democratic National Committee, with headquarters at Washington, D. C. William B. Wilson of Pennsylvania, former Secretary of Labor and at one time Secretary of the United Mine Workers, was named as Mr. Dixon's assistant. The bureau will be in charge of campaign organization and educational work throughout the country.

Among the first persons to see Mr. Davis after his return were Daniel C. Roper of Washington, former Commissioner of Internal Revenue and a Mc-Adoo convention leader, and George White of Marietta, Ohio, formerly Democratic National Chairman and one of the leading supporters of Mr. Davis for the Presidential nomination. It was said that both Mr. Roper and Mr. White were certain to be members of the Board of Strategy or Campaign Committee, which will be named to assist Mr. Shaver in the direction of the campaign.

Finance Chairman to be Named.

Either today or tomorrow, Mr. Davis is expected to decide upon a Chairman of the Finance Committee, upon whom will rest the task of raising funds for his campaign. Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey; Thomas L. Chadbourne and James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, are among those mentioned as likely to be selected, although a Western man may be chosen if one with the necessary acquaintanceship and qualifications can be found.

In his daily talk with newspaper men Mr. Davis, in replying to questions concerning his Mobilization Day statement, made it clear that he believed in military preparation.

Questioned concerning Governor Smith, who is understood to be his choice as candidate for Governor of New York, Mr. Davis said he had not seen the Governor and had no definite appointment with him, although he expected to have a talk with him soon.

He parried direct questions as

Reparations Paid Total $2,101,483,000; About Equal German Wealth Sent Abroad

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—Before leaving for London the Reparation Commission prepared a statement of what Germany had paid in reparations up to July 1 of this year.

Official statistics show that in the almost five years that the Treaty of Versailles has been in effect Germany paid 5,570,942,000 gold marks.

With the deduction made for the cost of the Army of Occupation and the Spa loan, there remains a balance of 2,540,-287,000 marks.

Credited to Germany for the value of material seized and turned over is the sum of 2,834,990,080 marks, bringing the total credit of Germany to 5,405,932,000 marks.

Of the 5,500,000,000 paid by Germany 1,000,900,000 represents total cash payments, or considerably less, it is said, than Germany realized from the sale of paper marks in the United States alone.

Credited to Germany for the value of the cash paid England received 841,000,000, France 144,000,000, Belgium 1,064,000,000, the rest being scattered among the other allies. Of 3,900,000,000 in deliveries in kind France received 1,276,000,000. The total amount received by France in cash payments and deliveries in kind thus stands at 1,724,-000,000 gold marks. After deduction of France's part in the Spa loan and the cost of the French Army of Occupation there is left for France for reparations for the first five years of the working of the peace treaty the sum of 101,874,-000 gold marks, or the equivalent of half a billion paper francs, against which France has expended 100,000,000 paper francs.

According to calculations here the total payments by Germany in cash and kind represent a sum no larger than what was supposed to have been realised from the export of paper marks. The total, including property seized from Germany at the end of the war, which embraces 2,000,000,000 marks on account of Poland, represents a sum about equal to what the McKenna Experts' Committee estimated to be the value of German wealth held abroad.

The Reparation Commission's figures do not include the value of seizures in the Ruhr. This account is kept by the French and Belgians separately because of the English refusal to recognize the Ruhr occupation. It is generally estimated that there has been a profit of 800,000,000 gold marks, which would, therefore, bring the total of German payments up to slightly more than 6,000,000,000 marks.

Six billion marks in five years represents 1,200,000,000 marks yearly. It is interesting to compare this figure with the calculation by the Dawes committee that Germany should pay a minimum of 2,500,000,000 francs a year in reparations.

The French have always contended that Germany could have paid much more if she had tried, and their belief that she did not try is the basis for their mistrust, for they argue that the best effect of the Dawes plan in the next four years will be to put Germany where she was at the end of the war, and their insistence on securities and sanctions to protect them against Germany's trying to repeat once more her record of the past five years.

Gold Star Mother, Held for a Month At Ellis Island, Finally Admitted on Bond

Mario Liberatori, whose home is at 448½ Milwaukee Street, Milwaukee, is speeding westward today to her four children, after having been held at Ellis Island for a month.

Mrs. Liberatori, who is 50 years old, came back to America in June, after a two-year visit to Italy, her native land, only to be told that she was "excess quota" and "likely to become a public charge." That she was an "excess quota" case there was no denial. She had left the United States in 1922 under the provision of the old Immigration law which granted aliens the privilege of returning to their native lands for a period of six months. Mrs. Liberatori had overstayed her six months.

But that she was "likely to become a public charge" seemed a little unfair to Mrs. Liberatori. She had first come to America in 1908, with her husband and a young son, Francesco. The lad acquired much that was American, also four brothers and sisters, and, after his father deserted his mother and sisters, supported the family.

Came the war of 1917, and Francesco, now 18 years old, felt the call of duty. The children were growing up, they could help his mother and he would fight for his country. He enlisted in the United States Army, was put through hasty training, and was in France within a few months. Three days in France and he was in the front-line trenches. Three hours in the front-line trenches and he was dead.

A terse dispatch from the War Department told Mrs. Liberatori that Francesco was dead. The news drove her to distraction, brought on a nervous breakdown and she was soon in the Wisconsin State Asylum, an insane woman. Six months' treatment restored her sanity, and upon her release she went back to Italy for a rest.

The Department of Labor refused to readmit her until bond was furnished. The Corriere d'America, a newspaper, sent representatives to Ellis Island, furnished a $2,000 bond for her lease and paid her railroad fare west.

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Special rates to golfers. Three wonderful courses.—Advt.

Extraordinary bargains in demonstrators and used Pianos cash. Pearless, B'way at 63d.—Advt.

whether or not he would ask Governor Smith to run for re-election.

"I would be proud to be on the same ticket with Governor Smith at any time, anywhere," he said.

From others at headquarters it was learned that Mr. Davis probably would see Governor Smith today. It is no secret that Mr. Davis's close friends desire the Governor to be a candidate for re-election in the belief that he would add great strength to the Democratic ticket in the State.

No Demonstration on Arrival.

Mr. Davis was met at the Grand Central Terminal on his return from Maine by Gordon Auchincloss, son-in-law of Colonel E. M. House; H. G. Hathaway and St. John Porter of his headquarters staff, and William Creamer, station master. There were about 500 persons in the station when the nominee arrived, but there was no demonstration.

Mr. Davis, who said he had been greatly improved in health and strength by his vacation in Maine, went directly to the Murray Hill Hotel and conferred with Mr. Shaver and Mr. Roper.

Hugh C. Wallace, former Ambassador to France, was an early visitor. He said afterward that it was the first time he had seen Mr. Davis since his nomination and that he had called to congratulate him and wish him success.

"It is too early to say definitely," he said, when asked what he thought of Mr. Davis's prospects of election, "but all my advices from the West are exceedingly favorable to Mr. Davis and the Democratic ticket."

Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn of New York, Governor Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland, Representative Royal H. Weller of New York and Norman H. Davis, formerly Under Secretary of State, were callers at the Davis headquarters. Mr. Lunn, who is President of the State Fair Commission, said he had invited Mr. Davis to speak at the State Fair at Syracuse on Sept. 8 and that Mr. Davis had taken the invitation under consideration. General Charles G. Dawes, Republican nominee for Vice President, also has been asked to make an address at the fair.

Senator Owen Offers Advice.

Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, another caller, said he had advised that the Democratic campaign book should be cut down to a few pages and that it should emphasize only the vital issues of the campaign.

Senator Owen said the issue was liberalism against conservatism.

"The Republican Party, while supported by thousands who are personally liberal, nevertheless is controlled in its organization and in Congress by ultra-conservative, standpat leaders, who, whatever their pretensions, are always more or less influenced by selfish interests," he said. "The Democratic Party is not controlled by such interests but is controlled by the liberal, progressive sentiment of the country."

Another caller was Francis McAdoo, son of William G. McAdoo, leading candidate for the nomination finally obtained by Mr. Davis, for nearly a hundred ballots in the Democratic National Convention.

Before starting for home Mr. Davis completed his acceptance address with the exception of one paragraph, the nature of which was not disclosed, but which is believed to be that in which he will refer to attempts at political discrimination for reasons of race or religion. Mr. Davis is not expected to mention the Ku Klux Klan by name in his speech, but probably will take a strong position against discrimination of the sort it practices.

With the exception of this one section, his speech, which he wrote in Maine, is now in the hands of the printers, and the nominee will devote a good deal of his time for the rest of the week in revising the proofs and completing the final section.

After a very busy day Mr. Davis left the Murray Hill at 5:15 P. M. and went by automobile to his home in Locust Valley. He arrived there at 7 o'clock, fatigued by his day's work, and retired early, refusing to see any visitors.

The notification ceremonies will be held at Clarksburg, W. Va., Mr. Davis's former home, on Aug. 11. Mr. Davis will leave here on Friday, Aug. 8, will return to New York City this morning for further conferences with party leaders at the Murray Hill Hotel.

SPELLACY FOR STRONG FIGHT.

New Eastern Manager Predicts Davis Will Win Election.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 31.—Thomas J. Spellacy, who was appointed today as Eastern manager of the Davis Presidential campaign, will leave here early tomorrow for New York City, where he will confer with John W. Davis, the Democratic candidate, and his manager, Clem Shaver.

Mr. Spellacy said tonight that a vigorous, militant campaign would be waged in every State in his district, New Jersey, New York and New England. Until he had conferred with the candidate, he said, he had no specific plan or method to announce, but with complete organizations functioning in each of the Eastern States he was confident Mr. Davis would get a comfortable plurality in the electoral college.

Mr. Spellacy, who was a Hartford newspaper reporter while working his way through college and law school, has been in the Connecticut Senate and is now one of the leading Democrats in the State. Resigning as United States Attorney for Connecticut, he became an Assistant Attorney General to A. Mitchell Palmer for whom he acted as floor manager at the San Francisco convention four years ago. He was highly recommended by Governor Smith and his manager, Franklin Roosevelt, with whom Mr. Spellacy served in France on the Navy Demobilization Commission. At the recent New York convention, when the Connecticut delegation was split on the early ballots, Mr. Spellacy was in constant touch with Mr. Roosevelt.

PRAISES STAND OF DAVIS.

Norman Thomas Says, However, He Is Following Socialists' Lead.

Norman Thomas, Socialist candidate for Governor, yesterday praised John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for President for the stand he has taken regarding National Defense Day. Mr. Thomas said, however, that Mr. Davis was belatedly following the stand taken by the Socialist and third party groups.

"Mr. Davis's statement in the matter," said Mr. Thomas, "is in line with a sound American policy, but I should like to point out that in this matter he somewhat belatedly followed the lead of the Cleveland convention of the Conference for Progressive Political Action which adopted a resolution condemning 'Mobilization Day' and of the Socialist Party of Texas, which, at its recent convention, adopted a similar resolution.

"The matter of preserving world peace and of avoiding a gesture which cannot but be understood in Europe and Asia as essentially militaristic, transcends party policy, but it may not be amiss to point out that the LaFollette platform is vigorous and uncompromising in its opposition to war and to the causes of war."

"We in New York State await eagerly to see what line Governor Smith will take."

HYLAN SILENT ON POLITICS.

But He May Have Something to Say Soon.

Mayor Hylan continued yesterday to be reticent on the subject of politics, although he intimated he would have something to say about the whole political situation in a short time. He said he was informing himself on what happened since he went to visit William R. Hearst's ranch in California.

"Will you support the candidacy of John W. Davis for the Presidency?" was one question asked the Mayor yesterday.

"It's too early to say as yet," was his reply. "I am going to wait and see what Mr. Davis has to say."

"Will you run for Governor?"

"I cannot discuss politics at this time," said the Mayor with finality. "I have nothing to say. I am just back from my extended trip to California. Wait until I have had time to talk things over."

PERSHING RETURNS, BACKS DEFENSE DAY

Calls It a National Fire Drill as He Arrives From Europe.

VISITED WAR CEMETERIES

Spent a Month There and on Our Battlefields as Head of Monuments Commission.

National Defense Day was discussed yesterday by General John J. Pershing, who returned with the Battlefield Monuments Commission on the steamship George Washington of the United States Lines. He declined, however, to discuss Governor Bryan's objection to calling out civilians to participate in the day's activities.

"Defense Day was planned merely because we should find out where we stand on the matter of national defense," General Pershing said. "We have on the statute books wise laws based upon our experience of war, and on all of our experience as a nation. These contemplate the organization in time of peace of a skeleton defense force that can be expanded in time of war. It is entirely voluntary and non-militaristic.

"We have made considerable progress in carrying out the provisions of the law and we propose now on Defense Day to test and check up on the preliminary steps that have been taken to carry out this law.

"The World War for us may be likened to a fire. We had to carry water in buckets to put out this fire. This has been a very expensive method. Now we think we have progressed and should have a volunteer fire department and a fire engine. We are now going to test the efficiency of the company and try out the hose we have acquired.

Running With Buckets Too Long.

"We have been running to these fires with buckets for 150 years, but we now hope that preparedness will make this no longer necessary. I myself and every ex-service man is ready to go to the mat on this question of national defense."

At Pier 4, Hoboken, where the George Washington docked, returning from Bremen by way of Cherbourg and Southampton, were James Pershing, General Pershing's brother; Major Gen. Edgar Russel, Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, Brig. Gen. William Weigel and Major J. G. Quekemeyer, General Pershing's aid, waiting to welcome the Pershing party home.

Asked to comment on Governor Charles W. Bryan's attitude about Defense Day, General Pershing replied:

"I don't know what his attitude is. All I've heard is by radio reports."

General Pershing went to the Waldorf-Astoria for a few hours and left for Washington in the evening.

The American Battle Monuments Commission went to Europe on June 14. Colonel R. G. Woodside, Vice Chairman; Colonel P. John Markey, Colonel Thomas W. Miller, Mrs. Frederick W. Bentley and Major X. H. Price, Secretary of the commission, were the other members who returned with General Pershing. United States Senator David A. Reed of Pennsylvania and Representative John Philip Hill of Maryland will return early next week.

General Pershing explained that the commission had spent thirty days studying the American cemeteries and battlefields in Europe. A subcommittee, of which General Pershing was not a member, visited the battlefields in Italy.

Ex-Service Men Complain.

Several former service men, returning on the George Washington, who also had visited the cemeteries and battlefields, expressed indignation at the attitude they attributed to the French, but General Pershing and the other members of the commission declined to comment on these criticisms. The former service men declared they intended to take the matter up with the authorities at Washington. They said there was grave and constant discourtesy on the part of the French, and especially French guides, at the cemeteries and battlefields, in regard to the part played by Americans in the World War.

Robert Wayne Heimgartner, American Consul at Vienna, also returned on the George Washington. General Pershing and his party praised the excellent service on the ship, and told William J. Linn, Commissary Superintendent of the United States Lines, that they were proud of it.

ASKS INDUSTRY TO AID PREPAREDNESS PLANS

General Dalton Tells Rotary Club That Modern War Is Largely a Question of Supplies.

Brig. Gen. A. C. Dalton, Assistant to the Quartermaster General, Chief of Transportation Service, appealed to the business men of the country yesterday to help carry out the preparedness program, in an address at a Rotary Club luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin. He contended that indifference to the nation's defense was largely responsible for bringing the United States into the World War, and said that history would repeat itself and we would have more wars.

During the war General Dalton superintended the army transport service, which sent 2,000,000 men to Europe. The occasion of his address was an observance of the anniversary of the beginning of the war. He was supported at the guest table by Colonel E. T. Hartman of the Signal Corps, Colonel H. M. Morrow, Judge Advocate, and Lieut. Col. H. H. Bailly of the Medical Corps. The latter represented Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, Commander of the Second Area Corps.

After reviewing the history of this country from a preparedness standpoint since the War of 1812, General Dalton told of the National Defense act and of the many peaceful projects the War Department is sponsoring. He said in part:

"With the lesson of the World War still fresh in the minds of Congress and the people, the act of 1916 was amended by the act of July 4, 1920. Under this amended National Defense act it is now possible to develop in time of peace a citizen army adequate for national defense.

Present Army Only a Framework.

"This new National Defense act provides that the Army of the United States shall consist of the Regular Army, the National Guard and the Organized Reserves. These three components constitute a peace-time framework on which a great national army of well-trained men can be quickly built. One of the wisest provisions of this act is that which provides for civilian cooperation in inaugurating and maintaining military training in public schools, colleges and summer training camps.

"The War Department is charged with the formulation and execution of the training program of the National military forces created by this act. This involves more than 150,000 officers and enlisted men, and employes of the Regular Army engaged in enterprises in all parts of the world; approximately 300,000 officers, enlisted men, and civilian personnel of the National Guard, the Organized Reserves, and the military units in civilian schools and camps. The major policies which affect both the military and munitions plans for carrying out the 'preparedness' program are passed on by the National War Council, consisting of the Secretary of War, the Assistant Secretary of War, the General of the Armies and the Chief of Staff.

Reduction Succeeds Wars.

"At the close of each war the total emergency expenditure has loomed so large that the regular army has invariably been reduced to a point below that of reasonable peace-time efficiency. Although the National Defense act was an attempt to profit by the experiences of the past, this policy of economy has again appeared with reduced appropriations.

"The National Guard at present consists of approximately 10,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men. Approximately $25,000,000 is expended annually for its training, equipment and Summer training camps.

"The War Department is charged with many purely civil or non-military activities including improvements of waterways for interstate and foreign commerce in the U. S. and its possessions; the protection and preservation of navigable waters, including canals owned or operated by the United States; the issuance of permits for the construction, alteration, maintenance and operation of bridges over public waterways; supervision of the harbor of New York and adjacent waters; charting the Great Lakes and the natural navigable waters, and with the preservation of Niagara Falls. Since this work was inaugurated in 1824 the initial cost of improvements, together with their maintenance and operation, has been approximately $1,000,000,000, nearly three-fourths of which has been expended on improving thirty of our most important ports.

The Soldier and the Priest.

"The two greatest advance agents of civilization have been the soldier and the priest, who have been preceded or followed by the daring and enterprising agents of commerce and industry.

"The United States Army has been called into active service on an average of once every year and a half of our national existence, in the performance of its duty 'to provide for the common defense and welfare of the people whom it was created to serve,' and it stands today as the nation's bulwark against war and the threats of war.

"War is a calamity that has inevitably fallen upon every nation and upon every people at periodical intervals since the beginning of time. The greater portion of the world's history is taken up with the description of wars, and compared to them the accomplishments of peace occupy but a small place in the historical record of any nation's life. No man who has studied the history of the world and who possesses a reasonably logical mind can fail to perceive that this great national calamity curve must follow the inevitable law that governs all other activities of the human race."

General Dalton said that the World War was "chargeable to the indifference and neglect of the people and their representatives in Congress, who refused to heed the warnings of a small group of their servants in the regular army.

"It really is pitiful," he said, "how little we understood with respect to what a great war meant to the world." He asserted that one of the greatest mistakes of certain European nations was to believe that because this country was without outward military strength it would not dare to enter the European conflict.

"The American people," he continued, "are primarily and essentially from their very beginning a military people who will fight when they have to, and we have clearly illustrated that. But, nevertheless, we came later to regret that we had not been prepared."

War An Industrial Problem.

The General concluded his address by saying:

"To you business men is presented the appeal to help carry out the preparedness program. War is a great business. Seventy-five per cent. of the activities of war are industrial, involving production of raw materials, their conversion into food and munitions, and transportation of troops and supplies to the theatre of operations. Purely academic military study without the only essential part of the great task of conducting a war. We cannot depend solely upon that small part of the citizenry of the country that may be called to actually bear arms.

"The date Sept. 12 marks the first step in the creation of a nation-wide understanding of the vital necessity of giving some thought and attention to the preparation in peace for the defense of our country from without, and that, coupled with a national solidarity of action against these insidious enemies within who would destroy these principles and institutions of government which were handed down to us by the creators of this great republic."

OPEN TRAINING CAMP TODAY

3,700 Expected Under Canvas in the Second Corps Area.

A marked increase in the number of applications for the Citizens' Military Training Camp, which opens in the Second Corps Area today, has been noted in the last few days, according to officials of the United States Army Information Service.

Applications last week, it was said yesterday, were received at the rate of 150 a day, and 250 a day in the last few days. The War Department, due to the increased number of applications, has granted an additional allotment of 200, and 3,700 young men are expected to be under canvas.

Of this number 2,900 will receive infantry training at Plattsburg. Smaller groups will attend the cavalry camp at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont; the Signal Corps camp at Camp Vail, N. J.; the engineers at Fort du Pont, N. J., the coast artillery at Fort Hancock, N. J., and the field artillery at Madison Barracks.

STEINBERG DEFIES NICOLL.

Again Calls on Rival to Quit Race for Senate in 17th District.

A statement defying Courtlandt Nicoll, his rival for the nomination for State Senate from the Seventeenth Senatorial District, was issued last night by Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg, who again called on Mr. Nicoll to withdraw from the race in the interest of harmony.

That statement was in reply to one issued by Mr. Nicoll in which he pointed out that Mr. Steinberg had sought an indorsement from the Republican organization of the Fifteenth Assembly District which he represents in the Legislature and had lost, he (Nicoll) getting a majority. In his statement Mr. Steinberg ascribes to the machinations of Frank J. Coleman, Republican leader of the Fifteenth, the victory won by his opponent.

DEAD MAIL BANDIT ONCE STATE TROOPER

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

$60 in bills and some loose change, a 14-inch lead pipe, a police whistle and a key similar to that used for police alarm boxes. It was learned that he had been gassed in the war and was suffering with tuberculosis.

One of the first to congratulate Stack yesterday was Mayor Charles H. Martens of East Orange. Stack, however, was diffident and appeared to dislike the praise that was heaped upon him by his townsmen. Stack is 28 years old and had transferred from his position in the New York Post Office in order to be in the country where he thought he might gain weight and strength. Before yesterday, Stack said, he had never fired a pistol.

Praised by Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Congratulations were telegraphed by Postmaster General New today to the Postmaster at East Orange, N. J., for transmission to Eugene Stack, the mail clerk who frustrated an attempted mail robbery there.

"As soon as Eugene Stack is in condition to receive them," the telegram said, "I wish you would present to him the congratulations of the Postmaster General and special commendation of his bravery in defending the mails in his charge from attempted theft by bandits. Home service medal is being done for Stack and that his injuries are not serious. Kindly keep me informed."

MONITOR'S BUILDER HONORED BY NATION

Unveiling of Tablet Here to Capt. John Ericsson Marked by Preparedness Pleas.

LETTER FROM PRESIDENT

Secretaries of Navy and War Also Pay Tribute to Conqueror of the Merrimac.

The unveiling of a tablet to Captain John Ericsson took place yesterday afternoon at 95 Franklin Street, the site of the residence of the inventor when in 1862 he designed and superintended the construction of the iron-clad Monitor, which was credited with turning the tide of the Civil War in her battle with the Merrimac and in time revolutionized the navies of the world.

The ceremony was held under the auspices of the National Museum of Engineering and Industry, and the occasion also marked the 121st anniversary of the birth of Captain Ericsson. The tablet was presented by H. F. J. Porter, Secretary of the museum, who read a letter from President Coolidge expressing his regret at not being able to attend.

The President's letter follows:

The White House,
Washington, July 22, 1924.

My Dear Mr. Porter:

The demands of insistent duties here make it quite impossible for me to accept your invitation to participate in the unveiling of the tablet to Captain John Ericsson on the afternoon of July 31. I am most appreciative of your invitation, and would be glad if I could join in doing honor to this eminent son of Sweden who became an adopted son of America and a great servant of all mankind.

The long and impressive list of his inventions is too little known to the great public and I hope that the efforts of your organization may be helpful in directing attention to the wide range of activities and the great service rendered by his inventions.

Most Sincerely yours,
CALVIN COOLIDGE.

Weeks Stresses Preparedness.

John W. Weeks, Secretary of War, also paid a tribute to the inventor in a letter to Mr. Porter, in which he declared that Captain Ericsson "demonstrated the need of special armaments and special preparations for war."

Curtis D. Wilbur, Secretary of the Navy, wrote that the Navy is justly proud of the contribution that its own personnel has made to the advancement of engineering.

"At the same time," his letter went on to say, "the navy cannot acknowledge too great a debt of the services which have been rendered by civilian inventors, and of these, it is perhaps more deeply inuebted to Captain John Ericsson than to any other man."

The letter of the Secretary of War emphasized the need of preparedness. "In the days of our great Civil War," he wrote, "Captain Ericsson devised a means of meeting and frustrating the new implements of warfare which the enemies of the Federal Union had brought against the armed forces of the Union. And so it must ever be.

"As we strive to secure our independence and our national rights against aggression, we must advance our military and our naval preparedness to keep pace with the more and more exacting demands of scientific combat. Preparedness is vital, lest we find our weapons and our methods a thrust upon us."

"The ship which Captain Ericsson built was only a sign of a new type of combat. It was a symbol of the future needs of a nation that would be self-preserving. The day is gone when the merchant ship can be fitted with guns and become a ship of war. And in the same way, the day is gone when the flint lock from the mantelpiece can transform a peaceful people into an organized armed nation.

A Reminder to be Prepared.

"The tablet will keep alive in the minds of all the countless thousands who see it not only the historic name of the great inventor, but also the basic fact that victories in battle are often won in the workshop of the city. In the erection of this tablet, you are to be thanked for perpetuating the name of Ericsson, and especially thanked for keeping the citizens conscious that they must not be forgetful of the needs of the nation."

The tablet was unveiled with the flag which floated on the Monitor during the battle with the Merrimac and was draped over the body of the inventor when it was transported to Sweden in 1890 by Miss Emilie Bushnell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ericsson Bushnell and granddaughter of Cornelius S. Bushnell of New Haven, Conn., whose financial and technical aid, with that of two other men, John F. Winslow and John A. Griswold of Troy, N. Y., helped greatly in the success of Captain Ericsson's plans.

The families of these three men erected the memorial, and their faces are depicted with the inventor's upon the bronze tablet, the work of Isidor Kouti, a sculptor of this city.

Governor Alfred E. Smith was represented at the ceremonies, which started promptly at 2 o'clock, by William T. Collins, Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen, and expressed the sincere appreciation of the State of New York for the memorial.

Speaking of Captain Ericsson, Vice Chairman Collins said:

"The man who wrote to President Lincoln, 'Not only do I offer the invention of a vessel which I believe will successfully cope with the Merrimac, but I am willing to offer my life as well,' was a naturalized citizen of the United States. That is particularly significant. It should help us to a readier realization that stanch defenders of America may come through the gates of immigration as well as spring from our own soil."

The Troy Chamber of Commerce sent a message expressing pride over the notable services of their former townsmen.

The acceptance of custodianship by the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society was made by Dr. George F. Kunz.

Senator Lodge Still Improving.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 31.—Senator Lodge had a comfortable night at the Charlesgate Hospital, where he is recuperating from an operation. The bulletin issued by Dr. John H. Cunningham after his visit this morning said: "Condition continues satisfactory. Had good night's sleep; slept seven and a half hours."

WIGWAM FOR SMITH AS AGAINST HYLAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

organization—clear outside," said Mr. Foley with great vehemence. "He cannot get anything from us. He couldn't run for constable and get away with it. Put me down for that and make no mistake—it is the truth."

Judge Olvany received a letter from the Young Democratic Club, which has not at all times been in harmony with the Tammany organization, warmly congratulating him and Tammany Hall on his selection as leader.

The New York Young Democratic Club congratulates both you and the New York County Committee on your selection as the new leader of Tammany Hall," the letter read. "With the big questions confronting our Democracy today and with the independent vote that needs to be reached, the choice of the New York Democratic County Committee is bound to meet with the approval of many outside the fold and will command the respect of the country generally."

COOLIDGE ANSWERS INQUIRY BY BRYAN

Sends 500-Word Message in Reply to Telegram About Defense Day Plans.

TEXTS NOT MADE PUBLIC

War Department Gives Out Governor's Letter of March 4, Praising Army's Citizen Camps.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31. — President Coolidge, while surprised that John W. Davis, the Democratic nominee for the Presidency, should join with Governor Charles W. Bryan, his running mate, in opposing Defense Day, declined to make any comment today on the controversy which has been waging between himself and Governor Bryan. The President is said to be averse to entering personally into any partisan discussion of the affair.

Mr. Coolidge, however, did send what is understood to be a definite reply to a telegram received today from Governor Bryan believed to embody several questions concerning the War Department's Defense Day plans. Neither telegram was made public, Mr. Coolidge taking the position that the correspondence was between the Governor of a State and the President and desiring to avoid creating any impression that a political incident was involved.

As soon as the Bryan telegram was received it was sent to the War Department and several conferences followed at the White House between the President and Major Gen. John L. Hines, Chief of Staff, who is Acting Secretary of War. As a result of these conferences a composite reply was sent to Governor Bryan by President Coolidge. It was a message of about 500 words and, while it was devoted almost entirely to answering the inquiry, it is said to contain one phrase of a political import.

It was said that the duty of making the inquiry and reply public rested with Governor Bryan.

Republican leaders seemed to be pleased with the developments in the controversy. Some of them thought Mr. Davis had made a mistake in endorsing Governor Bryan's position.

The War Department today made public a letter from Governor Bryan written in March to the Commanding General of the Seventh Corps Area, commending the citizens' military training camps. This was taken to suggest his original position on the subject.

The text of the letter was as follows:

State of Nebraska, March 7, 1924.
Commanding General, Seventh Corps Area, Army Building, Omaha, Neb.

Dear Sir: For the last two years I have been interested in the work carried on by the citizens' military training camps. This work is purely voluntary on the part of the young men of the nation, and I am pleased to note how near Nebraska came to the furnishing of her full quota last year.

The citizens' military training camps represent concretely the thought of patriotism, civic responsibility and individual growth in all that makes for clean, healthy, vigorous American manhood.

Discipline I consider absolutely essential both in the youth and in the mature man and any these training camps call for is discipline almost entirely self-imposed. I consider their good effects greater perhaps than any that might be imposed otherwise; it encourages initiative and gives young men confidence in their abilities and as it brings together young men from all walks of life, it has a tendency to broaden their views and creates a respect for constituted authority.

Add to this the material physical benefits received from thirty days of rugged camp life with regular hours and pure wholesome food, and I have no hesitancy in endorsing the system and I hope the year of 1924 will register Nebraska with her full quota of young men attending these camps.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) CHARLES W. BRYAN,
Governor.

War Department officials were so gratified by this letter that they used it in letters to President Coolidge and others on posters which advertised the camps.

Some officials believed that Governor Bryan and Mr. Davis had mistaken the request for the formation of special civilian committees and a demand for bodies which would proceed to mobilize not only all available man power, under military direction, but industrial possibilities as well, whereas this War Department idea was not to proceed with a direct mobilization but to demonstrate the potentiality of such a plan.

Bryan Denies Political Motive.

OMAHA, July 31.—Governor Charles W. Bryan, Democratic Vice Presidential nominee, expressed his opinion regarding "Defense Day" only in his official capacity as Governor of Nebraska, and his move was not intended as a criticism of the Republican Administration, the Governor said in a statement to The Associated Press today.

VETERAN ASSAILS O'RYAN.

Editor of State Legion Paper Does Not Like Three of His Acts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 31.—Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who commanded the Twenty-seventh Division in the World War, is assailed in an article in the current issue of The Empire State Legionaire, official organ of the State Department of the American Legion.

General O'Ryan is criticised because he served as chief counsel to the Senate committee which investigated the Veterans' Bureau, because he supported the Mellon tax plan and because he opposed the Federal bonus.

"Patriotism can be made a well-paying proposition," the article says, "as was well proved by General John F. O'Ryan of New York, who received $25,000 for acting as chief counsel of the select committee of the Senate to investigate the Veterans' Bureau. The investigation was practically a failure so far as relief for the disabled was concerned, but it proved very profitable for the General.

"It must be understood that all this time while General O'Ryan was receiving pay at the rate of $2,000 a month, he was also on the New York State payroll as a member of the Transit Commission. For this he received a mere $15,000 a year. He was drawing this money while 'farmed out' to the Senate."

APPEALS FOR NEW PARTY.

Norman Thomas, Socialist Candidate for Governor, Addresses Union.

An appeal for the support of trade unionism was made last night by Norman Thomas, Gubernatorial candidate of the Socialist Party, at a meeting of Painters' District Council, No. 9, at Centurion Hall, 210 East Fifth Street. Mr. Thomas told his audience that by voting the La Follette ticket this year they would help in the formation of a permanent new labor party.

"We are not running the La Follette movement," said Mr. Thomas; "we are cooperating in it. We want to see a definite labor party in America, of which we may be an integral part. Such a party will not easily be formed after the election. If La Follette supporters in New York vote, let us say, for Al Smith, who is supporting Mr. Morgan's attorney, John W. Davis, for President, a split develops. We will be a vote for a third party based on the interest of the workers."

BUYING POWER RISES FOR FARM PRODUCTS

It Was Only 79 Per Cent. on July 1 of the Relative Power Eleven Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The agricultural situation promises farmers some increased economic leverage this year, the Department of Agriculture stated today in announcing that the index of purchasing power of farm products is slowly rising.

At the beginning of July the index of purchasing power of farm products was 79, as compared with the year 1912 representing 100—that is, 10 per cent higher than ever at that time in the last four years. In its monthly review the department takes issue with those who have estimated a $1,000,000,000 increase in the value of the wheat crop over last year's crop.

"It is possible that American wheat growers will get from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000 more for their wheat this year than last, assuming that they sell something over 500,000,000 bushels," the department states. "This is considerably less than the $1,000,000,000 increase estimated in some quarters, but bespeaks an increased ability to pay off debts and a general improvement in financial conditions in the wheat country.

"On the other hand, the corn situation is by no means good. Stands are extremely spotted, many fields being full of weeds, and much of the crop is so far behind that it will need something approaching a frostless Fall to mature.

"The main significance of the corn situation lies in its effect on live stock production and prices during the coming year. Expensive corn this Fall will presumably prolong the liquidation of breeding stock now in progress. Unless history is a faithless guide, hogs and high-grade cattle will be good property before this time in 1925.

"A 6 per cent. increase in dairy cows in the country over last year is reported, the increase being greatest in the West. The South is considered to be going through critical days now, but cotton bids fair to produce a larger and more evenly distributed income than last year."

Wall Street bankers' estimates, made public some time ago, were that an increase of about $1,000,000,000 had taken place in the value of farm crops, including wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, cotton and other staples since the first of this year, and it was said yesterday that this estimate would appear to need revision upward in view of recent advances in commodity prices.

KANSAS CITY, July 31.—July receipts of wheat here totaled 14,615 cars, about 10,000,000 bushels, and established a new high record, according to figures announced today by the Secretary of the Board of Trade. The wheat was worth more than $20,000,000. The former record was 14,210 cars in July, 1921. Receipts last July were 6,972 cars. The July average for the last ten years is 7,502 cars. Elevator stocks show an increase of more than 2,000,000 bushels this month.

COOLIDGE INSPECTS CAPITAL PLAYGROUNDS

Party Laughs at Golfer's Miss and Quits Negro Ball Game When Pitcher Goes 'Wild.'

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Conferences with General Hines on Defense Day and visits from Attorney General Stone, Acting Secretary of State Grew and others kept President Coolidge in his office most of the day, and he consequently was unable to give as much time to the writing of his notification address as he had previously this week.

Late in the day the President left the White House to make an inspection of the park system and recreational facilities of the District of Columbia. Accompanied by Mrs. Coolidge and Colonel C. O. Sherrill, in charge of public buildings and grounds, the President displayed an enjoyable interest in the players on the various grounds.

All members of the party broke into laughter as a golfer on the public course, in attempting to give the party an exhibition of driving, topped the ball after a vicious swing. Mrs. Coolidge smilingly remarked to the perspiring golfer that the photographers probably had brought about a little nervousness.

Brief stops were made at the tennis courts, polo grounds where two War Department teams were playing, and the War Department cafeteria. The latter visit was made during the dinner hour and both Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge went through the dining room and the kitchen.

A flurry of excitement was caused as the party entered the kitchen and the elderly negro woman cook ejaculated: "Huh, huh, sure's the Lord's born, it's the President of the United States!"

The President and Mrs. Coolidge shook hands with "Susan."

The President then stopped for a few minutes to watch a baseball game between negro employes of the Government, but when the pitcher suddenly became "wild" and walked two batters in succession they drove on to the White House.

TO SPEND MILLION ON RADIO

Managers of Chief Parties Are Convinced as to Results.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Radio has developed into the keystone of the political campaigns, according to a Washington dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. Indications now are that about $1,000,000 will be spent by the three major parties in sending their doctrines through the air.

Managers of each are concentrating on radio plans and at almost every conference it is the first subject taken up. In almost every instance the decision seems to be that the results to be obtained—if as great as expected—will more than justify the expense.

Mail Clerks Favor La Follette.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 31 (Associated Press).—Senator La Follette and Senator Wheeler, independent candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, were endorsed today by the Executive Board of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employes. At the same time the board voiced its approval of the "Progressive program" adopted at the Cleveland convention.

Upsets Action on La Follette.

Special to The New York Times.

BISMARCK, N. D., July 31.—The Non Partisan League State Executive Committee meeting here today ratified all actions of the statewide conference held yesterday except the Conference endorsement of La Follette for President. The committee also placed itself in opposition to the conference's demand that all Non-Partisan League candidates nominated on the Republican ticket in the June primary endorse La Follette.

Krug Wine Over Reardon.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 1.—Philip N. Krug of this place was elected Chairman of the Democratic Committee of Nassau County here this morning at a committee meeting held in the Court House. He defeated George J. Reardon of Hempstead, Deputy State Controller, who had been Chairman up to a meeting on April 15 last, when the Krug faction asserted his defeat.

Congressman Fairchild Re-Named.

MT. VERNON, N. Y., July 31.—Congressman Ben L. Fairchild was named this afternoon as a candidate to succeed himself by members of the Congressional Republican Committee of the Twenty-fourth District. Barely a majority of the members were present. No other candidates were named.

ON AUGUST 1, 1914, WITH WAR AT HAND

Reports Showed Hope That Czar, Kaiser and King "May Yet Arrange Peace."

STORY IN TIMES HEADLINES

The Assassination of Jaures, French Socialist Leader and Pacifist, Chronicled.

Ten years ago today there was a ray of hope that war might be averted. It was known that the Czar, the Kaiser and the King of England were sending each other the letters later published as the "Willy-Nicky" correspondence, and optimists believed that they might be able to save the world's peace.

The world situation then was told as follows in the headlines of THE NEW YORK TIMES on Aug. 1, 1914:

CZAR, KAISER AND KING MAY YET ARRANGE PEACE

RUSSIA SAYS THEIR MESSAGES "MODIFY THE SITUATION."

Hope Despite Kaiser's Declaration of Martial Law and Gathering of Three Fleets Off Denmark.

A Berlin cable told of the Kaiser's appearance at a window of his palace to acknowledge a demonstration by a gathering of 10,000 people. The Kaiser said:

"A fateful hour has fallen on Germany. Envious people on all sides are compelling us to our just defense. The sword is being forced into our hand. I hope that if at the last hour my efforts do not succeed in bringing our opponents to see eye to eye with us and in maintaining peace, I hope that with God's help we shall so wield the sword that when all is over we shall again sheathe it with honor.

"War would demand of us enormous sacrifices in property and life, but we should show our foes what it means to provoke Germany, and now I commend you all to God. Go to church, kneel before God and pray to him to help our gallant army."

From Paris came the news of the assassination of Leon Jean Jaures, the Socialist and pacifist leader. Another cable from Paris described war moves that Germany was alleged to have started a week before.

In New York City the Governors of the New York Stock Exchange met and closed the Exchange. Other important news was presented by THE TIMES as follows in a summary of the day's events:

"Russia sends no reply to Germany's demand of an explanation for her mobilisation, but posts notices calling all reserves to the colors.

"Close censorship has been imposed on all news from Germany, Austria and Russia, and a lighter censorship is in force in France, Italy and Serbia.

"All the small European States are scrambling to mobilize their forces to maintain their neutrality."

A dispatch from St. Petersburg said: "General mobilization has been ordered."

Dispatches from Paris were already commenting on the calmness of France and contrasting it with 1870.

KAISER SAYS WORLD GOT NOTHING BY WAR

Dr. Eliot, However, Sees End of Autocracies, in Answer to American Legion Inquiry.

The question "What did the world gain from the World War?" is answered in The American Legion Weekly today by many distinguished Americans and Europeans, including General Pershing, Maximilian Harden, Sir Arthur W. Currie, Sir Philip Gibbs, Charles W. Eliot, John Maynard Keynes, Samuel Gompers, David Starr Jordan, Hilaire Belloc, General Henry T. Allen, the former Crown Prince and, through a representative, former Kaiser Wilhelm.

Pacifists like Jane Addams and Norman Angell found no positive good in the war, except that it had bred hatred of war. Keynes answered the question with three words, "I don't know." Most of the others had something good to say about the war. Charles W. Eliot, for instance, summarized its results as follows:

"The World War destroyed the huge Russian, German and Austrian autocracies, revived several freer nations which those autocracies had crushed or cut into pieces, strengthened the three great powers in which democratic principles have made good progress, and brought them nearer to effective union for promoting liberty, justice and peace throughout the world."

The reply for the Kaiser came from Admiral H. von Rebeur-Paschwits, who wrote from Doorn:

"In answer to your letter, dated May 31, his Majesty the Emperor tells me to let you know that he regrets not being able to comply with your request. As to the question, 'What did the world gain by the World War?' I would think the only possible answer can be, 'Nothing. It lost everything.'"

The reply received from the Crown Prince was as follows:

"The United States entered the war to destroy militarism and to make the world free for democracy. The result of the war was that all nations are arming as hard as they can, and what about democracy?—just look at the cables from over the world. Dictatorship of some sort or other is the favorite idea. The only good the war did is to show that a nation, not well armed, is powerless and that such a nation gets help from nobody."

In his answer David Starr Jordan said the war caused the downfall of three Imperial autocracies, the puncture of a pasteboard Caesar and the freedom of Alsace-Lorraine, though creating half a dozen other misused provinces. He said the war also showed "the certainty that there are no fruits of victory worth their cost; the certainty that war brings no 'survival of the fittest'—but of those that never fit, a result which will show itself for generations," and "the certainty that war cheapens or destroys all human values, financial, political, moral, spiritual alike."

"The only gain to humanity from the World War, so far as I can see now," wrote Sir Philip Gibbs, "was the inspiration that comes from the supreme valor of youth and its ready sacrifice for ideals higher than self-interest. Perhaps also we have learned that

HUGHES IN BRUSSELS FOR TWO-DAY VISIT

Belgian Notables and a Large Crowd Welcome the American Secretary on Arrival.

DOES AT ONCE TO EMBASSY

On Leaving France, He Praises His Hosts and Declares Lawyers' Visit of Immense Benefit.

BRUSSELS, July 31 (Associated Press).—Secretary of State and Mrs. Hughes of the United States were enthusiastically greeted by a large crowd, including many notables, when they arrived at the Gare du Midi at 6:30 o'clock this evening to begin a two days' visit to the Belgian capital.

On the platform American Ambassador and Mrs. Phillips and the entire personnel of the American Embassy greeted Mr. Hughes, while the Belgian Government was represented by the Minister of Economics, M. van de Vyvere, and Director Deramaix of the Belgian Foreign Office. Burgomaster Max represented the city.

Baron de Cartier de Marchienne, Belgian Ambassador to the United States, also was on hand to greet the American statesman, who smilingly descended from the railway car and talked cheerfully to the members of the official party. Then the party drove to the embassy, where Mr. Phillips will give an elaborate banquet this evening.

Mr. Hughes refused to be interviewed beyond saying that he was glad to be in Belgium.

At the dinner given tonight by Ambassador Phillips the guests included a number of persons Secretary Hughes knew or wished to meet. Among them were Foreign Minister Hymans, Minister Van de Vyvere, Baron de Marchienne, Brand Whitlock, former American Ambassador to Belgium, and their wives; Mrs. John Bassett Moore, wife of the American Judge at the World Court, and her daughter; Burgomaster Max and P. Ladeau, rector of Louvain University.

The King and Queen will dine Secretary Hughes tomorrow at the palace, that being the Secretary's only public engagement of the day.

Hughes Thanks Paris Hosts.

PARIS, July 31 (Associated Press).—The visit of the members of the American Bar Association to France will be of immense benefit to the relations between France and the United States, Secretary Hughes declared this afternoon just before he left at 2:15 o'clock for Brussels, where he will be entertained by King Albert and Queen Elizabeth, later continuing on to Berlin.

Mr. Hughes closed his visit to Paris, which had consisted of three days filled with what he termed agreeable and useful experiences, in a most happy frame of mind.

"I cannot say strongly enough how I appreciate the reception of the American lawyers in Paris," he declared. "Nor can I sufficiently express my gratitude to the people of Paris and to the representatives of the French Government for the delicate attentions I received personally.

"This visit of the members of the American Bar Association has been a most interesting and agreeable experience for them all but it will be of immense benefit to relations between France and the United States. Such a visit ought to be multiplied for the good of both countries. Every one has been kind to me here, and I am obliged to believe more than ever in the old saying that every man has two countries, his own and France."

The American Secretary of State was escorted to the railway station by Ambassador Herrick, where M. Becq de Fouquieres represented the French Government. Minister of Justice Renoult, the Acting Premier, detained by an important engagement, had sent word that to his great regret he would be unable to come and say good bye, but just as the train was about to pull out, M. Renoult came running up breathlessly. He was just in time to shake hands through the car window and to express his regret that Mr. Hughes was leaving so soon. The American visitor, with a hearty handshake, said once again how touched he had been by the attentions he had received from Paris and expressed the hope he would be able to come back again.

While Mr. Hughes was making ready to depart, his fellow-lawyers went to Versailles, where, under the guidance of Manuel Fourcade, head of the Paris Bar Association, they were shown around the famous chateau. Their visit to the historic structure ended in "the Hall of American Independence." It was in this hall that the first Treaty of Versailles, ending the American war between France and England, was signed.

The visiting lawyers then made a tour of the park. At lunch served in the Orangerie, former President Millerand and M. Fourcade were the principal hosts. Later the guests were shown the other historic spots of Versailles.

After a few hours of hasty sightseeing the party returned to Paris for two more receptions, one by the France-America Committee at 5 o'clock and the other by the Carnegie Endowment at 9 o'clock, with a dinner and reception given by Acting Premier Renoult at the Ministry of Justice sandwiched in between.

The program tomorrow calls for two more receptions, one in the morning by the Society of Comparative Legislation and the other, ending official ceremonies, at the American Chamber of Commerce.

THINKS HUGHES CONVINCED.

The Matin Believes His Views Were Modified by Visit to France.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—In a leading article the Matin, speaking of the visit of Secretary Hughes to France says:

"Mr. Hughes, who has talked little and listened a great deal, apparently is leaving us in a state of mind a bit different from that which he had when he did us the honor of coming to visit us. He has been able above all to see that even though France is in grave financial difficulties she is nevertheless not ready to abdicate all her rights into the hands of financiers, be they the most eminent, the best intentioned and most amicably disposed. There is not in France a power comparable to Wall Street in America or the City in London. It is doubtful if there ever will be. And this is one point which our friends during the present phase of the negotiations should never lose sight of."

The Matin remarks on the conversations which Mr. Hughes had particularly with MM. Poincaré and Millerand. Reparations naturally were the principal subject discussed, the newspaper says, and the American Secretary of State was in a receptive mood to hear all views on the subject. Mr. Hughes also displayed the greatest interest in security and did not hide the fact that the American Government was intensely interested in this question with which the prevention of future war is so closely bound up. On this subject he received the frankest declaration from ex-President Millerand.

HOUGHTON IN BERLIN TO RECEIVE HUGHES

Hurries Back From Washington and London—Confident Allied Conference Will Succeed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 31.—Ambassador Houghton arrived here today after his hurried trip home and his stay at London, where the Allied conference was in full swing. It was figured out that he was in the United States only 200 hours. Nevertheless he appeared to be none the worse for his busy trip.

The Ambassador received the American newspaper men at the embassy and announced that he had hastened to Berlin in order to receive Secretary Hughes here and arrange for his meeting with the German notables. When asked what he thought of the chances of success for the London Conference, he replied:

"I think they are favorable. I feel convinced that unless the conference succeeds Europe will fall into a condition of substantial chaos. In view of the urgency of the situation, I am sure that the London Conference will succeed in arriving at some sort of a settlement of European problems."

Secretary Hughes and Mrs. Hughes are expected here Sunday morning. They will be met at Cologne by Warren Delano Robbins, Counselor of the American Embassy. On Sunday President Ebert will give a luncheon in honor of Mr. Hughes at the Presidential residence in Wilhelmstrasse. Sunday evening Ambassador Houghton will give a dinner for the Secretary at the embassy.

Among the guests at the dinner will be President Ebert, Chancellor Marx, Foreign Minister Stresemann, Baron von Maltzahn and Herr von Schubert of the Foreign Office, and Professor Nernst of Berlin University. The Ambassador also expects to entertain Secretary Hughes at a luncheon Monday.

Monday evening Mr. Hughes will be the guest of honor at a dinner given by Foreign Minister Stresemann. He will leave Berlin that evening for Bremen, whence he will embark the next day on the steamship President Harding for New York.

30 Monuments in National Parks.

Thirty national monuments, established by Presidential proclamation, are administered as part of the national park system by the Department of the Interior through the National Park Service. These monuments reserve to the people of the United States historic landmarks, historic and prehistoric structures and other objects of historic or scientific interest.

COMMONS TO GET IRISH BILL AT ONCE

But MacDonald Agrees to Postpone Debate Until After Eleven Weeks' Recess.

STAKES HIS CABINET ON IT

Day of Conferences Averts the Crisis Threatened Over the Reopening of the Irish Question.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—Once more at a crucial moment an Irish question threatened today to inject serious complications into the domestic problems of Great Britain and possibly to exercise an untoward effect upon the settlement of the international situation by the allied conference now sitting in London.

The new crisis has grown out of the application of the Irish treaty in its entirety. That instrument provided for the appointment of a commission of three to determine the boundary questions between North Ireland and the Irish Free State. The Free State has been clamoring for the appointment of such a commission and the British Government had its nominee ready. Ulster claimed that it was not affected by certain clauses of the Irish Treaty regarding elimination of the boundaries and has steadily refused to name a Commissioner. The British Government was compelled to initiate some action to carry out the treaty. It referred the terms of the treaty to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, which decided that as Ulster refused to appoint a Commissioner of her own the vacant place could not be filled by the Imperial Government without authorization of Parliament.

As a result of a Downing Street conference and a number of meetings held afterward by leaders of the various political parties to discuss the danger and difficulties of the situation, it is now stated that when the Colonial Secretary makes his statement on the subject in the Commons tomorrow it will be announced that the time will be given Parliament for thought.

The Government's proposed bill is likely to be introduced forthwith, but discussion of it may be postponed until after the Parliamentary recess, which, according to present plans, begins on next Thursday.

No official report of the Downing Street conference of signatories of the treaty has been issued, but it is understood that Prime Minister made it clear to those present that the Cabinet were agreed that legislation must be introduced forthwith in order that the necessary steps might be taken whereby the Boundary Commission could function.

On one point the Prime Minister placed special emphasis. When he indicated the Government would introduce legislation he made it clear that it would also accept full responsibility for its future stages. If either house refused to pass the bill, then the Government would feel compelled to ask the country to endorse their action in trying to solve the Irish problem.

There is little doubt that when the conference opened, the members of the Government present were anxious that the bill should be passed through all its stages in the House of Commons and sent up to the House of Lords during the coming week, and it is understood that in this they were supported by Lloyd George, who agreed the matter should be dealt with without delay.

The Conservative members present, however, pleaded for plenty of time for deliberation on many aspects of the problem and entered a protest against anything in the nature of panic legislation. They agreed that if no other way out of the deadlock could be found, then legislation might be necessary, but argued that an act passed at this moment might intensify rather than ease the problem.

The alternative suggestion was put forward that a statement of the position should be made in the House tomorrow and that this should be followed by the formal introduction of the Government's bill one day early next week. No further steps should be taken in the matter before the recess and eleven weeks during which the Parliament is not sitting should be used by all parties in trying to discover whether even now it is not possible for some agreement to be arrived at.

It is stated that Stanley Baldwin, Austen Chamberlain and Lord Birkenhead pleaded with considerable effect for delay. Lloyd George's attitude, which was afterward endorsed at the informal gathering of the Liberal leaders, made it clear that Prime Minister MacDonald would be sure of carrying the bill through the House of Commons. A remark made by him was accordingly construed by many members later in the day as a challenge to the House of Lords with the threat of a general election on the cry of the refusal of the Upper House to abide by the Irish treaty.

The "Conservative Shadow Cabinet" met during the afternoon and there were also a number of Government conferences. Tonight it was generally understood the Cabinet had decided to fall in with the suggestion that the bill should be introduced before the recess but that its further progress should be delayed until Autumn. The bill is expected to be quite a short one dealing with the single point of the interpretation of clause 12 of the treaty.

The looming crisis today brought forth a round table conference which sat for two hours and which, Ramsay MacDonald announced later in Commons, had reached no decision. The present Prime Minister had invited to Downing Street two ex-Premiers, Stanley Baldwin and Lloyd George, and other former Ministers who had signed the Irish Treaty on behalf of Great Britain. This was Lloyd George's first appearance at No. 10 since he vacated that famous residence twenty months ago.

Ulster Men Send a Protest.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BELFAST, July 31.—A strong protest against the foreshadowed legislation in connection with the Ulster boundary question was sent today to the Prime Minister by the several signatories to the treaty and the party leaders from the Ulster Liberal-Unionist Associations in Belfast. It was as follows:

"Members of the Ulster Liberal-Unionist Association protest most strongly against new legislation on boundary question as foreshadowed in the press, which Ulster regards as unwarranted interference with the rights granted to her under the 1920 act and which Lloyd George declared could not be abrogated without Ulster's consent."

Two members of the Ulster Government are at present in London, H. M. Andrews and H. M. Pollock. Lord Londonderry will probably be in London tomorrow or at the latest by Saturday. Prime Minister Sir James Craig is still confined to his bed and it is to such that his medical advisers will not allow him to take part in the consultations. Colonel Spender, Secretary of the Cabinet, crossed to London this evening in order to be in touch with members of the Northern Cabinet over the week-end.

LABORITE PROMISES DISARMAMENT PARLEY

Ammon Tells Commons That Britain Will Maintain Security in the Meantime.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—The British Government still holds to its intention to call a conference with the idea of extending disarmament whenever a favorable opportunity presents itself, said C. G. Ammon, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, in the House of Commons today, replying to points raised in a debate on the Government's naval construction policy.

He added that the Government felt there were things going on in the world today—parenthetically he cited the relations of Japan and America—which did not make the present a favorable moment.

Regarding the Singapore base, he said that if the gesture made by the Government in this connection met with no response, then very reluctantly it would have to go on with the Singapore project.

He flatly denied that in building five cruisers Britain was starting a new race of armaments. The cruisers were only replacements, he said. All countries that were parties to the Washington agreement had honorably fulfilled it, and no country had made a greater reduction in armaments than Britain, considering her long trade routes and commitments.

SIR CHARLES MADDEN HEADS BRITISH NAVY

Former Commander-in-Chief in the Atlantic Made Admiral of the Fleet.

LONDON, July 31.—Admiral Sir Charles E. Madden, a flag officer of the Royal Navy, who was Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic Fleet from 1919 to 1922, has been appointed Admiral of the Fleet, the highest post in the British Navy.

He served in the Battle of Jutland, 1916, and was mentioned in dispatches; was Chief of Staff to the Admiral Commanding in Chief, 1914-1916, and second in command of the Grand Fleet, 1917.

56,500 Germans Visit Switzerland.

BASEL, Switzerland, July 31.—Statistics collected by the Swiss tourist office show that during the last Winter season 56,500 German tourists visited Switzerland, as compared with 9,000 during the previous season.

MUSSOLINI SPURNS LIBERALS' DEMANDS

Denounces the Opposition's "Secret Hope" of Returning to Parliamentary Government.

DEFENDS HIS DOUBLE ROLE

Italian Dictator Breaks a Long Silence to Attack Those Who Demand "Normalization."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 31.—After a long period of silence, Mussolini suddenly came to life today with a long letter, which is reproduced by the whole press, to Deputy Arpinati, Fascist member of Parliament of Bologna. Seizing the pretext of entrusting Deputy Arpinati to convey his salutations to the Fascisti of Bologna Province, who have gathered for their annual congress, Mussolini, with his customary vehemence, attacks the Opposition, which he accuses of attempting to deliver Fascism bound hand and foot to the old stamp of parliamentarism. He confutes the dilemma with which the Opposition confronts him of resigning either his position as head of the State or as head of the Fascist Party, and, after recalling the 3,000 Fascisti who died for their cause, ends with a passionate statement that their sacrifice has not been made in vain. The text of the letter follows:

Dear Arpinati: It is with much pleasure that I ask you to greet in my name the formidable phalanxes of Fascisti of Bologna whom you have convoked to a congress. It is five years—ever since the birth of Fascism, in other words—that you have been in the forefront of our movement. You must, therefore, speak clear and loud to your Fascisti on the general lines of my last speech to the Grand Council of Fascism.

In these days we are assisting at a kind of babel, a confusion of tongues, the whole hullabaloo being dominated by that long word "normalization," whose constant ambiguity I have already clearly denounced. According to the Opposition we should become good Liberals and continue the traditions of that risorgimento for which the Liberals alone claim credit, while as a matter of fact some of its chief figures were Republicans, like Massini and Garibaldi, or Federalists like Cattano, or even Socialists, like Pisacane.

"Normalization" Defined.

Nobody has yet explained in intelligible fashion what normalization means. I will repeat myself, even at the risk of boring others as much as we already bored with the subject. If by normalization it is meant that we must go before the Italian people without assuming the mask of false pastors, they have done and will continue to do. If it is meant that we must punish any one who breaks our laws, this we are doing and will continue to do. If it is meant that we must repress illegalities, I reply that illegalities are being and will be repressed despite the persistent moral illegalities which the Opposition is daily perpetrating against Fiscism. If it is meant that we must govern in the interests of Italians and not the interests of only one party, this has always been the fundamental hinge of my actions as Premier. What does the Opposition want? Nobody has deigned to say it openly, but the secret hope is to place Fascism at the mercy of Parliamentarism and to return to what were some of the darkest days of our history.

The Opposition asks, for instance, that I resign as head of the Fascist Party which is "preposterous." If facts are facts and not illusions, it would appear that in Republican France the head of the State is also the head of the radical Socialist Party, that in super-democratic England MacDonald is head of the State and also head of the Labor Party, so much so that he did not hesitate to attend a Parliamentary anti-Fascist meeting in the House of Parliament. I have never reached such extremes and the Grand Council of Fascism has never had to repeat never discussed concrete problems of Government, especially when foreign powers were concerned.

Recalls Fascist Losses.

Even on this point the delectable Opposition which poses as our mentor should be so enchantingly good as to speak with sufficient clearness to be comprehensible by average Italians.

Advice and demands are showered upon us. We are surrounded by pedagogues and mentors. Every one has a dilemma on whose horns he wishes to impale us. They all forget that Fascism fought in 1919, 1920 and 1921, leaving some thousands of glorious dead, some of them hardly more than boys, on its way and dared to carry out the revolution in 1922 without first asking any one's leave. My dear pedagogues, please confer the inestimable boon on us of reserving at least part of your sermons for those gentlemen who militate in the opposition camp because the pacification which we sincerely want cannot be obtained by exercise of one-sided and therefore useless patience on our part.

Dear Arpinati, if memory does not lead me into error, the City of Bologna alone has given forty-six dead to our cause. Let us remind all those who are forgetful of them. Let us evoke them all, one by one, those unforgetable comrades of ours. Has so much blood been shed in vain? Fascist Bologna cries out to me its passionate, fiery "No." Long live Fascism!

ROME, July 31.—Notices have been issued calling for a general meeting on Sunday of all of the properly enrolled members of the opposition parties. The announcement declares that the meeting will be strictly private and that membership cards will be necessary for admission. While no hint is given of the agenda of the meeting, it is believed important discussions of the internal political situation will take place.

MILAN, July 31.—The police today searched the office of the Socialist newspaper Unità, seized a number of documents, papers and letters and lengthily interrogated seven persons, who later were released.

FORCE RENT RISE ON 400 TENANTS

Semi-Philanthropic Operation of Two Large West Side Tenements Ends Today.

More than four hundred tenants in apartment houses at 217 West Sixty-eighth Street and 214 West Sixty-ninth Street will be affected today by an increase in rents, in some cases more than double the old ones.

The properties are twenty-seven years old and originally were owned by the City and Suburban Homes Company of 624 Madison Avenue. They now are owned by the Community Court Apartments, Inc., of 276 Fifth Avenue, which plans to modernize the buildings.

The apartments had been owned and operated for many years as a semi-philanthropic venture, and the notice of the change of owners and the subsequent announcement of the increase in the rent created quite a stir among the tenants, some of whom had lived there for fifteen years.

It was said yesterday at the apartments that twenty families had moved rather than meet the increase. The others are remaining, having decided to fight the increase and having contributed to the fund of the Tenants' Protective League, of which Alexander Cumming is counsel. According to Mr. Cumming, the league will endeavor to adjust the matter without litigation.

Notices bearing the terms and conditions of the new rentals were sent to the tenants by the new owners several days ago. On a notice shown yesterday by one of the tenants whose rent had been $22 a month for a three-room apartment, the new rent was $40 a month.

There was also a clause stipulating the landlord's right to enter the apartment for the purpose of installing electric wiring, heating and shower baths, and that "should the tenant refuse entry for such purposes the tenant shall be deemed undesirable and his tenancy terminated."

It was learned from some of the tenants that they did not wish these improvements to be made. One tenant said she would fight the increase because the new landlords wanted to get the benefit of it before they made the improvements.

At the office of the Community Court Apartments, Inc., it was said by Joseph Geist, an official, that they anticipated no difficulty over the increase, which they considered reasonable for the amount and nature of improvements which they planned.

The former owners of the properties, the City and Suburban Homes Company, was an outgrowth of the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor. R. Fulton Cutting is Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Homes Company. He said the company gave up the properties because it could not modernize them. He stated further that, when selling, the company notified the tenants and gave them "plenty of time to look around."

Lithuania Ratifies Treaty.

KOVNO, Lithuania, July 31.—The Lithuanian Parliament today ratified the extradition treaty with the United States.

EXECUTE 19 BULGARS AFTER BORDER RAID

Greeks Reported Ready to Invade Bulgaria With Jugoslav and Rumanian Backing.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 31.—According to the latest reports reaching Vienna by private channels, the menace of a conflict in the Balkans is getting daily more serious.

While the Greek General Staff openly states that every preparation has been made for the march of a Greek army into Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Rumania are censoring all disquieting reports and refuse to admit that trouble is brewing. Trustworthy reports, however, indicate that similar preparations are being made in Yugoslavia, and that Rumania may join hands with Greece and her ally, Yugoslavia. The panic on the Belgrade Grain Exchange yesterday, when prices fell about 9 per cent., although attributed to other causes, is believed here to have been due to the prevailing disquietude in the Balkans.

Bulgarian raids on the Greek frontier are becoming daily more serious, amounting now to more than border skirmishes. The authorities appear to exercise no control over the raiders.

Nineteen Bulgarians were executed by Greeks after one of these raids.

SOFIA, July 31 (Associated Press).—Nineteen Bulgarian peasants are alleged to have been shot by a squad of Greek troops in Grecian Macedonia, according to the Bulgarian Telegraphic Agency, which quotes a dispatch from the Under-Prefect of Petrich.

This official said four peasants told him they were among twenty-six who were seized and bound by the Greeks upon orders from Greek officers at the frontier near the village of Tirche and shot down, only seven escaping. Fifteen other Bulgars were seized and taken to the same spot, the peasants said, but their fate was unknown.

PILSNER BEER BOYCOTT PREACHED IN GERMANY

Because Brewery Receipts Go to Schools Where German Is Barred, Teutons Are Urged to Shun It.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 31.—Germans are being urged to boycott the world-renowned Pilsner beer because Czechoslovakia, where the beer-brewing City of Pilsen is located, has forced the breweries there to devote part of their receipts to Czechoslovakian schools, where the German language is taboo and only Czech is allowed, though part of the population is German.

It is pointed out that the number of places is increasing in Germany where genuine Pilsner beer can be obtained, despite the discrimination exercised by Czechoslovakia against the German language. This is a deplorable state of affairs, according to those urging the beer boycott. They exhort Germans to patronize home-brewed beer and to eschew Pilsner with the same patriotic zeal shown by Czechoslovakia in tabooing all within its boundaries that is not Czech.

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Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

No payment accepted unless successful.

Also expert service on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

Frederic N. Whitley, Inc. Engineers and Contractors 217 Fulton St., Newark

K. Sulka & Company

512 FIFTH AVENUE—AT 43D STREET

BATHING SUITS—BEACH ROBES

You will find our Bathing Suits with well Tailored Trunks of our own make, and also Beach Robes of the Finest Flannels, most Unusual.

OUR PRICES ARE NOT EXCESSIVE

FRENCH PROPOSALS GAIN IN CONFERENCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

of reparations. This arbitrator will probably not be an American.

The same principle of arbitration is to be applied to the transfer of cash, so as not to affect French exchange unfavorably, and concerning any disputes which may occur between France and Germany over ordinary questions of reparations.

The Third Committee then entered upon a long discussion of the French proposals for the emendation of the Dawes report in the event of the actual working of its provisions proving ineffective. What these proposals are has not yet been announced, but it is understood that they are of considerable importance and are certain to lead to much discussion, as they cannot help affecting the security offered investors by the Dawes plan. However, confidence was expressed in American circles that some compromise could be arranged.

The anxiety of the Third Committee to reach decisions on the portions of the French plan dealing with the gold transfers and the possible amendment of the Dawes plan was shown by the prolonged meeting after dinner. The committee had already had two protracted sessions, but it came together again at 9 o'clock and did not separate until after 2 o'clock this (Friday) morning.

It has not yet reached any definite conclusions on the problems before it, but its members, as they drove off to get a short rest, seemed optimistic that an agreement would be reached, and that the prolonged discussions were only what was to be expected on such involved questions and in debates carried on in several languages.

This committee, in accordance with the wish the Premiers are understood to have expressed, is practically sitting constantly and will resume its discussion again today at 11 o'clock.

The Reparation Commission has now arrived in London and has held a meeting, with Louis Barthou in the chair. It passed a resolution confirming its previous unofficial decision that it would sit here from time to time, as might be necessary, to deal with questions falling within its competence arising out of the conference.

Logan Hopeful of Accord.

LONDON, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The experts of the Interallied Conference, who had been in session throughout the night, adjourned at 2:15 o'clock this morning without having reached an agreement on certain important phases of the French proposals for settlement of the reparations question and the putting into effect of the Dawes plan.

James A. Logan Jr., the American official observer, said he was hopeful that a settlement would be reached today. The experts will reassemble at 11 o'clock this morning to continue their work.

Such progress was made yesterday, however, that last evening American officials close to the conference table said they believed that an invitation for German representatives to come to London would be dispatched on Friday. After discussing with the other delegates the methods which have been agreed upon for launching the Dawes plan, the Germans, if they give their acquiescence, will make final arrangements with the Reparation Commission for putting the new reparations project into effect. The commission decided today to sit officially in London for that purpose.

The French plan was not entirely acceptable in the form in which it was laid on the table; but the objections to the first proposal were overcome sooner than had been expected, and after two hours' discussion the experts announced that the obstacle of determining how a German default might be declared under the Dawes plan had been removed. This question had been blocking the progress of the conference for nearly a fortnight.

The experts then went to grips with the third point in the French proposals, relating to an extension of the terms of the Versailles Treaty with regard to payments in kind, and, with minor alterations, this proposal was accepted. To many members of the allied delegations it seemed to be too good to be true that M. Herriot's efforts were taking the conference out of its difficulties as rapidly as they appeared to be doing.

There had been plentiful predictions that the proposals were doomed before they ever were submitted. But hope rose when agreement was reached on the means of declaring a default.

This decision meant shifting the conference difficulties from the question of possible German delinquency to the proposal for modifying the Dawes plan.

The experts approached this point of the French proposals with considerable misgivings, for, although two-thirds of the French plan for a settlement of the controversy had speedily gained the committee's approval, entire effectiveness of M. Herriot's suggestions depended upon their complete adoption in some form approaching their original draft.

To tamper in any way with the Dawes plan was considered by the American experts as very risky business, and the experts went to the Foreign Office after dinner determined to protect the vital organism of the plan to its last letter. The heart of the plan is the Transfer Commission, and it was said the French would be certain to meet insurmountable opposition if they insisted on drastic changes in the body, of which the Agent General for Reparations Payments is to be the Chairman.

According to one of the financial experts, the old question of security for a loan for Germany would be back in the fire if the French insisted upon applying the arbitration principle to the work of the Transfer Commission.

No Confirmation by Senate Needed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The French suggestions that the Reparation Commission should sit with an American as an additional member, and also that a special arbitral committee should be headed by an American, would probably fall upon unresponsive ears in the United States Senate if the qualification was made that these Americans must be official representatives of their country.

Experiences dating back to the fight over the League of Nations and extending through the discussion of World Court participation last Spring have shown conclusively that the Senate as at present constituted would hardly be likely to grant official sanction.

If, on the other hand, the Americans were in Europe not vested with power to represent this Government, merely acting in an advisory capacity, and were asked to serve the foreign powers, just as were Charles G. Dawes and Owen D. Young, the Senate would not be concerned one way or the other, and privately probably would be quite willing to see American influence exerted abroad in this unofficial fashion.

Observers who studied the French proposals in Washington tonight were not inclined to see any necessity for the Senate to act upon the suggestions. They took the ground that what the French really wanted was to have American advisers who were experienced men of affairs, typical of this country's power and judgment, and that they would be content with representatives of this kind, realizing the improbability of the Senate clothing them with an official status.

Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the Democratic leader and a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said, speaking for himself alone, that if the President asked for confirmation of American representatives of the kind indicated he would favor such confirmation. He said, however, he did not think that confirmation would be necessary. Senator Robinson said some very complimentary things about Mr. Young, and added that he considered him a splendid man to represent this country in the negotiations, whether officially or unofficially.

Bitter Comment in Berlin.

BERLIN, July 31 (Associated Press).—The French proposals regarding the evacuation of the Ruhr are severely criticised by the newspapers here.

The Zeit declares them unacceptable; the Kreuz-Zeitung complains that they fail to provide even a basis for discussion, while Vorwärts remarks that they are repulsive and contrary to the spirit of the Dawes report. This newspaper declares that the French Premier has made himself "the mouthpiece of his military advisers."

PLEA OF MERCY FOR SLAYERS OF FRANKS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

State's argument. Twice, too, he cited instances of Mr. Crowe's previous activities which he said showed that the State's attorney had, while a Judge, admitted evidence as to mentality in mitigation of punishment. In one of these cases, Mr. Crowe pointed out "the defendant had been hanged."

Attacks Insistence on Gallows.

"Yes, but you sentenced him," retorted Mr. Darrow.

Again, in a formal address to the Court, Mr. Darrow pointed out that Mr. Crowe was chairman of a committee which supported a bill in the Illinois Legislature designed to provide imprisonment for persons of defective will, intelligence or emotions.

"I have never seen the same enthusiasm for the death penalty that has appeared in this case," Mr. Darrow said. He declared the prosecution had halted at nothing to gain its end, and added: "That end is death."

He admitted that in Illinois legal insanity meant such mental disease as prevented a person from distinguishing right and wrong, or so destroyed his will that he could not choose between them. But he said this state of legal insanity was not claimed for his clients, adding:

"There are many degrees of insanity which would not for a minute avail us of a legal defense. We know that a man may resist wrong and still be mentally diseased.

"Courts today take account of that, for we have progressed since the laws of England allowed the hanging of boys only seven years old. Today in Illinois we may hang youths of ten.

"Youth itself is a mitigating circumstance," added the chief defense lawyer. "Until a person is 21 he may not enter into contracts, or marry, legally, without the consent of his parents or guardian. This is because of the minor's lack of discretion and matured judgment, in other words his state of mind.

"These boys are minors and I cannot understand the glib attorneys who insist on hanging two young boys, one eighteen and the other nineteen. I have never seen a more deliberate effort to turn human society into an organization of ravening wolves.

Human sympathy, common human kindness ought to count for something also, he continued. "Human judgments are uncertain at the best but we have full faith that this Court will hear every proper piece of evidence and save these young lives."

Appeals for Human Sympathy.

"I cannot understand," said Mr. Darrow, "why the State considers that to admit this testimony would make a revolution in our system of justice. We have had just such instances not only in Illinois, but in this city, and, I believe, in this very court.

"Human sympathy, common human kindness, ought to count for something. I know this court is supposed to have no heart, must forget all his human experiences, that he was a boy, how he acted as a boy, and how he fell down in a thousand cases in trying to meet the needs of life day by day.

"Human judgments are uncertain at the best. Any man carries with him any amount of emotions and feeling or a lack or emotions and lack of feelings, and he needs justice, and justice without mercy is no justice.

"We find here your Honor, that these boys are mentally disordered, but they are not legally insane. But counsel on the other side claims they are absolutely rational and therefore fit subjects for a hanging. I don't care how often the State repeats over and over, parrot-like, that if there is a mention of insanity you must call a jury. There is no precedent or law for it.

"The crime here was a weird, uncanny and most deplorable homicide. The condition of these boys was such that we did not wish to go before a jury with a full plea of insanity, such as we believe would appeal to any court.

"Unfortunately, too, the families of my clients are reputed to be people of great wealth. This case has appealed to many people with the special appeal that people of this rank be hanged. It is embarrassing that it has been heralded in the newspapers."

Leopold Boasts of Confession.

If Leopold had not corroborated the confession of Loeb the State today would have no case against them, Leopold said today after the court session.

"We would not be here now if I had not corroborated Loeb's confession," Leopold said. "Without the confessions all the police would have had against us would have been circumstantial evidence, and that would not have been worth anything. The only thing they had on me was the typewriter on which the ransom letter was written."

Leopold said he had intended telling several stories about the typewriter to keep the police busy for a time and then finally assert that the machine belonged to Leon Mandel, a friend who was in Europe. Asked how they hoped to avoid detection when carrying out the kidnapping in broad daylight and on a public street he said they had planned it that way purposely because the street was little traveled in the late afternoon. If some one had recognized them they "planned to take the kid home and forget about the murder."

He insisted loss of sleep during the protracted examination before he confessed did not bother him but made his wits even keener. Loeb was unable to stand the strain, he said.

"Dick's mind is quicker in an emergency," he added, "but he can't go without sleep without getting slow and sluggish. I can."

When the afternoon recess came a grimy-faced youngster slipped past the bailiffs at the door and accosted Jacob Franks.

"I am Carl Farmer and I used to know your boy," said the lad. "He didn't belong to my gang, but we beat his gang at baseball once."

Robert's father tried to slip a coin to the visitor but it was refused.

"I don't want that," said Carl. "I just wanted you to know all us kids are sorry."

This Sale for Today—Store Closed Saturday

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Sale of Selz Shoes

Remarkable Values in Discontinued Models of Selz High and Low Shoes for Men.

$6.85 AND $4.85

Men's high and low shoes; developed in black calf; kangaroo and Russian calf; discontinued models of the Royal Blue and Supreme lines. Excellent workmanship throughout. $6.85 pair.

Every pair in this lot has been marked at a much higher price. Developed in black and tan calfskin in high or oxford models; featuring snug fitting arch and narrow heel. $4.85 pair.

Others of the Famous Selz Shoes, $6.00 to $10.00

GIMBELS MEN'S SHOE SHOP—Fourth Floor

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have this day withdrawn from the partnership under the name of Coblin Sales Co., 33 West 34th St., New York, and that I am no longer liable for any present or future obligations. CHARLES D. BINDER.

July 30, 1924.

LELLIE GULL WISHES COMMUNICATE with New York law firm who sought her Cumberland, Maryland, two years ago. Lellie Gull, Box 126, Meadow Brook, W. Va.

New York Uses 7½ Tons Of Ice Every Minute

This means 5 million tons annually. New York's tremendous ice supply is practically all made from New York's fine drinking water, filtered 4 extra times. It is frozen in sanitary containers, and as some people suppose, *does not contain* ammonia.

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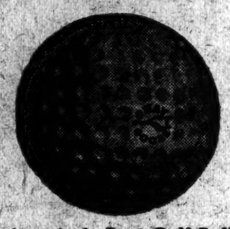

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FANS 1924 MODELS

	Reg. Price	Our Price
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12 in.	$23.00	18.50
16 in.	$26.00	20.75

OSCILLATING TYPE
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ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.
FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE
716 Eighth Av. (45th St.) Lack. 6560
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Seven Months as Leader

The New York Times published 14,821,820 agate lines of advertising in seven months this year, a gain of 496,168 lines over the corresponding period of last year and an excess of 5,118,102 lines over the second New York newspaper.

COOLIDGE IS CALLED 'REAL DIRT FARMER'

Republicans Prepare Tons of Such Literature to Be Sent to Granger States.

AIM MOVE AT LA FOLLETTE

G. O. P. Cites President's Youth in Effort to Outbid Third Party for Agrarian Vote.

To offset the strong bid being made by Senator La Follette in his third party fight for the Presidency, tons of literature, representing President Coolidge to be "a real dirt farmer in the White House," will be sent broadcast by the Republican Campaign Committee through the agricultural Commonwealths.

The third party movement owed its origin primarily to the unrest that prevailed in the agricultural States in the West and Northwest before better prices for wheat and better prospects generally for the farmer dispelled the pessimism pervading those sections of the country. At present, as the Republicans see it, the third party will be compelled to look chiefly to industrial workers for support, with a peril that propaganda for this purpose may alienate the farmers, as the interests of these two elements do not run on parallel lines. Hence the Republicans profess to have strong hopes of being able to outbid La Follette in their quest for the agrarian vote.

The Home Town Coolidge Club of Plymouth, Vt., is the agency through which this work is being done. W. S. Tuttle of Rutland, Vt., a neighboring city, visited the Eastern campaign headquarters of the Republican National Committee at 2 West Forty-sixth Street yesterday to discuss his plan of campaign with the leaders.

Club Now Has 8,006 Members.

Mr. Tuttle said that from a small start made last Summer the Home Town Club in less than a year had become an organization with a membership of 8,000.

"And there are only five houses in President Coolidge's home town at that," Mr. Tuttle said. "The club was started last Summer with no intention in the world except to get together a little bit of money to enable us to give the sort of reception a President of the United States should have when he comes home to visit his neighbors. Today it is a national institution, with members in every State of the Union. Those who had something to do with the launching of the Home Town Club have never been able to catch up with it."

All there is to Plymouth, Vt., according to Mr. Tuttle, is a church and a cheese factory, a public school, a general store and post office, the old Coolidge homestead and the house of an aunt of the President adjoining that occupied by his father.

"We are sending out literature and stories about the farm life of Calvin Coolidge and his ancestry," said Mr. Tuttle. "We are trying to prove to the farmers throughout the land that President Coolidge is a real dirt farmer, as were his father and his grandfather before him. And the best thing about it is that it is not bunk but the simple truth."

Agriculture a Disturbing Problem.

"The President's boyhood and youth on a farm and the fact that his father and those before him were farmers, become now of national importance," Mr. Tuttle went on. "The most acutely disturbing problem before the national Government, in both its executive and legislative branches, is that of agriculture. It is an intricate problem. Solution has been sought by direct methods which do not serve. The task of establishing this basic occupation on a foundation so firm that it will prosper as it should for the national welfare is not to be achieved by any simple process of one-track legislation.

"It is comparatively easy for Congress to enact a law improving the financial credit of farmers. It is comparatively easy to enact a law guaranteeing the prices of farm products. Other specifics for the cure of agricultural distress have been offered and applied. They have not solved the problem.

"The demand has come for special Congressional sessions and for other particular efforts to meet and assuage economic unrest in the farming districts of the country. There is no mistaking the necessity for effective treatment of this real national problem. To chart a way which shall lead to permanently good results, to avoid the reefs and shallows of futile or pernicious legislation, to distinguish between quack panaceas and true treatment, calls for leadership of a high order. It calls also for a sympathetic understanding, in such leadership of the trials, difficulties and hopes of men who till the soil.

"It seems peculiarly fortunate in this crisis of national affairs that Calvin Coolidge, now President, should first trace his origin and his early training to the farm; second, that he should have had long and thorough training in legislative and executive experience; third, that he should have retained and cherished throughout all his years of public life a keen appreciation of and love for those things which concern the farmer.

"From a Vermont farm, a boy reared under the best traditions of rural life, he has traveled over the road of experience into national leadership. He has carried with him memories of his youth. He has kept in contact with the scenes which were his as a boy. Thus we find now in the office of President of the United States a 'dirt farmer' who has joined to his reading for the needs of the workers of the soil a highly developed knowledge of the way by which desirable ends may best be obtained.

"It is not likely that President Coolidge has a perfected plan for the immediate solution of the great problem of American agriculture. It is certain that he has an understanding sympathy with those who demand relief. It is certain that he has a technical command of the processes by which solution of this problem can be approached. It is certain that he will be a listener to those who have wise suggestions. It is certain, furthermore, that during his term in the Presidency progress will be made toward the establishment of agriculture in its proper place as an industry and as a bulwark of American independence."

Mr. Tuttle said that if the tourist stream to the simple homestead where President Coolidge spent his early youth and where he took his oath of office may be accepted as an indication, there is tremendous interest in the President's personality and associations throughout the country.

"Why," he said, "last Sunday 1,500 automobiles drew up at the door of the Coolidge homestead. The occupants went in and while visiting with Colonel Coolidge, the President's father, and being shown by him the exact spot where the President stood when sworn in, signed their names in the visitor's books which he keeps. During the tourist season last Summer there were 18,000 visitors who signed the book."

Invoking Horace, Charles Edward Stowe, son of Harriet Beecher Stowe, author of Uncle Tom's Cabin and now seventy-four years old, has expressed his admiration for President Coolidge in a letter received at the campaign headquarters of the Republican National Committee yesterday. Mr. Stowe, who calls himself "twin brother" to the famous novel which was written by his mother while he was a baby, lives in Santa Barbara, Cal., and has voted in every Presidential election since Grant was first elected.

MEMORIAL TO PILGRIMS.

Foundation is Laid at Immingham, England, Marking Their Departure.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—Many British and Americans gathered at Immingham Creek, North Lincolnshire, today to witness the laying of the foundation stone of a memorial to commemorate the second attempt of the Pilgrim Fathers who embarked at this spot in the seventeenth century to leave England in search of religious freedom.

The memorial, which is being erected by the Anglo-American Society of Hull, will be an imposing structure and will be surmounted by a granite stone taken from Plymouth Rock, where the Pilgrims finally landed, and presented by the Sulgrave Institution of the United States.

The Lord Mayor of Hull presided, and among those present were the officers and men of the American torpedo boat Dale and officers and cadets of the American training ship Nantucket, which came over for the ceremony.

Mrs. Wintringham, M. P., said in a speech that this ceremony had caused considerable amusement in Parliament, as Lady Astor, an American, had always claimed that the Pilgrim Fathers sailed from Plymouth, and for the first time there had arisen between Lady Astor and herself a serious difference of opinion.

The stone was laid by Sir Charles Wakefield.

STORM ENDS HEAT WAVE.

Horse Frightened by Thunder Runs Away and Driver Is Killed.

The promised relief from the intense heat of the past twenty-four hours came about 5:30 yesterday afternoon, when the temperature dropped to 68 degrees as a thunderstorm swept over some sections of the city. Only a few drops of rain fell, but they were accompanied by violent claps of thunder and vivid flashes of lightning.

At Pelham Parkway, near Eastern Boulevard, Bryant Reynolds, an expressman, 73 years old, of 1,826 Bathgate Avenue, the Bronx, was driving his horse and wagon when the first peal of thunder occurred. The animal was frightened and bolted. It crashed against a tree and Reynolds was thrown out. Patrolman Towers took the aged man to Fordham Hospital with a broken neck. He died there later.

Lightning struck the roof of a three-story building under construction at Neill and Herring Avenues, the Bronx. Firemen extinguished the fire before much damage has been caused.

The highest temperature during the day was at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the thermometer recorded 88 degrees. An hour and a half later it had dropped fifteen degrees.

THREE DIE AS PLANE FALLS.

Two Men and a Girl Drop 1,500 Feet at Crawfordsville, Ark.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ark., July 31.—Two men and a girl were killed late today when the airplane in which they were making an exhibition flight over this village fell 1,500 feet to the earth.

The dead are Barney Schull, 26 years old, of Laurel, Miss., the pilot; Charles Hendrick, 26 years old, of Lulu, Miss.; and Miss Audrey Oates, 19 years old, of Vinson, Ark.

MacLaren Still at Petropavlovsk.

TOKIO, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—A. Stuart MacLaren, the British aviator, and his companions, who are on a flight around the world, are still at Petropavlovsk, where they are weatherbound.

FLIGHT TO ICELAND IS DELAYED BY FOG

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Flow. Lieutenant Wade attempted to leap from the boat to one of the hulks and fell into the sea.

Four British planes from Cromarty Firth circled over Kirkwall and then dipped to the sea alongside the U. S. S. Richmond, signaled a greeting without stopping their engines and soared away. Then both army and navy officers invaded Kirkwall to buy sweaters for the northern cruise.

They were invited yesterday to a "cake and wine" reception by Kirkwall dignitaries, but, according to custom, the job of filling the planes with gas was considered of paramount importance. Today, when the aviators motored to Kirkwall, they found the officials, including the Mayor, absent, and met only the shopkeepers, who faced the busiest day since the war.

The United States steamship Richmond will leave Houton after the planes, as it must pick up the moorings, but it can make Reykjavik, the aviators' second stage, in less than a day.

Raleigh Waits at Iceland Port.

HOEFN HORNAFJORD, Iceland, July 31 (Associated Press).—The United States cruiser Raleigh arrived here this morning and found all preparations complete for the coming of the American army fliers on their round-the-world trip. When the cruiser arrived the weather was threatening; there was a stiff easterly breeze and the sky was overcast.

The town of Hoefn Hornafjord has only eighty inhabitants. They all turned out to welcome the cruiser. A big red sign has been erected, saying in English: "Welcome to Hornafjord."

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REYKJAVIK, Iceland, July 31.—Everything is in readiness for the American round-the-world flyers. The warship Raleigh is standing by at Hornafjord, where it arrived today. The warship Richmond will arrive at Reykjavik soon and from there will proceed to Angmassalik, Greenland, and stand by.

CITIES ARRANGE WELCOMES.

Seattle Wants a Big Celebration in Connection With Navy Week.

SEATTLE, July 31.—When Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith and his companions officially end their 27,000-mile globe-circling trip here they will receive the greatest welcome ever staged in the Pacific Northwest, said Major A. A. Oles, Assistant Secretary of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce, yesterday, announcing plans for the event.

Each aviator will receive an engraved gold watch as a gift from the American Legion posts of Seattle, it was stated. Arrangements are being made to combine the celebration with Navy Week.

Orville Wright today was invited to be a guest of honor at the celebration.

BOSTON, July 31.—The Massachusetts American Legion is to present a sword to Lieutenant Lowell H. Smith, commander of the army world fliers, on their arrival in Boston, according to announcement today by Major Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, the department commander. The National Guard Association is expected to present a sword to Lieutenant Wade, piloting the plane Boston.

LABRADOR SQUADRON RUNS THROUGH FOG

Should Reach Belle Isle Strait This Morning and Indian Harbor Tomorrow.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD U. S. S. LAWRENCE, at sea, July 31 (via Halifax).—After a night of fog that brought their speed down somewhat, the five American destroyers that are to assist the army aviators in their flight from Greenland to Labrador rounded Cape Breton Island in good weather this morning and stood off the west coast of Newfoundland tonight. Unless fog shuts down upon them again, the destroyers should be at the entrance to the Strait of Belle Isle tomorrow morning.

The fog was encountered just outside Halifax and the ships, steaming in column, turned their searchlights aft to guide the others on their course. Daybreak found the flotilla together, and before noon the sun and winds had blown away the fog and the ships increased their speed again. With an even break of luck Captain Russell Willson, commanding the Lawrence, flagship of the division, believes the destroyers should reach Indian Harbor, Labrador, on Saturday afternoon.

Invest In New York

People who live in and about New York City will be wise to invest their savings here.

Real estate values here are stable because energetic, enterprising people have flocked here from all over the country to make our city the greatest city in the world.

You believe in New York, you are one of the makers of its prosperity—get its solidity behind your investments.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company limits its mortgages to New York City and adjoining Counties on Long Island.

If the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company guarantees the principal and interest it is because it believes in the real estate values of New York and in the value of this particular property.

GOWNS Tappé HATS
12 West 40

Annual August
CLEARANCE
Final Reductions
LOWEST PRICES IN NEW YORK

Thousands of beautiful Tappé models have been assembled for immediate disposal. Every price has been reduced to the lowest level in the history of this shop.

FROCKS
Some Dainty French Imports Included
$12.50 $17.50 $27.50
Previously Sold up to $125

COATS
Suitable for Early Fall Wear
$17.50 $29.50 $49.50
Previously Sold up to $225

UNRESTRICTED CHOICE OF ENTIRE STOCK
SUITS
$17.50 $25.00
Formerly to $125

Tappé Summer HATS
$5.00 $7.50
Beautiful Creations, Formerly to $35

"Growth Is An Expression of Efficiency"

THIS BANK, since its organization *74 years ago*, has grown in resources to more than *$276,000,000*. Such growth could not have been possible without the *efficiency of method* and *soundness of policy* which have continuously commanded the confidence of the public.

To still further serve our depositors *we pay interest on monthly balances.*

Money deposited on or before the third day of any month *draws interest from the first of that month.*

Write for Particulars

EMIGRANT
INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS
BANK
51 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK

Beginning Today—At SAKS & COMPANY
In the August Sale of Furs
MEN'S
RACCOON COATS
At substantially below Fall prices
198.00

RACCOON COATS for the last two seasons have come into great prominence among collegians, senior high school men and the younger set, generally. ¶ The vogue for these coats promises to be even greater and more universal this year so that a scarcity of Raccoon skins is now actually anticipated. ¶ Those contemplating the purchase of Raccoon coats this Fall are advised to buy now. ¶ In the Fall you'll pay much more for the ankle length model illustrated, made of particularly fine, dark, beautifully matched skins.

If you buy now you pay ⅓ the purchase price, the balance upon delivery in the Fall

SIXTH FLOOR

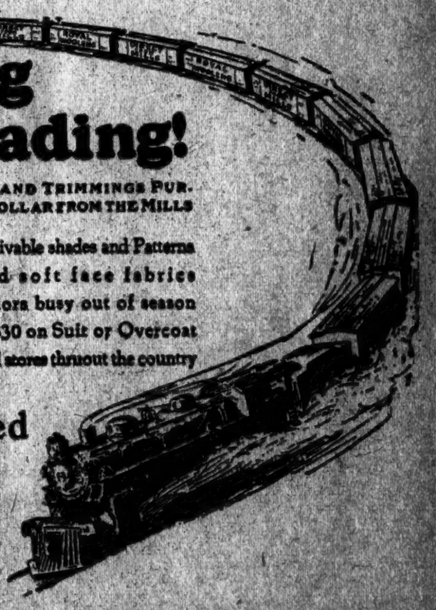
Broadway Saks & Company At 34th Street

ONLY TWO MORE WEEKS!

Unloading
Yes, Unloading!

$1,000,000 IN COSTLY WOOLENS AND TRIMMINGS PURCHASED AT LESS THAN 40% ON THE DOLLAR FROM THE MILLS

Powder Blue shades and all other conceivable shades and Patterns
Hard face, medium face and soft face fabrics
Our opportunity to keep 2000 tailors busy out of season
Your opportunity to save $20 to $30 on Suit or Overcoat
Goods now being sold in all Royal retail stores thruout the country



Specially Priced
Business Suits
Dress Suits
Fall Topcoats
Heavy Winter Overcoats
Spring Weights
Summer Weights
Fall Weights
Winter Weights
$30

THE ROYAL TAILORS
ORDER DIRECT AT OUR WHOLESALE BRANCH STORES
908 BROADWAY, near Fulton St.—Ground Floor
500 FIFTH AVENUE, cor. 42nd St.—Second Floor
★ 1310 BROADWAY, near 53rd St.—Ground Floor
★ 1658 BROADWAY, near 52nd St.—Ground Floor
★ OPEN EVENINGS

ORDER TODAY—READY FOR DELIVERY IN 6 DAYS
NO DISAPPOINTMENT

DOUBLE PURCHASES $57.50—TRIPLE PURCHASES $85

TARIFF BOARD SPLIT OVER SUGAR DUTIES

High and Low Rates Are Said to Be Recommended in Two Opposing Reports.

ENDS INQUIRY OF 16 MONTHS

Members of the Commission Have Been In Constant Controversy.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Tariff Commission transmitted to President Coolidge today its findings in the investigation of the sugar tariff which it began in March, 1923.

There are said to be two reports, the majority of the members finding that the present rate was unjustifiedly high, and a minority of the members holding that existing duties accurately represent differences in cost of production at home and abroad.

It is understood that the majority included transportation as part of the cost of production, while the minority contended that it was not part of production cost and that there was no trade condition justifying a change in the tariff, although they are said to have said that a very slight modification might be made.

The sugar investigation was begun by direction of President Harding and has been a subject of dissension within the commission. The inquiry was completed several weeks ago, but the commission found itself unable to agree on the form in which its report should be presented.

The inquiry was brought to the fore this week by demand of Senator La Follette for the information in the hands of the commission. He charged that representatives of the "sugar interests" had been working to delay completion of the commission's work.

It now remains for the President to determine what action shall be taken. Under the law, he alone can make changes in the duties within a maximum of 50 per cent. up or down.

The commission more than a year ago in a statement after an investigation, separate from the present one, made the assertion that the price of sugar reflected partly the tariff duty, which was responsible to some degree for the quotations.

After that inquiry the commission was ordered by President Harding to determine whether the present import duties were proper. Not long after this the internal quarrel in the commission developed openly.

The struggle between those interests favoring high or low rates for sugar started a fight in the commission over the eligibility of Commissioner Henry A. Glassie, a Democratic member, of participating in the discussions. His right to sit was challenged in secret meetings and later broke into the open sessions of the commission.

Mr. Glassie said then in a public statement that his wife was interested in sugar mills in Louisiana, but he had no connection with them. Congress soon thereafter amended a bill carrying appropriations for the Tariff Commission so as to prohibit the payment of salaries to any members directly or indirectly interested in commodities under consideration. Mr. Glassie thus was barred from further sitting in the sugar investigation.

The present sugar rate is 2.20 cents a pound, except on sugar imported from Cuba, which is required to pay only 1.76 cents per pound. The Cuban rate results from a differential allowed that country pursuant to treaty arrangements.

These rates compare with 1.68 cents a pound in the Payne-Aldrich law, which carried a rate of 1.35 cents for Cuban sugar, and 1.25 cents in the Underwood law, which gave a flat 1 cent a pound duty in imports from Cuba.

FULL SATISFACTION PLEDGED BY PERSIA

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

arous of repairing the above-mentioned regrettable incident.

"Considering the official status of Mr. Imbrie, the deceased, the Persian Government agrees with the suggestion of the United States Government that the body of Mr. Imbrie be accorded honors during its transportation. The Persian Government is concerned over this matter to such an extent that it would ship the remains of the deceased Consul to America aboard a Persian man-of-war if Persia possessed one. But inasmuch as it is unable to do so, it agrees to pay the expenses which may be incurred by the dispatch of an American man-of-war to receive the remains.

"Your Excellency has already been advised verbally and in writing as to the Persian Government's desire to relieve and console the widow of the deceased Consul.

"As to the security of American citizens, and particularly American official representatives, the Persian Government has always considered, and will continue to consider, this as its positive duty, and gives assurance that it will by no means hesitate to fulfill this duty. It goes without saying that if the Honorable Legation deems it necessary, the guards of the American Legation and Consulates will be increased.

"I also beg to advise your Excellency of the fact that the Imperial Government has always made, and will make it in the future, an essential point to respect the principles of international law and the treaty on which the relations of the two Governments rest. I am hopeful that, in view of the good will of the two parties and the Imperial Government's great desire to repair the incident and fulfill the points that are suggested, there will remain no ground whatever for any anxiety on the part of the United States Government."

Note Approved by Persians.

TEHERAN, Persia, July 31 (Associated Press).—The press is generally relieved at what is regarded as the moderation of the American demands made in connection with the killing of Vice Consul Imbrie. The tone of the United States note is said to be greatly appreciated. The reply of the Persian Government apparently meets with the approval of the majority here.

SAYS PERSIA VALUES OUR AID.

R. A. Philpot Declares She Can Be Relied On for Action.

Economic advantages are not the prime and sole reason for Persia's desire to maintain friendly relations with the United States. Persia, a nation among the most famous of the ancient world, holds a spontaneous and remarkable friendship toward America, according to Romaine A. Philpot, a New York banker, who some short time ago was recommended to the Persian Government to organize and become head of a new Government bank in that country.

This friendship arises from appreciation, more unreservedly expressed than by any other nation, of American responsiveness and disinterestedness. Persia, seemingly more than any other country in the East, values the help America has rendered her by sending relief missions during times of famine, &c., and continues to give by maintaining in Teheran, the capital of Persia, a modern hospital and educational institutions such as the American high school and, last but not least, by American fairness in business enterprise.

This spirit of warm friendship is effectively reflected but the Persian people, from those of high station to the most humble, and has delighted the American traveler in all parts of that country of [illegible] and romance, of

At SAKS & COMPANY

Tropical Worsted

SUITS for MEN

(Coat and Trousers)

At 28.00

THE MAN who buys one of these featherweight worsteds has solved the problem of how to keep cool on hot Summer days. They are here in colors suitable for town or country wear.

MEN'S

LINEN KNICKERS, at 3.75 pair

Cool, comfortable, correctly cut plus-four knickers which are excellent values at this low price. A complete range of sizes.

Saks & Company

BROADWAY At 34th STREET

MID-SUMMER CLOSE-OUT of SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, HOSIERY AND OTHER ACCESSORIES

IMPORTED MERCHANDISE SELECTED BY FINCHLEY IN PERSON AND OFFERED AT PRICES WHICH SHOULD GAIN THE CONFIDENCE OF ALL WHO ARE FAMILIAR WITH FINCHLEY HABERDASHERY.

ENGLISH FOULARD TIES	$1.00
ENGLISH FOULARD BOWS	.85
SCOTCH WOOL HOSE	2.65
ENGLISH MADE CAPS	2.35
PONGEE SILK SHIRTS	4.85
IMPORTED MADRAS SHIRTS	2.95
OXFORD COLLAR-ATTACHED SHIRTS	2.15
SILK PAJAMAS	8.95
IMPORTED SWEATERS	11.65
ENGLISH SWEATERS	6.65
WOOL WAISTCOATS	7.15
WOOL PULL-OVERS	6.95

ALSO 20% REDUCTION ON UNDER-GARMENTS, ATHLETIC AND BALBRIGGAN STYLES.

ALSO REDUCTIONS ON SILK AND LISLE THREAD HOSIERY.

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street

NEW YORK

Our Greatest Oriental Rug Sale Opens Monday

THE John Wanamaker STORE

Astor Place at Ninth Street — Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Store Hours: 9 to 5

Better than the famous Donchian Sale of last August.

Better in Variety * * * Better in Prices * * * Better in values.

Be sure to be here Monday.

STORE CLOSED ALL DAY TOMORROW---SATURDAY HOLIDAY

From the Founder's Writings

What Does True Manhood Require

but to be true to yourself and true to your duty, to do what you can with your best endeavors, though the best you can do is far below what you wish it to be?

The premature relinquishment of the active affairs of life, when you have done something worth while and the almanac reminds you of your age, is a species of mental bankruptcy.

This Store is yet in its infancy.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

AU QUATRIEME

Iron Garden Furniture

Painted a Cool Green

Folding chairs are $18, side chairs $35, and arm-chairs $69. A good-sized oblong table is $80, a long settee $100, a tea or work table $60, and a round table, large enough for luncheon for 4, $75. Fourth Floor, Old Building

TODAY! The August FURNITURE SALE

Starts On Its Month's Run

Everything you can think of in Furniture

$700,000 in Bedroom suites; $500,000 in Dining Room suites; $600,000 in Living Room suites; $200,000 in separate pieces. 424 different suites to choose from; most of which may be divided to give you separate pieces at the suite rate. And 1,000 different separate pieces to fill any need. Every room provided for. All grades and prices.

10 to 50 per cent. Savings

Every piece of furniture in the August Sale bears a Red and Black tag. It shows the regular price—that people gladly pay for regular Wanamaker stock the year round. Then the August Sale price, maybe 50 per cent. lower, maybe only 10 per cent., but averaging a good one-third off. You save, for example, from $25 to $1,260 on bedroom suites; from $105 to $370 on living room suites, and from $115 to $1,876 on dining room suites.

Women's $14 Paris-made Slippers, $9.85

Made in Paris, exclusively for us, by a little Serbian bootmaker, who has artistically combined exquisite, bright colors in the ingeniously braided, slashed and interlaced leathers of these fascinating shoes. There are a great variety of effective colorings—red, green and navy blue predominating.

Redleaf Shoes, too, $9.85

One-strap braided leather pumps, made in London especially for the John Wanamaker Store, that have undoubtedly been inspired by those created in Paris. White calfskin, tan calfskin; patent leather with French blue or green kidskin; black suede with black kidskin.

First Floor, Old Building

Six Ways to Spend a Week-End

From China to the Lake Superior Wilderness—from 17th century France to a fashionable Summer colony in present-day Connecticut, these absorbing novels range in time and scene.

The Historical Night's Entertainment, Rafael Sabatini; two vols. $5.

Mrs. Paramor, Louis Joseph Vance. $2.

The Three Hostages, John Buchan. $2.

The Three of Clubs, Valentine Williams. $2.

In a Shantung Garden, Louise Jordan Miln. $2.

A Gentleman of Courage, James Oliver Curwood. $2.

Eighth Gallery, New Building

New Panel Collars $1 and $1.75

They are made of fine machine-made filet, Binche and Valenciennes edgings and insertions, in white or cream, in wide or narrow panel effects, and in a choice of several attractive designs.

Panel collars of real filet and Irish laces range from $3.75 to $15.

Street Floor, Old Building.

August Prices Open to ALL

Whether you pay cash, have a regular charge account, or arrange to Furnish-out-of-Income, you may have the benefit of regular Wanamaker furniture—every single piece—at prices lower by 10 to 50 per cent. than people gladly pay all the year.

Make Budget Arrangements First—then Buy with Confidence

Visit the Little Home that Budget Built. See its nine attractive rooms, each working out before your eyes one of your own problems. Then sit down with a Home Budget Expert and figure out how best to get exactly what you want today and enjoy as you pay through the Autumn months. Come soon—don't delay—and, if in any way possible, come early to the greatest of all Furniture Sales.

Women's Silk Frocks at $14.75

There are at least 40 other models—each as smart and charming as the one illustrated.

Frocks for informal afternoon occasions of crepe de chine, crepe satin, Canton crepe, and alpaca. Simple one-piece frocks—perfectly straight, with and without belts; frocks with fullness at the front, with circular flares and godets, with pleatings and tuckings. Yes, all the important silhouettes and details of the mode will be found here.

A collection of white crepe de chine frocks especially chic for wear at Summer resorts or country clubs. These have been made in Paris of a marvelously soft crepe de chine and are perfectly stunning in their exquisite simplicity. Sizes 36 to 42.

Second floor, Old Building.

Women's Coats and Capes to go at $25

Silk coats and capes for afternoons and informal evenings. Many of these have fur collars which alone are worth more than $25.

Big, loose, wrappy topcoats for the mountains, or for motor or steamer wear. These are of fine fleeces or Flamingo cloth.

Vivid color silk capes and beautifully made three-quarter length silk poplin coats.

Almost any type of coat you may be looking for will be found in this collection.

Sizes 36 to 44. Second Floor, Old Building

IN THE SALONS OF MISS 14 to 20

Embroidered Georgette Crepe Frocks, $12.75

Our $19.75 to $25 grades

For Town or Country

A last minute frock for the vacation trunk. Delightful frocks to freshen one's Summer wardrobe.

Beautifully made of a fine sheer Georgette crepe embroidered in charming all-over patterns. Some have narrow ribbon pipings—others have frills or lovely lingerie collars.

In white with red or navy blue; navy blue or black with red; navy blue or black with white. Second Floor, Old Building

Delightful Summer Frocks

For Girls and Juniors

$1.95 $2.95 $3.95

For the $2.95 to $8.95 Grades

Frocks of checked and plaided ginghams, chambray, plain dotted and figured voiles, dotted swisses and striped dimities, fashioned by several leading makers of fine dresses after models that have been unusually successful this season. Frocks of exquisitely fine voile—hand-made, of course—from Paris, and charming frocks of mull-cord that were made in London exclusively for us.

Every smart type is included in the collection—bloomer frocks, embroidered frocks, pleated frocks, frocks with beautifully done hand-drawn work, frocks cleverly trimmed with tiny buttons, and the simple but very important perfectly straight frock.

Misses, pink, rose, green, orchid, coral, gray, tangerine and brown. Sizes 6 to 14. Second Floor, Old Building

Women's Hats

For Mid-Summer Wear

$5 to $18

Formerly $10 to $30

All manner of stunning shapes from the small tailored hat designed for wear with the tailleur to beautiful flower-trimmed hats.

Georgette crepe, crepe de Chine, taffeta, hair braid with lace, hair braid, Milan straw, and Bangkok in fascinating light colorings, and natural color leghorn.

Second Floor, Old Building.

Costume Slips

New Summer Versions

$3.95 and $5.75

At $3.95—Filet lace trimmed slips of radium silk, in orchid, flesh color and white.

At $5.75—Costume slips of fine radium silk in correctly plain tailored models and in models that are attractively finished with Valenciennes patterned or filet lace. Flesh color, orchid, French blue, peach, navy blue, black and white.

Third Floor, Old Building.

Silk Stockings, $1.65

$2 to $2.50 grades

Three splendid groups. (1) Pure thread silk; a medium weight, with lisle tops and feet. (2) Stockings silk from top to toe in a medium sheer weight. (3) Pure silk with openwork side clocks—these with lisle tops. Black, white and a marvelous collection of smart colors, but not each style or size.

French Canvas Tapestry Pieces for Gros Point Work

Remarkably Priced—$3.95 to $75

A distinctive collection of fine canvas tapestry pieces, exquisite reproductions of famous tapestries of the Louis periods and of old Gobelin tapestries, that was carefully assembled in Paris by our own ambassador.

Foot stool tops, bell pulls, pillow tops, chair backs and seats, bench tops, some with centers of petit point of the inexpensive pieces tell us they are buying them for their young daughters to work during the Summer.

If you are not familiar with this work our teacher will be glad to show you how it is done. You will be amazed at its simplicity.

First Floor, Old Building

WANAMAKER Shops for Men

6,000 Broadcloth Shirts—$1.70

Collar-attached and Neckband Styles

White, Tan, Gray, Blue. Fine heavy broadcloth with a lustrous sheen and good firm body. Made as we wanted them, with six buttons firmly sewed on. With center pleats. With full, roomy cut to give plenty of freedom. The collar-attached shirts have post cuffs; the neck-band style have French cuffs.

Sizes 14 to 17—Sleeve lengths 33 to 35

Street Floor, New Building

Thread Silk Socks, 38c

Slight variables of 75c grade

Pure thread silk, with reinforced lisle heels and toes, in black and a wide variety of colors.

* * *

Imported Golf Hose, $2.50

For the $3.50 grade

Fine wool golf hose—our own importation—which we purchased at radical reductions from leading British maker.

* * *

Men's Hats and Caps, $1

For Vacation Wear

Cool, Summer-cloth caps, light weight. In attractive grays and mixtures, with either one or eight-piece tops.

Hats of duck or khaki, with green or self under brims. Broad, turn-down brims. And roll-up hats of white felt, too.

Any of these at $1!

Cool Clothes and Sports Clothes

Tropical Worsted Suits, $28.50 to $50.

Flannel Suits, single and double-breasted, $38.

Mohair Suits, $21.50 to $27.50

Palm Beach Suits, $18.

Gabardine Suits, $32 to $40.

Gray Flannel Trousers, $12 to $18.

White Gabardine Knickers, $6.

Flannel Knickers, $16.

Street Floor, New Building

NEXT SUNDAY

The New York Times

Feature Section

POSSIBILITIES of the taxi-cab rate dispute which has been absorbing New York for a week or more are discussed. Can the twenty-cent tariff be maintained profitably? One operator has increased his Mileage by 75 per cent.

* * *

There is an absorbing political situation in Texas, out of which is likely to emerge the first woman Governor in the United States. The Ku Klux Klan, against which the woman and her husband (who was removed from the Governorship) are fighting, is involved.

* * *

What has the Labor Government in Great Britain accomplished? P. W. Wilson answers the question, in a review of the six months' record of Ramsay MacDonald's Cabinet.

Magazine Section

ANNE O'Hare McCormick goes back to the beginnings of the World War and immediately before, when the stage was set for the great conflict, and compares the rulers of those days with those of ten years later. A cartoon by Cesare illustrates the article.

* * *

Admirers of Lafcadio Hearn, who may not be familiar with his activities in New Orleans before he became so indissolubly associated with the Mikado's kingdom, will find much of interest in Edward Laruque Tinker's description of Hearn's adventures as proprietor of a five-cent eating house.

* * *

How Philadelphia's physical aspect is gradually being changed through the beautiful parkway, which required the demolition of two thousand houses, and other plans under way, described by W. B. Van Ingen.

Book Review

THE question as to who won the World War has become threadbare and is as yet unanswerable. The Germans have diligently tried to determine who lost the war—also unanswerable. However, the Germans reason that had Alfred von Kiderlen-Waechter (who died in 1912) been alive when Europe seethed with plots and counter plots, there would have been no war. Allen W. Porterfield reviews correspondence and papers of this statesman.

* * *

James M. Beck, in his "The Constitution of the United States, Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow," arraigns the American people and notes many signs of decadence. William MacDonald discusses the work.

* * *

Three pages of manuscript in Joseph Conrad's handwriting are reproduced, showing the thoroughness with which Mr. Conrad revises his writing.

Rotogravure-Picture Section

FULL page of pictures showing trophies captured in British Guiana by members of the expedition of Professor William Beebe, among them a giant sloth and Cebus monkey, an armadillo and a rainbow boa.

* * *

How it seems to have the fourth wheel of your racing car take wings while driving at 60 miles an hour demonstrated by Raymond Mays in Wales. Titleholder in the 1920 Olympic Games, Pinkston of America, in a fancy dive. Aerial photograph of the British Empire Exhibition. The "Red Plague" in California, burning its way through the trees of one of the State parks. A thirteen-foot alligator recently brought ashore at Pascagoula, Miss. Workmen refueling the Shenandoah at Lakehurst, after her latest cross-country flight into Pennsylvania.

The New York Times

Reserve a copy of next Sunday's issue at your news stand.

CLEAR UP SAO PAULO AFTER CIVIL WAR

Normal Activities Are Returning to City, Where Barricades and Shell Marks Tell of Revolt.

REFUGEES ARE RETURNING

Rebels Escape Capture—Took Public Funds and May Escape Into Paraguay.

Copyright, 1924, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAO PAULO, July 30.—An official party arrived here yesterday morning by the first through train from Rio. On board were the Minister of Justice and a large number of federal officials and members of Congress.

They were obliged to disembark at Guayana, as the rails into the city had been torn up by the rebels. All approaches to the city swarmed with pedestrians of all ages and sexes, who were returning to the homes they had abandoned to avoid the bombardment. Government airplanes had dropped messages of warning, and it is estimated that nearly 250,000 inhabitants left the city for interior points, where the accommodations were inadequate or nonexistent.

The scenes here are reminiscent of Belgium in 1914. The city shows ample evidence of warfare. There are barricades and trenches at all entrances controlling the principal thoroughfares. The property damage is not as great as would reasonably be expected.

Street installations and overhead wiring are considerably destroyed. Several large fires occurred, including that of the Anglo-Mexican oil stores. But these were strictly localized. Many buildings are marked by rifle and shell fire, but individual property losses, with a few exceptions, are inconsequential.

Public services were only partially interrupted during the rebel occupation and are now rapidly being resumed. About half the street cars are running, the gas plant is uninterrupted, and the telephone service, local and interurban, will be completely restored within a few days.

The rebel evacuation commenced Sunday afternoon, employing the rolling stock of the Sao Paulo Railway. They attempted to destroy the bridge over the Tiete River, but this was speedily repaired and the Government troops went in hot pursuit.

The rebels took with them a large quantity of munitions; also cash requisitioned from the Bank of Brasil and the State Treasury.

It is generally believed that the rebel flight will be attempted into Paraguay via Matto Grosso. They are thoroughly demoralized and the only danger now can be from isolated acts of banditry in the interior.

Public indignation was aroused through the release of convicts for forced service in the revolutionary cause.

The rebels also employed a large number of German and Austrian mercenaries as expert machine gunners.

All Brasil rejoices over the re-establishment of law and order, and looks to the Government to sternly punish the offenders. The strength of the Federal Administration has been unmistakably demonstrated and public opinion, it is believed, will not permit such a movement again.

Rebels Are Not Yet Dispersed.

BUENOS AIRES, July 31 (Associated Press).—Reports from the Brazilian border of sudden troop movements in the Southern States, and calls for the organization to volunteer battalions, are taken here to indicate that the Federal Government intends to take no chances on the escape to the South of the rebel forces which fled from Sao Paulo.

Although the strength of the rebels is described as greatly reduced in comparison with the numbers originally under the command of General Lopez in Sao Paulo, one border report says he has succeeded in bringing together 6,000 men, constituting a force sufficiently formidable to present a serious problem to the Government. The pursuing Federal troops are reported to have been in contact with the rebels yesterday, but no official information has yet been received as to the progress of the pursuit or the whereabouts of the forces.

The censorship and, so far as known, the state of siege declared in Rio Janeiro, Sao Paulo and various States, still continues. Because of the demoralization of business caused by the rebellion business men of Sao Paulo have appealed to the Federal Congress for a thirty-day moratorium, and a bill to this effect has been prepared.

FALLON GETS DELAY WITH AID OF JURY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

characterized him as the kind of witness he is, I've no need to go any further."

Pani admitted telling Assistant District Attorney Hugo Wintner, prosecutor of Rendigs in the trial which resulted in the conviction of Rendigs for perjury, that he did not remember anything about the check transaction whereby Rendigs was alleged to have received $1,000 in the Knickerbocker Grill.

Court Bars the Testimony.

These questions and answers followed:

Q.—Do you remember Wintner ordering you from his office? A.—He did not.

Q.—Do you remember telling Wintner you were accustomed to being spoken to like a gentleman? A.—Something of the sort.

Q.—Do you say today there is not pending against the Woodmansten Inn an injunction proceeding? A.—Not that I know of.

In the colloquy of counsel which ensued, Fallon said:

"I propose to show that the proceedings against the Woodmansten Inn have been held up deliberately to produce the desired effect."

After a period of reflection, Judge McClintic said:

"This testimony is for the purpose of tending to show that members of the United States Attorney's staff were trying deliberately to make this witness testify to certain things by use of the power of the United States and giving him a guarantee of protection for law breaking in return for testimony in this case. I am not going to believe any officer of the United States would do such a thing and I am not going to permit such testimony in this case."

The buzz of comment in the courtroom which followed this expression from the bench led to a protest by Millard and impelled the Court to announce:

"I don't run a court in frivolous manner and if that happens again I will send the persons to the Tombs for thirty or sixty days. It will not be mere exclusion from the room. I don't run a court that way."

Pani told of giving Fallon a fee of $2,500 in a liquor case. He complained in one breath that Fallon did nothing for the money. In the next answers he conceded that Fallon had conducted the court proceedings in the case and that twice Fallon had appeared before magistrates, without fees, to defend waiters employed by Pani and accused of selling liquor.

Bank Employes Testify.

Bank employes testified that Mrs. Fallon had against her account an item of $1,000 on Nov. 6, 1922, the date on which, it has been alleged, her check for that sum was given to Pani to be transmitted to Rendigs.

From Harry B. Telfair, a broker who disappeared during the Rendigs trial, for which he was sought as a State witness, Fallon drew the admission that Fuller and McGee had asked him to testify that he saw Rendigs and Fallon in McGee's apartment in November, 1922. Rendigs had testified that he met Fallon there and found in the place Eidlitz, Telfair, McGee, Fuller and one or two others. This was in the period of the alleged bribery negotiations.

Under direct examination by Millard, Telfair recalled that early that month he saw the group named in McGee's apartment. When taken in hand by Fallon, the witness admitted having had several drinks that day. He said he could not remember just when the gathering took place and went so far as to concede that, so far as he could recall, the meeting might have been in the following Spring, rather than in November, 1922.

What he did recall, however, was that Fuller, McGee, Rendigs, Fallon, Eidlitz and Guy de Chadenes, a broker, were present. Telfair told of meeting McGee, Fuller, Eidlitz, two Deputy Marshals and two reporters in June, 1923, when McGee and Fuller were in custody for contempt of court. The meeting of these men was in the Hotel McAlpin. He said he was assured liquor would be served. The witness said he told Fuller and McGee that on the occasion of the gathering in McGee's apartment he was too drunk to be able to remember the date or to relate what happened there.

Says Fuller Asked His Help.

These questions and answers followed:

Q.—Did Fuller and McGee ask you to help them? A.—Yes.

Q.—They tried to get you to say it was in November that the meeting in the apartment occurred? A.—That's right.

Q.—What did they say? A.—They said it was important to them to say I saw Fallon and Rendigs together.

Explaining his next line of questioning, ruled out by the Court, Fallon said he wanted to show that during their stay on Governor's Island under the contempt commitment Fuller and McGee received extraordinary privileges in consideration of testimony they were to give against Fallon.

The next witness was W. Frank McGee, who told of the various Fuller trials and other proceedings growing out of the bankruptcy of E. M. Fuller & Co. He said they were purged of contempt two weeks ago and now were on bail under two Federal indictments, one for concealing assets and one for conspiracy to use the mails to defraud. He said they were out on bail during a stay by General Sessions Judge Nott of his sentence of fifteen months each in Sing Sing on their pleas of guilty to bucketing, entered while they were in contempt in the Federal Court and after a disagreement at Fuller's third trial.

McGee testified, under examination by Millard, that on November 12, 1922, Fallon and Rendigs, among others, were at his apartment. He said Fallon and Rendigs vote for acquittal of Fuller at verse. The direct questioning was brief. Under cross-examination by Fallon McGee denied having asked Fallon to see Rendig's vote for acquittal of Fuller at the third trial, at which Rendigs was a juror. He denied The New York American had employed Robert S. Johnstone, former General Sessions Judge, to prepare the brief submitted to Judge Nott "which would convince Judge Nott that you need never serve a day of your sentence."

McGee Refuses to Answer.

McGee said Johnstone was employed by his attorney, Curt S. Whitney. He said he did not know of any payment of $5,000 to Whitney by The American. Asked about his indictment in connection with transactions of the Crown Oil Company, McGee said that as he was still under indictment he would exercise his rights and decline to answer.

"I am not going to involve myself further if I can help it," he added in a tone of finality.

Then followed a series of questions, sharply offered, to which the witness invariably answered: "I decline to answer." Among the questions were these:

"Haven't your frauds constituted millions of felonies?"

"Did you conduct business through the mails?"

"Don't you know Millard could have sent you away to prison for millions of years?"

"Did you trade on customers' orders?"

"Did you commit forgery?"

"Didn't you take money from the poor as well as the rich?"

"Did you ever return a penny?"

"Didn't you commit perjury in making out your bankruptcy report?"

"Didn't you make a false affidavit in the contempt proceedings?"

"Didn't you for eight years have house accounts so that you could sell out every customer?"

"Haven't you sworn falsely in this court on other occasions?"

The witness denied going to various places of amusement while he was in custody under a contempt commitment. He denied having had offices in the quarters to which he and Fuller were assigned at Governors Island and said he used the Government telephone at that house only for business purposes.

Other Questions Declined.

These questions and answers followed:

Q.—Wasn't your Kelly Extension silver mines a fake mine in Canada that you were trying to put over even after you were indicted? A.—Decline to answer.

Q.—While on Governor's Island didn't you send the stock up from 14 to 74 by rigging the market and using the Government telephone? A.—Decline to answer.

Q.—Didn't you put through some imitation sales? A.—Decline to answer.

Q.—Were you ever known by any other name than W. Frank McGee! A.—Decline to answer.

Q.—Did you threaten de Chadenes with arrest if he wouldn't testify he saw Rendigs in your apartment? A.—I did not.

Q.—How long before the Rendigs trial did you threaten de Chadenes with arrest? A.—Two weeks.

Q.—You knew he had testified that he had never seen Rendigs in your apartment? A.—I did not.

After further questions Fallon told the Court he was trying to prove the witness guilty of bucketing, grand larceny, forgery, using the mails to defraud, defeating the income tax, "and almost every other crime I can think of." He said he was trying to show that at the Rendigs trial McGee answered questions he now declined to answer.

Q. Before you were released on bail didn't you say you wouldn't testify in this case unless you were released first? A. No.

Marshall E. Ward, a broker, said he was in the McGee apartment in November, 1922, and saw Fallon and Rendigs there. Fallon read his testimony at the Rendigs trial that he did not recall the date. Ward said that even now he could not fix the date.

Daniel F. Dwyer, a special agent of the Department of Justice, told of tracing Fallon to an apartment in Academy Street after Fallon's failure to appear June 2 in the Federal Court for trial. He said Fallon had by that time—June 14—grown a mustache.

The trial will be resumed at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning.

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PIRATES AGAIN WIN FROM GIANTS, 5-0

Take Second in Row From Champions—Rain Stops Game in the Seventh.

WATSON DRIVEN FROM BOX

Gives Way to Bentley in Second Inning After Smith Doubles and Meadows Singles.

Poor work by the weather man beat the Giants yesterday. Some misguided person will insist that it was the Pirates who inflicted the major part of the beating, but in reality it was the weather, which turned to rain at the wrong time. Two innings earlier and the end of the long Summer drought would have saved not only the farmers and their crops but the Giants and their ball game, which they lost by 5 to 0—the second straight defeat from the Pirates.

The Giants aren't agriculturally inclined, but no horny-handed tiller of the soil ever prayed harder for rain than the Giants in the fourth and fifth innings. With two rounds still to go to make it a legal game and the Pirates five runs ahead, the Giants saw no reason why it shouldn't rain. They thought it would be a fine thing for the country and Henry Fabian's grass. On the whole, the Giants were in favor of a good, hearty rain, and Henry Fabian, who was out in the clubhouse praying for a downpour, was joined by John McGraw and Cozy Dolan.

It rained, but too late. With the Giants at bat in the seventh, one out and a runner on first, the clouds opened up and wept so profusely that Barry McCormick stopped the play for a half hour, after which the announcer waded out to an island and megaphoned the fact that the game was off.

In the first half of the seventh Kiki Cuyler, the sensational kid outfielder of the Pirates, hit a home run into the lower right field stand, putting the Pirates six runs ahead, but the score naturally reverted to the end of the sixth, robbing Kiki of a homer and of his fourth hit of the pastime.

Pirates Show Much Speed.

When the Giants went to bat in the third the storm was already rumbling in the West. Flashes of lightning pierced the black clouds and premature twilight descended from Coogan's Bluff. With two innings still to go, it looked certain that the game would never be finished, but to make sure the Giants introduced some ingenious stalling. They stalled with great finesse, waiting out Lee Meadows every time, making bad practice throws that rolled far away from the target and taking plenty of time to find their bats and stroll to the plate. The Pirates, on the other hand, bustled around nervously. They actually ran to their positions—an unprecedented thing for a ball player—and hit at the first ball. To end the fourth Carey let himself be put out on a steal of home. The Pirates were anxious to get in out of the wet.

John Watson was removed to a dry spot early in the proceedings. After the Pirates had knocked him out of the box in the second, John had practically all the afternoon to himself. The Pirates had three runs in and a runner on first when Jack Bentley was hurried to the rescue. Jack was greeted by a single and a two-bagger, and the two additional runs made the game take on a slightly Pittsburghish tint.

After the second Bentley was fairly effective and was scored on only in the seventh, which didn't count. In that respect he was almost as good as Lee Meadows, who wiped his spectacles frequently and then mowed the Giants down like a machine gun. The Giants had two chances to score and made the most of them, and if they were beaten it was their own fault. Behind better pitching the Pirates naturally looked better, but besides that the Smoky City folk were keener hustlers and tore off timely hits when they meant something.

Traynor opened fire on Watson in the second with a single to left and stole second because Watson was too stodgy to hold the lively Pie to first. After Maranville had walked, Grimm advanced the runners with a grounder to Kelly, but Watson pitched in headless fashion to Smith, who poked a long double over Southworth's head, scoring two. When Meadows jabbed a single to right, Smith moving to third, it was considered by the Giant board of strategy that Watson was entirely invalid and should be removed to a safer spot. Bentley started with a flourish by retiring Bigbee on a pop to Frisch, but was rapped for a single by Carey, which scored Smith and sent Meadows to second. On Cuyler's double over third both Pirates chased in.

Double Play Stops Pirates.

A double play by Kelly and Jackson checked the Corsairs in the third, and the teams fooled around in the fourth when it looked like rain. Meadows flanked and Bigbee filed to Southworth. Cuyler, after bunting safely, raced to third on Cuyler's single to left, the Giants refusing to catch him. But two could play at that game, and when Max tried to steal the plate standing up Snyder had no choice but to tag him.

Singles by Kelly and Bentley and a pass to Groh filled the bases with Giants in the second, but Bill Southworth couldn't shake a hit out of Meadows and Forest Bentley sat second for the third. Meusel and Kelly singled in the sixth—the former's a bunt—and the rally went the way of its predecessor, Jackson grounding out to Grimm.

Carey had singled to start the seventh and Bentley had fouled to Traynor, who made a stunning catch near the boxes, when McCormick decided that it was too dark and too moist to bother with further action. Later events established Barry as an excellent weather prophet. In twenty minutes they could have played water polo between second and third and the Polo Grounds looked like the Thousand Islands at high tide.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Carey,cf	3	1	2	2	0
Cuyler,rf	3	2	3	0	0
Wright,ss	3	0	0	3	6
Traynor,3b	3	1	1	1	0
Maranville,2b	3	1	1	0	2
Grimm,1b	3	0	1	9	0
Smith,c	3	1	1	5	0
Meadows,p	3	1	1	0	1
Bentley,p	2	0	1	0	1
Total	25	5	9	15	6

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'worth,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Frisch,2b	3	0	0	1	2
Wilson,cf	2	0	0	0	0
Meusel,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Kelly,1b	3	0	2	7	1
Jackson,ss	3	0	1	1	3
Groh,3b	2	0	0	0	0
Snyder,c	3	0	0	4	0
Watson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Bentley,p	2	0	1	0	1
Total	23	0	5	18	7

Errors—None.

Pittsburgh	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Called on account of wet grounds.

Two-base hits—Cuyler, Smith. Stolen bases—Traynor, Maranville. Double play—Kelly, Jackson and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 4, Pittsburgh 4. Bases on balls—Off Watson 1, Meadows 2. Struck out—By Bentley 2, Meadows 1. Hits—Off Watson 4 in 1 1-3 innings, Bentley 5 in 4 2-3. Losing pitcher—Watson. Umpires—McCormick and Pfirmann. Time of game—1:05.

Yankees Buy Bedford From Austin.

AUSTIN, Texas, July 31.—Benny Bedford, outfielder for the Austin (Texas) baseball club, has been sold to the New York Yankees for a consideration said to be $6,000, it was announced here.

Caught at the Plate.

Although he made two of the Giants' five hits and fielded well, George Kelly probably wasn't thinking much about the ball game. George's father dropped dead of heart failure in San Francisco yesterday. The Giant first baseman, feeling the trip would require too much time, decided not to try to go to the Coast for the funeral.

Bill Terry was ready to substitute at first base, but Kelly decided he would play.

Cuyler's four hits, one of them scored off, were all solidly hit balls. Cuyler all common sense rules he should have stopped between the seventh and eighth, but in the enthusiasm of the moment he forgot about the signals.

One of Southworth's sprawling dives took a hit away from Traynor in the third.

Poor Snyder, who hasn't made many hits in a fortnight, singled in the seventh when it didn't mean a thing.

Barnes or McQuillan against Morrison or Kremer today.

The Giants' lead was shaved to six games when the Cubs won at Ebbets Field. With Young sick and Meusel, Kelly, Jackson and Snyder in a slump the champs have fallen on evil days. They've won only three out of seven on the current stand against the West.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh 5, New York 0.
(Six innings, rain).
Chicago 4, Brooklyn 1.
St. Louis 8, Philadelphia 3.
Cincinnati at Boston,
(Called end of fourth, rain).

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis 2, New York 1.
(First game).
St. Louis 5, New York 4.
(Second game).
Washington 1, Detroit 0.
Chicago 5, Boston 4.
Philadelphia 7, Cleveland 3.
(First game).
Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 3.
(Second game, 10 innings).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	61	34	.642
Chicago	55	40	.579
Pittsburgh	52	41	.555
Brooklyn	51	46	.526
Cincinnati	50	50	.500
St. Louis	41	56	.423
Philadelphia	38	57	.400
Boston	36	60	.375

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	57	43	.570
Washington	56	43	.566
Detroit	55	43	.561
St. Louis	49	47	.510
Chicago	47	51	.480
Cleveland	46	53	.465
Boston	43	54	.442
Philadelphia	40	59	.404

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at Chicago.

ATHLETICS DIVIDE TWO WITH INDIANS

Win Opener, 7 to 3, but Lose Second Game, 4 to 3, in Tenth on Speaker's Double.

CLEVELAND, July 31.—The Indians and the Athletics broke even today, the Mackmen winning the first, 7 to 3, and Cleveland the second, 4 to 3, in ten innings.

After Metevier was driven from the mound in four innings in the second game, Messenger, a right-hand pitcher from the Saginaw club, held Philadelphia to four hits. In the seventh his double scored Lutzke with the tying run, Cleveland winning in the tenth when Speaker's double sent Summa home.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bishop,2b	5	1	2	2	6
Lamar,lf	5	2	3	3	0
Miller,rf	5	1	1	1	0
Hauser,1b	4	0	1	10	0
Simmons,cf	3	1	1	4	0
Dykes,3b	3	0	0	0	3
Galloway,ss	3	1	2	1	2
Perkins,c	4	0	0	4	2
Heimach,p	4	1	1	0	2
Total	36	7	11	27	13

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
McNulty,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Summa,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Speaker,cf	4	0	2	2	0
J. Sewell,ss	4	0	1	1	4
L. Sewell,c	3	1	1	4	0
Burns,1b	3	0	0	13	1
Fewster,2b	4	0	0	3	2
Lutzke,3b	3	0	1	1	2
Metevier,p	1	0	0	0	1
Messenger,p	0	0	0	0	0
aFewster	0	0	0	0	0
bEllerbe	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	9	27	10

Errors—Philadelphia 1 (Dykes); Cleveland 2 (McNulty, Lutzke).

a Batted for Stephenson in ninth.
b Batted for Roy in ninth.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	7
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	3

Two-base hits—Lamar (2), Heimach, Speaker, Lutzke (2), Burns. Three-base hit—Lamar. Sacrifices—Simmons, Dykes, Fewster. Double plays—Stephenson and Burns; Galloway and Hauser. Left on bases—Cleveland 6, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Heimach 4, Uhle 1, Roy 1. Struck out—By Heimach 4, Uhle 1. Hits—Off Uhle 10 in 5 2-3 innings, Roy 1 in 3 1-3. Losing pitcher—Uhle. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly. Time of game—1:50.

SECOND GAME.

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Brower,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Summa,rf	5	2	2	1	0
Speaker,cf	5	0	2	1	0
J. Sewell,ss	3	0	1	2	4
L. Sewell,c	4	0	0	2	2
Burns,1b	4	0	1	11	2
Fewster,2b	4	0	0	3	2
Lutzke,3b	4	1	3	3	5
Metevier,p	1	0	0	0	1
Messenger,p	3	0	1	0	4
Total	36	4	11	30	20

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bishop,2b	5	0	2	3	4
Miller,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Hauser,1b	4	1	2	10	1
Simmons,cf	5	0	2	2	0
Dykes,3b	4	0	1	2	5
Galloway,ss	4	1	1	2	4
Perkins,c	4	1	2	1	0
Mesker,p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	38	3	12	*28	15

Errors—Cleveland 1 (Burns); Philadelphia 0.
*One out when winning run was scored.

Cleveland	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4
Philadelphia	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits — Bishop (2), Perkins (2), Summa, Messenger, Speaker. Three-base hit — Hauser. Home run — Brower. Stolen bases — Bishop, Miller. Sacrifice — Meeker. Double plays—Lutzke, Fewster and Burns; Galloway, Bishop and Hauser; Galloway and Hauser; Bishop and Hauser. Left on bases —Philadelphia 8, Cleveland 7. Bases on balls—Off Meeker 2, Metevier 1, Messenger 1. Struck out — By Meeker 1, Metevier 2, Messenger 2. Hits—Off Metevier 8 in 4 innings, Messenger 4 in 6. Hit by pitcher—By Meeker (Brower). Winning pitcher—Messenger. Umpires—Nallin and Connolly. Time of game—1:50.

NEW YORK-PENN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Williamsport 13, Elmira 3.
(First Game.)
Williamsport 5, Elmira 4.
(Second game.)
Triple Cities 9, Utica 7.
Harrisburg 5, Scranton 2.
York 9, Wilkes-Barre 4.
(First game.)
Wilkes-Barre 5, York 4.
(Second game, 11 innings.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
W'port	62	36	.632	T.-Cities	42	40	.512
York	48	31	.608	Elmira	34	50	.405
Scranton	48	31	.608	W.-Barre	33	51	.393
Harrisburg	44	36	.550	Utica	24	56	.300

YANKEES LOSE TWO; RUTH HITS HIS 33D

Drop Double Header to Browns, 2-1, 5-4—Babe Sets Mark of 14 for Homers in Month.

SOUTHPAWS ARE VICTORS

Wingard Wins Opener, Danforth Takes Final—Hoyt, Shawkey, Gaston, Mamaux Fall in Box.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—The Yankees lost a full game in the American League pennant race today when they dropped both games of their double-header to the St. Louis Browns while the Senators were winning. The Yanks now are but half a game ahead of Washington. Two left-handers subdued the Yankees today. In the first game Ernie Wingard won, 2 to 1, and in the second Danforth triumphed, 5 to 4, though he yielded a home run to Ruth—the Babe's thirty-third of the year—which seemed to please the 17,000 fans present, even though it was an alien four-bagger.

Ruth, in getting his thirty-third homer, set a new record. It constituted his fourteenth homer in the month of July and tops his best previous record for the same period by one. He set that mark back in 1921 during the month of June. Ruth's homer today came in the sixth inning, with not a Yankee runner nestling on the bases to ride home in the van of this drive, which landed among the perspiring fans in the left-field bleachers.

The crowd attending the second game of the series was one of the largest mid-week throngs of the year here, and every fan in the uncovered section suffered from the intense heat and a number of them fainted. None of the Yankees or Browns fainted, but the four Yankee hurlers, Hoyt and Shawkey and Gaston and Mamaux, who labored through the two battles, were on the verge of it more than once.

Ruth Collects Four Hits.

The Babe had two singles in the first game, one of which advanced Horan, who had made a hit, so that Horan could slip in with the Yanks' lone run when Robertson erred on Meusel's grounder.

Two hits were also the Babe's total in the second game. His second blow came in the eighth, when he beat out a grounder to Gerber for a single and scored on Meusel's double.

Ruth, in the fourth, drew from Danforth a base on balls, his hundredth of the season, and went to second on a balk, scoring later on Meusel's single. This made him responsible for personally conducting three-fourths of the Yank runs over the plate.

The other Yank tally was the result of Pipp's walk, Schang's sacrifice and Ward's single. Ruth played in centre field, rather a new garden for him. He was speed itself out there in the deep grass. Meusel played the right-field, while Shag Horan was given a chance to show what he could do in left for the benefit of his St. Louis admirers. Horan went hitless in the second game, but got one single in the first. Perhaps he was jinxed by the horseshoe of flowers and jewelry given by his Kerry Patch friends here.

Hoyt Yields Seven Hits.

Hoyt, in the first game, allowed eight hits in seven innings. McManus's single, Jacobson's sacrifice and Robertson's double sent over the Browns' initial run in the second. In the third they got their other tally and the margin of victory on Tobin's walk, Evans's single and McManus's double. After Hoyt stepped aside for Pinch Hitter Bush in the eighth, Shawkey came in and finished the game and allowed no hits, but it did not matter then.

Milton Gaston started in his first game of the year. He might have survived had he not been so free with passes. All the Yankee Brown runs had to base on balls as the prime cause. Nine hits were given by Gaston and three went to Joie Evans, his best effort being a triple in the seventh, which drove in Severeid and Tobin, both having walked.

Sisler made two hits in the second game, but went hitless in the first. Mamaux relieved Gaston in the seventh but it was a case of locking the barn door after the horse was stolen.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	3	1	2	0	0
Evans,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Sisler,1b	4	0	0	16	0
McManus,2b	4	1	2	3	6
Jacobson,cf	2	0	0	5	0
Rob'son,3b	3	0	2	1	4
Severeid,c	3	0	1	0	1
Wingard,p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	29	2	8	27	17

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dugan,3b	3	0	1	1	1
Horan,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Ruth,cf	4	0	2	0	0
Meusel,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Pipp,1b	4	0	0	12	0
Hofmann,c	3	0	1	2	2
Ward,2b	3	0	0	3	6
Scott,ss	3	0	0	3	4
Hoyt,p	1	0	0	0	5
Shawkey,p	0	0	0	0	0
aBush	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	5	24	17

Errors—St. Louis 2 (Sisler, Robertson), New York 0.

a Batted for Hoyt in eighth.

St. Louis	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Robertson, McManus. Sacrifices—Jacobson, Hoyt. Double plays—McManus, Gerber and Sisler; Gerber, McManus and Sisler. Left on bases—New York 4, St. Louis 5. Base on Balls—Off Hoyt 1, Wingard 1. Struck out—By Shawkey 1; Hits—Off Hoyt 8 in 7 innings, Shawkey 0 in 1. Losing pitcher—Hoyt. Umpires—Rowland, Owens and Moriarty. Time of game—1:26

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	2	1	0	2	0
Evans,lf	5	0	3	3	0
Sisler,1b	4	0	2	8	1
McManus,2b	4	0	2	3	3
Jacobson,cf	3	1	0	5	0
Robertson,3b	5	1	1	1	2
Severeid,c	3	1	1	4	1
Gerber,ss	2	1	1	1	3
Danforth,p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	31	5	9	27	11

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dugan,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Horan,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Ruth,cf	3	3	2	2	0
Meusel,rf	3	1	1	6	1
Pipp,1b	3	1	1	6	1
Schang,c	2	0	0	4	1
Ward,2b	4	0	1	3	6
Scott,ss	4	0	0	4	1
Gaston,p	3	0	0	0	1
Mamaux,p	0	0	0	1	0
aBush	1	0	0	0	0
bJohnson	0	0	0	0	0
cHofmann	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	6	24	11

Errors—St. Louis 1 (Tobin), New York 1 (Meusel).

a Batted for Schang in ninth.
b Ran for Bush in ninth.
c Batted for Mamaux in ninth.

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	—5	
New York	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	—4

Two-base hits — Pipp, Gerber, Meusel. Three-base hit—Evans. Home run—Ruth. Sacrifices—McManus, Schang, Gerber. Left on bases—New York 8, St. Louis 14. Bases on balls—Off Gaston 6, Danforth 2, Mamaux 1. Struck out—By Gaston 1, Danforth 3, Mamaux 1. Hits—Off Gaston 9 in 6 2-3 innings; Mamaux 0 in 1 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Gaston (Gerber). Wild Pitches—Gaston, Balk—Danforth. Losing pitcher—Gaston. Umpires—Owens, Moriarty and Rowland. Time of game—3:05.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At St. Joseph.

	R.	H.	E.
St. Joseph	3	9	0
Omaha	0	2	2

Batteries—Davenport and Minestree; Napier and Wilder.

At Wichita.

	R.	H.	E.
Wichita	2	6	2
Des Moines	15	15	2

Batteries—Zellers, Campbell, Gregory and McMullen; Stokes, Hutton and Wheat.

At Oklahoma City.

	R.	H.	E.
Oklahoma City	5	12	0
Denver	2	10	1

Batteries—May, Songer and Hale; Brown, Hall and Roche.

At Tulsa.

	R.	H.	E.
Lincoln	7	13	3
Tulsa	4	7	1

Batteries—Rasmussen, Beck, Pile and Lamb; Volgt, Bolen and Crosby.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Omaha	64	37	.634	Wichita	52	51	.505
Tulsa	61	44	.581	Okla. City	50	53	.485
Denver	57	44	.564	Lincoln	44	64	.407
St. Joseph	57	48	.559	Des Moines	39	67	.368

ROBINS ARE BEATEN BY THE CUBS, 4 TO 1

Barrett Drives All Chicago Runs Across Plate With Homer and a Triple.

KEEN SHOWS GOOD FORM

Holds Brooklyn Team to Six Hits at Ebbets Field—Decatur Chased to Cover.

There were just three spots in yesterday's game at Ebbets Field between the Brooklyn Robins and the Chicago Cubs when the small crowd of fans could be lifted to anything approaching enthusiasm, and it is doubtful if on two of these occasions the loyal Brooklyn fans felt very much enthused over the outcome. The first of these moments came in the third inning and introduced a home run by Barrett, the Cubs' first baseman. He hit his homer into left field and the ball took an unexpected bound into the bleachers, scoring Vogel ahead of him. That would have been enough to win, but the Cubs made two more tallies and finally ended the day with a 4-1 victory.

Later, in the sixth, this same Barrett made a three-base hit and it sent two Chicago runners across the plate. That ended the Cubs' scoring, and it was not necessary for them to make any more runs as the Robins could not connect with the curves of Vic Keen, who held them to six safeties. Then in the latter half of the sixth the Robins broke through, but were stopped after they had made one run. This came in the sixth inning. Fournier opened with a single into left and was forced by Eddie Brown. Then Stock made a triple and Brown came home.

Stock's hit was the next to the last the Robins were to get. Their final hit was a single by Mitchell, which was entirely wasted.

The Robins worried Keen in the opening inning, when they filled the bases, but the Chicago hurler tightened up and left the three Brooklyn runners stranded. Arthur Decatur started on the mound for the Robins and went along well enough for two innings. Then Barrett came across with his homer.

Vogel opened the third with a single and came home on Barrett's four-bagger. This seemed to unsettle Decatur, but he weathered a stormy fourth when a double by Hartnett and two bases on balls were thrust into the game. Hartnett would have scored in this inning had not Wheat cut him down at the plate when he attempted to tally after Vogel's fly had drifted out into left.

In the fifth, after Keen and Stats had hit for singles, Decatur was relieved. Roberts took his place and proceeded to check the Cubs' assault. Roberts was on the mound when Hartnett opened the sixth with a triple. Friberg and Grigsby were disposed of easily enough, the former on an infield out and the latter on a strike-out, Hartnett remaining at third. Vogel was hit by a pitched ball and Barrett then made his triple and Hartnett and Vogel both scored.

Ruether appeared on the mound for the Robins in the seventh, eighth and ninth and kept the Cubs from scoring.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statz,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Hollocher,ss	4	0	0	5	6
Adams,2b	4	0	0	3	3
Hartnett,c	4	1	3	6	0
Friberg,3b	3	2	0	0	2
Grigsby,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Vogel,lf	3	2	1	4	0
Barrett,1b	4	1	1	4	2
Keen,p	4	0	1	1	1
Total	33	4	8	27	12

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
High,2b	3	0	0	0	4
Mitchell,ss	3	0	1	1	2
Wheat,lf	4	0	1	3	1
Fournier,1b	2	0	1	10	1
Brown,cf	4	1	0	2	1
Stock,3b	4	0	2	2	1
Griffith,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Taylor,c	4	0	0	7	0
Decatur,p	1	0	0	0	0
Roberts,p	1	0	0	0	1
Ruether,p	1	0	0	0	0
aNeis	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	6	27	10

Errors—Chicago 1 (Grisby), Brooklyn 1 (Brown).

a Batted for Roberts in seventh.

Chicago	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hit—Hartnett. Three-base hits—Hartnett, Barrett, Stock. Home run—Barrett. Stolen base—Friberg. Double plays—Fournier and Taylor; Adams, Hollocher and Barrett; Adams, Hollocher and Barrett. Left on bases—Chicago 5, Brooklyn 7. Bases on balls—Off Decatur 2, Keen 4. Struck out—By Decatur 2, Roberts 2, Keen 3. Hits—Off Decatur 6 in 4 1-3 innings, Roberts 2 in 2 2-3, Reuteer 0 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Roberts (Vogel). Losing pitcher—Decatur. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:35.

CARDS AGAIN BEAT PHILS.

Drive Mitchell From Box and Win, 6-3—Hornsby Hits Homer.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—St. Louis made it two straight from the Phillies today by batting Mitchell from the box in the first inning and scoring enough runs to win. The score was 6 to 3.

Blades's home run into the bleachers in the opening round, with two on, accounted for three of the Cardinals' tallies. Hornsby hit his fifteenth homer of the season in the ninth inning.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,rf	4	1	2	2	0
Holm,cf	5	0	1	3	0
Hornsby,2b	4	2	3	4	5
Bot'mley,1b	4	1	1	8	0
Blades,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Cooney,ss	4	0	1	1	2
Gonzales,c	4	0	0	5	0
Freigau,3b	4	1	1	2	2
Haines,p	4	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	11	27	9

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Harper,rf	5	1	2	1	0
Williams,cf	5	0	4	3	0
Schultz,lf	3	0	0	3	0
Henrich,lf	2	0	0	0	0
W'tstone,3b	4	0	1	2	4
Holke,1b	4	1	2	13	0
Ford,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Parkinson,ss	4	0	2	0	3
Wilson,c	4	1	1	3	0
Mitchell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Couch,p	3	0	0	0	3
eHenline	1	0	0	0	0
Total	38	3	12	27	12

Errors—None.

a Batted for Couch in ninth.

St. Louis	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—6
Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Smith, Bottomley, Holke, Harper, Parkinson. Three-base hit—Cooney. Home runs—Blades, Wilson, Hornsby. Sacrifice—Bottomley. Double play — Freigau, Hornsby and Bottomley. Left on bases—St. Louis 7, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off Haines 1, Couch 2. Struck out—By Haines 5, Hits—Off Mitchell 4 in 1-3 inning; Couch 7 in 8 2-3. Losing pitcher—Mitchell. Umpires —Sweeney, O'Day and Quigley. Time of game—1:45.

LIEB TO ASSIST ROCKNE.

Former Football and Track Star Signs Notre Dame Contract.

NOTRE DAME, July 31.—Thomas J. Lieb, former Notre Dame football and track star, has been signed as assistant football coach at Notre Dame University, it was announced by Knute Rockne, athletic director, on his return here from California, where he has been conducting a school for coaches. Lieb, who was a member of this year's American Olympic team, also will have charge of the track, wrestling, boxing and hockey squads.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

At Columbus.

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	3	8	2
Columbus	2	13	0

(Eleven innings.)

Batteries—Fitzsimmons and Krueger; Northrup, Sanders and Hartley.

At Toledo.

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	11	16	1
Louisville	4	12	1

Batteries—Scott and Schulte; Holley, Koob, Green and Brottem.

At Milwaukee.

	R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	14	18	1
Milwaukee	3	11	1

Batteries—Harris and Mayer; Pott and Shinault.

At Kansas City.

	R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	1	11	0
St. Paul	0	8	0

(Fourteen innings.)

Batteries—Caldwell and Skiff; Markle and Dixon.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
St. Paul	66	38	.635	Kansas City	52	53	.495
Minneapolis	65	42	.607

KINSEY WILL PLAY JOHNSTON IN FINAL

Californians Earn Right to Meet for New Seabright Tennis Bowl.

LUCIEN WILLIAMS BEATEN

Conqueror of Snodgrass Falls in Semi-Finals With Niles—Miss Browne Gains in Doubles.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., July 31.—The new bowl in men's singles, put up by the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club this year, will go to California. This was definitely decided today when William M. Johnston and Howard Kinsey, both of San Francisco, reached the final round of the thirty-first annual invitation tournament of the Seabright Club. Johnston, who took the old cup outright last year by winning the tournament for the third successive season, defeated Nat W. Niles of Boston in the semi-finals this afternoon at 6—2, 6—4, and Kinsey vanquished Lucien E. Williams of Chicago, former Yale star, at 6—4, 6—0.

The finals of the men's singles and the women's singles and doubles will be played tomorrow, and the men's doubles final will be staged on Saturday, when Miss Helen Wills, national and Olympic women's champion, and Norman E. Brookes of Australia are expected to appear here in exhibition matches. The schedule for tomorrow's play calls for the women's final in singles at 2:45, men's singles final at 3:30 and the women's doubles final at 5.

In the women's doubles Miss Browne, paired with Mrs. T. A. Dudley of California, defeated Miss Molly Thayer and Miss Phyllis Walsh of Philadelphia in the semi-finals today at 6—3, 6—2. Miss MacDonald and Miss Florence Ballin of New York gained their place in the final by defeating Miss Anna H. Fuller and Miss Margaret Blake of Boston, at 5—7, 6—4, 6—3.

Harvey Snodgrass and Walter Wesbrook of California provided a mild sensation when they ran Johnston and Clarence Griffin to three sets in the doubles semi-finals, holding the former champions on even terms all the way and fighting them tooth and nail in every game. The score was 5—7, 6—3, 7—5.

Struggle Is Spectacular.

It was a spectacular struggle, as was to be expected, with four Californians on the court, and the applause from the gallery was the most enthusiastic of the week. All four of the players were excellent at one time or another, and the volleying skirmishes at close quarters found them making lightning thrusts and parries in bewildering fashion.

In the morning Snodgrass and Wesbrook had reached the semi-finals by defeating Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer, intercollegiate champions, in love sets, a decidedly surprising feat in itself. Snodgrass was the outstanding figure on the court, putting the Texas pair to rout with a hurricane of volleys and overhead smashes. In the other semi-final, to be played tomorrow afternoon, the Kinsey brothers will face Karl Behr and Dean Mathey. Both teams, as also are Johnston and Griffin, are being considered for the United States Davis Cup team, and Julian S. Myrick, Chairman of the Davis Cup Committee, will be present on Saturday to see the final, along with the Selection Committee.

Neither Kinsey nor Johnston was called on to show his best tennis for more than a part of the singles semi-finals. Williams forced Kinsey to do a lot of running in the opening set of their match and then fell into an erratic streak of error-making, dropping six games in a row without the semblance of a struggle. Johnston encountered his severest opposition in the closing stages when Niles, trailing at 1—5, took three games in a row, one of them at love.

Both matches were fought almost entirely on ground strokes, Niles did most of the net play against Johnston, while Williams went forward the oftener of the two in the other engagement. Johnston played with plenty in reserve, evidently saving himself to make his best showing in the final. His ground strokes were well controlled, both off the forehand and backhand, and invariably they went the full length of the court when Niles found that he could not make any headway against the other at a backcourt game. Although he was hitting the ball soundly and keeping Johnston hustling, he changed his tactics toward the end of the first set and went to the net with varying results.

Johnston Finds Openings.

Johnston usually knifed the ball past him through the narrowest openings, and it was only when Niles had driven the Californian back deep in his court and forced a short return that the Boston veteran brought off a successful volley or kill. Johnston sought to encourage the other to seek close quarters, returning service short to draw him in and then sticking the ball at his feet or along the side lines out of reach of his racquet.

In the second set Johnston was going at his best. His forehand drives were irresistible, streaking through the opposing court for ace after ace. He broke through Niles's service in the first game, won the second also, then broke through again in the third and won the fourth at love. Niles made a fight for the third, but Johnston's heavily topped overhand shots cross-counted him and the game went to the Californian at 5—3. Niles made his service count in the fifth at 4—1 and came close to breaking through in the sixth, which Johnston won only after deuce had been called.

With the score 5—1 against him, Niles made a pull up to 5—4, placing his drives with nice precision to find the openings, and volleying with finality. Johnston was on the defensive during this stretch of three games, fighting hard for every point. After losing the ninth at 7—6 Johnston sent over four fast service balls, bringing the match to an end.

Williams played very pretty tennis for the first set against Kinsey, the same brand that he showed in defeating Harvey Snodgrass on Wednesday.

The first break in the match came in the seventh game, which Kinsey won at 6—3 on Williams's errors, three nets and a set. The final point was decided when the Chicagoan failed on an easy shot with Kinsey far out of position. Kinsey won the next game at love on errors. The ninth game went to Williams at 4—1 when Kinsey returned his service for errors three times, and the set came to an end in the tenth with Williams on the run as Kinsey sent the ball from one side of the court to the other.

Williams threw away the second set. Eleven of the twenty-seven points won by Kinsey were given to him on nets, almost every one of them made on the simplest shots.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—Semi-final Round—Howard Kinsey defeated Lucien E. Williams, 6—4, 6—0; William M. Johnson defeated Nat W. Niles, 6—2, 6—4.

Men's Doubles—Third Round—Harvey Snodgrass and Walter Wesbrook defeated Lewis N. White and Louis Thalheimer, 6—0, 6—0; Robert and Howard Kinsey defeated J. B. Fenno, Jr. and Lucien E. Williams, 6—3, 6—3.

Semi-final Round—Johnson and Clarence Griffin defeated Snodgrass and Wesbrook, 5—7, 6—3, 7—5.

Women's Doubles—Miss Mayme MacDonald and Miss Florence Ballin defeated Miss Anna H. Fuller and Miss Margaret Blake, 5—7, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Mary K. Browne and Miss T. H. Dudley defeated Miss Molly Thayer and Miss Phyllis Walsh, 6—3, 6—2.

Mixed Doubles—First Round—Miss Mayme Macdonald and Walter Wesbrook defeated Miss Margaret Blake and Lewis Dodge, 6—7, 7—5, 6—4.

Second Round—Miss Mary Browne and Harvey Snodgrass defeated Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clothier, 6—0, 6—4; Miss Phyllis Walsh and Mrlitz Marcur defeated Miss Alice Frances and L. B. Dalley Jr., 6—1, 2—6, 6—2; Miss Virginia Carpenter and Leonard Beekman defeated Mrs. M. B. Stuff and G. B. Emerson, 6—3, 6—4; Miss Molly Thayer and A. D. Thayer defeated Miss Katherine Gardner and B. J. C. Norton, 6—8, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Rosamond Merton and Samuel Hardy defeated Mrs. G. M. Bodman and Holcombe Ward, 6—3, 6—4, 6—3.

Third Round—Miss Martha Bayard and H. Gould Lee defeated Miss Edith Handy and S. J. Gore, 6—2, 6—4.

Victorious Yale Crew Home From Olympic Games Today

Yale's victorious Olympic crew is nearing New York aboard the United American liner Resolute, which is expected to dock at Pier 86, North River, at noon today, according to wireless advices received from the vessel yesterday. J. N. Goetchius is in charge of the returning oarsmen, who are bringing with them their two eight-oared shells, in one of which they won the Olympic rowing final in 6 minutes and 33 2-5 seconds, defeating Canada, Italy and Great Britain in the order named. The ten points which this victory added to the total of the United States in the rowing events were just enough to give America first place by the slim margin of one point over the Swiss, who finished second with thirty-two.

U. S. TENNIS STARS TO ARRIVE TODAY

Miss Wills, Mrs. Wightman and Richards Among Returning Players.

Miss Helen Wills, Vincent Richards and other American tennis stars who helped to make a clean sweep of the Olympic championships at Colombes, France, will arrive today on the Aquitania of the Cunard Line, due to dock at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Included in the group are Miss Eleanor Goss, Mrs. George W. Wightman, who captained the women's team in the matches against the British for the Hazel Hotchkiss Wightman trophy; Watson M. Washburn, Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, former American women's champion, who competed for Norway in the Olympics; Norman Brookes, the veteran Australian Davis Cup star, who is making his first appearance in the United States since his historic match with Maurice McLaughlin, and Julian S. Myrick, Chairman of the United States Davis Cup Committee, who has been managing the party of players abroad.

Miss Wills returns with added laurels. Beaten at Wimbledon by Miss McKane of England in the final, beaten again in the women's team matches, the young Californian, who last year won the national championship at the age of eighteen, went on to France and triumphed in the women's singles and women's doubles, being partnered in winning the latter event with Mrs. Wightman. Mrs. Wightman also captured the mixed doubles championship with R. Norris Williams 2d as her partner. Richards won the Olympic singles championship and with Francis T. Hunter also took the men's doubles title.

Miss Wills is expected to appear in an exhibition match tomorrow, either at the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn, where China and Australia are battling in the first round of the American zone play for the Davis Cup, or at the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club, where the annual invitation tournament is in progress. She will remain in the East for nearly a month and will defend her national women's championship at Forest Hills, L. I., in the tournament which starts on Aug. 11, according to the plans before she departed for her trip abroad.

The Olympic tennis team made as strong a showing, if not stronger, than any other combination of American athletes which competed in France in 1924. Playing on foreign courts, many of them for the first time, against the best performers of other nations, the little group of men and women stars swept through to every championship on the program.

The first meeting of the Davis Cup Selection Committee of the United States Lawn Tennis Association has been called for tomorrow afternoon by the Chairman, Bernon S. Prentice. The committee, which consists of Mr. Prentice, Harold H. Hackett, Carl H. Behr, Holcombe Ward and G. P. Gardner Jr., will meet at the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club and form preliminary plans for the selection of the team which will defend the trophy against the challenging nation at the Germantown Cricket Club, Philadelphia, next month.

QUIGLEY MEDALIST IN SHAWNEE GOLF

State Senator Leads Large Field With 71, Setting Amateur Record for Course.

Special to The New York Times.

SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, Pa., July 31.—State Senator R. G. Quigley of the Clinton County Club, Lock Haven, Pa., proved that he knew something about golf as well as more momentous affairs by leading a large field of golfers at the Country Club today. With a score of 71, three better than the par of the course, Quigley led the next best contestant, Spencer Jones of Gulph Mills, by a margin of three strokes.

Although the New York district was well represented, no one succeeded in even approaching the figures of the leaders. W. Haley of the Essex County Country Club had 42, 35 for an even 80, while others were grouped at 81, and Dr. F. A. Steele of Baltusrol, winner of the medal a year ago, barely qualified with an 83.

Those with scores of 83 or better made the first sixteen, and they will continue on at match play for the Buckwood Trophy, which has to be won three times for permanent possession. R. S. Worthington of the home club is the only player having two legs on the cup. Provision has been made for five sixteens.

So far as Quigley was concerned it may be said that the Senator really had only two mistakes on the outward journey, which was covered in thirty-seven strokes, one under par. The slips occurred at the second hole, where he pulled a ball out of bounds, and at the fourth, where he landed in a trap. Coming back the last of a collection of four birds came at the water hole, the result of a long downhill putt from the edge of the green for a 2. This score of 71 is the best ever returned in an amateur event here.

His card:

Out	4	5	4	5	3	4	5	4	3—37
In	4	4	4	3	4	4	2	5	4—34—71

The second man, Spencer Jones, with a 38, 36—74, was three shots better than M. C. Burton, the Huntington Valley regular, who had 39 and 38 for a 77. The only other to get under 80 was Worthington, with a 79.

The summaries:

First Sixteenth—R. G. Quigley, Clinton, 37, 34—71; Spencer Jones, Gulph Mills, 38, 36—74; M. Burton, Huntingdon Valley, 38, 38—76; R. S. Worthington, Shawnee, 41, 38—79; W. Haley, Essex Co., 42, 38—80; Tom Morre, Indian Springs, 41, 40—81; W. J. Carol, Brookside, 43, 38—81; H. H. Harris, Shawnee, 43, 38—81; M. D. Keech, Ridgewood, 43, 38—81; E. F. Thomas, Ridgewood, 43, 38—81; Alec Coles, Shawnee, 39, 42—81; P. Throph, Trenton, 44, 38—82; T. S. Fillmore, Shawnee, 41, 41—82; G. Boyckan Jr., Atlantic City, 43, 40—83; J. B. Hurlock, Clinton, 44, 39—83; Dr. F. A. Steele, Baltusrol, 44, 39—83.

Second Sixteen—W. K. Ervin, Canoebrook, 42, 42—84; P. McQuillan, Overbrook, 43, 41—84; R. A. Keffer, Scranton, 45, 40—85; J. W. Fredericks, Clinton, 43, 42—85; C. R. Armstrong, Clinton, 43, 42—85; W. L. Irish, Plymouth, 45, 40—85; Dan Healy, Miami, 44, 41—85; Chester Maxwell, Trenton, 42, 43—85; F. Wilms, Wilshire, 45, 41—86; Ray Lambert, Trenton, 44, 42—86; J. A. Luman, Bala, 45, 41—86; R. H. McAdams, unattached, 48, 38—86; W. C. MacBlaine, Torresdale, 45, 41—86; G. G. Merritt, Ridgewood, 45, 42—87; H. Compton, Suburban, 46, 41—87; J. Thorne, Trenton, 48, 39—87.

Third Sixteenth—W. G. Phillips, Richmond Co., 43, 44—87; W. Sweet, Canoebrook, 46, 42—88; I. Mitchell Jr., Woodbury, 45, 43—88; Henry McKeen, Shawnee, 47, 42—89; R. H. Hogg, Shawnee, 45, 41—86; R. J. Flynn, Shawnee, 43, 46—89; F. M. Lynch, Scranton, 48, 41—89; H. Salmon, Suburban, 48, 42—90; H. Belcher, Tdde, 47, 43—90; W. A. Dolan, Shawnee, 47, 43—90; E. E. Blair, Kahkwa, 49, 41—90; Dr. J. Jefferson, Johnstown, 46, 44—90; C. Jones, Garden City, 48, 45—93; L. Schoch, Merion, 46, 45—91; F. W. Harper, Trenton, 46, 45—91; A. Mears, Shawnee, 45, 46—91; F. Sharpe, Trenton, 46, 45—91.

AUSTRALIANS WIN IN DAVIS CUP PLAY

Defeat Chinese in Two Singles Matches of First Round of American Zone.

PATTERSON CONQUERS WEI

Scores Victory at 6-1, 6-2, 6-2 on Crescent A. C. Courts—O'Hara Wood Beats Kong.

Davis Cup play in the American zone began on the Crescent A. C. courts in Brooklyn yesterday, where Australia scored two decisive and easy victories over China at singles. Gerald L. Patterson, Australia's ace and captain, defeated W. Lock Wei, leader of the Far Eastern team, 6—1, 6—2, 6—2, and Pat O'Hara Wood showed the way to Paul Kong, a Columbia University student, 6—0, 6—1, 6—2.

The seasoned stars from down under were on top all the way and neither of them ever had to open up to win in the most convincing fashion imaginable. Still, there was no reason for the Chinese youngsters to feel discouraged. They were making Davis Cup history, for it was the first time that their country had ever appeared in the lists, and they were stepping in against two of the canniest, craftiest and most capable players that the game boasts.

One more victory against China will advance the veteran Australian campaigners to the second round, in which they will meet Mexico at Baltimore on Aug. 7, 8 and 9. The necessary victory is practically sure to materialize, this afternoon when Patterson and O'Hara Wood meet Kong and C. K. Huang, the third member of the Chinese team, on the Crescent courts.

Although he was more decisively beaten than his compatriot yesterday, Kong appeared to be a player of greater ability and promise than Wei. He is larger and stronger, there is more power to his service and his placing was more accurate. His great fault yesterday was his poor control of his service. There was plenty of speed to it, but the direction was frequently faulty. He began the game with two double faults in a row and continued to make the same mistake at intervals until he had made no less than eight in all.

Wood, playing an excellent although conservative game, swept through the first two games at 2 each. Kong, who reached the semi-final round in the New York State intercollegiate championships at Forest Hills last Spring, played far below his best form throughout the entire first set and made only six points in all.

Kong Improves Game.

He rallied in the second, and while Wood continued to win with monotonous regularity, he had more trouble doing it.

Twice the second game went to deuce before the Australian finally won it, and it was the same with the fourth game. While the double-fault habit continued to dog Kong's footsteps, his placing was far more accurate, and several times he roused the tiny gallery with beautiful passing shots or placements close to the net, but that his opponent couldn't get his racquet on. The trouble was that he almost invariably offset these good shots with one which was just the reverse. In the sixth he finally broke through Wood's service to take a game at 4—2, and it just missed being love when one of the Australian's returns struck the top of the net and dribbled down into the other player's court.

This was almost entirely a back-court match, as was the Patterson-Wei contest which preceded it. Wood apparently saw no occasion for coming up to the net, and Kong never had a chance to get there.

It was exactly the same with Patterson against Wei. The big Anzac simply stood in deep court and hammered down what little defense the Chinese player could muster. When Wei did finish a brilliant stroke and score a point it was usually on Patterson's notoriously weak side, his left.

Patterson showed all his old-time speed on his recoveries and, while he never had to call on his cannonball service, it was evident that he could still shoot the ball over mighty fast. Coming up from behind the base line or deep court with his forehand he was at his best and time after time the harrassed little Wei found the ball hitting about his feet, where he appeared wholly incapable of doing anything with it. At no time did Patterson show any inclination to go to the net, but Wei tried it a few times to his sorrow. Every time he got up close the ball would go whizzing past him for perfect placements along base or side lines.

Wei Smiles in Defeat.

The closing games were all Patterson. Wei added wildness to his other troubles and was continually driving out of bounds or into the net. He seemed anxious to have it over with and smiled when he drove his final shot outside, giving his opponent the set and match.

As is usually true of winning combinations, the Australians got most of the breaks, but they didn't need them, but they came their way just the same. Patterson even won the toss and elected to serve from the north court. He shot over a sizzling service ace and Wei waved his racquet at it helplessly. That opening shot was typical of both of yesterday's matches and for all the chance the Chinese had the afternoon's play might have ended right there.

The point scores follow:

FIRST SET.

								Pts.	G.
Patterson	4	1	4	4	4	4	4—25	6	
Wei	0	4	1	1	0	1	0—7	1	

SECOND SET.

								Pts.	G.
Patterson	4	4	4	4	1	4	2—27	6	
Wei	1	2	1	1	4	1	0—14	2	

THIRD SET.

								Pts.	G.
Patterson	3	4	4	4	5	4	1—25	6	
Wei	5	0	2	0	3	1	4—15	2	

FIRST SET.

								Pts.	G.
O'Hara Wood	4	4	4	4	4	4	4—24	6	
Kong	0	0	2	0	2	2	0—6	0	

SECOND SET.

								Pts.	G.
O'Hara Wood	4	6	4	3	4	2	4—32	6	
Kong	1	4	2	6	2	4	0—19	1	

THIRD SET.

								Pts.	G.
O'Hara Wood	4	7	0	4	7	2	4	5—33	6
Kong	2	5	4	0	5	4	0	3—23	2

TILDEN ADVANCES ON COAST

Wins With Wiener in Southern California Doubles.

LOS ANGELES, July 31.—The Southern California tennis championship matches narrowed down in the fourth round today to William T. Tilden, 2d, national singles champion; Mrs. Peggy Deinert, woman singles champion of Hawaii; Sandy Wiener, youthful protégé of Tilden, and a few California stars.

Tilden and Wiener defeated Bob Allen and Horace Donnell of Pasadena in the men's doubles, 6—0, 6—0, 6—0.

Wiener was eliminated from the junior singles competition by Albert Kussman, Los Angeles, 9—7, 7—5, while Mrs. Dienert easily disposed of Miss Agnes De Mille, Los Angeles, 6—0, 6—1, in the women's singles.

In the final men's doubles match of the day Harold Godshall and Tom Ferrandini, holders of the Los Angeles Tennis Club Cup for two successive years, defeated J. Doeg, Los Angeles, and Howe Bancroft, San Diego, Pacific Coast boys champion, 6—1, 6—4.

U. S. GOLFERS WITHDRAW.

Hagen, Walker, Smith and Kirkwood Out of Canadian Open.

MONTREAL, July 31.—In addition to Walter Hagen, British open champion, the following United States players have withdrawn from the Canadian open golf championships to be played here tomorrow and Saturday; MacDonald Smith, recently paired with Walter Hagen against George Duncan and Abe Mitchell; Cyril Walker, United States open champion, and Joe Kirkwood, well-know trick player.

LEWIS IS MEDALIST IN GREENWICH GOLF

Connecticut Player Beats Strong Field in Qualifying Round With Card of 71.

SWEETSER TIES FOR SECOND

Former Champion and McCarthy Finish Stroke Behind Winner—First 16 All Play Under 80.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 31.—Jess Sweetser of Siwanoy, former national amateur golf champion and the foremost golfer developed in the metropolitan district since the Travers-Travis régime a decade ago, ventured forth today for his first local tournament of the present year. The event that succeeded in coaxing Sweetser away from his business was the Greenwich Country Club invitation tournament, the first that this famous Connecticut organization has staged in three years.

When the qualifying round was finished just a step ahead of darkness tonight Sweetser was not the medalist, which is proof of the calibre of the field. The holder of that distinction was Reginald M. Lewis of the Greenwich Club, several times holder of the Connecticut State amateur title, but whose reputation rests chiefly upon his carrying Chick Evans to the forty-fifth hole in one of the rounds of the national championship at the Engineers' Club in 1923.

Sweetser had to content himself with a tie for second place with Maurice J. McCarthy Jr. of Woodway, each of whom registered 72s, two over par and a stroke behind the winning total of Lewis.

Taken all in all, the field that took part in today's qualifying round was easily the fastest that has been entered in any invitation tournament in the district in recent years. Sweetser's failure was one indication of the calibre of players involved, but the best indication of all was the fact that none of those who failed to break 80 survived for the first sixteen honors. In fact, even 79 was not good enough to get into the first division, which closed with six players in a tie for the last four places with 78s, in spite of the fact that two players, Sweetser and Eddie Driggs Jr. of Cherry Valley, who went up toward the top, withdrew from match play.

Six Players Have 78s.

The six players whose 78s availed them no more than one more chance to get into the select first division included George T. Lawyer of Grassy Sprain, winner of the recent Westchester County amateur championship; W. L. Richard of the Engineers, F. B. Geddes of Scarsdale, Mason B. Starring of Sleepy Hollow, H. C. Buchanan of Shackamaxon and W. W. Bancker of Wykagyl.

There were several other front rank players who were not even that fortunate. Falling in this category were at least seven top-notchers, among them young George Brush of Westchester Hills, one of the leading young players of that bailiwick; E. E. Sturges of Winged Foot, twice winner of the Westchester amateur crown; F. C. Newton of Brookline, former North and South amateur champion; H. C. Topping of Greenwich, another former North and South titleholder; D. V. T. Williams of Grassy Sprain, a young Englishman who has recently joined the district; George H. Flinn of Maidstone, former Long Island junior champion and one of the stars of this year's Yale team, and Robert A. Stranahan of Toledo, who has a few Florida titles in his possession. Of all these, however, the saddest fate of all was that which befell young Flinn, who, after going out in a comfortable manner, proceeded to take a 10 at the 585-fourteenth hole, which brought his total up to 86.

Lewis was one of the first, if not the first in the field to start out, playing with Topping. Everything went fine for him until he reached the 405-yard fifth hole, where his second shot finished up in the brook and the hole costing him a 7, three over par. Previous to that mishap he was one under the par figures, getting a birdie to start with at the first hole. Another birdie at the seventh offset a wasted stroke at the eighth, so, 7 or no 7, he was out in 37, only two strokes away from par figures.

Pars came with machine-like precision over the incoming holes, all of which were made in perfect totals except the eleventh, which he had in 3, a birdie. The sum total of it all was a 34 for the last nine and a total of 71 for the round.

His card with par:

Out—										
Par	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	4	3—35	
Lewis	3	3	4	5	4	7	3	5	3—37	
In—										
Par	3	4	3	5	5	3	4	4	4—35—70	
Lewis	3	3	3	5	5	3	4	4	4—34—71	

Sweetser Out in 35.

Sweetser, starting late and as a result being caught in a thunderstorm, required a few holes to strike his stride. He managed to get his pars at the first three but only by holing putts of four and five feet on each green. After that he played faultlessly up to the turn, getting a birdie at the eighth to offset a lost stroke on the hole before. As a result he was out in 35. The tenth was costly for him for he failed to get the green from the tee and then after getting on took three putts for a 5 where the par is 3. From there on he was even pars to the short fifteenth which cost him a 4 so that he needed only pars for the last three holes to tie Lewis's 71 getting his par at the sixteenth and seventeenth, the last by virtue of a thirty-foot putt. Now he needed only a par at the home hole but after being short on his second shot, he played a chip shot from a hanging lie to within a yard of the hole and missed the putt.

Owing to a previous engagement at Philadelphia on Saturday, when he and Marston will play Hagen and Kirkwood,

Malone, Twice Beaten, Leaps From Bridge for Each Defeat

BOSTON, July 31.—Jock Malone, middleweight boxer of St. Paul, Minn., jumped from the Charlestown Bridge with his clothes on today, making good a promise that if he did not beat Frank Moody, an English boxer, he would jump into the harbor. Because he had postponed his plunge and meantime was defeated also by Johnny Wilson, former middleweight champion, Malone swam and clambered back to the bridge and did it all over again, while a crowd looked on, holding up bridge traffic.

he was forced to withdraw from the tournament.

Dick Jones, the metropolitan junior champion, had the same chance that Sweetser had of tying Lewis by playing the last three holes in par, but was trapped at every one of them and took 5s instead of the necessary 4s. McCarthy, who is also a youngster, a nephew of the well-known Gene, went out in 37 and had every hole of his incoming round in 4s except the twelfth, where he got a par 3. He had birdies at the two long holes, but his inability to get his 3s at the tenth and fifteenth cost him his chance to either win or tie for the medal.

The scores:

	Out.	In.	Total.
R. M. Lewis, Greenwich	37	34	71
Jess W. Sweetser, Siwanoy	35	37	72
M. J. McCarthy Jr., Woodway	37	35	72
R. A. Jones Jr., Westchester Hills	36	38	74
W. H. Taft, Montclair	39	36	75
Leonard Beard, Oakland	38	37	75
E. H. Driggs Jr., Cherry Valley	37	38	75
M. M. Jack, Merion	40	35	75
Eugene Homans, Englewood	39	36	75
Nat Wheeler, Brooklawn	37	39	76
Stephen Berrien, Upper Montclair	37	39	76
L. M. Lloyd, Greenwich	37	39	76
J. J. Mapes, Maidstone	39	38	77
E. L. Conley, Siwanoy	39	38	77
G. T. Lawyer, Grassy Sprain	42	36	78
H. C. Buchanan, Shackamaxon	37	41	78
W. W. Bancker, Wykagyl	39	39	78
M. B. Starring, Sleepy Hollow	38	40	78
F. B. Geddes, Scarsdale	39	39	78
W. L. Richard, Engineers	40	38	78
D. G. Herring, Springdale	40	39	79
George Brush, Westchester Hills	40	39	79
E. E. Sturges, Winged Foot	38	41	79
F. C. Newton, Brookline	41	39	80
H. J. Topping, Greenwich	37	43	80
Ray Holland, Wee Burn	40	40	80
H. M. Ridaback, Woodway	37	43	80
R. W. Bacon, Highland	41	39	80
R. L. Oakley, St. Andrews	38	42	80
Dr. Y. S. Williams, Grassy Sprain	41	39	80
H. W. Fortimer, Shackamaxon	41	40	81
H. S. Tenney, Greenwich	42	39	81
R. G. Maxwell, Wykagyl	39	42	81
Wm. Donohue, Whitemarsh Valley	38	43	81
W. B. S. Winmans, Greenwich	40	41	81
J. T. Adams, Cherry Valley	44	38	82
G. A. Bomann Jr., Mount Kisco	40	42	82
G. H. Flinn Jr., Maidstone	37	45	82
H. H. Corrigan, Woodway	39	43	82
Brewster Prindle, West. Biltmore	39	43	82
W. T. Cockran, Westport	39	43	82
W. P. Young, Hudson River	41	41	82
Lester Fountain, North Jersey	41	42	83
G. A. Layland, Bound Beach	41	42	83
G. Giles, Wee Burn	44	39	83
N. D. Becker, Siwanoy	42	41	83
Grantland Rice, Greenwich	41	42	83
Fred J. Walters Jr., Apawamis	41	43	84
J. T. Blossom, New Haven	42	42	84
J. T. Smith Jr., Greenwich	42	42	84
J. T. Bishop, Greenwich	42	42	84
C. N. Peacock, Apawamis	43	41	84
R. A. Stranahan, Toledo	41	43	84
J. R. Harman, Wykagyl	43	41	84
S. J. Graham, Greenwich	42	43	85
R. M. Nelson, Greenwich	42	43	85
Clair Maxwell, Wykagyl	43	42	85
W. D. MacDonald, Woodway	43	42	85
J. L. Brown, Hudson River	41	44	85
H. W. Banker, Brooklawn	43	42	85
J. A. Daubel, Siwanoy	43	43	86
Jack Patton, Westchester Biltmore	43	43	86
P. R. Parker, Greenwich	44	42	86
G. W. Vanderhoef Jr., Greenwich	43	43	86
S. Hemingway, Englewood	43	43	86
S. B. Thorne, Greenwich	45	41	86
C. D. Cooke, Orcola	41	46	87
L. G. Spindler, West. Biltmore	47	40	87
G. Thompson, Greenwich	43	44	87
Donald Bomann, Mount Kisco	43	44	87
R. L. Tyner, Greenwich	43	45	88
Stacy Sullivan, Westchester Hills	45	43	88
C. G. Robinson, Plainfield	45	43	88
H. M. Clements, Maidstone	49	39	88
H. McCord, Greenwich	47	42	89
Dr. Morrell, Cherry Valley	44	45	89
H. C. Banks, Greenwich	45	45	90
H. Gilliam, Greenwich	43	47	90
T. Towns, Wee Burn	46	44	90
Dr. Ray Grassy Sprain	43	47	90
C. Gork, Greenwich	44	49	93
J. C. Thompson, Greenwich	45	48	93
H. M. Rand, Essex County	45	48	93
A. Thompson, Greenwich	46	48	94
W. C. Plunkett, Greenwich	49	46	95
J. K. Hoyt Jr., Greenwich	44	51	95
J. M. Schirmer, Greenwich	52	43	95
A. Hull, Siwanoy	45	50	95
L. Looram, Greenwich	49	47	96
G. Browning, Greenwich	46	50	96
J. D. Thompson, Greenwich	47	50	97
E. H. Peters, Greenwich	49	48	97
H. G. Sellick, Greenwich	51	47	98
Patterson McNutt, West. Biltmore	47	51	98

FISSLER LOSES TO DROSLICK

Is Beaten in 220-Yard Handicap in Garden Pool.

George Fissler, one of the swimming stars of the Boys' Club team, was forced to bow to Ernest Droslick of the Zimmock Club in the feature event of the weekly aquatic competition held last night in the Madison Square Garden pool. Fissler, who started from scratch, found the handicap of six seconds allotted to Droslick too great to overcome in the 220-yard handicap and finished about a yard behind Droslick. Everal Curry of the Central Y. M. C. A. finished third. Droslick's time for the race was 2:37 1-10.

In the fancy diving handicap for women from the ten-foot board Miss Betty Moore of the People's Palace, who enjoyed a handicap of 27 points, defeated Miss Florence Briscoe, who entered unattached and had only an eight-point handicap. Miss Moore scored 99 1-10 to Miss Briscoe's 91 1-10 points.

The summaries:

220-Yard Handicap for Men—Won by Ernest Droslick, Zimmock Club (6 seconds); George Fissler, Boys' Club (scratch), second; Everal Curry, Central Y. M. C. A. (15 seconds), third. Time—2:37 1-10.

Fancy Diving Handicap for Women—Won by Miss Betty Moore, People's Palace (27 points), 99 1-10 points; Miss Florence Briscoe, unattached (8 points), 91 1-10 points, second; Miss Louise Davidson, People's Palace (9 points), 88 4-10 points, third.

73-Yard Novice Race for Men—Won by Leroy Busing, Central Y. M. C. A.; Norman Eggleson, unattached, second; Joseph Wohl, Boy Scout Club, third. Time—0:46 1-10.

MISS COLLETT WINS WAY TO GOLF FINAL

Defeats Mrs. Taylor, 6 and 5, to Gain in Shenecossett Invitation Tourney.

MRS. HURD ALSO ADVANCES

Earns Right to Meet Providence Girl by Beating Miss Ellison by Margin of 5 and 4.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 31.—Miss Glenna Collett and Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd advanced to the final round of the Shenecossett invitation golf tournament here today when each won her match by a wide margin.

Miss Collett had little difficulty with Mrs. Albert Taylor of Hackensack, although she was playing only very mediocre golf and missed a number of drives. The Providence girl had the upper hand at all times in spite of some very bad holes and won by 6 and 5.

The cards:

Out—										
Miss Collett	5	4	5	4	7	3	5	5	6—44	
Mrs. Taylor	5	4	6	6	6	4	6	5	7—49	
In—										
Miss Collett	4	3	5	6						
Mrs. Taylor	5	4	5	6						

Mrs. Hurd played her usual very fine game and had little difficulty in getting a 6 and 4 decision over Miss Harriet Ellison of the Brae Burn Club. The former champion would have been out under 40 had she not had a rather poor 6 on the second hole.

The cards:

Out—										
Mrs. Hurd	4	6	4	4	5	3	4	4	6—40	
Miss Ellison	4	5	6	5	6	3	6	5	5—49	
In—										
Mrs. Hurd	6

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[illegible] motors, 12 cylinders, [illegible] Skelmer, 24 h.p., Kermath Sands twin; electric light and stoves; Pattick Sargent and L. absolutely A1 condition; both hull and motor new 1919. Price $1,700. To be seen at once as owner is leaving state. Ralph Greenwood, 522 Brook Ave., New Bedford, Mass.

[illegible] Apportion allowances.

RACING AT SARATOGA WILL START TODAY

Saratoga Handicap and Flash Stakes Feature Opening of Summer Meeting.

FANS CROWD SARATOGA

Will See Chacolet, Western Horse, Oppose My Own, Mad Hatter and Others in Handicap.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 31.—With the Flash Stakes valued at $5,000 for two-year-olds at five and a half furlongs and the Saratoga Handicap of like value for the handicap division over the course of a mile and a quarter as the big features of the card, the annual Summer race meeting of the Saratoga Association for the Improvement of the Breed of Horses will open tomorrow afternoon, to continue throughout the month.

In addition to the two specials the followers of racing through the field will be entertained by the running of the $2,000 Shillelah Steeplechase, which annually marks the opening of the steeplechasing season at the Spa. In the other three numbers on the card there has been a top heavy entry, insuring a splendid afternoon of racing.

Five have been named to go to the post in the Saratoga Handicap, in which the East will pin its faith on the Rancocas Stable's eight-year-old Mad Hatter to uphold the honors against the challenge of the West as represented by Hal Price Headley's almost equally famous six-year-old mare Chacolet.

There is every indication that the meeting which will open tomorrow will surpass all previous years in both the attendance of supporters of the turf and in the quality of the contestants. On the eve of opening day Saratoga is filled with enthusiasts. Every train from New York today brought its hundreds to add to those already here and the streets tonight are as crowded as at the height of the season in the past.

The Saratoga entry has created intense interest among the incoming host of race followers, as it will mark the first appearance of Admiral Cary. T. Grayson's My Own, first substitute to Zev in the international race at Belmont Park last October.

My Own is in tip-top condition and so is the Western mare, while the representative of the President of the Saratoga Association has been especially pointed for tomorrow's début.

The Flash Attracts Interest.

The Flash has a remarkable entry of seventeen, and if half of these crack juveniles go to the post it should make a stirring race. Added interest is lent by the appearance of some of the Western youngsters and it will be the first elimination test of the Saratoga meeting for the determination of the juvenile championship. The Flash is one of the oldest fixtures on the American turf, having been established in 1849, and it is one of the most coveted of the Saratoga fixtures for the two-year-olds. It will mark the début of George D. Widener's Felix, Harry Payne Whitney's Overall, the Greentree Stable's Shirley Cup and Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Sun Polly while the Idle Hour Stock Farm has named its Helmet colt Buttin II to uphold Western honors.

The five-furlong dash for maiden two-year-olds has attracted an entry of twenty-eight, almost half of which have never faced a barrier in a race. The other overnight numbers have drawn proportionately large entries, and spectators at the opening day will have numbers in addition to quality in the six events on the card.

Stabling Record Broken.

More horses are stabled within the grounds of the Saratoga Association or in the numerous private barns which surround it than in any previous year in the history of racing at the Spa. There would be hundreds more if there were room for them and events to keep them profitably employed during the month of racing which begins tomorrow.

There were comparatively few visitors at the track this afternoon, the sharp rainstorm keeping enthusiasts confined closely to their hotels for the most part. It also afforded respite for Epinard, the French champion passing an afternoon in quiet, with his attendants doing in their nearby quarters.

The rain was just what was needed to put the grounds of the Saratoga Association in almost perfect condition. The improvements begun a few years ago by President R. T. Wilson Jr. and his associates have now been practically completed and the park in a scene of beauty which will be further enhanced tomorrow afternoon by the touch of color in racing silks, the prancing of highly strung thoroughbreds and the Summer finery of the fair followers of racing.

The entries:

FIRST RACE—The Inaugural; for maidens; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. Batter Up 110 pounds, Frappeur 109, B. Waring 122, Applegate 116, Flough Boy 122, Gypsy King 110, Nellie Kelly 101, Batsman 110, Long Point 104, Ohone 113, Teneyck 104, Spic and Span 110, Lord Martin 110, Pepp 116, Polycarp 118, Brice 110.

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles: Conniebert, 135 pounds, Rummel 139, Fraternity II. 140, Fane, Lady 138, Peccant 130, Vox Populi II. 149, K. of G'nane 143, Herriad 138, Beck 140.

THIRD RACE—The Flash; two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Buttin II 116 pounds, Overall 108, Beatrice 112, Bother 112, Sun Polly 103, Pelagogue 118, A. Jordan 116, Jim Dandy 116, M. Crump 116, Nicholas 115, Sar. Maje 108, Felix 108, Gold Piece 110, C. F. Tales 108, Cloudland 115, Stampdale 115, Sun Heather 108.

FOURTH RACE—The Saratoga Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Wilderness 120 pounds, Mad Hatter 130, Sunsini 107, Chacolet 119, My Own's 124. Note—The weight on Sunsini includes a penalty of five pounds.

FIFTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Kellerman 106 pounds, Aragon 106, Thunderclan 116, *Lighter 101, King O'Neil II. 108, *St. Valentine 108, *Yankee Princess 108, Contagion 116, Ol' Woodbourne 106, *Great Power 93, Prince Hamlet 108, Master Hand 110.

SIXTH RACE—Maiden; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Gala Night 115 pounds, Dangerous 115, Legal Tender 115, Mad Sheik 115, N. March 115, Adolphus 115, Silver Fox 115, Ensign 115, Polo Star 115, Volcano 115, Perroquet 115, Tyrcot 115, Red Sultan 115, American Miss 115, The Bat 115, Sun Heather 115, Marcellus 115, Lithuania 112, Crimean 115, Pocantico 115, Cleau 115, Pot Shot, 115, Inverness 115, Backbone 115, Star Maje 115, Blue Ridge 115, Mail Bord 112, J. S. Monty 115.

*Weather cloudy, track fast.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

RACELAND ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; claiming; one mile. San San 102 pounds; Real Foot 106, Lady Inez 103, Widgeon 110, Rog 106, Willow Tree 108.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; claiming; six furlongs. Zoroaster 114 pounds, Sans 114, Mac O'Boy 102, Stamp 114, Shine On 97.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five furlongs. Persian Maid 106 pounds, *Cantress 104, *Ivory 96, Clara Hougland 100, Receiver 102, Modeste 108.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $800; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Rare Jade 109 pounds, Duanne 109, Sequito 106, Dorothy Adams 107, Pirouette 104, *Lady Newtown 104.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; claiming; six furlongs. Neil Jo 97 pounds, Paulina 97, Hughie 106, Boss Man 102, Runchier 102.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $800; claiming; five furlongs. Patrick Sarsfield 103 pounds, Cherebu 107, Silloway 104, Coquina 104, Margaret Martin 108, Hidden Lester Doctor 111, Argumental 108.

SEVENTH RACE—The John E. Buckingham; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. *Rayne 99 pounds, *Esquire 102, Exalted Brown 100, Pure, Dispatch 102, Distant 111, Attorney 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Entries, Riders, Probable Odds, Weights in Saratoga Handicap

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 31.—The West will challenge the East in the first big stake of the Summer meeting of the Saratoga Association when Chacolet, Hal Price Headley's great race mare, will start tomorrow afternoon in the Saratoga Handicap, the featured number on the card for the opening day. The six-year-old daughter of St. Amant and Martial Note will face the Salubria Stable's My Own, the Rancocas Stable's old Mad Hatter, R. T. Wilson Jr.'s Wilderness and the Lilane Stable's Sunsini at a mile and a quarter and the $5,000 in added money. The entries, weights, jockeys and probable odds are as follows:

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Probable Odds.
Mad Hatter	130	Sande	2 to 1
My Own.	124	Barnes	3 to 1
Wilderness	120	Marine	3 to 1
Chacolet	119	Kennedy	4 to 1
Sunsini	107	Callahan	6 to 1

FORT HAMILTON FOUR WINS 11TH STRAIGHT

Beats Freeport in Second Game of Series, 8 to 0—Major Sands and Capt. Neu Star.

Fort Hamilton's triumphant polo team, which has not experienced the sensation of leaving the field in defeat this season, yesterday added its eleventh straight victory to its record of 1924 by beating the Freeport four at Fort Hamilton in the second of a three-game series. The final score was 8 to 0.

It was Fort Hamilton's splendid combination work, which has been a factor to be considered in every game this year, that brought the army team to victory, although the individual mallet work of Major Sands also was prominent. Seldom was the Freeport team able to carry the ball past the middle of the field, and when it did threaten, Captain Neu's mallet always seemed to be ready to send it toward the sideboards and safety or back down the field. Only on three occasions did the Freeport forwards get the ball past the goal line, and all of the attempts went wide of the posts.

The line-up:

FT. HAMILTON (8).	FREEPORT (0).
No. 1—Capt. Bratton.	No. 1—L. Rasmussen.
No. 2—Major Sands.	No. 2—W. Rasmussen Jr.
No. 3—Capt. Tupper.	No. 3—A. Sedden.
Back—Capt. Neu.	Back—L. Downes.

Goals—Fort Hamilton: Bratton 2, Sands 3, Tupper 2, Neu 1.

Referee—Major Rasmussen. Time—Six periods of 7½ minutes each.

EPINARD BREEZES UNDER DOUBLE PULL

French Horse Is Said to Be 40 Pounds Heavier Than When He Landed in America.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 31.—Eugene Leigh will have his first glimpse of some of the opposition that Epinard is likely to face in the mile and a quarter International special No. 3 at Latonia next October when the horses go to the post tomorrow afternoon in the Saratoga Handicap at the same distance. Wilderness, Mad Hatter, Chacolet, My Own and Sunsini are all being pointed for that event to uphold American honors against the French champion. They are fit now for hard racing, while Pierre Wertheimer's four-year-old is just on the threshold of his real training.

There was no variation in Epinard's program this morning. Leonard Madden had the leg up when the colt went out to jog with the second set of the Sanford Stud Farm's string. Three turns of the track were the preliminaries to breaks through the homestretch during which Madden had the colt under double wraps. Leigh said this afternoon that the same program would be followed tomorrow while next week the colt birds will be looking for something in the way of real work.

That Epinard is fully forty pounds heavier than when he landed on the Cunard dock from the Berengaria was the declaration this afternoon of a veteran turfman who has not seen the colt since he arrived on this side. The deep creases in his hips which were so noticeable then are rapidly filling out, his ribs are covering nicely and the bloom of his coat is comparable to the sheen of satin.

HAWTHORNE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; maiden colts and geldings; purse $1,000; five furlongs. Mark Master, 115 pounds (Pool), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 5 to 5, first; Idle 5, first; Bathos, 115 (Gross), 5 to 2, 8 to 5, second; Balboa, 113 (Wiener), 1 to 4, third. Time—1:03 2-5. St. Charles, Spandor, Bad Luck, Chiquo, Surprise, Pilisar and Will Wells also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-sixteenth miles. Over Fire, 106 pounds (Ellis), 9 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Will, 96 (Griffin), 8 to 1, 4 to 1, second; Sun Mart, 101 (Chalmers), 8 to 5, third. Time—1:52. Doughoregan, Jimson, Jack Frost, Fair Orient and Londola also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Hidden Jewel, 116 pounds (Chalmers), 13 to 5, even, 1 to 2, first; Our Nor, 111 (Hoelscher), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Eventide, 99 (Tetzan), 7 to 10, third. Time—1:11. Miss Fortune, Scamper, Corto, Goldie II. and Lavinia also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; the Anne Nichols; purse $1,600; six furlongs. The Runt, 113 pounds (Barrett), even, 2 to 5, out, first; Marcantile, 103 (Pickens), 1 to 3, out, second; Riverglade, 102 (Chalmers), even, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Miss Cerina and Muldraugh also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Bona Vera, 111 pounds (Ellis), 7 to 10, 1 to 5, out, first; Delsan, 109 (Harrington), 2 to 1, 7 to 10, second; Black Gracchus, 106 (Francis), 10 to 1, third. Time—1:49. Max Brick and Townsend also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one and one-sixteenth miles. Tangerine, 107 pounds (Chalmers), 11 to 5, 4 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Doubtful, 107 (Ellis), 4 to 5, 1 to 4, second; Sequel, 99 (Celton), even, third. Time—1:50 3-5. Haleakala and Darius also ran.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

HAWTHORNE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; for maiden three-year-olds; six furlongs. Ivy 111 pounds, Double T. 116, Lingo 116, Good Morning 111, Pinch of Snuff 111, Lanoll 116, Statler 116, Silmax 116, Fair Egeria 111.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Gliego 112 pounds, Elsie Lee 109, Kenneth 117, Phyllis Gentry 104, Anna —, Dougherty 105, Helen Carter 104, Little Jimmy 107, Linda Zinda 109, Bad Boy 104, Unguentine 104, Winnie O'Wynn 104.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. *Tillandsia 111 pounds, Tillandsia 116, Goldie II. 116, Mason Towle 111, *St. Angelus 114, *Scamper 101, Harold K. 116, Louise Walker 111.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. *Bessie Leighton 110 pounds, Mary Ellen O. 106, Silence 116, *Madina 93, *Sans Peur II. 111, *Prescutter 111, *Cheer Leader 111, *Herald 111, Cannon Ball 116, Gay Ford 116, *Chaplet 108, *Procedo 111, *Molinero 111.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Put and Take 111 pounds, Saddle-Cote 111, Mollie D. 106, Jane 116, Chief Clerk 111, Vanishing Boy 116, *May Bruce 108, Lester Doctor 111, Argumental 108.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Little Smoke 116, Koellia 116, *Long Green 106, *Big Sapp 111, Ontario 116, Guy 116, Newsagent 116, Peter Brown 111, Spanish 116.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

TILLIE BROOKE WINS THE DETROIT STAKE

Captures Feature at Opening of Grand Circuit Meet at Devonshire Track.

HOLLYROOD FRISCO VICTOR

Takes 2:18 Trot in Straight Heats —Sparkle First in 2:10 Pace— Crozier Scores Double.

WINDSOR, Ontario, July 31.—More than 3,500 persons watched the opening program of the six-day Detroit Blue Ribbon Club Grand Circuit meeting at Devonshire Track today. The card was weakened somewhat by withdrawals for fear of rain, but all of the heats were characterized by speed on the home stretch. A high wind slowed down the time.

The feature of the opening day was the Detroit Stake for 2:12 trotters, in which Tillie Brooke stood out as much the best. Voltage and Thompson Dillon staged a pretty race for second place, the latter winning. Tillie Brooke did not have to race the third heat under the new three-heat plan.

Hollyrood Frisco won in straight heats in the 2:18 trot, while the 2:10 pace was the only race with split heats. La Paloma took the first heat, with Sparkle second, while the latter took the next two to give La Paloma second place. Sparkle's victory gave Crozier the honor of being the day's double winner.

The summaries:

2:12 TROT—THE DETROIT.

Purse $2,000; three heats.

Tillie Brooke, b. m., by Justice Brooke (Murphy)	1	1	re
Thompson Dillon, blk. g. (Cox)	3	3	1
Voltage, b. g. (Egan)	2	2	2
Sarah Thomas, br. m. (Stokes)	5	5	3
Silidar, b. h. (White)	6	4	4

David Axworthy and Barksdale also started.

Time—2:06¼, 2:06½, 2:14¾.

2:10 PACE.

Purse $1,000; three heats.

Sparkle, br. h., by San Francisco (Crozier)	2	1	1
La Paloma, b. m. (Weiverton)	1	2	2
Ribbon Cane, b. m. (Childs)	3	3	3
Gilded Lady II, b. m. (Egan)	4	4	4
Skeeter W., b. m. (Cox)	5	5	5

Time—2:06¼, 2:06¾, 2:05¾.

2:18 TROT.

Purse $1,000; three heats.

Hollywood Frisco, blk. g., by San Francisco (Crozier)	1	re	
Jean Worthy, ch. h. (Childs)	2	5	1
Laughter, b. m. (Murphy)	3	2	4
Kernel, b. h. (White)	5	3	2
Sequela, ch. g. (Palin)	4	4	3

Max also started.

Time—2:08¼, 2:09, 2:11¾.

RAIN HALTS POLO SERIES.

Downpour Keeps Tentative Team Idle—Will Play Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., July 31.—A sudden shower today washed out the seventh game of the series of polo games from which the Defense Committee of the United States Polo Association will pick the American combination to defend the International Challenge Cup against Great Britain in September. The tentative four was to have faced the California horsemen who have come across the continent in quest of the national junior championship, for which they will compete at Rumson next week, but just before play was scheduled to start the clouds broke loose and after some twenty minutes of steady rain the field was in such a condition that the contest had to be called off.

The American team will next take the field on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The opposition has not yet been selected, but it is not likely that it will be the Californians as their string of ponies soon will be transferred to Rumson. That Joe Watson Webb is not out of the running for a place on the American four was indicated by the plans of the Defense Committee for today. Eric Pedley, who has been playing No. 1 on the tentative team recently, was to have shared the position today with Webb, the man he displaced, each playing four periods against the Californians.

RIOWNA IS FIRST HOME.

Toronto Craft Wins Opening Leg in Race for George Cup.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 31.—Riowna, entry of the Toronto Canoe Club, breaking into the lead on the first leg of the International Class R sailing race for the George Cup, captured first honors in the Lake Ontario classic held over the waters of Chaumont Bay today. The race will continue Friday and Saturday.

After capturing the lead at the first buoy, the Riowna never was headed and crossed the finish line of the fifteen-mile course well in the lead of Latonka II., entry of the Oswego Yacht Club. Lillian E., flying the colors of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto, took third place; Huskie, Crescent Yacht Club of Watertown, defender of the George Cup, was fourth and Cheryla, Kingston (Ontario) Yacht Club, was fifth.

Starting at 11 A. M., the race was finished shortly after 2 P. M. The times were: Riowna, 2:07:53; Latonka II., 2:10:54; Lillian E., 2:13:06; Muskie, 2:15:54; Cheryla, 2:21:14.

RACELAND RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Ruby, 107 pounds (Long), $9.10, $3.60, $2.70, first; Jupiter, 112 (Smallwood), $2.90, 2.30, second; Dolly Gaffney, 110 (Thompson), $3, third. Time—1:19. Acoucia 2d and Alluring also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Elisabeth K., 108 pounds (Grey), $5.90, $3, $2.70, first; Letter F., 98 (Steinhart), $4.70, $3.90, second; Little Tower, 110 (Sharpe), $4.70, third. Time—1:12. Return, Coquina and Brinkley also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Gordon Shaw, 112 pounds (McAuliffe), $8.30, $5.10, $2.80, first; Sullivan, 103 (Pool), $3.80, $2.90, second; Billy Brummel, 112 (Roberts), $7.10, third. Time—1:16 3-5. Rapid Traveler, The Girl and Atonement also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; one mile and seventy yards. Lexington Maid, 108 pounds (Pool), $3.10, $2.60, $2.50, first; Mac O'Boy, 103 (Steinhart), $5, $3, second; Wafarsky, 112 (Sharpe), $3.80, third. Time—1:52 4-5. Miss America, Loudon Smoke, Miss Murdock and Southern Pacific also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-olds, maidens; fillies; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Lady In Gold, 112 pounds (Long), $4, $3.90, $2.80, first; Homing Bird, 112 (Smallwood), $4.60, $3.80, second; Beulah Stone, 112 (Sharpe), 10 to 1, third. Time—1:13 2-5. What's Dot, Anne Lee and Miss Dodge also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five and one-half furlongs. Brunhilde, 111 pounds (Smallwood), $9.90, $3.70, $2.50, first; Subtle, 114 (Sharpe), $2.90, $2.30, second; Rock of Ages, 110 (McAuliffe), $2.40, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Adjuster and Deceitful also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; one mile. Krishna, 103 pounds (Long), $11.30, $5.30, $3.50, first; Sophisma, 112 (Sharpe), $3.70, second; Benforeacreful, 111 (Steinhart), $4.20, third. Time—1:48. Repeater, Moon Glide, Joseph and Peggy also ran.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Steeplechase A. A., Rockaway Beach—Archie Walker vs. Jack McFarland, twelve rounds; Mike Burke vs. Frankie Carpenter, twelve rounds; Al Secreda vs. Bobby Vaughan, ten rounds; Yves Horreilou vs. Jimmy Kirsch, four rounds.

West New York (N. J.) Playgrounds—Mickey Brown vs. Joey Baker, eight rounds; Johnny Reisler vs. Johnny Darcy, eight rounds; Bill Kennedy vs. Mickey Wilson, eight rounds; Jack Rose vs. Bobby Green, eight rounds.

Ocean View A. A., Long Branch, N. J.—Maxey Abramowitz vs. Joe McCarthy, twelve rounds; Ollie Pierce vs. Young Woodie, eight rounds; Ernie Ryefogie vs. Buddy Lewis, ten rounds; Jack Kilian vs. Sailor Kelly, ten rounds; Jack Kelly vs. Ocean Boy, four rounds.

Newark, N. J.—[illegible] of the Heat day's [illegible] meeting [illegible] postponed until [illegible]

H.H. Aga Khan's Teresina Wins Goodwood Cup and £1,000

GOODWOOD, England, July 31 (Associated Press).—H. H. Aga Khan's Teresina by Tracery out of Blue Tit, today won the Goodwood Cup and £1,000 stakes. A. R. Cox's Leonardo was second and Lord Woolavington's Keror third. Six horses ran. Teresina won by a neck, and three lengths separated second and third. The betting was 9 to 4 against Teresina, 3 to 1 against Leonardo and 5 to 1 against Keror.

GEARHART IS STAR IN RUMSON VICTORY

Counts Four Times Against Monmouth Polo Team and Helps in 6-7 Triumph.

Special to The New York Times.

EATONTOWN, N. J., July 31.—In the semifinal polo match for the Eatontown Cups played today, the Rumson Freebooters defeated the Monmouth four by the score of 8 to 7. Captain C. H. Gearhart, playing No. 2 for Rumson, was the outstanding performer in a closely contested game, scoring four of the six earned goals in some fast gallops down the field and from difficult angle shots. He was well mounted on some of the United States Army ponies which are being used in practice at Camp Vail by the Army team which is entered in the Junior Championship, starting at the Rumson Country Club, Aug. 9.

The Monmouth team did not get going until the fourth period, when Lehman tallied 2 goals in quick succession, followed a minute or two later with tallies by Seligman and Gilman. Monmouth was held scoreless for the next three chukkers while Captain Gearhart shot 3 goals and Rumson took a lead which the Monmouth horsemen were unable to overcome, although they made a desperate attempt in the last chukker, when Lehman and Seligman scored. The winners of today's game meet the Camp Vail team in the cup final on Sunday afternoon.

The line-up:

RUMSON FREEBOOTERS (8).	MONMOUTH (7).
No. 1—T. H. Field Jr.	No. 1—W. Seligman.
No. 2—Capt. C. H. Gearhart.	No. 2—G. C. Sherman.
No. 3—W. G. Stonebridge.	No. 3—R. Lehman.
Back—T. E. Field Sr.	Back—Fred Gilman.

Goals—Rumson: Gearhart 4, Field Jr. 1, Stonebridge 1, by handicap 2. Monmouth: Lehman 3, Seligman 2, Sherman 1, Gilman 1.

Referee—Max Phillips.

BOUT SITE STILL IN DOUBT.

Walker-Leonard Match Hangs Fire Pending Decision.

Despite the fact that Tex Rickard definitely has announced that the world's welterweight championship bout between Mickey Walker, the titleholder, and Benny Leonard, lightweight champion, would be held in New York on Aug. 21 and not in Jersey City, as he originally had planned, the match continues to hang fire. Rickard's difficulties now lie in locating a site where he will be able to stage the bout on the scheduled date.

Following the announcement that the bout would be fifteen rounds to a decision in accordance with the demand of the New York State Athletic Commission, it had generally been expected that the Polo Grounds would be selected as the scene of the battle. No definite announcement on this, however, was forthcoming yesterday and Rickard, apparently, still has to close his deal with Charles A. Stoneham, head of the Polo Grounds A. C., and Jimmy Johnston, the club's matchmaker, which would permit him to hold the bout at the Giants' home.

Rickard himself holds no license to conduct bouts at the Polo Grounds. The promoter's only outdoor arena at present in this city is the New York Velodrome, and this would hardly be selected in view of its seating capacity being far below that required for a championship battle of the magnitude of the proposed Walker-Leonard meeting.

The Yankee Stadium, of which Johnston also is the matchmaker, also is eliminated, for the present at least, because the Yankees will be using their grounds around the time scheduled for the bout.

GENARO TO BOX CURTIN.

Villa's Rival Will Meet Jersey City Flyweight Tuesday.

Two bouts, each of which is expected to have a direct bearing on the makeup of future championship matches, are scheduled for the Nostrand A. C. in Brooklyn next Tuesday night. In one of these, Frankie Genaro, the American flyweight champion, and holder of a decision over Pancho Villa before the Filipino gained the world's championship, will clash with Irish Johnny Curtin of Jersey City. The other will bring together Mike Ballerino, the Bayonne junior lightweight, and Johnny Leonard of Allentown, Pa.

VERMETTE LEADS IN SHOOT.

Advances From Third Place in U. S. Infantry Pistol Tryouts.

FORT NIAGARA, N. Y., July 31.—Lieutenant R. E. Vermette of Fort Williams, Me., was leading today in tryouts for the United States Infantry National Match Pistol team. Lieutenant Vermette, yesterday in third place today brought his total score to 1,040 out of a possible 1,200.

Captain W. A. Hedden, military instructor in the Birmingham, Ala., high school, was second with 1,032, Lieutenant Eduardo Andino of Mayaguez, Porto Rico, third with 1,025; Captain L. S. Spooner, military instructor at the University of Pennsylvania, fourth with 1,025, and Lieutenant R. F. Hines of Fort Snelling, Minn., fifth with 1,018. The tryouts will continue through tomorrow.

WELCOMES OLYMPIC TEAM.

Montevideo Takes Holiday to Greet Uruguayan Athletes.

MONTEVIDEO, July 31.—This city today took a holiday to welcome home Uruguay's victorious Olympic football team, which arrived from Paris. An enormous crowd gathered at the pier to greet the athletes, and other thousands lined the principal streets to cheer the returning heroes as they led a big parade.

Utica to Finish Season.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 31.—Utica will play the remaining games of its 1924 schedule in the New York-Pennsylvania League away from home. Officials of the Utica Club yesterday returned their franchise to President John H. Farrell, because of heavy financial losses.

Stone Knocks Out Burke.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 31.—Ad Stone of Philadelphia scored a knockout over Jack Hurlie of Pittsburgh in the fourth round of their scheduled twelve-round bout here tonight.

Rain Halts Monroe Meetings.

MONROE, N. Y., July 31.—Rain yesterday caused the postponement of the [illegible] meet here today. The [illegible] postponed until [illegible]

FIRPO PITCHES CAMP, STARTS WORK TODAY

Argentinian Opens His Quarters at White Sulphur Springs Hotel.

WILL NOT BOX FOR A WEEK

First Training to Be Road Work and Rope Skipping—To Add American Boxers to Staff.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 31.—Nestling among the foothills of Saratoga far from the white lights of Broadway and the prying eyes of the curious, the training camp of Luis Angel Firpo, Argentine heavyweight, was pitched today. Despite a drizzling rain which drenched the surroundings, the South American took off his coat immediately upon his arrival and prepared for the grind to condition himself for his test against Harry Wills, negro heavyweight, at Boyle's Thirty Acres in Jersey City Sept. 11.

Directly in front of the White Sulphur Springs Hotel, where Firpo is staying, a regulation ring has been set up, surrounding seats giving the place an amphitheatre effect. It is the same spot in which Jack Dempsey trained last Summer for his match with Firpo.

Firpo said today he liked the place and its "back-to-nature" atmosphere, which already has had its invigorating effect on him. Actual training will be started tomorrow in the shape of road work, rope skipping, bag punching, rowing and baseball. He intimated that it would be at least a week before he laces gloves on his hands.

A bit of professional jealousy marred Firpo's arrival. The South American found Mike McTigue, world's light heavyweight champion; Bartley Madden, New York heavyweight, and Jack Britton, former world's welterweight champion, in training at the camp upon his arrival. The trio left when Firpo arrived, claiming they did not want to share their spotlight with the South American. They found other quarters near the Firpo camp.

Firpo and his party arrived in Albany early this morning, after traveling from New York on the night boat. The party was up early, and after breakfast Firpo visited William S. Hackett, after which he left for White Sulphur Springs by motor car.

Tom Luther is taking personal charge of Firpo's needs, and Dan Washington, veteran negro rubber, will supervise his physical condition. Jack Tex Rickard's personal representative, is in charge of the camp here. He intimated today that three or four American heavyweights would be added to Firpo's staff of sparring partners once the Argentinian gets down to hard training.

Firpo played soccer, took a motor ride into Saratoga Springs, and went rowing on the lake this afternoon.

MADDEN TRAINING HARD.

Renault Also Getting Into Shape for Queensboro Bout Aug. 11.

Bartley Madden, the west side Irishman who gained considerable distinction when he traveled the full distance in his bout with Harry Wills, and Jack Renault, the giant Canadian, have settled down to hard training in preparation for their battle, which will be held in the Queensboro Stadium under the auspices of the Queensboro A. C. on the night of Aug. 11. Madden at present is training at White Sulphur Springs, N. Y., and his manager announced that he had sought the services of Jerry the Greek, one of Jack Dempsey's sparring partners. Both men already report in first-class physical condition, and each believes that he will not need more than a week of intensive work, confined mostly to boxing, to put him in tip-top shape.

Larry Estridge and Panama Joe Gans, negro middleweights, also have settled down to hard work in preparation for their match, which will be the semi-final to the Madden-Renault meeting.

TOWNSEND READY FOR BOUT

Chicago Boxer and Flowers in Match Tomorrow Night.

Jack Townsend, a Chicago light heavyweight, and Tiger Flowers of Atlanta are reported to be in top form for their twelve-round battle, which will feature the card of boxing at the Commonwealth Sporting Club in Harlem tomorrow night. Both men completed their hard training yesterday and will engage only in light exercise today to keep themselves on edge. A hard battle is expected, and, as each is the possessor of a knockout wallop, there is a strong possibility that the bout may terminate before its scheduled limit.

CRESCENT A. C. DEFEATED.

Cricket Team Loses to Merion Club by Score of 213 to 146.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn was beaten in a cricket match today at the Merion Cricket Club, 213 to 146. R. C. Leckey was high scorer for the Crescents with 27 runs, while C. C. Callaghan of Merion was the star of the match with 68 runs.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1924.

PROVING TOO MUCH.

Party headquarters, during these dull pre-campaign days, seem to find their chief justification for living by affording a brief resting place for visiting statesmen. They drop in ostensibly to learn but in reality to teach. The interviews which they give are necessarily rosy with optimism for their own party and candidates. That is a recognized part of the etiquette. But sometimes these gentlemen rather overdo their explanations of how it is all going to happen next November. The other day, for example, Senator WATSON of Indiana paid a flying call at Republican headquarters in this city and took occasion to announce to the reporters with due solemnity that President COOLIDGE was absolutely certain to be elected. But incidentally he remarked that the La Follette party would probably carry "eight or nine States." He apparently did not perceive how his second statement ate up his first. If Senator LA FOLLETTE really gets eight or nine States, it is obvious that a majority for President COOLIDGE in the Electoral College will be gravely imperiled.

The latest Republican Senator to raise a doubt while professing to spread unbounded confidence is Mr. PEPPER of Pennsylvania. He came all the way to New York to tell the Eastern director of the Republican campaign that this year's fight will be narrowed down to a contest between President COOLIDGE and Senator LA FOLLETTE. The implication plainly is that the Democrats with Mr. DAVIS will be, as the newspaper headlines put it, "out of the running." If they are, and if LA FOLLETTE is second in the race, then it is certain that nobody will have a majority in the Electoral College. There is such a thing as proving too much. It is fine to bring good cheer to your political friends, but if the reasons which you give are of a sort which really ought to depress them, perhaps the whole had better have been left unsaid.

OVER THE FIRST HURDLE.

Although the French compromise proposal settling the method of procedure in case of German default under the Dawes plan has still to be accepted by the conference in plenary session, the fact that it has met with the enthusiastic approval of the experts' committee justifies the hope that this most formidable obstacle in the way of the conference has finally been removed. The French plan, which gives to a majority of the Reparation Commission the right to declare whether Germany is in default, but provides that the minority of the commission may submit the decision to an arbitral committee, appears to give adequate security to the investors who have feared the results of independent action by France, and yet does not altogether deprive France of what she believes to be her just rights. Although this proposal may meet with opposition from the French Nationalists and may not be so welcome to the bankers as would be some more positive plan, it appears to offer a compromise with as few defects as can be hoped for in such a difficult settlement.

The arbitral committee is to consist of three members, to be chosen unanimously by the Reparation Commission, or, in the lack of such unanimity, by the World Court. Of these the Chairman is to be an American and the other two of any nationality. It is thus possible that Scandinavians or Swiss or even South Americans may be called in to decide on a question of default. This possibility holds the promise of a decision by a board which certainly cannot be charged a priori with partiality, as the Reparations Commission may be. There will be time to think it over, and, what is fully as important, time not only for the reparations creditors but also for the representatives of the investors to make themselves heard and have their interests specifically weighed.

Other difficult problems remain to be solved. One concerns the right of appeal on the decisions of the agent for transfer of payments in case a situation arises in which payments are halted on account of unfavorable market condition, and in case there are delays in payment in kind. Another concerns the procedure for modifying the Dawes plan at some future date. The question of the military evacuation of the Ruhr, although properly a subject for direct negotiation between the occupying Powers and Germany, is nevertheless certain to be raised again. If the suggestion is to make this contingent upon the issuing and placing of blocks of railway and industrial bonds, it can hardly escape discussion.

Sharp as may be the disagreements on some of these points, they are of minor importance compared to the trouble about default and sanctions. The satisfactory solution of this principal difficulty, acceptable to all concerned, is the most important step. Assuring the flotation of the loan and so making the operation of the Dawes plan certain, it removes one of the greatest causes for friction between the French and the British. This in itself is a victory for peace, inasmuch as the carrying out of the Dawes plan is dependent, in the final analysis, upon a joint policy on the part of these two principal creditors of Germany.

THE "MOBILIZATION" FLURRY.

It was cruel of Mr. DAVIS to destroy by a word the fine partisan invention which got so good a start during his absence. It was to the effect that he was much distressed and would be greatly embarrassed by the action of Governor BRYAN in regard to what should be done in the test of national defense on Sept. 12. The story was gleefully put about that Mr. DAVIS, on his return from Maine, would emphasize his disagreement with Governor BRYAN, and would variously "rebuke" his running mate. What he actually did was simple, direct and sufficient. While favoring measures to test and enhance military efficiency, he declared himself in thorough agreement with Governor BRYAN as concerns getting civilians to leave their work to engage in "a military demonstration without any practical educational effect." As the War Department has made haste to disclaim any such intent, that part of the affair may be considered as dropped. Mr. DAVIS did not feel called upon to make any comment whatever upon the singular views which Governor BRYAN made public, "on the side," about the number of wars from which we have been saved by not being prepared. Those, too, may be left to fall—or float away—of their own weight.

Mr. DAVIS leaves no one in doubt of his desire that the military organization of the United States be kept in "practice." This is in entire accord with the Democratic platform, which asserts the intention of the party to maintain an adequate army and navy. That can only mean soldiers and seamen trained and tested. There is no more threat in army manoeuvres than there is in those of the fleet. It is more than a little absurd to read into the plans for Sept. 12 the idea of that "general mobilization" which in Europe in times past has so often preceded a declaration of war. The fears on this score which so distressed The World and some others would hardly survive actual inspection of the troops which it is expected to parade on Sept. 12. Not even the League of Nations could suspect that Senator LODGE and MEDILL MCCORMICK were about to take command of the American forces to drive the League out of Geneva!

In all the recent talk for and against mobilization, there has evidently been no little exaggeration due to a partisan animus. The whole thing is now better understood. The War Department has announced itself as entirely satisfied with the action of Governor BRYAN, no matter what it may think of his accompanying words, and it is to the essentials regarding which this agreement has been reached that Mr. DAVIS gives in his adhesion. So this two days' wonder is in the way rapidly to fade out.

BACK FROM FAIRYLAND.

It is good to have Mayor HYLAN back after his journey to the Golden West and his happy sojourn with the Wondersmith of Wonderland at San Simeon. If we are sometimes forced to differ with the Mayor's economic, educational and political conceptions, we never can admire enough his genius for friendship. When he gives himself, after due caution and experiment, he gives himself wholly. Nothing could be more generous than his delight in his other self, his "half," as MONTAIGNE would say, and MONTAIGNE'S beautiful friendship for ETIENNE DE LA BOETIE was neither so poetical nor so internal as the Mayor's for MR. HEARST. All the Pacific Coast breathes that soft enchantment. Oceanography is colored by it. The place of the Pacific in the world of waters is explained and justified for the first time. It "has a frontage of thirty miles on the Hearst ranch."

As Mr. HYLAN'S friend, as a man of vision, as a progressive climber of the steeps of thought, Mr. HEARST lives in a "magnificent palace on the enchanted hill." The Mayor lets us see the master of the palace, innocent and lovely in his earthly paradise. He is enclosed by the most charming Iberian domestic architecture, "surrounded by beautiful gardens of ever-blooming, gorgeous flowers and orchards of orange, peach and cherry trees." The palace is full of the marvels of art. In the great gardens and orchards every consummate flower and fruit abounds. On the modest little farm of 100,000 acres there is a permanent cattle show:

> About 12,000 head of Jersey, Hereford and Durham cattle, the finest in the world, along with deer, several of them white, elk and horses. You can see on this ranch a thousand head of cattle grazing peacefully on a thousand hills.

The landscape, like the language, is biblical, instinct with idyllic, simple charm; but, amid these bowers of bliss, there is no Palace of Idleness. Go to its castellan, thou sluggard, consider his ways and be wise:

> With this ranch and his Mexican ranch with 40,000 head of cattle, his twenty-four newspapers, nine magazines, two of which are in England, along with his moving-picture industry, all of which he keeps personally in touch with, he is very busy; and if any one thinks Mr. HEARST has much time for play or vacation he is very much mistaken.

Mr. HEARST, it must be admitted, occasionally plays a little with politics. But there is no hint of this or of that "progressive" scenery which the Mayor was looking at or for in his passage from California to Manhattan, from Los Angeles to Los Diablos. The suggestion that "international bankers" might do something for conservation and irrigation in the parched West is the only reminder. In the Mayor's narrative of his dream days in San Simeon, of the coarse political world. Again he shows himself the perfect and peerless friend. The enchanted palace has done him good. All his subjects, whatever their politics, will be glad of and congratulate him on that. As a dreamer, a poet and a friend, Mr. HYLAN would be beneficent and illustrious, even without his political hopes or new "progressive" ardors.

PARITY IN GUN RANGES.

The British Government having made representations to the United States and Japan that elevation of capital ship guns would, in its judgment, be a violation of the Washington naval treaty, the issue can now be taken up officially by the signatory Powers. The United States Navy Department has been of a contrary opinion, maintaining that the inhibition of alterations in the number or general type of mounting of main armament does not prevent the elevation of guns already in position. Of course, the provision was not put into the treaty without discussion at the conference, and it should be a simple matter to examine the minutes in order to arrive at a correct interpretation. It is now said for publication that the proposal to forbid alterations in gun mountings came from Great Britain herself, and that it was adopted to preclude the rebuilding of old battleships to carry guns of larger calibre. This explanation is in effect an argument for establishing the 5-5-3 ratio on something more than a tonnage basis.

Elevation of guns does not require new mountings. That is the American contention. The fact that the naval treaty aimed at parity between the fleets of Great Britain and the United States and a two-fifths superiority over the Japanese fleet cannot be challenged. There can be no parity and the ratio loses its meaning if the United States is at a marked disadvantage in the average range of its main batteries. What our Navy Department asks is an approximate equality of range—exact equality cannot be obtained when calibres vary. But an average could be struck and the United States fleet should have the benefit of it. Under existing elevations the big guns of some of our battleships outrange those of any British ships, but taking the British line of battle as a whole its range is superior to ours. Unless the disparity is corrected the spirit of the naval treaty will not govern.

When it is considered that in order to bring about limitation of armaments the United States relinquished an opportunity to become the strongest of naval Powers by discarding all but three of the capital ships of its 1916 program, how can Great Britain logically oppose the elevation of American guns on the retained ships to effect something like a parity of range? Her representations on the subject should have some other significance. It would be ungenerous for Great Britain to stand in the way of the elevation of American guns to the point of parity for the additional reason that she enjoys an undeniable tactical advantage in the greater speed of the ships of her line of battle.

An invidious policy in interpreting the naval treaty seems inconceivable. No other nation that is a party to it has made an objection to the elevation of American guns as mounted. Both France and Japan have either changed elevations or planned to change them. There is a mystery in the British position that can be cleared up only by parleys and a comparing of notes. It is now in order for the American State Department to propose some means of interpretation satisfactory to all concerned. It may become necessary to call a supplementary conference to go over the naval treaty and prune it of obscurities and doubtful meanings.

THE CITY A-WHEEL.

Taxi rates have descended in and upon New York with a suddenness that has made confusion inevitable. Until the low-fare meters have been installed the passenger will get for his money a ride and an excellent course in mathematics. The city's intelligence quotient should benefit by constant practice in subtracting 10 cents plus one-third from the clock. That feature, however, will pass, and with it, we assume, the trickery of isolated drivers with which the courts and the police have begun to deal.

More important is the question of economics. Can a taxi tariff sliced to less than half the present legal fare be expected to endure? At 20 cents a mile New York is riding more cheaply than Paris did before the war and only a little less cheaply than London did. In view of what has happened to price levels since the war, this would seem to be an anomaly. At the risk of looking a gift cab in the mouth, it may be suggested that we are only witnessing an experiment which will leave us much wiser at the end of the Summer. By that time the companies which have adopted the low rate will be in a position to check up permanent income against permanent cost. Against the gain from a reduction of "dead" mileage must be set up the increased wear and tear on human and mechanical equipment. If "dead" mileage is to be permanently kept alive, driver and cab must operate under increased pressure.

For that matter, we must wait for cooler weather before the rate of increase in passenger traffic is established. In the temperatures of the last fortnight there have been many more attractive places than the subway, and a taxi half mile for 10 cents is a temptation. It may be different later in the year. On the whole, there is reason for believing that low rates will educate many people to the taxi habit against the time when rates may go up again. The resultant traffic problem will be serious. The cruising taxi has already become a menace. With more cabs and intensified "cruising" the traffic authorities are likely to have their hands full.

Motor cab development in New York started late, but is making up for lost time. For a metropolis we were years behind London and Paris. As recently as five years ago the taxi was a luxury. Competition was attracted and prices have been forced down. There has been something like civil warfare in the industry; clashes between rival companies for special privileges, with hints of politics squatting, like HORACE'S dark rider, on the gasoline tank. Patrons of the big railroad terminals and the North River piers have lost count of the chromatic procession. Almost with the months the privileged cabs change from black and white to brown and white and to yellow and back again through the whole spectrum.

Out of the situation a thorough investigation of the problem by the municipal authorities will come inevitably. No ordinance can prohibit a taximan from carrying a passenger for as little as the driver chooses to ask. A legal maximum is different. The study of costs and profits will at the same time give us a notion of what the fair legal maximum should be and throw light on how far down competitive fares can go with the permanent assurance of safe and competent service.

THE SAGAS OF THE AIR.

The American fliers on their way from the Scottish isles are following in the air the paths which the Norsemen made in the sea on the voyages which led to their discovery of America. LEIF ERICSON in the year 1000 sailed in his Viking ship straight to Greenland without touching Iceland, but his father, ERIC the Red, before him, had made the Iceland-to-Greenland passage by sea, with twenty ships—a short lap of that long journey of LEIF the Lucky which ended in Vinland (not "Wineland," as it is commonly translated and is no longer properly designated, but "land of pastures.") Five hundred years before COLUMBUS landed on an island in the West Indies, "LEIF ERICSON" came rowing up the Charles in his "dragon ships," says one poetic interpreter of the sagas, precursor not only of the Great Admiral who with his little caravels "drove calmly on into the sunset away from the dawn," but of the voyagers in their winged ships returning to their home coasts from around the globe.

The Viking sagas smell of the sea. The sea rovers wore wings on their caps, but they were suggestive of sails rather than of planes. In the old sailing directions for voyages as given in the Landnáma Book (the Settlement's Book), written about 1200, the distance from a port on the coast of Norway to the easternmost point of Iceland is given not in miles but in days. It was reckoned as a "seven days' sail." From the west coast of Iceland to the eastern point in Greenland was a four days' sail, across the sea to the westward, a distance of 330 miles. In the year 1024 it is told in the Saga of OLAF the Saint that the voyage from Norway to where our fliers are to alight was made in eight days, but this was looked upon as an exceptional and extraordinary achievement. The Norse skippers had no compasses in those days, no instruments for measuring speed. They depended by day upon the sun, unless the sky was overcast or the weather was foggy, and by night, if clear, upon the pole-star. Otherwise they were left to their sea sense. Often they drifted about on the ocean for several months, having no notion whether they were in the eastern or western part of the Atlantic Ocean—the color or temperature of the water, the presence or absence of ice, or of birds, giving them their only guidance.

Now will come the sagas of the skies instead of the seas. These Vikings of the air will leave no coast or interior unvisited. "From this continent where LEIF ERICSON found only skraelings, savages, a new Babel has been built of all peoples. A descendant of the Vikings, IBSEN, has made one of his characters, Brand, say, speaking of Babel itself:

> And is your faith quite firm and fast
> That had these builders all spoken still
> One speech and acted with one will
> They would have plied the pinnacle
> Of Babel to heaven at last?

The Dean answers evasively that no one gets "quite to Paradise." But the new Viking poet finds the intimation, in the dream of JACOB'S ladder, of the final reaching of a goal, of which this flying of airmen around the earth is a waking augury. In the sagas of the air will be written a diametrically different story from that of Babel. And it will be America's opportunity to write it. Her symbols are of the sky. They are not provincial. In one of the Eddas is this more pertinent masculine symbolism of this world-encircling opportunity:

> In an eagle's guise at the end of heaven
> Hraesvelg sits, they say;
> And from his wings does this wind come forth
> To move o'er the world of men.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

When the Turret Exploded.

That the men in our army and navy are capable of heroic devotion in peace as well as in war is a fact which we take so much for granted that we sometimes overlook particular instances of it. Such action by officers and men during the explosion in the turret of the battleship Mississippi is graphically described by one of them—who is nameless—in a letter recently published in The Boston Transcript.

This junior officer tells how he was handling a powder train destined for the guns above, when by the yellow smoke coming out of the voice tube he saw that a fire had broken out. The signal system was already out of commission, so there was no answer to his signal to lower the hoists carrying the forty-eight bags of powder to get them away from the flames. His men reclaimed as much as they could and flooded the magazines. He stayed to shut the watertight door, and just in time was able to help the last man to come out of the turret alive. Accompanied by "a kid named MORGANSTINE, a Wop from the New Mexico," he went back to the handling room. As they approached the ladder leading up into the turret the second explosion occurred. With their gas masks they made another attempt to enter, but could not.

From the topside an entry was finally made. There were plenty of volunteers, the first to get in being the smallest, Ensign SMITH. Others, including the writer of the letter, followed and helped bring out the dead. As he went in the second time he got what he termed the scare of his life. With a horrible roar the left gun went off. In such circumstances any man would be pardoned for wanting to run. But the unnamed junior officer stayed on in the turret after that "to make the men I was working with think everything was all right." He stayed till the last man left, and when he got out himself was, he admits, a wreck.

He Died to Save Others.

Of a piece with this was the action of the man whose presence of mind in the face of the horrible death that overtook him saved the Mississippi from being blown sky high. "Every one on this ship," the junior officer writes, "can thank TOMMY ZELLARS for the last thing he did." This was to turn a lever which flooded the exposed powder and which saved the ship from complete destruction. When his body was found his hand still held the valve.

Of such devotion to duty and thought of others we had many examples during the war. Most of them—like the exploit of ZELLARS—were unsung and unknown save to a few comrades and relatives. In mine disasters and fires and other catastrophes during peace men and women when tried show great heroism. But rarely are they caught so unexpectedly, with only a brief instant before death in which to show that their last thought is how to save their comrades. Bad as was the disaster on the Mississippi, it might have been a hundredfold worse if in the emergency those who could had not thought quickly enough to do the right thing.

A New Literary Weekly.

The first number of The Saturday Review of Literature bears in its advertising columns promise of prosperity which its friends will hope to see abundantly realized. In form and in context—judging the latter not only from the initial issue but from the program outlined by the editor—the new Review is virtually a continuation of the Literary Review of The New York Evening Post, as conducted until a few months ago by HENRY SEIDEL CANBY. He has brought over with him the entire staff of the old Review reinforced by another Evening Post alumnus in the person of CHRISTOPHER MORLEY, who will roll his bowls on his well-known Green only one-sixth as often as he used to do in The Evening Post, but with the old dexterity, if one may judge from his first long-distance try all the way from the coast of Normandy.

A weekly publication devoted exclusively to literary criticism is an experiment in the sense of being a novelty in this country. Its success should not be experimental in view of the extraordinary increase of popular interest in the field of literary discussion and combat. The present-day ferment has more than spilled over into the world of books. The wars of the "generations" have been fought in great measure with books as ammunition.

In his former editorship Professor CANBY succeeded in combining neutrality between the combatants with a notably high standard of competence in his individual reviewers. It is his promise that the broad sympathies of his former publication will be retained and that in its columns will be found adequate treatment of both the literature that is "timely" and the literature that is "timeless." That is all one can ask, with the single reservation that sufficient caution be displayed in distinguishing between the timely and the timeless. Not all contemporary criticism is hesitant about slating for eternity what tickles it today.

To the handsome physical make-up of The Saturday Review we would register just one objection. The text of WILLIAM ROSE BENET'S "Phoenix Nest," successor to the earlier "Lobby," is as charming as ever. But the pale intercalary phoenixes are rather distracting. The bird should once more be relegated to the flames.

The Algonquin on the Job.

The versatility of our Coast Guard service is exemplified by the Algonquin's zeal to be useful in Northern Pacific waters. Having given medical and dental attention to eighty-five Aleutian Island Indians on Atka Island, she sailed for Kiska and Rat Islands to look after the teeth of its inhabitants and their general health. What a story the dentist of the Algonquin would have to tell if he has a sense of humor!

But the Algonquin doesn't stop at succoring the wards of the nation in the foggy northern islands. (What other nation fills and pulls the teeth of its subject people in the far-off open spaces in the limbo, as it were, of the created world?) The Algonquin has been radioing the whole sub-Arctic round for tidings of Major A. STUART MACLAREN, who has been trying to fly around the world. He is now a week missing, buried perhaps in the murk of the far-flung Kuriles. Not a word comes from him, but, then, he has no wireless.

On Saturday the Algonquin is due to arrive at Attu Island, and will stand by to give first aid to the plucky Britisher if he needs it. In busying itself about his safety the Algonquin reflects the sentiments of the American people, who would like to see the Major get round the world.

DAVIS THE MAN.

His Qualities and Temperament as an Iowan Sees Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A professional politician of Iowa, dear old Republican Iowa, seems to view with alarm (more or less general, if reluctant) the assent as to the calibre and impressiveness of John W. Davis, Democratic Presidential candidate.

The writer does not know Mr. Davis personally, but begs space in the widely circulated TIMES for a conception of Mr. Davis gradually being registered upon the sensitive plates of original, independent observers, the class of individuals who somehow manage to form just estimates of outstanding characters the world around. How is this for an estimate of our next President?

> Fine, but not fragile.
> Polite, but not too plastic.
> Quiet, but not secretive.
> Refined, but not fanciful.
> Balanced, but not inert.
> Stable, but not stubborn.
> Observant, but not visionary.
> Vigorous, but not flamboyant.
> Conservatively liberal, but not given to leaving the bars down to vandals and vandalism!

And, it may safely be opined, he does not class even the average foreigner as a vandal. Possibly the group that deliberately subscribes to the above impressionistic sketch of the candidate may receive a jolt in November; but will a short vote, or even a landslide, refute the authenticity of the above attributions? Knotty problems will confront the President-elect. There should be no knots in our executive timber. If our population includes a brand of American who is but secondarily partisan and who is primarily "patriotic," how is JOHN W. DAVIS as an example? W. H. COOK.

Webster City, Iowa, July 29, 1924.

Denies Tobacco Is Hurt.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An article in THE TIMES today, describing the disastrous effects of the drought on the tobacco crop, is misleading. Tobacco (Havana leaf) is our principal crop here and it has not suffered appreciably from the drought, and is not likely to.

The report of damage is probably sent out in the interest of the buyers, who would like to buy at a low price on the ground that the quality is poor and sell high on the ground that the crop is short.

As to the tobacco "completing the cycle and going to seed," that always occurs at this time of year. When the flower stalk is well started the grower cuts it off. The plant then sends up another stalk from the axil of the highest leaf and the grower soon breaks this also off. Then two or three more shoots are sent up and are broken off. This process is called "topping" and "suckering."

All this time the leaves have been growing larger and wider, and by the latter part of August it is time to begin harvesting the crop.

A wet, cloudy season makes a big leaf of poor quality, which dries out very thin; a dry, sunny season produces good tobacco. Drought, occurring like this one, after the plants have got started in the field, never does much damage.

GEORGE H. WRIGHT, M.D.

New Milford, Conn., July 29, 1924.

Education the Cure for Cancer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thank you for inviting and publishing in today's Sunday TIMES Dr. Soper's statement on the so-called cancer cure. Today the cure of cancer is not a serum, nor a ray, nor a drug, but the education of the people, who are all warned to act in time and seek the advice of modern scientific medicine.

JOS. COLT BLOODGOOD.

Baltimore, Md., July 27, 1924.

A DELAYED EXPLANATION.

Well, Dusky Doughboy, you've come home
From war a traveled man;
Tell me what cities there you saw—
Just name all that you can.

'La! Boss! You couldn't yo'se'f speak
De strange names o' dem towns,
Dey didn't only twist yo' tongue,
Dey turn yo' mind clean roun's.

One was "Fur-Sails," one "Back-a-Back,"
One "Aw-Go-On," one "Muse,"
Dar was "Muse On," "Fur Done" and "Ruin"—
Such names bound to confuse.

Dem names de Cap'n couldn' larn us
Of towns an us advance;
Dat's why dey tell us call curse yes—
Like dis: *Nomsukar-m France.*

MARTHA YOUNG.

A WISCONSIN OPINION.

The Working of Senator La Follette's Policies in His Own State.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The policies for which Mr. LA FOLLETTE stands have been tried in Wisconsin, more than in other States, for a generation. As Mr. LA FOLLETTE and his supporters propose to spread these policies over the whole nation, an inquiry as to how the welfare of the people of Wisconsin has been affected by these policies may be useful.

The meddling by the State in private enterprises and the depriving of men of the right to manage their property and business in their own way, and of the right of freedom of contract, are the essential characteristics of the LA FOLLETTE policies.

This business persecution has the same effect as religious persecution. Men will locate their industries in places where they have more industrial liberty than in Wisconsin. In my own limited experience I have known of scores of such cases. A friend of mine, who recently visited the towns near the Illinois line, tells me that the factories in Wisconsin are deserted, while those in Illinois are in full operation.

The figures of the censuses are convincing proofs that the LA FOLLETTE policies, which have been applied in Wisconsin, do not promote prosperity. From 1900 to 1920 the nation's population increased 39 per cent., Wisconsin's but 27 per cent. This is less than the natural growth of the State should have been by births and deaths and shows that more persons have left the State to better their condition than have come into it.

The people of Wisconsin are healthy and prolific. In 1921, for example there were in the United States 207 births to 100 deaths, in Wisconsin there were 224 births to 100 deaths. The State is not thickly settled and there is plenty of elbow room. Wisconsin's natural resources are equal to those of any other State. These factors, which promote the growth of the State, have been counteracted and the growth of the State has been stunted by the practice of the LA FOLLETTE policies in Wisconsin.

The relative prosperity of different communities is shown by their relative increase in population. The fact that from 1910 to 1920 Wisconsin's population increased only 12.8 per cent. and Michigan's 30.5 per cent. proves that the people of Wisconsin were worse off with their LA FOLLETTE policies than the people of Michigan were without them. The expansion of the automobile industry in Michigan could not have taken place under Wisconsin restrictions. Mr. Ford does not pick Wisconsin cities for his enterprises.

These census figures have a further significance. They show that the very classes for whose benefit it is pretended that LA FOLLETTE measures are passed are injured and not benefited by LA FOLLETTE measures. Wage earners, for example, constitute a large proportion, if not a majority, of the population. If the LA FOLLETTE policies in force in Wisconsin bettered the conditions of wage earners, and enabled them to maintain a higher standard of living, wage earners would flock to Wisconsin and swell its population. They don't. They go to other States, where the LA FOLLETTE policies are not in force.

Another fact should be mentioned. A considerable army of State employes is required to enforce the LA FOLLETTE policies. There must be commissions and more commissions, spies and smelling committees to see to it that the restrictions on business and industry are not violated. About ten years ago Wisconsin built a large State Capitol. But the number of State employes has been so increased that there is no room for them in the Capitol, and many offices have to be hired in Madison for their use.

The expense, then, of enforcing the LA FOLLETTE policies is considerable. It adds much to the burden of taxation. It accounts in a large measure for the fact that since 1900 Wisconsin's taxes have increased tenfold. The investors in industries and business in Wisconsin are doubly discouraged. They have to submit to a business persecution. They have to pay in extra taxes for the expense of being persecuted. No wonder they go elsewhere that they may be free from such oppression.

The LA FOLLETTE policies have proved a curse instead of a blessing to the people of Wisconsin. It would be a national calamity if they were adopted by the nation. HENRY T. SCUDDER.

Marinette, Wis., July 28, 1924.

Penn. R. R. and Churches.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the importance of the issues at stake and of the standing of the parties, it is unfortunate that a controversy should arise between the Federal Council of the Churches and Mr. Atterbury, the Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, over the Pennsylvania plan.

This is especially true when it is largely a question of fact and both parties are manifestly animated by the single purpose of promoting the welfare of all concerned.

The Pennsylvania Railroad, because of its magnitude, the number of its employes and the strength and efficiency of its system, is one of the most important in the country. Its "plan" of intercourse with its men is a natural outgrowth of its history and the more immediate result of recent efforts. It has attracted wide attention, in part because of an initial controversy with the Interstate Commerce Commission and because of its marked success.

A detailed report of the plan was recently made in New York by one of the employes, the Chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, and a review of this, with the story of its development, will be found in an editorial in The Financial Chronicle of this city, June 28. As THE TIMES reaches the general public, who really are the parties ultimately concerned, you will perhaps be justified in recalling attention to it. HENRY A. STIMSON.

New York, July 31, 1924.

No Radio Censorship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I respectfully refer to the statement appearing in your paper yesterday, July 29, under head "May Put a Limit on Campaign Talks," and in particular to the following paragraph:

> "Officials of the Radio Corporation of America explained that it was their custom to require written copies of proposed radio addresses in advance of delivery, *and to forbid any utterances that they considered unsuitable for transmission.*"

The italicised part of the above is a misstatement which may cause us future embarrassment, as it is not at all the policy of the Radio Corporation of America to wish to censor the political speeches of the accredited political candidates in the coming elections. When we have asked for an advance copy of a scheduled broadcast speech it has been when the subject was of a commercial nature, or one other than political, and with one of two ends in view, either when it was desired to give advance publicity to the speech, or when it was desirable to make certain that the speech was of a nature at once acceptable to the listening public.

I shall be very grateful to you if you will publish these facts. J. G. HARBORD.

New York, July 30, 1924.

POLITICS INSTITUTE WILL SURVEY WORLD

Leaders in Finance, Industry and Statecraft Gather for Sessions at Williamstown.

EUROPE'S AFFAIRS TO FORE

Chief Interest Centres on the London Conference, With the Delegates Confident of Success.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., July 31.—The fourth annual session of the Institute of Politics, whose aims include the advancement of world peace by the dissemination of knowledge about international affairs, will be opened here tomorrow—ten years after the beginning of the World War, and while the statesmen and bankers of Europe and America, in conference in London, are still trying to find a way to repair the ravages of that conflict.

Virtually all the big social, political and economic problems that confront the statesmen of the world today—in Europe, Great Britain, Russia and Japan, China, the Near East and Pan-American especially—will be discussed at meetings to be held daily during the entire month of August.

Emphasis will be laid upon those foreign relations which are of particular interest to the United States with regard to its commercial and agricultural prosperity, and which are expected to figure as political issues in the coming Presidential campaign.

There will be expert interpretations, as well as general discussion of the Dawes report, international loans, the influence of international bankers upon world affairs, the League of Nations, the World Court, disarmament, the new immigration policy, Philippine independence and other subjects of current interest.

The progress of the London conference toward reconciling conflicting views on the operation of the Dawes plan is the leading issue with members of the Institute on the eve of their first meeting, and is bound to hold a conspicuous position during the session. Among the Institute members, consisting of financiers, industrialists, political and military experts, college professors and others specially interested in international relations, a feeling of optimism exists that the London conference will be able to reach a solution of the problem of European reconstruction, which has baffled the world for nearly six years.

British Labor Man's View.

Richard Henry Tawney, one of the British spokesmen at this year's session of the Institute and a leading member of the intellectual wing of the British Labor Movement, said in an interview today that the delay in the deliberations at London should be regarded as an augury of ultimate success rather than failure. The news in the most recent dispatches from London, he went on, was very fair evidence of a determination to reach an agreement if any agreement were possible.

It is hard to imagine as Prime Ministers of France and Germany, Mr. Tawney continued, any two men personally more favorable to an effective settlement than HERRIOT and MARX.

"On the other hand," he said, "it must be recognized, of course, that HERRIOT and MARX, each in his own country, has a difficult public opinion to deal with. The question is how MACDONALD, HERRIOT and MARX can be brought to an understanding without unseating any one of their Ministries."

Besides Mr. Tawney, the British lecturers at the institute will be Sir James Arthur Salter, director of the economic and finance section of the League of Nations, who has also served as Chairman of the committee that accomplished the financial rehabilitation of Austria under the League, and as General Secretary from 1920 to 1922 of the Reparation Commission; and Sir Valentine Chirol, former director of the foreign department of The London Times, who is regarded as an authority on the Orient, especially India. These three lecturers are already in Williamstown.

The British contingent at the Institute is increased by the presence of Sir Paul Vinogradoff, Professor of Jurisprudence at Oxford University, who has arrived here with Lady Vinogradoff. Sir Paul will not lecture, but will head one of the "round table conferences."

French and German Lecturers.

The French and German lecturers are expected to land in New York tomorrow and come direct to Williamstown. Louis Aubert, former political editor of the Revue de Paris, and a member of the French High Commission to the United States under Tardieu during the war, will be the French representative.

The interpreter of the German viewpoint will be Moritz J. Bonn, economist and financial expert of the German Democratic Party.

Dr. Yusuke Tsurumi, the Japanese spokesman, has sailed for Seattle on the steamship President Madison and will arrive here on Aug. 10. He is an author of political and historical works, and is now engaged on a biography of President Wilson. He is a son-in-law of Viscount Goto.

The program for the opening session at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning calls for an introductory address by Harry A. Garfield, Chairman of the Institute and President of Williams College, and the first of two addresses by Sir Valentine Chirol on "The Reawakening of the Orient."

Tomorrow afternoon, from 4:30 to 6:30 o'clock, President and Mrs. Garfield will hold a reception for members of the Institute, and tomorrow evening Mr. Tawney will deliver the first of a series of lectures on "The History and Policy of the British Labor Movement."

The subjects of the other lecture courses to be given throughout the month are:

"The Reconstruction of Europe: Its Economic and Political Conditions, Their Relative Importance," by M. Aubert; "The Crisis of European Democracy," by Herr Bonn; and "Present Day Japan: Its Social and Political Problems and Tendencies," by Dr. Tsurumi.

Sir James Salter will deliver two addresses on "The Economic Recovery of Europe," and "Economic Conflicts as Causes of War." The addresses and lectures are open to the public, and there will be a lecture or address every evening, except Sunday, until the end of the session on Aug. 23.

Three "open conferences" and eight "round table conferences," with morning sessions for both classifications, will be open only to members of the Institute.

Russian Problems Up.

Dr. Boris A. Bakhmeteff, former Russian Ambassador to the United States, who is now living in New York City, will lead an open conference on "Russia and Its Problems." The other open conferences and their leaders are, "International Finance in the Commercial Policies of Nations," Dr. William S. Culbertson, Vice Chairman of the United States Tariff Commission, and "Disarmament and Secrecy," Professor T. Shotwell of

TOURISTS RETURN ON SHIPS DUE TODAY

Right Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, League of Nations Official, Comes on Aquitania.

SOCIETY IS REPRESENTED

Aquitania Brings First German Immigrants Under the New American Quota Rules.

The Cunard liner Aquitania, from Southampton and Cherbourg; the Resolute of the Hamburg-American Line, from Hamburg and Plymouth, and the President Roosevelt of the United States Lines, from Bremen, Cherbourg and Southampton, are due here this morning with returning tourists. The Aquitania also has on board the first German immigrants under the new American quota regulations.

Among the passengers on the Aquitania are the Right Hon. Sir Samuel Hoare, Bart., Commissioner for the League of Nations to care for Russian refugees; Allen B. Cuthbert of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Miss Sue Harvard, Metropolitan Opera soprano; Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fuller, A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey; Bamberger, President of the Bamberger Stores, Newark; H. J. Hines, Jules Bache, banker; Mrs. William G. Rockefeller and Mrs. Sterling Rockefeller, Mr. and Mrs. Gerhard Kuehne, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Wainwright and Joseph V. Santry of Boston, Ormar Johnson, Mrs. George F. Johnson and Mrs. and Mrs. Charles F. Johnson Jr., W. A. Opdyke of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Mrs. H. F. Holman, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Newman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Voss, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Caples and Mr. and Mrs. Murray Purvis.

Also Mr. and Mrs. John Aitken, William G. Bean, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Berman, Mr. and Mrs. William K. Bixby, Miss Katherine S. Bullock, George H. Butler, Eugene K. Butler, Walter S. Case, Dr. N. Cohen, Dr. R. W. Cole, Mrs. E. L. Dawes, Mrs. S. J. Dawes, Harry I. Dickey, Edward B. Dickinson, Charles E. Doyle, Miss Lillian Endicott, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Epstean, Mrs. E. S. Fahnestock and Mrs. Wilmot Fifield, Clifford, Arthur Ginn, Francis E. Hagg, Mrs. A. M. Hecksher, Charles Holt, Clarence D. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. McElwain, Mrs. M. A. McNurty, John D. Mathey, Mr. and Mrs. Kenna Smith and G. G. Zabriskie.

Some of those on the Resolute are Hampton Bonner, American Vice Consul, and Mrs. Bonner, Carl Anderson, Chas. L. Morse, Wentworth Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Hahlo, Mr. and Mrs. S. Wainwright Jr., John Stewart, James S. Stokes, Wm. F. Teischow, Miss Kitty Braun, the Misses Charlotte and Mary Metcalf, Dudley Perry, Judith Cerf, Tomkinson, Thomas Tompolsky, Mrs. M. A. Turner, Miss Evelyn Wallace, Major L. W. T. Waller, Mrs. S. C. Waller, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wickland, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Wilson, Mrs. Lewis Wise, Mrs. S. D. Wise, Miss Frances Wise, Captain R. G. Woodside, Mr. and Mrs. Leo H. Wyse and Miss Rosa Zimmer.

Also Silas H. Bates, Gerson W. Beringer, Mrs. Florence Clarke, Miss Isabelle Colbeck, George G. Edler, E. Frederics, Mrs. H. M. Gillespie, Miss Marjorie Gillespie, Miss Agnes Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. King C. Gillette, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Gilmore, Mrs. Harriet W. Glendenning, Symon Gould, Dr. S. B. Grabbs, Jaroslav P. Holy, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice J. Kaplan, Carl B. Klitgaard, Sidney J. Koppel, Leroy H. Kurtz, Mrs. P. W. Litchfield, Frederick S. Lyman, Mrs. Julia G. Lyman, Miss Florence G. Lyman, Representative Martin Madden, Egbert E. MacNary, Nickolas Muray, Miss Klara Maeder, Mrs. Olive Odell, Mrs. Lowe Ohtaguro, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Ord, James B. Ord Jr., Miss Letitia Howell Ord, Mr. and Mrs. Le Roy D. Osborne, Miss Shirley Osborne, George L. Palin, Mrs. Eleanor Randolph, Miss Louise Tyler, Mrs. Ida M. Tinsley, Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson, Mrs. J. Steward Walter, Mrs. T. B. Warner, Mrs. Helen H. Weinberg and John Parke Young.

SHIP DUE FROM HAMBURG.

The Deutschland Will Arrive on Saturday With 211 Passengers.

Wireless advices received yesterday from Captain Schwamberger of the Hamburg-American Line steamer Deutschland stated that his ship would arrive in New York on Saturday and probably would dock at Pier 86, North River, early in the forenoon.

Among the 211 passengers are Henry Goldman of New York, George F. Huber, Wilmington, Del.; Otto Bamberger, a manufacturer from Duisberg, Germany; Peter Comse of Berlin, Miss Elena Gerhardt concert singer; M. Stransky and Mrs. Stransky, Bert Erlanger and family of Pittsburgh, C. Klein, Arthur Herz, Richard Barthel, Dr. Alonis Berse, Charles Mechel, Charles Pferdmenges, William Reckmeyer, Herman Rube, [illegible] and Mrs. Gadel, Nate Salz, Dr. Richard Valentine Wheeler, Mrs. Wheeler and Simon Reiter.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

The marriage of Miss Ingebord Wendroth, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Schwarz, to Baron Raven von Barnekow will take place today in Baden-Baden, Germany, at Mrs. Schwarz's villa. Baron and Baroness von Barnekow plan to come to this country on a wedding trip and pass the Autumn here.

Dave Hennen Morris and his daughter, Miss Emily Morris, who recently sailed for Europe and were in London for the Bar Association meetings, are now in Paris for a short time prior to sailing for New York on Aug. 9. They will join Mrs. Morris in Bar Harbor, Me.

Miss Elizabeth Jordan has closed her apartment at 36 Gramercy Park and has gone to Florence, Mass., to Spreadwings, her Summer home, to remain until November.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Copley Thaw, who recently returned from a wedding trip to Europe, have taken the Froment house in the Rock Ridge section of Greenwich, Conn., where they will pass the Summer. Mrs. Thaw was Miss Margaret L. Stout, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Martin Stout.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus F. Kountze are going to Newport today, where they will open Pinard Cottage No. 2, for the rest of the season.

Miss Daisy Fiske Rogers will return from Europe on the Homeric on Aug. 5. She attended the reunion of the workers of devastated France.

Miss Grace Cuyler, who left for Europe in May, has spent the greater part of the Summer in France. She plans to return to New York on Sept. 6, on the Aquitania.

Miss Lindsay Wood of Washington, who has been visiting friends in England, and Miss Vivian Virginia Wood, who has been in Paris with Princess Wertchusky, will arrive here Friday and go directly to their country place at Warrenton, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Juhring of 375 Park Avenue and Dobbs Ferry are sailing for Cherbourg on the Olympic Saturday. They will spend the Summer and Autumn traveling in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Anthony Dyer and their daughter, Miss Nancy Dyer, have come from their home in Providence, R. I., and are at the Vanderbilt, where Dr. and Mrs. Richard H. Follis of Balmer, S. Fuller also are staying.

Mrs. Holen F. Ehlermann has come from Greenwich and is at the Ritz-Carlton for a few days, where Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant and Mrs. Mortimer B. Fuller are also staying.

Mrs. George H. Pendleton and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston Jr. were among the luncheon guests of Miss Ellin Mackay at Pierre's yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. Vogel have come from Tuxedo Park and are at the Lorraine.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Helme gave a dinner last evening at the Bellesclaire Towers, where Mrs. Frank S. Fielder also entertained several friends.

Colonel Rhinelander Waldo has returned from Washington and is occupying his apartment at Carlton House. Mrs. Theodore White Smith, with Miss Theodosia Smith and Bolton K. and Wilbur C. Smith, are at the Lorraine from Chicago for a few days before going to their lodge at Lake Sunapee, N. H.

Mrs. John W. Davis, wife of the Democratic candidate for President, entertained several friends at luncheon yesterday at the Ambassador.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, who has been at the Ambassador for a week, left yesterday for Saratoga to attend the races.

Mrs. John Alden Carpenter and Miss Genevieve Carpenter have arrived from Chicago and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. C. Smith will sail for Europe on the Aquitania on Aug. 6. They will make a motor tour through Southern France, Switzerland and Spain.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams Burden, who have been at the Plaza, have returned to Newport.

Mrs. J. R. Evans Roberts of Philadelphia is at the Plaza for a few days before sailing for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Salmon left yesterday for Saratoga Springs, where they will be for the month of August.

Mr. and Mrs. George Drexel Steel of 920 Fifth Avenue have leased the Killaen Van Rensselaer house, at East Hampton for the rest of the Summer.

Southampton.

Many Summer residents of Southampton will go to Easthampton this afternoon to witness the historical pageant in celebration of the 275th anniversary of the founding of that village by a band of men and women who came from the town of Maidstone, England, in commemoration of which Easthampton was first known as Maidstone.

The pageant has been prepared by Miss Abigail Halsey of Southampton, a descendant of one of the founders of her town, from historical documents and the history of the place written by Judge Andrew D. Mitchell. It will be staged on the village green on the site of the original settlement and in front of the birthplace of John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home," through whose immortal verses the town has gained fame all over the world. A stand accommodating 2,500 persons has been erected around the pond in the centre of the village, which has been there since long before the memory of the oldest inhabitants. Among the participants will be direct descendants of the Montauk Indians, who sold the land to the English settlers. Others will represent the first English settlers from whom they are directly descended and who for generations have continued to live in Easthampton. Music, costumes and incidents follow records of the town now guarded by officials.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lawrence Breese gave a dinner last night at The Orchard, their estate in Hill Street. Among their guests were Colonel and Mrs. Henry May, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Pelham Robbins, Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Knox Bell and P. Stuyvesant Pillot. Mr. and Mrs. Breese will leave on Aug. 11 for a fortnight's visit in Newport with Mr. and Mrs. J. Theus Munds.

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Cowdin of Tuxedo Park will arrive today at Wyllis House, where they will be for six weeks.

Mrs. Walter L. Niles gave a luncheon yesterday at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club.

Clarence H. Mackay motored from Harbor Hill, Roslyn, yesterday for a brief visit with his daughter, Mrs. Kenneth O'Brien.

Among the guests of Mrs. Irwin A. Powell at The Gables are Mr. and Mrs. Howard Drummond and Mr. and Mrs. Quentin Field Feltner of Bay Shore, for whom Mrs. Powell will give a dinner tomorrow night.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Englehardt of Bernardsville, N. J., are expected today at Halcyon Lodge, one of the Cameronsvillas on the dunes.

The Rev. and Mrs. Henry V. B. Darlington, who have been in Newport for a visit with his parents, Bishop and Mrs. James Henry Darlington, will come from Bellport tomorrow to be with Mrs. William Warner Hoppin at Street House.

Miss Dorothy Schieffelin is at the Irving House for a few weeks.

Bishop James E. Freeman of the Diocese of Washington, D. C., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry White in Lenox, is expected to visit in Southampton shortly. While here he will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Percy H. Stewart at Seaward and will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Claflin and others.

Mrs. Edward C. Fox, after a visit with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, has returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred E. Schermerhorn will give a dinner tonight at The Lindens for Mr. and Mrs. Willard F. Smith of Lee, Mass., who are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Theron R. Strong at Asher House.

There were many spectators yesterday at the eighteenth annual exhibition of the Southampton Horticultural Society. There was an unusually fine display of flowers and vegetables, and one in particular of dahlias that had come from the garden of James Cresson Parish in Shinnecock Hills. Particular attention was paid to the decoration of luncheon tables by some of the women of the colony who have famous gardens. Of these Mrs. Albert Herter and Mr. and Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin came in for prizes, as well as many compliments for their artistic skill. The exhibition will be continued today.

TAXI MEN PROTEST ON METER RULING

Declare City's Action Threatens to Deprive Public of Cheaper Rates.

WILL SEE QUIGLEY TODAY

Say It Is Impossible to Equip More Than 2,000 of 6,000 Cabs by August 8.

A committee of taxicab operators will protest today to William Quigley, Commissioner of Licenses, against an order of the department that on and after Aug. 8 no taxicabs will be permitted to operate at the new rate of 20 cents a mile unless they are actually equipped with new meters which record the new mileage scale. It is physically impossible, the operators hold, to have new meters installed in all of the cabs by that time, and they hold that the city authorities should not attempt to deprive the public of low rate cabs in the meantime.

The police began at noon yesterday to inspect all cabs which carried placards advertising a rate of 20 cents a mile to see if they had posted inside printed rate cards showing the passenger how much should be deducted from the old meter reading. The cards were ordered by the Department of Licenses and the police found that the order had generally been complied with.

Harry Weiss, Vice President of the Empire State Taxicab Chamber of Commerce and general manager of the United States Cab Corporation and the Mogul Checker Cab Company, said yesterday that the order requiring that new meters be installed by Aug. 8 would not affect the United States cabs, as all of them were already so equipped.

"The Mogul Company operates about 2,400 cabs," he said, "and if the order is insisted upon the company will be seriously embarrassed, as it will be impossible to equip more than one-third of their cabs with the new low-rate meter by Aug. 8. That would mean that the remaining two-thirds would have to be operated at the old rate—as recorded by the old meters.

"Assuming that there are 6,000 taxicabs in New York that have accepted the new rate of fare, no more than 2,000 at the most could be equipped with the new meter within the time limit specified. As a result a large portion of the public and the taxicab operators would be deprived of the benefits enjoyed since the inception of the low rate."

The taxicab rate war spread to Newark yesterday, where the Independent Taxicab Operators' Association, with headquarters at 200 Bohemian Music Fund, which controls 200 taxicabs, announced through its new President, George Tortorello, that its members would start operating on a 20 cents a mile basis tomorrow. The lowest legal rate there has been 40 cents for the first mile and 30 cents for each succeeding mile. Of the 500 taxicabs in Newark, 300 are operated by large corporations, said to be subsidiaries of cab-operating companies in New York, Philadelphia and Chicago.

JUDGE DENIES DAMAGES TO WOULD-BE KNIGHT

Holds That Contract to Purchase British Title Is Illegal—Plaintiff Paid £3,000.

LONDON, July 31.—The action brought by George Parkinson, a well-known contractor of Blackpool, Lancashire, against the College of Ambulance and its Secretary for damages for alleged violation of a contract to obtain for him a knighthood for £20,000, of which he alleged he had advanced £3,000, was today dismissed by Mr. Justice Lush. The Judge ruled that a contract to obtain a title was an illegal transaction, and therefore the plaintiff had no case against the college or its Secretary.

At the trial Parkinson testified that the Secretary of the college, an institution for instructing the public in ambulance work, had told him that its President, Lord Ninian Edward Crichton, who had "calls" on honors as distinct as from the political honors list. He gave the college £3,000, he said, which was understood to pave the way for a knighthood for him. Afterward he was told that the Conservative whips had refused to confer the honor (the Conservative Party was in power then), but when he called at the central Conservative office he was informed that he had been deceived.

Asked by counsel for the defendants if his standard of honor permitted him to purchase a title, the plaintiff replied: "Yes, like thousands of others. It is being done every day."

SHARK CAUGHT OFF BEACH.

Man-Eater, Eight Feet Long, Is Trapped in Raritan Bay.

MORGAN, N. J., July 31.—Bathers on Raritan Bay beaches came here in scores today to view an eight-foot man-eating shark being exhibited on Soldier's Beach by John Nau, a South Amboy fisherman. Nau caught the shark in a net last night.

The capture marked the third visit of sharks to these waters this week, a score having been seen twenty-five feet off Cliffwood Park on Sunday, and others being reported in the bay Tuesday.

Eight years ago a boy was attacked by a shark off Keyport, near here. One of his legs was bitten off.

MARK CLEVELAND TO WED.

Nephew of the Late President to Marry Mrs. Mary C. Robins.

CENTER MORICHES, N. Y., July 31.—A marriage license was issued here today to Mark Cleveland of Cleveland, O., a nephew of the late President Cleveland, and Mrs. Mary Claire Robins of Center Moriches. Mr. Cleveland gave his age as 60 years and Mrs. Robins said she was 60 years old.

The wedding will take place here Saturday at the Methodist Episcopal Church, with only a few relatives and friends attending. Mr. Cleveland announced. After the wedding they will go to Cleveland, where they will make their home.

Scully-Lashway Wedding.

Miss Marian Lashway, daughter of Mrs. Albert Lashway of Glens Falls, N. Y., was married to Robert Francis Scully at the Church of St. Francis de Sales on Wednesday. Mr. Scully is a son of Mrs. Maurice Scully of this city. Miss Margaret Bailey attended the bride and Joseph F. Moran was the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Scully will live at Bedford Park, N. Y.

Bergs Are Going Abroad.

Dr. Henry W. Berg and Dr. Albert A. Berg will sail on the Majestic on Aug. 16 to spend the rest of the Summer in Europe.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges a contribution of $10 sent "in memory of Morton Wellman" for the children's vacation fund of the Children's Welfare Federation. The money has been turned over to that organization.

JAMES J. FREEL DIES OF HEART DISEASE

For 23 Years President of Stereotypers' Union—Stricken After a Trip to the South.

James J. Freel, for the last twenty-three years President of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers Union, died suddenly yesterday morning at his home, 56 Gould Avenue, Caldwell, N. J., at the age of 60. On his return Wednesday by steamer from Atlanta, Ga., after attending a union convention in the South, he was in a weakened state from an attack of dysentery that accompanied seasickness on the voyage. His condition did not become alarming, however, until yesterday morning, when the heat greatly affected him and the development of an acute cardiac dilation caused his death.

For twenty years, until 1919, Mr. Freel had made his home in Brooklyn. He was a native of this city and for a time as a youth studied law in the office of James C. Carter. He gave up his legal ambitions, however, and worked on The New York Herald for twenty years. Since the Stereotypers' Union became an international organization in 1902 Mr. Freel had been its President, being returned to office on each occasion by the unanimous approval of his associates. During his long leadership of the union he was credited with bringing about many important improvements in the industry throughout the United States. His official duties led to relations with many newspaper publishers, by whom he was regarded with respect as an efficient and eminently trustworthy leader of his craft.

Mr. Freel's brother, the late Thomas Freel, was Fire Marshal during Mayor Low's administration and later was Superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, in which post he died.

HERRICK IS COMING HOME.

Will Take Vacation as Soon as London Conference Ends.

PARIS, July 31 (Associated Press).—Ambassador Myron T. Herrick plans to return to the United States for his usual Summer vacation as soon as the interallied London conference is ended. He intends to return to France early in the Autumn to supervise the completion and renovation of the new embassy building.

Fears entertained for his health since his last relapse, following an attack of ptomaine poisoning, and his subsequent curve, have proved groundless. The Ambassador weathered the last five days, which constituted a constant round of social activities, with ease.

During the official visits of Secretary Hughes, the advertisers and the lawyers, Mr. Herrick has been through a series of banquets, receptions, calls and interviews which would severely test any strain on even a very strong man, and he emerged smiling and buoyant. He declared he was feeling none the worse for his experience and ready for more if necessary.

The enforced rest which the doctors prescribed and which prevented his attendance at the Fourteenth of July ceremonies, did the Ambassador a world of good, all who know him agree.

Mr. Herrick takes particular pride in the acquisition of the new embassy building, which, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy late in the year. He is devoting much of his attention to the decorations and other details, and is determined "to see the job through." His ambition is to push the work to a speedy completion.

Mr. Herrick still has about $100,000 of the Government's appropriation for the embassy left for beautifying and improving the property. It is calculated that his negotiation of the purchase and construction with supplementary expenses saved the State Department between $300,000 and $400,000.

LORD ASTOR GIVES HIS SIDE.

Says Portrait Was Suggested to Him—Denies "Slipping It In."

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 31.—With reference to the apparent misunderstandings about the Sims picture, Lord Astor states that acting on suggestions made to him in May, 1923, he approached those responsible and inquired whether, in view of the historic character of the scene and of the fact that other incidents connected with the growth of Parliament had been recorded on the halls of the House, the picture of the first woman member of Parliament being introduced into the House of Commons would be acceptable. The Commissioner of Works, he said, after consultation with others, saw only as to the relative importance of the event but also as to the proposed painter and the position in which the painting should be placed, accepted the proposal and Sims was accordingly commissioned to paint the scene.

There had been no attempt to "slip" the picture in or to make any mystery about it or to glorify any personalities, Lord Astor declares.

He added that Lord Balfour and other M. P.'s helped the artist by giving him sittings and photographs of the American Ambassador, who was in the Distinguished Strangers' Gallery, were obtained in order to make the scene as historically accurate as possible. Lady Astor, he said, who, from having tried to foist upon Parliament a picture of herself, had nothing to do with the matter, and, when originally told of the proposal, was rather against it.

GEORGE C. TAYLOR'S ESTATE.

President of American Railway Express Co. Left $448,053.

George C. Taylor, President of the American Railway Express Company, who died at his home in Pelham, N. Y., on Nov. 18 last, left an estate yesterday appraised at $448,053, of which $350,000 was in securities. He left the estate in trust to his wife, Mabel C. Taylor, and upon her death the principal goes to her children and their heirs.

The estate includes Mr. Taylor's residence in Pelham valued at $68,000 and the following express company stocks: 1,200 shares Adams Express Company, $82,800; 100 American Express Company, $87,000, and 502 shares Wells Fargo & Co., $19,076. An interest of Mr. Taylor in stock of Wells Fargo & Co. of Cuba and the Cuba Mexican Syndicate was sold for $35,000. He had $7,250 salary due from the American Railway Express Company and $10,222 due from the American Express Company.

LOUIS BUTT DIES HERE.

Brother of Roosevelt's Aid Was a Cotton Buyer of Georgia.

Louis Butt of Augusta, Ga., a cotton buyer and cotton exporter, died at 11:05 last night in Roosevelt Hospital of internal hemorrhages caused by an intestinal abscess. He was a brother of Major Archie Butt, aid to Presidents Roosevelt and Taft, who perished in the Titanic disaster. It is expected that the funeral services and burial will take place in this city.

Mr. Butt, who was 54 years old, came north a week ago with his wife, Mrs. Clara Butt, who has herself been ill for some time. One object of his journey was the arrangement with Doubleday, Page & Co. for the publication in book form of Major Archie Butt's letters to his mother and to Mrs. Clara Butt, which have already appeared in newspapers. Mr. Butt was visiting his wife's sister, Mrs. J. T. Dargan Jr., at Scarsdale, N. Y., when he suddenly became ill Wednesday night and was rushed to Roosevelt Hospital, where an operation of blood transfusion was performed.

Leaves 67 Grandchildren.

Special to The New York Times.

SUFFERN, N. Y., July 31.—Jerome Lake Hastings, one of the oldest residents of Rockland County, is dead at the age of 97 at his home in Viola, near here. He leaves a widow, twelve children, sixty-seven grandchildren, and forty-one great-grandchildren.

ELKAN NAUMBURG DIES IN 90TH YEAR

Retired Merchant and Banker Gave $100,000 Bandstand on Mall to the City.

AIDED YOUNG MUSICIANS

Pioneer Donor of Free Park Concerts and Supporter of Many Charities.

Elkan Naumburg of 48 West Fifty-eighth Street, merchant, banker and patron of music, died yesterday in his ninetieth year after a lingering illness. Two sons and four grandchildren survive. Residents of New York have particular cause to be grateful for the philanthropy and love of music that were the paramount motives of the later years of Mr. Naumburg's life, for it was he who presented to the city, at a cost of $100,000, the beautiful stone bandstand, often called a "Temple of Music," in which the Goldman concerts are given on the Mall in Central Park.

Crossing the Atlantic in a clipper ship in 1850, Elkan Naumburg settled in Baltimore and started his career as an employe of his brother-in-law at a salary of $2 a week and board. The quality of his character manifested itself that first year, for at the end of it he sent home $20 to his mother. It was not long before his brother-in-law took him into partnership in his dry goods business, but a few years later Mr. Naumburg determined that a brighter future awaited him in this city, and he boldly struck out for New York and established here a clothing manufacturing firm that he developed into one of the largest in the United States.

When approaching his sixtieth birthday he showed that he retained his fondness for striking out into new paths by founding the banking house of E. Naumburg & Co., 34 Wall Street. Of recent years he had not been active as a banker, but he was unable to entirely give up habits of work so long established, and nearly every day he paid a visit to his office. Until his resignation in 1909 he had for more than thirty years been a director of the Citizens, later the Citizens Central Bank.

While he was interested in many charities, Mr. Naumburg's deepest philanthropic and artistic interest was in music and musicians. He often told how Leopold Damrosch visited him in his "back parlor" in Twenty-third Street, where they planned the Oratorio Society. Mr. Naumburg was a warm friend of Theodore Thomas, and of most of the leading conductors since that day. Many musicians and musical students received a helping hand from him, an instance of his encouragement of such talent being the musical scholarship he founded at Harvard, providing a yearly study in Europe. He was the largest contributor to the Bohemian Music Fund, which cares for musicians in need. With Andrew Carnegie, E. Francis Hyde and James Loeb he defrayed the expense of bringing over from Europe several violin conductors for the Philharmonic concerts, among them Safonoff, Colonne, Walter Wood and Mengelberg, none of whom had ever previously appeared before American audiences.

Mr. Naumburg was the first, and for many years the only patron of music, to give free concerts in the parks to the people of New York, defraying all the expense and supervising all the details, including the selection of programs and soloists. These concerts, given on holidays, attracted audiences of as many as 20,000 persons, and as the old grand stand in Central Park seemed to grow more and more inadequate, Mr. Naumburg last year presented to the city the new one, which now stands, like a large stone shell, in front of the low hill at the upper end of the Mall. Architects have pronounced it one of the most beautiful edifices of its kind in the world.

MRS. J. HOOD WRIGHT DIES.

Philanthropist's Widow Succumbs to Infirmities of Age.

Mrs. J. Hood Wright, widow of the merchant and philanthropist who left $580,000 to the hospital that later bore his name, died yesterday of the infirmities of age at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John M. Glenn, 4,310 Park Avenue. She is also survived by another daughter, Mrs. John N. Conyngham, and a son, Richard J. Robinson, all children of an earlier marriage.

Mrs. Wright was the daughter of Edward Moore of Wilmington, Del. After her second marriage she and Mr. Wright built the large stone mansion called The Folly at 174th Street and Fort Washington Avenue, one of the landmarks of the city, and until recently she made her home there with Mrs. Conyngham and Mr. Robinson. For many years Mr. and Mrs. Wright had a box at the opera and were familiar figures in New York society. Mr. Wright's will, disposing of an estate of several million dollars, in addition to the bequest to the Manhattan Dispensary, left $100,000 to the Washington Heights Library.

ERIC A. DIME IS DEAD.

He Attributed His Heart Trouble to Climbing Subway Stairs.

Eric Adolphus Dime of 595 West 270th Street, proprietor of the American News Service, 1,465 Broadway, and New York representative of the Philadelphia Journal of Commerce, died yesterday in St. Luke's Hospital of heart disease. He had often said that he believed his heart affection was due to constant climbing of subway and elevated stairs and he advocated a special study of the increase in heart disease in large cities from such exertions.

Mr. Dime was born in Minnesota 49 years ago and was a graduate of the University of Minnesota. He was one of the promoters of the aviation meet held on the old Morris Park race track in 1909. He was Treasurer of The Writers and a charter member of the New York Press Club.

Dies After a Dive.

Louis Capozzi, a twenty-nine-year-old construction engineer of Hackensack, N. J., died yesterday in the City Hospital at Norwalk, Conn., of a broken neck received the afternoon before at Rotan's Point when he dived into three feet of water. He had gone to Rotan's Point near Norwalk in his car with two children on a Moose excursion from Hackensack. Capozzi was a veteran of the World War.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN MORRISSY, Member of Parliament for Northumberland, N. B., died yesterday at Newcastle. Mr. Morrissy, a Liberal, was Minister of Public Works in the New Brunswick Government from 1905 to 1911.

FRANCISCO ZAYAS Y ALFONSO, Cuban Minister to France and brother of President Zayas, died yesterday in Havana.

The Rev. LOUIS CHAGNON, pastor of a Roman Catholic church in Inkerman, dropped dead yesterday at Metuchen, N. J., where he was on a vacation. He was 68 years old.

ISAAC WEIL, an undertaker in this city for fifty-five years, died Tuesday at his home, 130 East 116th Street, at the age of 76. Services will be held at Mount Zion Temple, in West 119th Street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

GEORGE H. JONES, for half a century a truckman in Stamford, Conn., and the only one there who continued to use a horse, died at his home in Stamford yesterday of apoplexy, aged 74. The continuous efforts of his friends to induce him to sell his horse and buy an automobile were always scoffed at by him.

CHARLES H. COFFIN for fifteen years a traffic clerk for the Lehigh Valley Railroad, died at his home, 8,609 Eighty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday in his fifty-first year.

WILLIAM J. BARRY, Civil War veteran and for many years employed in the construction department of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died in his seventy-ninth year on Wednesday at his home, 183 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn.

JACOB CARL, for thirty-five years in the employ of the Ward Steamship Company, died in his seventieth year on Wednesday at his home, 736 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn.

ALFRED V. ROBINSON of 427 East Twenty-third Street, Brooklyn, a metal salvage dealer, died in the Kings County Hospital on Wednesday, in his sixty-eighth year.

Born.

GARCIA—Mr. and Mrs. Alvaro M., Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, a daughter, Dorothea, July 30, 1924.

SARNER—Mr. and Mrs. Jack Sarner (nee Jean Morowitz) announce the birth of a son, July 30, Flower Hospital.

Died.

BACH—On Thursday, July 31, Aaron, beloved husband of Estella, devoted father of Sylvia Gold and Dorothy, dear brother of Hannah, Adeline, Henrietta, Louis and Ray Bach. Funeral services at his late residence, 55 East 93d St., Sunday, Aug. 3, at 10 A. M.

BYRNE—Rosemary, of Asheville, N. C., daughter of the late Dr. John and Mary Winifred Byrne, on Tuesday, July 29. Requiem mass on Saturday, Aug. 2, at 10 A. M., at St. Agnes's Church, Hoyt and Sackett Sts., Brooklyn.

BOGARDUS—On Wednesday, July 30, Byrde Shale Bogardus, beloved wife of John C. Bogardus. Funeral services at her late residence, 3,085 Emmons Av., Sheepshead Bay, Saturday at 3 P. M. Interment Sunday at McKeesport, Pa.

CARNEY—John Francis, at Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, July 30, 1924, beloved son of James and Bridget Carney. Funeral Saturday, Aug. 2, 1924, from his late residence, 514 South Broadway, Yonkers, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn high mass of requiem at the Church of St. Denis at 10 A. M.

CASKEY—Suddenly, July 30, 1924, Clayton R., beloved husband of Grace Morgan Caskey. Funeral services will be held at 180 South Broadway, White Plains, N. Y., on Saturday at 3 o'clock.

COHEN—Edith A. Funeral services will be held Friday morning, Aug. 1, at 11 o'clock, at the funeral chapel, Salem Field, Cypress Hills.

DICKINSON—Washington, on July 30. Funeral from his late residence, 43 West 138th St., Friday, at 2 P. M.

DICKINSON—Washington. Officers and members New Rochelle Lodge, No. 1, B. P. O. Elks: You are hereby summoned to attend funeral services for our late brother, Washington Dickinson, to be held at 43 West 138th St., Friday, Aug. 1, at 2 P. M.

SOL. TEKULSKY, Exalted Ruler.
WILLIAM T. PHILLIPS, P. E. R., Sec.

DIVERS—July 30, 1924, Mary C. (nee Kearney), beloved wife of Michael J. Divers. Funeral Saturday, 9:30 A. M., from residence of her daughter, Mary J. Foran, 210 East 166th St. Requiem mass 10 A. M., Church of St. Angela Merici, 163d St., near Morris Av. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

DUNN—At Montclair, N. J., at the residence of her brother-in-law, Alfred E. Forstall, on Wednesday, July 30, 1924, Kate U. Dunn, in her 76th year. Funeral services will be held at St. John's Episcopal Church, corner of Montclair Av. and Chestnut St., Montclair, Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

FREEDMAN—Jacob C., age 43, suddenly, beloved husband of Hattie (nee Block), brother of Mrs. Ferdinand Lynda Schreiber, Dr. Robert S. Joseph, Michael and the late Sadie Soloman, Ethel and Bernard. Funeral services at his late residence, 535 Edgecombe Av., Sunday, Aug. 3, at 10 A. M.

FREEDMAN—Jacob C. Samuel Tichner Society, Brethren: You are hereby notified of the death of our beloved brother, Jacob C. Freedman, and requested to attend the funeral services Sunday, Aug. 3, at 10 A. M., at his late residence, 535 Edgecombe Av.

MORRIS ROSENTHAL, President.
BENJAMIN LEBENHEIM, Secretary.

GILLESPIE—Frank D., in his 62d year, beloved husband of Augusta Helen Schramm and dear father of Mary C. Alexander and J. Gillespie, at his residence, 251 West 81st St., New York City, on July 30, 1924. Requiem mass on Friday, Aug. 1, 1924, at 9 o'clock A. M., at Holy Trinity Church, 82d St. east of Broadway. Interment Woodlawn. Kindly omit flowers.

GLAVIN—Suddenly, July 31, Mary L. (nee Doyle), beloved wife of John J. Glavin. Funeral from late residence, 1629 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, Saturday morning, 10 o'clock. Thence to Cathedral Chapel, Queen of All Saints Roman Catholic Church, Lafayette and Vanderbilt Avs. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GOLD—Bella S., wife of the late Maurice Gold, daughter of Elias Schwartz and the late Fannie Schwarz, sister of Dan and Max, entered her eternal rest. Funeral from her late residence, 601 West 168th St., on Friday, Aug. 1, at 11 A. M.

HANAFORD—At Stamford, Conn., July 30, 1924, Jennie Estelle (nee Forbush), beloved wife of Harry Prescott Hanaford and devoted mother of Roy Forbush Hanaford. Services Campbell's Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., Sunday, Aug. 3, at 2 P. M.

HOWELL—Entered into rest July 29, 1924, Nellie Margaret Howell of New York, daughter of the late Samer Spencer and Josephine I. Howell of Charleston, S. C. Funeral at Charleston, S. C. Please do not send flowers.

INGERSOLL—Lucy, cherished daughter of Francis Gregory and Lucy Trowbridge Ingersoll, at East Haddam, Conn. Interment Grove Street Cemetery, New Haven, Conn., Saturday, at 3:45 P. M. Daylight Saving. New Haven and Detroit papers please copy.

IVINS—Thomas, July 30. Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 504 West 126th St.

JACHONOWITZ—Members of the Congregation Anshe Achim M. Krakau are invited to attend the funeral of our late brother, L. Jachonowitz, on Friday, at 2 P. M., from Meyer's Funeral Chapel, 228 Lenox Av.

N. HOROWITZ, Secretary.

JONES—Owen Marshall, on Thursday, July 31, 1924, at his residence, 539 West 150th St. Services and interment at Baltimore, Md., Saturday.

KERN—On July 31, 1924, at her residence, 926 West End Av., Bettie, beloved and devoted mother of Henry and Joseph Kern and Mrs. Edward Moyse and grandmother of Kern Moyse. Funeral private on Friday morning. Louisville (Ky.) and Columbus (Ga.) papers please copy.

LILLY—Elizabeth J., wife of Henry Lilly. Funeral private.

Advertisements of Births and Deaths for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned until midnight, LAckawanna 4000.

UNDERTAKERS.

When Death Occurs
Call Columbus 8200
FRANK E. CAMPBELL
"The Funeral Church" Inc.
(NON-SECTARIAN)
Broadway at 66th St.

Chelsea 6887 CHAS. A. BENEDICT, 336 W. 19 St.
LICENSED UNDERTAKER.

CEMETERIES.

BOY FALLS TO DEATH IN TENEMENT FIRE

Rescuer on Escape Grabs Him, but Clothes Rip and Child Plunges Down.

QUICK WORK SAVES LIVES

A Passer-By and an Ice Wagon Driver Help Tenant to Street.

The presence of mind and prompt action of two persons who heard the cry of fire coming from a five-story tenement on the southeast corner of Third Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street early yesterday morning resulted in the saving of the lives of several tenants before the arrival of the firemen.

Francis Lane, 7 years old, suffered such injuries that he only lived for a few hours, dying at the Flower Hospital in the afternoon. His mother, Mrs. Julia Lane, 39 years old, was badly burned on the feet and legs and was taken to the Metropolitan Hospital. Her condition was so serious that the physicians did not tell her of the death of her boy.

Jerome Strauss, 1,196 Second Avenue, was passing the house and Alfred J. Palmer, 541 West Fiftieth Street, a driver for the Knickerbocker Ice Company, was on his truck when they heard shouts of fire. The single fire escape of the building was soon thronged with women and screaming children.

Palmer jumped on the fire escape and pulled the lower section of the escape, ordinarily swung up in the air, down to the ground and commenced to assist the frightened inmates of the place to safety.

Strauss climbed up the ladders and on the third floor extension found Miss May Sweeney, 21 years old. He caught her up over his shoulder and started down. Mrs. Lane, with her two small boys, was on the landing above. She followed Strauss down. When Strauss, carrying Miss Sweeney, reached the level of the second floor young Francis Lane slipped from his mother's grasp and fell. Strauss leaned out over the edge of the fire escape railing and tried to catch the boy. The flimsy material with which the youngster was clothed ripped in Strauss's grasp and the boy crashed to the pavement. His attempt at rescue caused Strauss to lose his balance and he also fell, but when he struck the sidewalk Miss Sweeney was uppermost and virtually unhurt.

Mrs. Lane's second boy fell from her arms. Palmer, at the foot of the fire escape, planted himself so that the boy fell squarely on top of him. Palmer and the lad were bowled over, the little fellow only slightly shaken up.

Strauss suffered a fracture of the arm when he was dashed from the fire escape and Palmer was cut and bruised. Both were treated at the scene and later went to their homes. Ambulance surgeons treated more than a score of persons, many of whom were cut; others were slightly burned.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received until midnight. Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

LOST.

BAG, black, silk knitting, containing among other things a purse and glasses, July 29, at 8 o'clock in a Twentieth Century taxi. Phone Riverside 8656.

BAG OF SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, taxicab, 181st St. and Broadway, Friday afternoon, July 25; chauffeur will be rewarded. Dr. Marsh, Lenox 5229.

CERTIFICATE NO. NF-1500 for two shares of stock of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Corpn., issued to Isabel H. Cohen and dated the 31st day of March, 1924, the same having been lost or destroyed. Finder will please return same to Irving Bank-Columbia Trust Company, 125th St. at 7th Av., New York City.

CERTIFICATES Nos. 23 and 27, of the Typhoon Fan Company, dated Dec. 30, 1921, for 10 shares each of the common stock of the company, lost. Finder please return Typhoon Fan Co., 343 West 39th St.

ENVELOPE containing papers between Nassau Hotel, Long Beach, and 8:46 A. M. train, Tuesday, to Long Island R. R. Station, Brooklyn; $10 reward. Franklin Baker Co., 10th and Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J.

GOLF CLUB RECORDS lost; special attention, taxi drivers; large bundle of golf club records left in taxi, 90th St. and Lexington Av., Monday morning, July 28. Liberal reward to finder returning same to F. W. Longfellow, 20 Exchange Place, New York City.

HANDBAG—Woman's, containing eyeglasses in case, purse, small amount money, card pass holder, 3 railway passes which have been canceled; McCreery's, 34th St., July 29; reward. X 2463 Times Annex.

HAND BAG, gray embroidered silk, containing pearl necklace, cash, other trinkets, Tuesday night, July 29, on Riverside Drive, between 89th and 91st Sts.; suitable reward. Nat Gilbert, 212 West 89th.

HANDBAG on Long Island train; pleated silk; monogrammed "L. G. B."; reward. Room 803, 30 West 34th St.

KEYS—Bunch on key chain; probably lost while motoring between New London and New York, probably between Danbury and Newtown; key chain platinum with small pearls; on key ring several keys, amethyst heart and gold lucky piece, also Yonkers police badge; $25 reward. Return to Robert J. Kennedy, the Biltmore, New York.

PACKAGE containing 4 silk brassieres, Wednesday, Times Square Subway Station; reward. Cathedral 9340.

STOCK CERTIFICATE No. A-108590 for two shares of United States Rubber Company common stock issued to S. D. McGinley. Address Menger Hotel, San Antonio, Texas.

SUIT CASE—Black leather dress suit case with black cloth covering case stamped "Cobra Grande No. 24"; contains samples of furniture coverings; liberal reward for return to office of Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. and 55th St.

TAN BRIEFCASE lost in downtown restaurant, bears owner's name; contents valuable to owner only. Finder will kindly return to Room 705, New York University, 32 Waverley Place. No questions asked.

UMBRELLA—Silk, lost in Checker cab, July 30; initials "M. H."; reward, G. C., Bowling Green 3400.

WALLET—Lost; reward, no questions asked; containing checks, private memo and commutation ticket to Bronxville; communicate S. C. Judson, 14 Wall St. Tel. Rector 0510.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, gold, 2 pearls, Sunday; reward. Phone Regent 7197.

BRACELETS—Three, one containing diamonds and pearls, and diamond ring, in front of 370 East Fordham Road, Wednesday, 4 P. M. Very liberal reward if returned to Herts Bros., 20 West 57th St., city. Circle 8245.

BRACELET, gold-link, joined with uncut pearls, 99th to 150th Sts. and Broadway, or Chesebro taxi Wednesday; liberal reward. Phone Schuyler 1518.

BRACELET, diamond, vicinity Cortlandt St.; no questions asked; reward. Rector 9202 or Kellog 5975.

BRACELET—Platinum, flexible, diamonds; vicinity Custom House, New St.; reward. Broad 6794.

BRACELET—Blue enamel; reward. Please return Hotel Schuyler, 59 West 46th.

BROOCH—Long Beach, Saturday night, either Nassau Hotel or Boardwalk, lady's diamond and emerald brooch, pearl pendant; $50 reward; no questions asked. T 413 Times.

BROOCH, diamond, diamond shape, Far Rockaway, Thursday morning; $200 reward. Mrs. H. Cohen, Central Av., Lawrence, L. I. Cedarhurst 4428.

PIN, diamond, in Altman's or McCutcheon's, or between McCutcheon's and Waldole's; reward if returned. Manny, Rye 957.

RING, diamond, lost, Long Beach, opposite Hotel Ocean Crest; reward. Communicate Samuel Greenberg, 1 East St. Orchard 1100.

WATCH—Lady's gold O. F.; monogram C. N. E.; inscription "C. N. E. from Mother, Xmas, 1914"; at Belle Harbor, L. I., July 20; reward. Return Room 1007, 225 5th Av., Madison Square 7970, or 124 Beach 131st St., Belle Harbor, L. I.

Wearing Apparel.

FOX COLLAR, black, keepsake, Wednesday, Central Park, 86th-87th Sts.; reward; will refund telephone call. Pelham 1810-R.

FUR—Brown, taxicab, between 99th and Grand Central, Wednesday, N 146 Times.

SILVER FOX NECKPIECE—Front Gimbel Brothers, 33d and 6th Av., or taxi, Tuesday; reward. Benedict, 372 Orange St., Newark, N. J. Branch Brook 2625.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COCKER—Black male, in Forest Hills, L. I.; reward. F. H. Collins, 69 Underwood Road, Forest Hills. Boulevard 0170.

Today's Radio Program

AUG. 1, 1924.
(Eastern Daylight Saving Time.)
Numerals after names of stations show wave length in meters.

WNYC, NEW YORK—526.
7:30 P. M.—Police alarms; stolen automobiles; missing persons.
8:30 P. M.—Band; vocal solos.
10:30 P. M.—Police alarms; stolen automobiles; missing persons.
11:40 P. M.—Martin's Orchestra.
12:15 A. M.—Vaughn de Leath, songs.
12:40 A. M.—Martin's Orchestra.

WEAF, NEW YORK—492.
11:00 A. M.—Music.
11:10 A. M.—"Building a Home," by Roger Whitman.
11:30 A. M.—Health talk.
11:50 A. M.—Market and weathers reports.
4:00-5:00 P. M.—Dorothy Jung, soprano; Harry Olson, banjo.
6:00 P. M.—Dinner music, Waldorf-Astoria.
7:30 P. M.—Children's stories.
7:45-9:00 P. M.—Elizabeth Topping, piano; Moses Levine, violin; J. C. Wolff, bass.
9:00 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
9:30 P. M.—"Cold Rice Dishes," by Elizabeth Bohn.
9:40 P. M.—Dance orchestra.

WJZ, NEW YORK—455.
1:00 P. M.—Hotel Ambassador Trio.
4:00 P. M.—Fashion talk.
4:10 P. M.—Daily menu.
4:15 P. M.—Book review.
4:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
5:30 P. M.—Agricultural reports; closing quotations of the N. Y. Stock Exchange; foreign exchange quotations; news.
7:00 P. M.—McAlpin Orchestra.
7:29 P. M.—Financial developments.
7:30 P. M.—McAlpin Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—Pop question game.
8:15 P. M.—Humorous talk by Tom Mason.
8:30 P. M.—N. Y. Philharmonic Orchestra.
10:30 P. M.—Belleclair Orchestra.

WJY, NEW YORK—405.
7:30 P. M.—Knickerbocker Orchestra.
8:15 P. M.—"The Supreme Court and Constitutional Government," by Professor Swenson.
8:30 P. M.—Anne O'Neill, soprano.
8:45 P. M.—School High Spots contest.
9:05 P. M.—Popular songs.
9:25 P. M.—"How We Lived in the Belgian Congo," by S. W. Haas.
9:45 P. M.—Montagne Newman, violin.

WHN, NEW YORK—360.
10:00-11:00 A. M.—"Woman's Hour."
2:15-3:15 P. M.—Popular songs.
3:45-5:30 P. M.—Chats with children; vocal and instrumental solos.
6:00-7:00 P. M.—At the festive board.
7:00-7:15—Sport talk.
9:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; baseball statistics; songs.
11:30 P. M.—Club Alabam Orchestra.

WFBH, NEW YORK—273.
11:00 A. M.-7:00 P. M.—Orchestras; vocal and instrumental solos; children's period.

WEBJ, NEW YORK—273.
7:00-9:00 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos; travelogue; humorous talk.

WOR, NEWARK—405.
2:30 P. M.—H. Gelhausen, baritone.
2:45 P. M.—Edith Gray, soprano.
3:00 P. M.—S. S. George Washington Orchestra.
3:30 P. M.—H. Gelhausen, baritone.
3:45 P. M.—Edith Gray, soprano.
6:15 P. M.—Songs for children.
6:30 P. M.—Man in the Moon stories.
7:00 P. M.—Nabor hood Trio.
7:20 P. M.—Sports resume.

WRW, TARRYTOWN—273.
9:00-10:00 P. M.—Music; police report; baseball scores; popular songs; talk.
10:00 P. M.—Music.
10:10 P. M.—Popular songs.

WHAR, ATLANTIC CITY—275.
2:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.
7:30 P. M.—"Atlantic City's Pageant," by A. T. Nichols.
8:00 P. M.—Seaside Orchestra.

WFI, PHILADELPHIA—395.
10:15 A. M.—Market and live stock reports.
1:00 P. M.—Meyer Davis Orchestra.
1:50 P. M.—Agricultural reports.
3:00 P. M.—Ethel Shoemaker, soprano; H. Simonds, baritone.
6:30 P. M.—Davis Orchestra; sports results.

WOO, PHILADELPHIA—509.
11:00 A. M.—Organ recital.
11:30 A. M.—Weather report.
12:00 M.—Tea Room Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:45 P. M.—Grand organ, trumpets.
7:30 P. M.—Orchestra; sport results; police reports.
8:15 P. M.—Jean Masters, piano.
8:30 P. M.—Orchestra; vocal solos.
9:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
10:00 P. M.—Dance music.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather.
11:03 P. M.—Dance music.

WIP, PHILADELPHIA—509.
10:00 A. M.—Seashore gossip.
1:00 P. M.—Weather forecast.
3:00 P. M.—Atlantic City program.
3:30 P. M.—Comfert's Orchestra; Edna Smith, contralto; P. Niccoletta, harp.
6:00 P. M.—Weather forecast; dinner music.
6:45 P. M.—Market reports.
7:00 P. M.—Bedtime stories; roll-call.

WDAR, PHILADELPHIA—395.
11:45 A. M.—Daily almanac.
12:00 M.—Organ; orchestra; songs.
2:00-3:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra; artist recital.
4:30 P. M.—Dance music.
5:45 P. M.—Baseball scores.
7:30 P. M.—Dream Daddy.
8:00 P. M.—Book review; artist recital.
8:15 P. M.—Fry's Orchestra.
8:30 P. M.—Minstrel show.
9:15 P. M.—Benson Orchestra.
9:30 P. M.—Fry's Orchestra.
10:00 P. M.—Arcadia Orchestra; Benson Orchestra; Fry's Orchestra; artist recital.

WEAN, PROVIDENCE—272.
12:00 M.—Orchestra; weather report; organ recital.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
4:00 P. M.—Music; weather report.
6:00 P. M.—To be announced.
11:30 P. M.—Same as WNAC.

WJAR, PROVIDENCE—309.
10:00 A. M.—Housewives' program.
1:05 P. M.—Twin Elm Orchestra.
5:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
5:05 P. M.—Music.
11:00 P. M.—Biltmore Orchestra.

WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.—337.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather and market reports.
6:00 P. M.—WBZ Trio.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball results; book review; automobile talk.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
10:00 P. M.—Ethel Woodman, contralto; W. Griffith, tenor.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather report.
11:00 P. M.—WBZ Trio; D. G. Graham, baritone.

WDBH, WORCESTER, MASS.—268.
11:30 A. M.—Music.
12:00 M.—Market and weather reports.
4:00 P. M.—Music.
4:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
8:00 P. M.—Dance Orchestra.

WNAC, BOSTON—476.
10:30 A. M.—Women's talks.
1:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—Colonial Orchestra.
6:00 P. M.—Children's half hour.
6:30 P. M.—Checker Inn Orchestra.
8:00 P. M.—To be announced.
11:30 P. M.—Music.

WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.—360.
7:15 P. M.—Boston police reports; code practice; closing stock market reports.
7:30 P. M.—Selected verses by C. L. Wagner.
7:45 P. M.—Musicale.

WTAB, FALL RIVER, MASS.—296.
7:10 P. M.—News; baseball scores.
8:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert.

WGY, SCHENECTADY—380.
12:30 P. M.—Stock market report.
12:40 P. M.—Produce market report.
12:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.
12:50 P. M.—Farm movement of lettuce report.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals.
2:00 P. M.—Music; humorous stories.
6:00 P. M.—Produce and stock market quotations; news; baseball scores.
6:30 P. M.—Children's stories in French.
6:45 P. M.—Children's story.
7:00 P. M.—Sunday school lesson.
8:40 P. M.—Baseball results.
8:45 P. M.—Health talk.
8:50 P. M.—Comedy, "Scrap of Paper."
11:30 P. M.—"Claude Debussy and His Music," by Vladimir Karapetoff.
12:05 A. M.—Organ recital.

WRC, WASHINGTON—469.
6:15 P. M.—Instruction in code.
7:00 P. M.—Children's hour.
7:20 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:00 P. M.—Talk by Dr. Alfred N. Goldsmith.
9:15 P. M.—Song recital.
9:30 P. M.—Talk on the army.
9:45 P. M.—Song recital.
10:00 P. M.—Talk on the navy.
10:15 P. M.—Elizabeth Dayton, soprano.
10:30 P. M.—Wardman Park Trio.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecasts.
11:00 P. M.—L'Aiglon Orchestra.

WGR, BUFFALO—319.
11:45 A. M.—Weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Weather and market reports.
12:30 P. M.—Organ.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner music.
7:30 P. M.—News; baseball scores; market report.
9:00 P. M.—Music.
11:00 P. M.—Supper music.
11:45 P. M.—Weather forecast.

KDKA, PITTSBURGH—326.
12:15 P. M.—Daugherty's Orchestra.
12:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast; market reports.
3:15 P. M.—Baseball scores by innings.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:30 P. M.—Organ recital.
7:00 P. M.—Baseball scores; concert.
7:30 P. M.—Children's stories.
7:45 P. M.—News.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
8:40 P. M.—Market reports.
9:00 P. M.—Mixed quartet.
10:55 P. M.—Time signals; weather forecast; baseball scores.

WCAE, PITTSBURGH—462.
6:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
7:30 P. M.—Bedtime story.
8:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:30 P. M.—Gates's Orchestra.

KQV, PITTSBURGH—276.
4:30-5:00 P. M.—Music.

CFCA, TORONTO—400.
9:00 P. M.—Musical program.

CFCF, MONTREAL—448.
9:00 P. M.—S. S. Ansonia Orchestra; address; recitation; instrumental solos.

CKAC, MONTREAL—425.
1:45 P. M.—Mount Royal Orchestra.
4:00 P. M.—News; weather and stock reports.

WJAX, CLEVELAND—390.
7:30 P. M.—Special program.

WTAM, CLEVELAND—389.
7:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.

WLW, CINCINNATI—423.
5:00 P. M.—Special program.

WWJ, DETROIT—516.
6:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
9:30 P. M.—Schmeeman's Band.
10:30 P. M.—Detroit News Orchestra.

WCX, DETROIT—517.
7:00 P. M.—Dinner concert; baseball scores.
9:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental concert.

WHAS, LOUISVILLE—400.
9:30-11:00 P. M.—Concert; historical episode; news; baseball scores; Standard Time announced at 11 o'clock.

KYW, CHICAGO—536.
7:45 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:00-8:30 P. M.—Dinner concert.
9:20 P. M.—Talks.
10:00 P. M.-1:30 A. M.—Midnight revue; news every half hour.

WMAQ, CHICAGO—448.
7:30 P. M.—La Salle Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—Nature Study Club talk.
9:15 P. M.—Wide-Awake Club program.
9:45 P. M.—To be announced.
10:30 P. M.—Special program.

WGN, CHICAGO—370.
7:30-8:30 P. M.—Music features.
9:30-10:30 P. M.—Music.
11:30 P. M.-12:30 A. M.—Features; music.

WLS, CHICAGO—345.
2:00-3:00 P. M.—Music; farm talks; weather and market reports.
7:30-12:00 P. M.—Music; farm talks.

WEBH, CHICAGO—370.
8:30-9:30 P. M.—Oriole Orchestra; Louise McCloud, soprano; popular songs.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Orchestra; J. St. John, tenor.
12:30-1:30 A. M.—Oriole Orchestra; vocal and instrumental solos.

WTAS, ELGIN, ILL.—286.
9:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
9:35 P. M.-2:30 A. M.—Lampe's Orchestra; piano solos; songs.

WOC, DAVENPORT, IOWA—484.
8:00 P. M.—Sport news; weather forecast.
9:00 P. M.—Band concert.
10:00 P. M.—Weekly road bulletin.

WMC, MEMPHIS—500.
10:30 P. M.—To be announced.
1:00 A. M.—Idlewild Orchestra.

WSB, ATLANTA—428.
10:00-11:00 P. M.—Evangelistic concert.
12:45 A. M.—Mixed quartet; vocal solos.

WOS, JEFFERSON CITY—441.
10:00 P. M.—Address; music.

WDAF, KANSAS CITY—411.
7:30 P. M.—Market, weather, time, road reports.
8:00 P. M.—Music, address; stories.
10:00 P. M.—Minstrels; orchestra.
1:45 A. M.—Dance; orchestra.

WOAW, OMAHA—526.
8:30 P. M.—Dance orchestra.
11:00 P. M.—Harmo-Jazz Orchestra.

WFAA, DALLAS—476.
10:30-11:30 P. M.—Music.

WBAP, FORT WORTH—476.
11:30 P. M.-12:45 A. M.—Music.

KHJ, LOS ANGELES—395.
12:00 P. M.-2:00 A. M.—Music.
3:00 A. M.—Vocal and instrumental solos.

KFI, LOS ANGELES—469.
1:00-2:00 A. M.—Concert.
2:00-3:00 A. M.—Vocal recital.
3:00-4:00 A. M.—Cocoanut Grove Orchestra.

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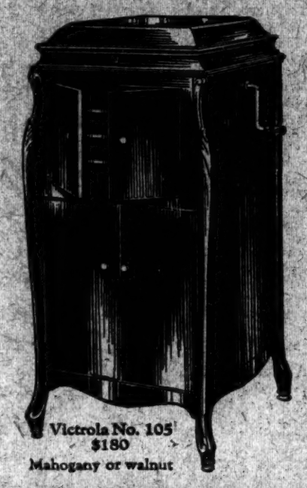

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New Victor Records

Red Seal Records

		Double-Faced Number	List Price
The Song of the Swan (Il Canto del Cigno) (Piccinni-Saint Saëns) *In Italian* — Beniamino Gigli Paquita (Spanish Serenade) (Bazzi-Peccia) *In Italian* — Beniamino Gigli		1025	$1.50

Saint-Saëns' mysteriously beautiful "The Song of the Swan" arranged as a tenor song, and a brilliant "Spanish Serenade." Both are sung in glorious and impassioned style, and the record is one of superb beauty.

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A record of quite extraordinary interest by this wizard of the violin; a display number by a modern and one by a classical composer. You will find comparisons fascinating; and at the same time you will appreciate how perfectly Victor Records parallel the artist's interpretations.

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For young or old, the love-songs of the world never lose their peculiar magic; and that song is rare which does not waken some human heart into response. These are two beautiful love-songs, and they are sung by a lyric soprano voice of exquisite quality. A record you will be glad to own.

Vocal Selections

Honey Chile (Lyman-Hueter) — Lucy Isabelle Marsh Hush-a-Bye Bay (Sherwood-Arthur) — Lucy Isabelle Marsh		45421	1.00

Motherhood speaks and thrills in every note of these two tender little lullabies; sung in a fashion to call back memories of the joys of childhood. Splendid additions for every library of Victor Records.

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Melodious Instrumental

Out of the Dusk to You — Victor String Orchestra Eleanor — Victor String Orchestra		19364	.75

Masterly settings, for the string orchestra, of popular sentimental compositions—both by women composers. Played with intense emotional power; genuine things of beauty—these records truly make them a joy forever.

Dance Records

Blackin' Blues—Fox Trot — Waring's Pennsylvanians Ukulele Blues—Fox Trot — International Novelty Orchestra		19369	.75

"Blackin' Blues" is about the weirdest thing yet, with its odd "shiver" effects from groups of saxophones and melodies from other instruments that sound about half-human. "Ukulele Blues" is also humorous. An unusual record that is particularly inviting to dance enthusiasts.

Two Blue Eyes—Fox Trot — Jan Garber and His Orchestra Sally Lou—Fox Trot — George Olsen and His Music		19374	.75

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Leader of the 1924 Expedition to Scale Mount Everest.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

YATUNG, July 22—I feel the series of letters written you would be incomplete without some final discussion of the possibility of climbing Everest in the light of the experience of 1924. First, let me say a few words on two kindred questions: Should Everest be attempted? Will Everest be reattempted?

We little doubt that the sad loss of Mallory and Irvine, following the death of seven porters in 1922, will raise considerable controversy on the former question. I know there was a large body of opinion in England previous to the 1924 tragedy that stigmatized the whole undertaking as a wanton risk of human life. This viewpoint will undoubtedly be accentuated by what has occurred. The old question, "What is the good of it?" will be insisted on with added point.

The question has been dealt with at some length by Sir Francis Younghusband. I can add but little to his able and to me convincing reply. It is true there can be no immediate material gain either to the members of the expedition or the public at large, from a successful attempt to climb the mountain. Indeed, the former are generally considerable losers from this viewpoint. Isn't this in the material age in which we live an argument in favor of making the attempt? Isn't it a goodish thing to run some risks, undergo some hardships, for an ideal divorced from sordid considerations? In the absence of the great purifier, war, there must be something favoring an undertaking which, Jorrocksly, may be likened to the image of war with only 25 per cent. of the danger. [The 25 per cent. is Jorrocks's not mine.] In a cliping peace times how else than by such undertakings as polar and Everest expeditions is the last flicker of the old spirit of adventure and enterprise which made the British Empire to be kept alive?

Arguments for Another Attempt.

Will Everest be attempted again? This question I am not in a position to answer. A member of the expedition is happily free from the difficulties of finance and organization confronting the Everest Committee. But we are a persistent people; the recent war proves we have a certain genius for attaining, through failure, to success. The things worth stimulating and hardening to the determination of Englishmen are obstacles, failures and casualties. I can speak for the members of the 1924 expedition, saying that the loss of friends and the setbacks endured have made us at least, feel stronger, if never before that Everest must be climbed—not in 1925, perhaps not in some years; I know only some of the difficulties of preliminary organization—but sooner or later the torch lit by Mallory and Irvine must be carried on to light us to the summit.

Can Everest be climbed? Assuredly; it is possible that it has been climbed. If the 1924 expedition has dashed the hopes and modified the opinions of some of the more optimistic of us—and I was among these—if it still leaves one most serious gap in the knowledge essential to ensuring success, it has filled all the remaining gaps.

We started in 1924 in the fullest consciousness of these gaps. It has proved that porters can carry the requisite loads to near 27,000 feet. None of the snow has any doubt that under favorable conditions a camp can be established at least 500 feet higher—say at 27,300 feet, just under the northeast shoulder of the mountain. It has proved that there is nothing to prevent climbers from sleeping well at about 27,000 feet and starting comparatively fit and well on the morrow.

Our doubts on these two points were the two most serious gaps in our experience when we started operations in 1924. On the march to Everest last Spring I constantly reiterated that if a non-oxygen party could camp at 27,000 feet and an oxygen party at 26,500 if both could sleep and start fairly fit on the morrow, in fine weather, the trick was done. Both ways we were optimistic.

Each Expedition Gains in Comfort.

It is by no means proved, but evidence increases, that the advent of the monsoon is normally preceded by a spell of comparatively fine, settled weather. Further evidence on this subject must be procurable and would be valuable. It is abundantly proved that each year's experience increases the comfort and diminishes the moderate attitudes by good equipment; that, except in really bad weather ,the height where reasonable comfort is providable is progressively raisable. We have even schemes for comfort in that vile spot Camp No. 3, and with comfort go health and efficiency. On acclimatization we have now clear, definite ideas. Previously we were but groping our way to these ideas.

Finally, as General Bruce has more than once pointed out, the standard of achievement is automatically rising. In 1922 four of us set out to discover whether human beings could live without oxygen at 25,000 feet and, if so, could they sleep? In 1924 Odell and Hazard took a walk at 22,000 feet in the interval of their duties as supporters of Camp No. 4 but to study geology and enjoy the view. Four climbers slept at nearly 27,000 feet. In ten days Odell went from 25,000 feet three times down as 21,000 feet and twice to 27,000 feet—a performance we should hardly have considered possible in 1922.

So much is to the good; but we have also learned lessons of a different sort. These must be laid to heart by any future party.

Doubts as to Value of Oxygen.

One serious gap experience failed to fill is the possibilities of oxygen apparatus. Below 23,000 feet there seems little doubt that the apparatus as so far designed and modified does not fulfill its weight; in other words, the benefit derived from inhaling oxygen does not compensate for the weight on the climber's back. Above 25,000 feet O'Dell is the only surviving climber who used it. He carried one cylinder only and used it up to about 27,000 feet. With even this modified weight on his back his verdict is that he gained little. If anything, over his previous trip to the same height without oxygen.

Mallory and Irvine were reported by the accompanying porters as going strongly on oxygen. On the other hand, the time and place where they were last seen on the morrow indicated that either a very late start was made—possibly due to having to repair some mishap to apparatus—or that they were going as slowly as the non-oxygen party four days previously.

In spite, then, of the much more favorable interpretation of Finch and Bruce in 1922, it would seem that the value of oxygen apparatus was doubtful unless it can be made materially lighter; for it must not be forgotten that its use entails the severest strain on the porter organization.

Handicap of May Weather.

The possibility of really bad weather almost throughout May comes as a most unpleasant surprise to us. In 1924 the effect on the whole party was serious, and the conditions produced on the mountain above 21,000 feet were so hopeless that it would appear advisable in future not to make a move above, say, 19,000 feet until really favorable weather sets in—this, even though the rather remote possibility must be faced that the party might fail to get beyond or even reach North Col in any given year.

The physical difficulties of the mountain's last 1,000 feet probably were underrated previous to 1924. It would be rather more nearly correct to say its dangers for the final pyramid and approaches appear to consist of that unpleasant type of rock whose strata slope outward and downward at a sharpish angle. The rock is by no means firm when the surface is covered with a powdering light snow, which, not supporting the climber, provides possible footholds. The going is all dangerous, and the general slope of this part of the mountain is such as to render a slip probably fatal. The lesson to be learned from this is that the final assault should not be taken deliberately when fresh snow is lying on the rocks. This alone, to my mind, precludes the idea, mooted more than once, that an attempt in September, after the monsoon, when the rocks are bare of snow, should have little danger for a party of experienced climbers.

The last unpleasant surprise met in 1924 was that apparently there is a point somewhere between 27,300 and 28,000 feet, where the lack of oxygen in the air begins to render progress so slow that it remains uncertain whether an unoxygened party have time to reach the summit safely. This is the most important point, but I do not consider the evidence of 1924 sufficient to establish it; for the party of two, whose experience supplies the only data, had already suffered too much prolonged exertion and exposure to provide a real test. It is probable that a fitter and fresher party would not have slowed down to anything like the same extent.

Summing Up of Lessons Learned.

So when we strike a balance of the favorable and unfavorable lessons we have learned in 1924 the result evidently favors success. Perhaps 800 feet of the mountain remain to be climbed. There is little doubt that by camping 250 feet higher on each of two successive nights above the North Col an improvement of some 500 feet could be made on the height of Camp 6. Thus, on the last day the party may be called on to do some 1,500 feet to the summit, against the average of 1,400, or the 1,500 achieved by the two parties in 1924.

Allow for a descent only to Camp 5; postulate a party fresh, fit and unexhausted by exposure and severe exertion; give us but as favorable weather as was encountered by the first party in 1924, and I have few doubts that the summit can safely be reached with or without improved oxygen apparatus. Half the battle is won if the climbers and porters start off from the North Col in really good condition and good health.

This is easy to talk and write about, but very difficult to accomplish. But the experience of two years has taught us much regarding the conflicting claims of acclimatization and conservation of energy. Something, if not a great deal, is to be said in favor of improving the comfort of the glacier camps. The rest depends upon the patience, patience and again patience, that most difficult type of patience which will wait, wait for the one weather essential to success, even though all indications point to the early arrival of the monsoon, with which comes the end of another year's efforts, with perhaps nothing accomplished.

And as to the verdict, whether Everest should or will be attempted again, we of the 1924 expedition are confident that it can be climbed, despite the dictum of our good friend Shekar Jongpen, who, commiserating our misfortune, summed up by saying:

"Myself, I think the gods of the mountain will never allow."

Colonel Norton Interviewed.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SIMLA, July 31.—Seen at Yatung on July 24, on behalf of The London Times, Lieut. Col. Norton said:

"There is nothing to add to my dispatch of the 22d discussing the feasibility of climbing Everest. The opinion of the expedition, which is based on ascertainable facts, is that the greatest height reached was 28,226 feet.

"The reasons for the greater success of this expedition were that it stood on the shoulders of the 1922 expedition, which only felt its way, and so the 1924 expedition slept an extra night above 23,000 feet.

"The reason for the eventual failure of the expedition has already been fully discussed; but Colonel Norton ascribes it mainly to the weather. Beyond this he considers that everything has been covered in the dispatches already telegraphed."

PARENTS FIGHT CHARGE AGAINST SCHOOL HEAD

Back Miss Snellgrove, Accused by Child Welfare Board of Beating a Pupil.

ST. JAMES, L. I., July 31.—Miss Jessie A. Snellgrove, head of the Square House School here, will have the help of all the parents of her students, it was said here today, in fighting the charges of assault in the second degree made against her by the Child Welfare Board of Suffolk County in connection with the beating on July 14 of Jack Chalmers, the 10-year-old son of Mrs. Edna Chalmers of 41 West Ninth Street, New York.

Miss Snellgrove was arraigned before Justice of the Peace Benjamin Blackman at Smithtown yesterday and released pending action of the Grand Jury at Riverhead. The boy was placed in the custody of the Child Welfare Board pending his appearance as a witness at the Grand Jury investigation.

Frank Fitch, a lumber dealer of San Francisco, who has a son at the school, said today that the fourteen families of Miss Snellgrove's pupils, including Mrs. Chalmers, would back Miss Snellgrove financially and morally in fighting the case. The boy, it is charged, was beaten by the Director of the camp, who has since left, on July 14, in connection with the disappearance of candy from boxes intended as prizes in singing contests. Miss Snellgrove admitted at the hearing that she had whipped the boy and confined him in the ice-house, but stated that she had the permission of his mother to punish him. Mrs. Chalmers confirmed this.

Mr. Fitch said that Miss Snellgrove was entirely innocent of the charge and that she intended to prosecute the former Director of the camp as soon as he can be found.

TO FIGHT GOMPERS'S POLITICAL POLICY

Some Federation of Labor Chiefs Will Contest His Non-Partisan Stand.

MORRISON FOR LA FOLLETTE

Secretary of the Federation Will Lead Movement to Endorse Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 31.—There is a prospect of a spirited fight in the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor over the declaration of the Federation's President, Samuel Gompers, that it will not endorse any political party or candidates in the national campaign.

The council opens its Summer meeting here tomorrow, and tonight it appeared despite a general reticence on the part of those in position to know, that Mr. Gompers's attitude would be challenged and that he would have to fight to recommit the Federation to his policy. Even those predicting a fight, however, do not profess to believe that Mr. Gompers will fail to come out victorious, his enunciated position being that of non-partisan action which has become the traditional political strategy of the organization.

Although representatives of all the leading candidates are said to be on the ground, ready to urge the claims of their respective chiefs if opportunity should offer, the greatest effort probably will be made in behalf of Senator Robert M. La Follette, the third party aspirant. At least one member of the council, Frank Morrison, Secretary of the federation and spokesman for the International Typographical Union, is known to stand for a flat and vigorous endorsement of the Wisconsin Senator and it is asserted here tonight that he intends to lead a fight to commit the federation, through the council, to the support of the Senator's candidacy.

Some Members Favor a Labor Party.

Some members of the council, who are understood to believe that labor would fare best in the United States by having a party of its own, as it does in England, are reported to be ready to rally to the support of Mr. Morrison. James Duncan of the Granite Cutters' Union, F. A. Rickerd of the United Garment Workers and William Green of the United Mine Workers are said to agree with Mr. Gompers that labor will get more consideration by endorsing progressive candidates favorable to its aims in the existing parties.

In all there are eleven members of the council, counting Mr. Gompers, whom those mentioned as reputedly supporting either the Federation President or Mr. Morrison, there is a group holding the balance of power said to be neutral thus far, which will determine the issue.

If the anticipated fight develops, the council conference may last two weeks or more; but even those who disagree with Mr. Gompers tonight are quite willing to concede that the latter has a tight grip in his hand and that he is both a fighter and a political strategist and that he never has been overruled on a political question of major significance during his long régime at the head of the organization.

Mr. Gompers's pronouncement of yesterday on the probable national position of the Federation brought to his rooms at the Hotel Ambassador a flood of communications from unions throughout the country. Those opinions are said to show divided sentiment among union men on the question of endorsing La Follette.

Communications of similar nature also were sent to the council itself, one big union's Executive Board advising that it already had pledged itself behind the third party candidacy. This union was the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employes.

Gompers Silent on the Issue.

Mr. Gompers, who is still in the hands of physicians and nurses after his recent illness, spent a quiet day, emerging from his hotel only for a wheelchair ride on the boardwalk. Like the others most intimately concerned, he declined to discuss the situation.

The members of the Executive Council, besides those already mentioned, are Martin F. Ryan of the Carmen's Union, Joseph Valentine, Molders' Union; Frank Duffy, Carpenters' Union; Daniel Tobin, International Teamsters' Union; Jacob Fisher, Journeymen Barbers' Union, and Matthew Woll of the Photo-engravers' Union.

CHASE AT WASHINGTON PRESSES FIRPO CASE

Clergyman Complains of Curran's Attitude, but Is Told He Is Right.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The case of Luis Firpo, the Argentine prizefighter, whose deportation is sought by Canon William Sheafe Chase of Brooklyn, N. Y., on the ground that he was guilty of acts on his recent journey from South America that would warrant his exclusion, was formally directed to the attention of the Commissioner General of Immigration, Mr. Husband, today.

Canon Chase, accompanied by Bernard Sandler, a New York attorney, spent an hour in conference with Mr. Husband this afternoon. They were told that neither he nor the Secretary of Labor could take cognisance of the charge that Firpo had violated the Immigration laws until it had been made the subject of an inquiry and decision by the authorities at Ellis Island.

Afterward Canon Chase and Mr. Sandler went to the White House, presumably to discuss the Firpo case with President Coolidge. They were unable to see the President today, however.

The clergyman told Mr. Husband that he had got no satisfaction from Commissioner Curran, who is in charge at Ellis Island, and who informed Canon Chase that the port authorities could not act unless he made formal charges against Firpo and supported them with competent testimony. Mr. Husband told his callers that this was the correct course. The understanding is that on his return to New York Canon Chase will reduce his charges to writing and make a formal demand for the deportation of the pugilist on the ground that he is an undesirable, and as such should not have been admitted to the United States.

Canon Chase challenges Firpo's statement that Señorita Blanca Lourides Picart, the young woman who reached New York with the pugilist's party and was forced to trans-ship to Cuba, was a chance acquaintance. He showed a picture of a dinner party taken in New York last September at which Firpo and the Señorita were guests, occupying adjoining seats.

REVIVES LIBEL ACTION.

Lawyer Files New Complaint Against Courier des Etats-Unis.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 31.—Maurice Leon, a lawyer, of 60 Wall Street, Manhattan, today revived a libel action against the publishers of the Courier des Etats-Unis in New York by filing here an amended complaint, the original having been dismissed by Justice Morschauser two weeks ago.

As defendant Leon names Gaston Liebert, editor; Firmin Gueco, an employe, and the H. P. Sampers Company, publishers. He objects to an article published in the Courier on April 30 last, which referred to his $10,000 action against William Randolph Hearst for payment for legal services.

1,000,000 Veterans File Bonus Applications; Daily Handling, Now 1,000, Will Reach 40,000

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Adjt. Gen. Robert C. Davis announced today that the War Department had received about 1,000,000 applications for benefits under the Adjusted Compensation act since the distribution of blanks was completed on July 28. At present, General Davis said, more than 1,000 applications were being handled each day and later would average 30,000 to 40,000 to enable the Veterans' Bureau to be on time with the insurance certificates dated Jan. 1, 1925, and cash payments due March 1, 1925.

Funds for the administration of the law, General Davis said, were made available on June 14. The distribution of 12,000,000 blanks began on June 16. About 75,000 packages of blanks were sent all over the United States and abroad.

A clerical force of 2,000, including many veterans, has been recruited from the civil service list and instructed in the details of administration. During this instruction period, 10,000,000 items of veterans' personal records and information from 80,000 muster rolls have been filed with individual records being compiled.

Instruction was given to those clerks who will compute the amounts due veterans. This work is to be done by specially constructed tabulating machines of absolute accuracy, which are capable of mechanically transposing dates into days and then into dollars.

Instruction also included a course of study in fingerprints and an examination of the bonus law from both the legal and the administrative viewpoint.

General Davis announced that the department is now ready and anxious to receive all applications, and requests that veterans who have not so far applied but who intend to do so submit their applications as soon as possible.

He asked that veterans carefully follow the instructions. It has been found that veterans have neglected to sign their applications or have not obtained the signatures of the necessary witnesses. Fingerprints should be made so that the full imprint of the four fingers is thoroughly legible. If possible, printer's ink should be used; lacking this, a clear imprint from the ordinary rubber stamp pad will suffice.

MURDER AND SUICIDE FOLLOW AN INSULT

Man Kills Woman Who Snubbed Daughter-in-Law, Then Ends His Own Life.

HAD BEEN CLOSE FRIENDS

His Decision to Leave His Property to His Son Led to Bitter Quarrels.

Fury at what he considered an insult to his daughter-in-law, drove Charles Blatt Sr., 50 years old, to shoot to death Mrs. Sadie Tarbox, 35, and then to kill himself in his home at 5,440 Arthur Kill Road, Tottenville, Staten Island, yesterday. Quarreling over the disposition of real estate and a $1,500 diamond studded belt preceded the shooting.

Blatt, a widower of a year, had been a vaudeville acrobat, a hotel man and finally a real estate investor, building up a fortune of around $150,000. Mrs. Tarbox was the mother of three children. She was separated from her husband and had been established in business by Blatt at Tottenville. She lived at 80 Main Street, half a block from the Tottenville police station and a block from Blatt's apartment.

Though the two had been friendly for a number of months, neighbors and friends, one of them a clergyman, told the police yesterday that quarrels had been overheard lately and that the pair had fallen out over the disposition of Blatt's possessions.

Among these possessions were a number of pieces of jewelry left by Blatt's wife. In addition, she left him, on her death, a $1,500 diamond belt received on publication in recognition of her athletic prowess on the stage. She had been known for years in vaudeville as "Mme. Minerva, strongest woman in the world."

Bought Store for the Woman.

Shortly after his wife's death Blatt became acquainted with Mrs. Tarbox, then living at Perth Amboy. He met her while in that city on a visit to his son Charles, 23, and the latter's wife, Cecelia, of 121 Montana Avenue. About eight months ago the elder Blatt established Mrs. Tarbox in business, buying for her the building at 80 Main Street, Tottenville, and fitting the second floor of the two-story building as her living quarters. On the ground floor he opened for her a restaurant and candy store, on which he spent $3,000.

Neighbors said that Blatt and Mrs. Tarbox quarreled bitterly Wednesday afternoon in his apartment on the second floor of the Arthur Kill Road house. They reported the subject was the disposition of his property. Blatt was heard to demand the whereabouts of missing pieces of his wife's jewelry. Neighbors reported Blatt announced to Mrs. Tarbox that he intended to give his real estate to his son and the diamond belt to his daughter-in-law, and that Mrs. Tarbox insisted that she should receive both.

In greatly distressed frame of mind, Blatt repaired after this dispute to the home of the Rev. Jacob Ganss. The preacher told the police that Blatt offered to give him his real estate and the belt and that he advised Blatt to give the property to his son, Charles Blatt, of Perth Amboy. To the pastor he complained vigorously that "that woman robbed me of all my money and my wife's jewelry and now she'll get the rest of it if I don't give it to somebody." His hatred for Mrs. Tarbox was emphasized strongly.

After his talk with the minister, Blatt went Wednesday evening to Perth Amboy. There he urged his son and daughter-in-law to visit his home the next morning, so that he might deed over his property to them and hand the diamond-studded belt to the daughter-in-law.

The Daughter-in-Law's Story.

His son found yesterday that he could not go. His wife, however, arrived at Blatt's home at Tottenville shortly before noon. Blatt sent for Mrs. Tarbox. When the latter arrived Blatt announced he had determined to give her the estate to his son and the belt to his daughter-in-law. According to the latter, Blatt said to Mrs. Tarbox, "I want you to meet my daughter-in-law and become friendly with her."

Mrs. Blatt told the police that the other woman replied, "I don't want to know her or have anything to do with her."

"She turned her back on me," said Mrs. Blatt. "My father-in-law was highly insulted and became angry. I was insulted and left the apartment while my father-in-law was scolding her. I was half-way down the stairs when I heard two shots. I ran back. They were both on the floor."

Mrs. Blatt ran to the police station. Dr. William Kleuber of the Richmond Memorial Hospital at Princess Bay was summoned. He said Blatt had died instantly and the woman had lived only five minutes after being shot. A .38 calibre pistol found on the floor had been used. A bullet entered Mrs. Tarbox's back and went into the left lung. Blatt had shot himself behind the right ear.

Mrs. Tarbox left three children, George, 17 years old, a cripple; Florence, 10, and Jenny, 9.

COOLIDGE BOY STAYS HOME.

John, for Sake of Mother, Gives Up Going to Training Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—John Coolidge, son of President and Mrs. Coolidge, will not go to the Citizens' Military Training Camp at Camp Devens this Summer, as had been planned prior to the death of his brother, Calvin.

Since the recent White House bereavement, John has been the constant companion of his mother, and he will stay with her until he is ready to enter Amherst in the Fall.

Redmond Firm Head Sent to Prison.

BOSTON, July 31.—James S. Lamont, President of the bankrupt brokerage firm of G. F. Redmond & Co., Inc., who recently pleaded guilty to one count of an indictment for conspiracy, was sentenced to a year and a day in the Plymouth jail by Judge Lowell in the Federal District Court today. Other charges were not pressed.

17 BROOKLYN CAFES CLOSED IN A DAY

Judge M. B. Campbell Sets a Padlocking Record, Bringing Total for Borough to 300.

CAMDEN POLICEMAN SHOT

Receives Bullet While Talking With Two Men Whom He Had Arrested as Bootleggers.

Padlocks for seventeen saloons, for periods ranging from three months to a year, were ordered yesterday by Federal Judge Marcus B. Campbell in Brooklyn. This was the largest number of places ordered closed in Brooklyn in one day since prohibition went into effect. It brought to 300 the total number of places closed in that borough. More than 700 other injunction proceedings are pending there.

The places closed were, with their owners: Frank Fiorino, 706 Flushing Avenue; Charles Gulmanelli, 965 Broadway; George Auerbach, 970 Bay Street; Gennaro Rogiero, 403 Van Brunt Street; Anna Bach, 19 Hamilton Avenue; Joseph Freeman, 4,602 Seventh Avenue; Frank Fitzgerald, 952 Fourth Avenue; Michael Grillo, 1,306 Thirty-eighth Street; Vincent Suzrato, 4,214 Third Avenue; John Loubin, 4,825 Fifth Avenue; Dominick Martella, 869 Third Avenue; Louis Hellwig, 1,117 Broadway; Anthony Christy, 5,753 Fifth Avenue; Gardino Baptiste, 163 Fulton Street; Daniel Whelan, 689 Seneca Avenue; David von Weile, 220 Conover Street, and Edward Siegel, 912 Madison Street.

Federal Commissioner Rasquin held ten men for the Grand Jury yesterday on charges of selling liquor. They were Rudolph Schlink, owner of the Court View Hotel at Mineola, L. I.; Adolph Ploets, proprietor of a place in Corona; his son, Emil; John Kelly, 960 Coney Island Avenue; Frank Sunn, 63 Franklin Street; Roman Eavacka, 1,130 Manhattan Avenue; John Boelich, Oyster Bay; John Conrad, 129th Street, Richmond Hill; Frank Frichitti, Richmond Hill, and Frank Gerewitz, Far Rockaway. All furnished bail.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 31.—Policeman Frank Clemens was shot in the right thigh early today while talking with two alleged bootleggers. Clemens had stopped an automobile and arrested Sidney Morgenstein and his son Aaron, 17 years old, both of Camden. During a discussion, said Clemens in the hospital, one of the prisoners wounded him. The Morgensteins were locked up.

KLAN CLASH PRISONERS ARE JAILED AND FINED

Nine Are Sentenced for Haverhill Outbreak in Which Four Were Shot.

HAVERHILL, Mass., July 31.—The arraignment today of men alleged to have taken part in this morning's early clash between Klansmen returning from an initiation ceremony in Groveland and a crowd resulted, after an all-day hearing, in a sentence of thirty days in jail for one man and fines of $10 each for eight others on charges of disturbing the peace. The cases of eight were continued to Saturday. Two of the four men who received gunshot wounds in the encounter are in a hospital and will be heard later.

All those against whom charges were sustained were described as having been in a line of motor cars returning from the Klan ceremony. They appealed. All the defendants who took the witness stand asserted they were quiet and orderly, made no outcry and did not use shotguns, clubs or other weapons.

BOSTON, July 31.—Governor Cox today asked the Attorney General for an opinion on the laws governing assemblages such as Klan meetings. The Rev. Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, a member of the Legislature, in filing a bill today to vest power for permits to carry guns and revolvers solely with the judiciary and police, asserted that "in many instances these permits have been issued by ordinary officials who were Klan sympathizers or Klansmen themselves."

It was said at the State House that investigations of recent Klan meetings had established that armed men were present at each, but that in every instance those armed held permits to carry firearms.

SAYS KLAN MENACES HIM.

F. W. Vanderpool, Composer, Asks for a Guard at His Home.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 31.—Frederick W. Vanderpool, composer, asked the police today to guard his home and to permit him to carry a revolver because of numerous threats he had received from the Ku Klux Klan. Mr. Vanderpool is seeking nomination for the New Jersey Assembly in the Republican primaries on an anti-Klan platform. Decision on his request was reserved.

Mr. Vanderpool said he had been informed over the telephone at various times since announcing his principles that he had only a short time to live. Similar tidings, marked with a fiery cross, had been sent to him in letters. His photograph in local papers had been cut out and pasted on the envelopes. He said tonight that the Klan opposition to him hinges upon the prohibition question, he himself being a pronounced "dry." Senator Edwards wet."

Mr. Vanderpool's compositions have been sung in concert by various artists of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and his wife, the former Emily Begien, was a member of that organization in 1917-1918.

HYLAN CONDEMNS TRANSIT CAMPAIGN

Attacks Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce Crusade for Petitions Asking for Subways.

CALLS IT ALL PROPAGANDA

Writes Delaney, Suggesting Civic Conference to Call for Special Session of Legislature.

Mayor John F. Hylan, in his first official letter since his return from California, warned John H. Delaney, Chairman of the new Board of Transportation, that a campaign was being carried on by the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, "aided by sincere but misguided clergymen of that borough, "to hoodwink the people." The Mayor declares that the powers behind the concerted movement in Brooklyn, which has resulted in hundreds of thousands of signatures being attached to petitions for immediate subway building, are "those who are interested solely in the perpetuation of the monopoly profits of the traction interests."

The Mayor's letter follows:

"City of New York,
"Office of the Mayor.
"July 31, 1924.

"John H. Delaney, Esq., Chairman Board of Transportation, 49 Lafayette Street, New York.

"Dear Mr. Delaney:

"I want to take this opportunity to commend the Board of Transportation of which you are Chairman for the progress that has been made in working out the extension of the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District route, as well as planning the new crosstown subway in Brooklyn, which will pay a profit from the time it is put into operation. You are entitled to the hearty cooperation of every person interested in the construction of needed new rapid transit lines which will provide for both service and profits to the people.

"Unfortunately, we note that a campaign is being carried on to hoodwink the people by those who are interested solely in the perpetuation of the monopoly profits of the traction interests. The Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, headed by Arthur Somers, who is himself a director in the B. M. T., is the official propaganda civic organization of the B. M. T. The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, some of the controlling individuals in which are likewise interested in the B. M. T., is engaged in the widespread embarrassment of public officials and to mislead the people. Mr. Dahl of the reorganized B. M. T. is conspicuous in his traction propaganda.

Says Clergymen Are Misled.

A representative of the Brooklyn Eagle has gone to children not yet fourteen years of age to get them to make statements which might be used against the City Administration. Clergymen, who undoubtedly mean well but are misled into false statements, have permitted the use of their names in furtherance of the propaganda. If they but knew the facts, I am sure they would be enlisted in the cause of the people against that of the traction propagandists. Many of the traction Republicans, who are naturally opposed to a Democratic Administration, as well as some Democrats like Arthur Somers, who is connected with the Fifth Avenue Bus Company as well as the Brooklyn Manhattan Transit, have joined in the traction propaganda.

"You may be surprised to learn that Mr. Dahl of the Brooklyn Manhattan Transit went to French Lick to see some politician who, he thought, might be able to "reach" me. He approached several people reported to be friendly or close to me, but was unable to get these individuals to persuade me to aid the transportation of the Brooklyn Manhattan Transit and betray the confidence of the people. Needless to say, his plan was wholly unsuccessful.

"The propaganda misrepresenting officials and conditions in the Borough of Brooklyn would not now be taking place if the B. M. T. had succeeded in its scheme to have spent $44,000,000 of the people's money on a crosstown line to tie up at the Queensborough Bridge and Fulton Street, with the B. M. T. wasting at least $20,000,000, making independent operation impossible, while providing for the construction of a route that would not pay but would burden the people with an annual charge of about $2,500,000 in interest, to be collected forever in taxes.

"Arthur Somers and every last one of the traction propagandists know that your Board of Transportation is working out a plan for an independent subway which will compete with the B. M. T. They know, too, that there is not sufficient borrowing capital with which the city could construct all of the subway lines that are needed, not alone in Brooklyn but throughout the city. These groups demand subways and then oppose any plan to expedite the construction of such subways. They were opposed to a concurrent resolution at the last session of the Legislature which would have permitted a referendum on the question of whether the people wish to spend $275,000,000 of their own money to build subways as they have been permitted to spend similar millions when the necessity of a new water supply system was imperative.

Attacks "Traction Propagandists."

If the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, The Brooklyn Daily Eagle and the traction propagandists are sincere in their demands for subways, why did they, one week after the Administration in its efforts to get the money to build needed subways? Why did they continue their obstruction? I think if clergymen and other well-intentioned citizens who are being beguiled by propaganda knew the real situation they would promptly join us in the fight for new rapid-transit lines and improved service on the existing ones.

"You ought to let the people of Brooklyn and the city at large know that the Board of Transportation is laying out independent rapid-transit lines that will insure service and profit for the people. They ought to be told, too, that the regulation of service on the existing lines is wholly within the jurisdiction of the State Transit Commission. A word of explanation as to the necessity of receiving the $275,000,000 requested for immediate subway construction should be given at the earliest moment.

"My suggestion is that you call a conference of civic organizations and others interested in rapid transit in the Borough of Brooklyn, at which you may set forth clearly what the rapid-transit plans of the city are and how they can be advanced if sufficient funds are made available. Point out that a concurrent resolution, such as failed of passage early this year, should be passed before the year is out, to permit of the repassage at a session of the Legislature next year, so that the people may have an opportunity to vote upon a constitutional amendment at the earliest opportunity to secure money for additional subways.

Wants Legislature Called.

"If this is not done delays will result. Such delays will put back the early construction of new subways. It should be the sense of such a conference that a request be made upon the Governor of the State to call a special session of the Legislature as soon as possible. Democratic legislators will no doubt favor a concurrent resolution making a constitutional amendment possible.

"If Republican legislators in this city and State oppose such a resolution, this people will at least know definitely where such public servants stand. The people ought to have an opportunity to say whether they want to spend $275,000,000 of their own money for subways. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment was unanimous in its action to have such an opportunity given to the people.

"Now let us have a request from the people themselves to the Governor asking him to call a special session of the Legislature and the fullest possible movement to give to the people the privilege of saying whether or not they want to spend their own money for subways.

"Very truly yours,
JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Christian Endeavor to Urge Members to Go to Polls

BOSTON, July 31.—The Trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor at their annual meeting today adopted a plan to canvass personally the 500,000 members of Christian Endeavor Societies who will reach the voting age this year and urge them to register and vote.

The Rev. Dr. Daniel A. Poling, Associate President and Citizenship Superintendent, who presented the plan, said: "We propose to make an organized canvass of every church in the United States to make sure that the Christian citizens of America go to the polls in November.

"We shall not urge the support of any particular political party, but we shall ask that each voter cast his ballot in accordance with the dictates of his conscience and on the side of decency and law enforcement."

SAYS MARSH AIDED MISS ROCKEFELLER

Hirshfield Reports to Mayor That Magistrate and Doran Had Complaint Altered.

INSISTS THEY KNEW FACTS

Imposed on Patrolman to Make Second Speeding Case Appear as First Offense, He Charges.

David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, filed with Mayor Hylan yesterday his report on his investigation into the case of Miss Abby Rockefeller, daughter of John D. Rockefeller Jr., who had received a suspended sentence for speeding on two occasions within a brief period. It had been alleged that special favor had been shown Miss Rockefeller, while other offenders commonly were fined for a first offense against the speed regulations and were severely dealt with in the event of a second accusation.

Commissioner Hirshfield reported to the Mayor that "Traffic Court Magistrate Marsh and Court Attendant Frank Doran both knew that the first case against Miss Rockefeller had not been dismissed, and that, with the assistance of Police Lieutenant Collins, they had both deliberately imposed upon Patrolman Fleming, who made the arrest, and got him to change his complaint against Miss Rockefeller from that of a second offense to a first offense."

The report further declared to the Mayor that the Board of City Magistrates had not always supported Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo in his effort to enforce discipline among the employes of the Magistrates' courts.

Criticizes Marsh for Silence.

As a result of the inquiry into the Rockefeller case Magistrate Marsh was transferred from the Traffic Court, Police Lieutenant Collins resigned from the force, Patrolman Fleming was transferred to Brooklyn and Doran was transferred to duty in the Night Court. Chief City Magistrate McAdoo preferred charges against Doran, but they were dismissed by the Board of City Magistrates.

Commissioner Hirshfield, commenting to the Mayor on Magistrate Marsh's refusal during the investigation to explain his part in the matter, said that if the Magistrate had appeared before him instead of preparing later a statement upon the subject, "he would have done a great deal to restore the confidence of the masses toward the Magistrates' courts."

Concerning Court Attendant Doran, Commissioner Hirshfield in his report to the Mayor reiterated the opinion he had expressed at the time of his investigation. "In fact, at the time of the hearing," said the report, "I stated that I had jurisdiction over Frank Doran I would dismiss him from the service. I have not since changed my mind."

This is what Commissioner Hirshfield said in his report concerning the dismissal by the Board of City Magistrates of Chief Magistrate Marsh's charges against Doran:

"Of course I do not assume to criticise the action of the City Magistrates, or to question their disposition of the charges against a Magistrate's Court employe. However, as a citizen, if not as an official, I do state that in the light of my knowledge of the facts and my understanding of the matter, I fail to conceive how these judicial minds could have acquitted Doran of all wrongs in connection with this Rockefeller case.

Regrets Action of Board.

"It is regrettable that in his effort to enforce discipline among the various clerks and employes in the Magistrate's Court in the City of New York, the Chief City Magistrate did not in this case receive from the Board of City Magistrates their generous support."

The part played in the case by Police Lieutenant Collins is dismissed by Mr. Hirshfield in these terms:

"Lieutenant Collins was examined by me on the 9th day of June, and admitted his part in the case and later, between that day and June 12th, when he was again recalled for further examination, he retired from the Police Department at his own request."

As to Patrolman Fleming," Commissioner Hirshfield reported, "while I commend him for having stopped Miss Rockefeller like any other speed offender and having served her with a summons, like he would every other person, I cannot absolve him entirely of all blame. However, in view of the fact that it was his superior and a favored court attendant who misled him, I am of the opinion that Fleming, who was soon thereafter transferred to Brooklyn, has been sufficiently punished and should be required to rectify, was filed yesterday with the Transit Commission by the Woodmere Improvement Society through its President, Clarence C. Gulston.

The commission is asked to require the company to give "proper, safe and adequate service."

GLANDS FOR WOOL INCREASE

Dr. Voronoff Tries Transplanting Operation on Sheep and Goats.

LIEGE, Belgium, July 31.—Dr. Serge Voronoff, the famous surgeon, addressing a scientific congress here, claimed it would be possible to increase the yield of wool by applying his gland transplantation operation to sheep.

Although the operation could not be performed successfully on all sheep, he said, he hoped to be able

AEOLIAN COMPANY SELLS ITS BUILDING

Structure in West 42d Street Purchased by the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation.

WAS HELD AT $6,000,000

Music Concern Will Continue to Occupy Present Quarters Until May 1, 1929, President Announces.

One of the largest and most important real estate transactions of the year in the Grand Central zone was closed yesterday when the Aeolian Building at 29 to 33 West Forty-second Street was sold to the Schulte Retail Stores Corporation for investment.

The property was held at $6,000,000 and although no figures were announced it is understood that the buyer paid very close to the holding price. N. A. Berwin & Co. and Henry Shapiro & Co. negotiated the transaction.

The Aeolian Building, which occupies the site of Latting tower, one of the landmarks of New York in the '50s, is a seventeen-story structure with two basements. It occupies a plot 78 feet front on Forty-second Street, and the same frontage on Forty-third Street, being 200 feet deep.

The structure is of Indiana limestone on both frontages, of modern steel frame construction and was built by the Aeolian Company in 1912 from designs by Warren & Wetmore, architects, especially to meet the requirements of the owners, including Aeolian concert hall, music roll and phonograph demonstration rooms, &c., as well the Aeolian Company's executive and general offices.

The sale of the property at the reported figure makes another forward step in the progress of the Aeolian Company. Forty years ago, when the Aeolian Company pioneered in the making of player instruments it occupied a store on Broadway near Union Square, and it was there that E. B. Tremaine, President of the company, first joined his father in the management of the business which he has since directed.

As the wealth and fashion of New York began its uptown march the Aeolian business was moved to West Twenty-third Street, in the then smart Madison Square district.

Later it moved to what is now the midtown shopping zone, Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, and finally to Forty-second Street about twelve years ago.

When the Aeolian Company moved into Fifth Avenue, adjoining the residence of the late A. T. Stewart, it was the only business house in the Fifth Avenue residence section.

An important feature of the Aeolian Building is the concert hall, seating 1,100 persons, where much of New York's musical history in the last twelve years has centred and where the great musicians of the time have appeared in concert. The hall was opened in September, 1912, with the New York Symphony Orchestra, under Walter Damrosch, with Maggie Teyte, soloist. Paderewski, Hofmann, Bauer, Gabrilowitsch, Heifetz, Casals, Schumann-Heink, Matzenauer, Hempel, Kreisler, Farrar, Bonci, Granger, Schelling, Friedman, are among those who have regularly appeared in Aeolian Hall. Mr. Tremaine announced yesterday that his company would continue to occupy the building and to manage Aeolian Hall, as tenant under the new owners, until May 1, 1929, and possibly for a longer period.

LAWYER IS EXONERATED.

Court Apologizes for Unfounded Charge on His Admission to the Bar

Edmund J. Lauro, a lawyer, of 236 West 100th Street, was honorably discharged and an apology offered him by the court for what it characterized as "a grievous injustice" when he was arraigned yesterday in Special Sessions on an unfounded charge of practicing law without having been admitted to the bar. Mr. Lauro had been prevented from engaging in legal practice for the last two months. Magistrate Edward Weil in the Tombs Court held him in $100 bail for trial in Special Sessions in June on the complaint of Anthony Pesalano, an insurance broker, of 11 Moore Street.

Pesalano swore in his complaint that the Clerks of the Court of Appeals and the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Rochester, where Mr. Lauro had begun practice, had informed him that Mr. Lauro's name was not registered in either office. When the case came up yesterday before Justices Nolan, Herrman and Kelly, however, a certificate from both Clerks was attached to the papers to the effect that Mr. Lauro's name appears in the official register of attorneys and counselors at law of the State, the lawyer having been admitted to practice in July, 1903.

Mr. Lauro said he had not learned what "was behind my prosecution, but I will find out if it bankrupts me." He said that previous to his arrest on the charge he had sued the complainant for some fees in the Municipal Court.

T. A. BALL OUT OF FIRM.

Head of Best & Co. Announces Changes in Its Officers.

Ancell H. Ball, President of Best & Co., announced yesterday that his brother, T. Arthur Ball, had withdrawn from the business due to his health and a desire to do more extensive traveling.

Ancell H. Ball will continue in active management as President. Philip LeBoutillier will become First Vice President; Alfred W. Miles, Treasurer; William Hyde Bryder and Paul Quatlander, Second Vice Presidents, and Edwin H. Pierce, Secretary of the company.

The directors will be Ancell H. Ball, Philip LeBoutillier and Alfred W. Miles. Mr. Ball said that no other changes of any kind are contemplated.

The Lights to Tour Long Island.

The Lights, a Long Island theatrical club, will present their annual vaudeville show in six Long Island communities in the week of Aug. 11. Those taking part will include Leo Carrillo, Victor Moore, Arthur Deagon, and Morton and Glass. The itinerary will be as follows: oMnday, Calderon's Theatre, Lynbrook; Tuesday, Rialto Theatre, Jamaica; Wednesday, Strand Theatre, Rockville Centre; Thursday, Calderon's Hempstead Theatre; Saturday, Castle Theatre, Long Beach; Sunday, Columbia Theatre, Far Rockaway.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Ernest Truex will appear with Billie Burke in her forthcoming musical comedy. The piece is tentatively named "Annabelle," and is a musical version of Clare Kummer's "Good Gracious, Annabelle."

James Barton and George Hassell have been engaged for "The Passing Show of 1924."

Lady Diana Manners will return to New York to resume the role of the Madonna in "The Miracle," reopening at the Century Aug. 18.

Jed Dooley, well-known in vaudeville, will be seen in Will Morrissey's revue, "Watch Out."

Chester Hale, Madeleine Fairbanks and Albertina Vitak have been added to the cast of "Hassard Short's Ritz Revue."

Rosamund Gill, daughter of the late William Raymond Gill, has joined the chorus of "Kid Boots," at the Selwyn.

"Tin Gods," a play by William anthony Maguire, will be produced this season by Lewis & Gordon. It was tried on the road about a year ago.

The Dolly Sisters will arrive on the Aquitania today to appear with "The Greenwich Village Follies."

NEW GOLDEN PLAYS.

Producer Announces Eight He Hopes to Present This Winter.

John Golden yesterday announced a list of eight plays, all of which he probably will produce in New York the coming season. Mr. Golden declared that his announcement was made "with definite assurance that the approaching Equity-round robin settlement will be of such a nature as to make it possible for him to carry out all his plans." He pointed out also, however, that he has never been definitely a member of the round-robin group.

One of the chief productions of the Golden season will be a comedy by Winchell Smith entitled "O, B. Gude," which will have Glenn Hunter in the leading role. Mr. Smith will also be represented by "The Feud," written in collaboration with George Abbott.

"Pigs," by Anne Morrison and Patterson McNutt, has already been tried out, and will probably be Mr. Golden's first Broadway production of the season. A comedy by James Gleason and George Abbott entitled "The Pull Guy," is also scheduled. This piece was tried in stock in Milwaukee a few weeks ago, with Frank Craven in the leading role. Mr. Craven will also act the part in New York for a time. According to the actor, he will play it for eight weeks and then retire from the stage.

A play of Craven's own authorship, "Fool's Hill," is also on the Golden list. This piece is being played by the Milwaukee stock company this week. The remaining plays on the Golden list are "Foam," by Forrest Halsey and Benjamin F. Glazer "Who Killed Cock Robin?" by Montague Glass, and "The Funny Man," by Louis Vollmer.

In addition, Mr. Golden expects to control a Boston theatre, and will be active in Australia, London and Canada. He will make announcement of his entrance into the film field "within a few days."

Helen Menken, reported a Belasco star this season, will continue in "Seventh Heaven" on tour.

BEETHOVEN AT THE STADIUM

Eighth Symphony Holds Place of Honor at Philharmonic Concert.

Last evening at the Stadium Beethoven's Eighth Symphony held the place of honor. Fritz Reiner and the Philharmonic Orchestra were in their element; the instrumentalists rejoiced in the vigor and robust humor of the composer and followed the steady, unhurried beat of their leader with unswerving fidelity, catching his indications with sensitive readiness.

Goldmark's ballet music from "The Queen of Sheba" captivated the audience by its distinctive and interesting development.

John Amans, who has been absent since the beginning of the season on account of sickness, returned to his desk last night; R. Willson has been capably substituting for him and will continue with the organization.

On Wednesday evening Mr. Reiner was so delighted with the way the orchestra played "Petroushka" that he asked them to supper at an inn on Long Island; 107 accepted the invitation. In the course of a speech which Mr. Reiner made, he said that in all his experience of orchestras, he had never seen such discipline or cooperation as obtained with the Philharmonic organization.

CANADIAN GLACIERS SHIFT.

Members of Alpine Club Tell of New Contours on Mount Robson.

Special to The New York Times.

BERG LAKE CAMP, Via Mount Robson, B. C., July 31.—The topography of the Mount Robson District is changing with the years, accordin gto Alpinists who were here at the last Alpine Club camp and who have returned for the present gathering. In many of the glaciers there has been a noticeable recession and change of contour.

Moreover a change in the watershed from the Mount Robson glacier has decided the question of where the boundary line lies between this province and Alberta. For years it was thought that Mount Robson, the highest peak in the Canadian Rockies, was in Alberta, and difficulty was experienced in deciding on the exact boundary from the fact that water from the main glacier flowed both into Berg Lake, on the British Columbia side, and into Lake Adolphus, a beautiful sheet of water about a mile distant on the Alberta side.

In recent years, however, the flow of water from the Robson cirque into Lake Adolphus has ceased and, the boundary being decided on the question of the watershed, has brought Mount Robson and Mount Rearguard definitely within the British Columbia border.

The monument marking the boundary between the two provinces was unveiled today in a ceremony attended by Dominion and provincial officials. The monument is on the summit of Robson Pass, nearly 5,600 feet above sea level.

The annual meeting of the Alpine Club also was held this afternoon.

PARCEL POST EXPORTS RISE.

Double in Five Months With Total Value of $8,300,452.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The parcel post system has come to the aid of the exporter to the extent of carrying $2,000,000 of export business a month.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Commerce Department made public figures today showing that exports by parcel post have more than doubled since January and that for the first five months of the year $8,300,452 worth of goods was thus exported.

Fourth of the figures represented shipments of clothing and dry goods. These were followed in importance by shipments of optical goods, leather and leather goods, furs and jewelry.

Dr. Julius Klein, head of the bureau, analyzing the figures, laid stress on the importance of the development, as making exporting to foreign countries possible for many business concerns heretofore confining its marketing to this country.

SAILS TO WED ABROAD.

Girl Decides on Marriage When She Finds Ring in Cake.

Nineteen-year-old Raphaele Lucureux, daughter of Henry Lucureux of 341 West Fifty-fifth Street, sailed yesterday on the Red Star liner Zeeland to marry Francoise Buergeois of Antwerp, to whom she has been bethrothed since both were children. When at her eighteenth birthday party she found the ring in the cake she determined to join the young man as soon as possible.

Miss Lucureux is an only daughter. Two years ago she made a visit to Belgium after she had finished her education in a French convent, and there she met for the first time in years the young man she is now crossing the ocean to wed.

NAME TOWN FOR ZINOVIEFF.

Reds Change the Name of Elizabethgrad in the Ukraine.

KHARKOV, Russia, July 31.—The town and district of Elisabethgrad, in the Ukraine, have been renamed "Zinovieff," in honor of the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International.

All the leaders of the Communist Party in Russia have now had streets, villages, towns or railroad stations named for them.

Elizabeth Hines in "Marjorie" Soon

"Marjorie," a musical comedy with Elisabeth Hines at the head of its cast, will come to the Shubert Theatre on Monday night, Aug. 11. The cast will also include Andrew Tombes, Richard Gallagher, Roy Royston and Ethel Shutta. The book and lyrics are the work of Fred Thompson, Clifford Grey and Harold Atteridge, and the music is by Herbert Stothart, Philip Culkin and Stephen Jones.

SEYBEL ESTATE $748,695 IN DEBT

Port Chester Lawyer Left Property Worth $292,163, With Deductions of $781,111.

LONG LIST OF CREDITORS

Most of the Indebtedness Arose From the Conversion of Mortgages.

An appraisal filed yesterday of the estate of Daniel E. Seybel, a lawyer, who lived at Port Chester, N. Y., and practiced in New York for forty years, during which time he specialized in mortgages and real estate law, shows that he left an estate of $292,163, but there were deductions of $781,111, of which $748,695 was debts.

Mr. Seybel, who was for many years a partner of the late Theodore H. Silkman, a Surrogate of Westchester County, was a member of the firm of Fettretch, Silkman & Seybel until Mr. Silkman died in 1910, and thereafter was a member of Fettretch & Seybel, and finally of the firm of Seybel & French. He owned real estate worth $234,574 in New York and Westchester Counties, and had personal assets, including the contents of his home in Port Chester, worth $19,471. He had $1,494 in cash, $14,770 in insurance, and securities valued at $18,971.

The appraisal listing the debts of Mr. Seybel shows that the majority of them arise from the conversion of mortgages and entrusted for investment in mortgages and trust funds, from promissory notes and from deficiency judgments on mortgages. Among the creditors of the estate for the conversion of the proceeds of mortgages are the following:

Fannie B. Dyckman, $26,270; Mary J. Alker, $5,000; Leontine J. Frost, $6,000; the estate of Marion Neal Cooper, $18,-126; Carrie J. Fulton, $24,223; Mary J. Waters, $39,010; Elisabeth Courter, $25,-577; Mary Alice Dean, $10,000; Jennie Palmer Clinchy, $28,000; Elsa Decker, $26,400; Marie and Agnes Watson, $15,-030; John E. L. Beals, $14,000; Young Friends Aid Association, $5,500; Sarah M. Shotts, $42,271; Marian Dall Carrere, $4,440; Catherine A. Requa, $21,197; Josephine A. Rhodebeck, $4,000; Marie K. Flaherty, $12,000 and Fannie B. Welch and Mary Alice Dean, $50,000.

The creditors for other funds converted include Mr. Seybel's sister, Sophie McLintock, $7,830; Elsie A. Mowatt, $10,345; Sarah M. Shotts, $7,500, and trustee for Mary D. Crane, $25,083. George C. Smith has a claim for $7,581 for rents converted.

An affidavit by Charles S. Fettretch, who has been in charge of the estate since Mr. Seybel died on May 4, 1915, stated that a judgment was filed in the Supreme Court in March, 1923, for the purpose of determining the distribution of the assets of the firm of Seybel & French. This judgment stated that the firm had a cash balance of $34,301, but the net assets were only $300, against which claims had been allowed aggregating $237,589. A judgment filed in connection with the firm of Fettretch & Seybel stated that the firm had a net balance of $2,371 to meet claims of $37,-045, while the firm of Fettretch, Silkman & Seybel, of which Mr. Seybel was the surviving member, had a net balance of $30,046 to meet approved claims of $90,458.

MISS SCHUYLER'S ESTATE.

Heirlooms in Appraisal of Property of Hamilton Descendant.

An appraisal was filed yesterday of the estate of Miss Georgina Schuyler, great-granddaughter of Alexander Hamilton, who died on Dec. 25 last at the age of 83 years. The appraisal lists many relics and heirlooms of the Hamilton and Schuyler families. She had a total estate of $71,697, which went to her sister, Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler, 86 years old.

The will provided that if Miss Schuyler's sister died before her or at the same time the Hamilton and Schuyler heirlooms were to be divided among a number of museums, and the bulk of her estate was to go to public institutions. But the sister survived her. Among the relics listed in the will was a marble bust of Alexander Hamilton, which was a replica of one made in 1794 by Ceracchi and taken from life, which is now in the New York Public Library. This would have gone to the Library of Congress. The will also provided that the New York Historical Society would receive a number of the Schuyler and Hamilton relics.

Miss Schuyler, who was also a great-granddaughter of Major Gen. Philip Schuyler of Revolutionary War fame, and a cousin of William Pierson Hamilton, formerly a son-in-law of the late J. P. Morgan and a member of the Morgan firm, owned personal effects in her apartment at 570 Park Avenue worth $12,506.

Among the personal effects left by Miss Schuyler was a leather chest belonging to a daughter-in-law of Governor Clinton of New York, valued at $25. A miniature of Mary Morris Hamilton, mother of the deceased and granddaughter of Alexander Hamilton, who married George L. Schuyler in 1859, was appraised at $500. A valuation of $2,000 was found for an oil painting by Gilbert Stuart of Philip J. Schuyler, son of Major Gen. Philip Schuyler, Congressman from New York 1817 to 1819, while a painting by Stuart of Mrs. Philip J. Schuyler was valued at $1,500. One of the items in the estate was a gilt frame containing two playing cards which had belonged to William M. Thackeray and had been colored by him. The description of these cards states that one is the deuce of diamonds represented in the face of a woman with a pointed nose talking to a man on a sofa, and the back of a woman in decolletté at a piano, while the other, representing the deuce of hearts, shows "Mr. Punch" and "Master Punch." They were appraised at $20.

A painting of Alexander Hamilton, probably by Rammage, which was restored in 1815, was appraised at $200.

Wayburn Going to Paris With Revue

Ned Wayburn, following negotiations with Leon Volterra, proprietor of the Casino de Paris, will take an all-American revue to the French capital in September. Rehearsals will be started here about Aug. 15.

MUSIC NOTES.

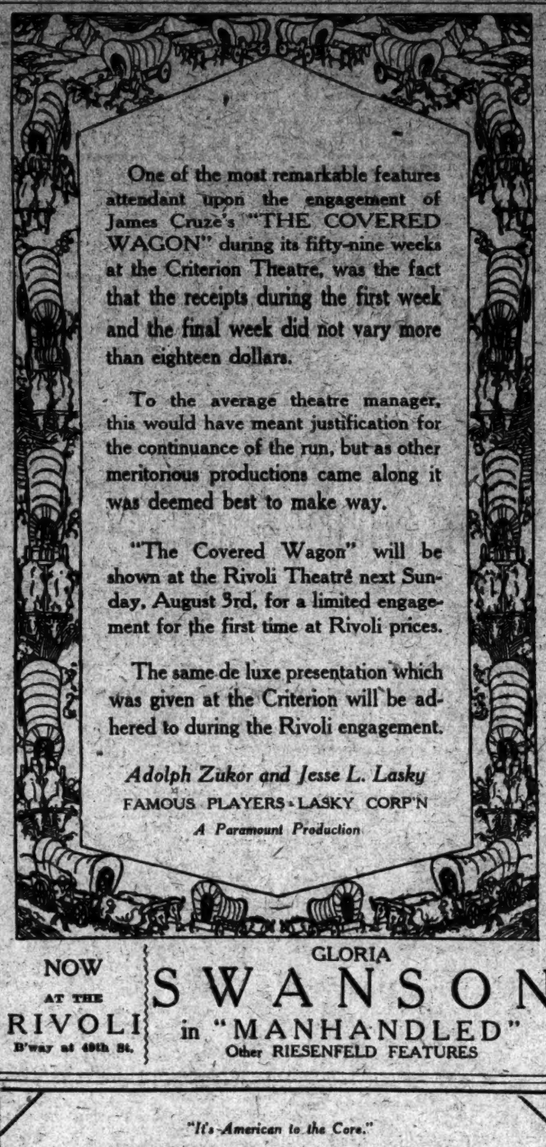
This evening Edwin Franko Goldman will stage a contest of boys' bands in which nine bands will compete. Several prises have been offered and well-known musicians will act as judges. The massed boys' bands will play one composition in conjunction with the Goldman Band under Mr. Goldman's direction. The following bands will take part: The American Boys' Band of Elizabeth, N. J.; Mount Loretto Boys' Band, Mount Loretto, S. I.; Western Union Boys' Military Band, New York City; Wartburgh Orphan Boys' Band, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum Band, Brooklyn; St. Luke and Watts Orphan Band, Yonkers, N. Y.; St. Mary's Military Band, West New York, N. J.; Lincoln Agricultural School Band, Lumindale, Pa., and Hebrew Orphan Asylum Band, New York City.

The annual three-day festival of the Summer session of Columbia University will be held Aug. 4, 5 and 6. An orchestral program by leading professional players will open the series. On Tuesday evening there will be a recital of church music by a choir of fifty voices, assisted by soloists. Liszt's "St. Elisabeth" will be given at the last concert by a chorus of 500 voices, the orchestra and the following soloists: Marie Dimitry, Alma Kitchell, Norman Jolliffe and Stanley Baughman. The first and third concerts will be held in the gymnasium, the second in the chapel.

The "Alpine" Symphony of Richard Strauss will be played tonight by the Philharmonic Orchestra under the direction of Fritz Reiner, guest conductor, at the Lewisohn Stadium. In case of rain the performance will be postponed until tomorrow night and the program originally scheduled for tomorrow will be played tonight in the Great Hall of the College of the City of New York.

Galli-Curci will make her annual appearance at the Ocean Grove Auditorium on Saturday, Aug. 16.

MOTION PICTURES.



One of the most remarkable features attendant upon the engagement of James Cruze's "THE COVERED WAGON" during its fifty-nine weeks at the Criterion Theatre, was the fact that the receipts during the first week and the final week did not vary more than eighteen dollars.

To the average theatre manager, this would have meant justification for the continuance of the run, but as other meritorious productions came along it was deemed best to make way.

"The Covered Wagon" will be shown at the Rivoli Theatre next Sunday, August 3rd, for a limited engagement for the first time at Rivoli prices.

The same de luxe presentation which was given at the Criterion will be adhered to during the Rivoli engagement.

Adolph Zukor and Jesse L. Lasky
FAMOUS PLAYERS-LASKY CORP'N
A Paramount Production

NOW AT THE RIVOLI B'way at 49th St.

GLORIA SWANSON in "MANHANDLED"
Other RIESENFELD FEATURES

"It's American to the Core."

TO-DAY IS THE DAY!
Seats Go on Sale for the WORLD PREMIERE of
MARION DAVIES
in
JANICE MEREDITH

COSMOPOLITAN'S greatest production, combining magnitude, lavishness, thrilling drama, rollicking comedy, dazzling splendor, and haunting beauty, as they never have been—nor could be combined before. *And in which Miss Davies soars to the pinnacle of her career!*

A CAST OF 8500 PEOPLE!

Story by Paul Leicester Ford. Directed by E. Mason Hopper. Settings by Joseph Urban. Scenario by Lillie Heyward. Musical Score by Deems Taylor

TUES. NIGHT, AUG. 5
WORLD'S MOST CHARMING THEATRE
Cosmopolitan
THEATRE COLUMBUS CIRCLE
SEATS SELLING FOUR WEEKS IN ADVANCE

HISTORY OF MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE
IN WHICH
VALENTINO
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WHEAT RISES AGAIN AND THEN DECLINES

Despite Realizing Sales the Close at Chicago Shows Gains for the Day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 31.—A combination of bullish influences advanced wheat prices 2¼@3¼ cents from the finish of the previous day and while the best figures were not maintained due to realizing sales the finish was at net gains of 2@2¾ cents here while Winnipeg gained 2@3¾ cents on the active futures, and the southwest was up 1¾@2¼ cents. Kansas City September gaining fractionally on this market while Winnipeg October was 8¼ cents over Chicago September at the last against 6¼ cents at the finish on Wednesday. There was free buying of futures credited to foreign and to seaboard account and claims of a large export business in domestic wheats were made and were partially confirmed later with a total of 750,000 bushels in all positions.

Indications were that some business had been put through without getting the cash grain.

There were give-ups on over 500,000 bushels futures here for cash grain for seaboard account, and late in the day it was claimed that charters had been made recently for 1,500,000 bushels wheat to Montreal, mainly at six cents per bushel. Exporters, however, are not taking grain for shipment after Aug. 10, which tends to restrict business. That there has been considerable business put through and not reported was suggested by the action of the Kansas City market where exporters were good buyers of cash wheat, paying as much as 3 cents better than yesterday for spot cars.

Development of black rust in Manitoba in its final form at a critical period of growth, drought reports from Argentine, the latter being instrumental in advancing Liverpool 4@11½d, were factors that helped to make the advance. September came out freely on all bulges to around $1.34 which checked the upturn. Weather conditions of the next week or so will determine whether there will be material damage in Manitoba and there is also some apprehension of rust in parts of North Dakota and Minnesota. Taken as a whole the general run of the day's news was bullish with some foreign demand for flour at Minneapolis. Cables from abroad indicated some anxiety regarding future supplies on the part of millers. The United Kingdom and the Continent both bought wheat during the day.

Sentiment at the last was somewhat mixed with many of the bulls confident of their position, but to some operators the market looked a little strained and the feeling was that purchases should be avoided on bulges unless the foreign demand continues very brisk. There was one lot of 450,000 bushels wheat offered to arrive from Omaha.

Primary arrivals of wheat today, 2,679,000; week ago, 1,360,000; last year, 2,298,000. Shipment, 1,202,000; week ago, 674,000; last year, 812,000.

Chicago.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	$1.37½	$1.34¼	$1.35	$1.34¾	
Sept.	1.34¾	1.31¼	1.32¾	1.31½	.98¼
Dec.	1.38	1.34	1.36	1.34¾	1.01¼
May	1.43	1.38¾	1.41	1.39	1.05¾@⅞

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	1.14	1.11	1.11¼	1.11⅝	
Sept.	1.09¾	1.07¼	1.07¾	1.08	.77¼@¾
Dec.	.98¾	.96¾	.97¼	.97⅛	.83½@⅝
May	1.00	.98	.98⅝	.99¼	.85¼

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.55⅞	.50	.51	.53⅜	
Sept.	.50¼	.48¾	.49	.49⅞	.33½@⅝
Dec.	.53	.51⅞	.51⅝	.53⅛	.37¼@½
May	.55⅝	.54¼	.54¾	.54⅝	.40

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Year.
July	.95⅜	.93½	.93⅝	.95¼	.67½
Dec.	1.02	1.00¼	1.00¼	.99⅝	
May	1.05⅞	1.04¼	1.04¼	1.03¼	

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	13.45	13.17	13.42	13.27	10.86
Oct.	13.55	13.20	13.50	13.45	10.95
Nov.	13.57	13.40	13.55	13.52	.....
Jan.	13.00	13.30	13.05	13.00	.....
Ribs—					
Sept.	13.20	12.70	12.90	11.90	8.20
Oct.	13.30	12.80	13.10	12.10	.....
Dbs—					
Sept.	13.20	12.70	13.07	12.90	.....
Oct.	13.30	12.80	13.15	12.90	.....

Winnipeg.

Today's Winnipeg prices for the principal grains were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.48⅝	1.45	1.47¼	1.45¼	
Oct.	1.43	1.38⅞	1.40⅝	1.38⅝@¼	.96⅝
Dec.	1.37⅛	1.34	1.35⅞	1.33⅞	.93⅛
May	1.41	1.37⅛	1.39⅝	1.37⅛@⅜	.....

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.54½	.53¼	.53⅞	.53⅞	
Oct.	.50⅝	.54¼	.53⅝	.54¼	.35⅝
Dec.	.54⅜	.53¼	.53⅝	.53⅞	.37⅛
May	.57⅜	.55⅝	.56⅝	.55⅞	

Range of prices for 1924 to date:

	Highest		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.50¾	July 28	$1.19	Mar. 27
Corn	1.31	July 28	.93¼	Jan. 2
Oats	.59½	July 25	.54½	Jan. 2
Flour	8.00	July 31	6.15	Jan. 2
Coffee	.17⅞	July 23	.10⅜	Jan. 9
Sugar	.05	Feb. 14	.03¾	June 5
Butter	.47	Jan. 7	.35¼	Apr. 17
Eggs	.48	Jan. 7	.23	Mar. 28
Lard	14.35	July 29	10.65	May 28
Pork	27.00	May 19	24.00	Feb. 29
Beef	23.00	Jan. 2	16.50	Feb. 28
Iron	24.50	Jan. 2	21.25	July 10
Steel	40.00	Jan. 2	38.50	July 10
Lead	8.87½	Feb. 29	7.00	May 23
Tin	58.75	Mar. 2	39.75	May 23
Copper	14.00	Mar. 8	12.20	July 8
Cotton	33.70	Jan. 8	26.80	Mar. 27
Printcloths	.08	Jan. 2	.06¾	July 10

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (July 30), 17,238 packages. Weakness developed at the opening, and prices for most grades of creamery were shaded ½c. At the decline some new speculative demand was awakened, and the market closed steady on fine grades and remained easy on other qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 38¼@38c; extras, 92 score, 38c; firsts, 36@37½c; seconds, 34@35½c; lower grades, 32½@35½c; standards, cars, 90 score, 37@37½c; 89 score, 36½@36¾c; 88 score, 36@36¼c; 84 to 87 score, 34¼@35½c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40¼@41c; extras, 92 score, 39¼@40c; firsts, 37@39c; seconds, 35@36½c; renovated, fresh, 34@35c; ladies, current make, extras, 34c; firsts, 32@32½c; seconds, 30½@29c; lower grades, 26@28c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29@29½c; No. 2, 28c; lower grades, 20@27c.

EGGS—Receipts (July 30), 27,117 cases. High grades steady to firm. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 34@36c; extra firsts, 31@33c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds and poorer, 25½@28½c; trade eggs, 24½@27½c; dirties, No. 1, 26½@27c; No. 2 and poorer, 24½@26c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 21@24½c; Jersey and other near-by henmery whites, closely selected, extras, 40@43c; near-by and Western henmery whites, average extras, 44@45c; do. firsts to extra firsts, 37@43c; near-by gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 37@42c; near-by whites, undergrades, 34@36c; near-by whites, medium, 40 to 41 pounds net, 35@42c; near-by whites, pullets', 34@36c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to extras, 36@44c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 30@37½c; Jersey and other near-by and Western henmery browns, extras, 37@44c.

goods at 22 to 22½ cents for resale. The leading company maintains its price of 24½ cents. It was pointed out yesterday that the overall manufacturing trade is showing signs of improvement, which eventually will improve the denim situation. The rise in price of important grain products is a factor of no small importance in increasing the overall demand in the leading farming centres.

***

Raw Silk Trading Less Active.

The local raw silk market has quieted down somewhat in sympathy with trading at the primary centres. Prices, however, retain their firmness, and manufacturers are filling immediate requirements without concessions being available. High-grade 20-22 denier Japanese silk is almost unobtainable in the spot market and is consequently bringing premium prices. Stocks of Canton silks are nearly exhausted, and there is no prospect of early replacement, due to the cessation of shipments from that market. Yokohama has been quiet for a week, but prices there, according to H. L. Gwalter & Co., Inc., remain practically unchanged. The strike at Canton continues with no signs of an immediate adjustment. The Shanghai market is quiet, the high prices asked by reelers being far beyond the reach of buyers. Prices are tending downward at Milan, but are still above parity with Japanese quotations.

***

Women's Dresses Moving Better.

Buying of women's dresses is increasing, and promises to develop into a strong revival of business within a week or so. The reason for the dull period, which now appears to be about over, continues to baffle manufacturers, who say that retailers share their wonder. The latter, according to the manufacturers, report that consumers are not especially disposed against spending, but seem to be holding back from buying dresses. A factor in this situation is believed to be the policy of forcing merchandise at low prices, with the result that there is little field left for the disposal of cheaper merchandise. Buyers coming to this market do not seem to know just what they want, it is said, and they have been accustomed to such low price levels that a figure considered legitimate by the manufacturers looks high to them.

***

Ribbon Sports Hats Now Shown.

Sports hats of Roman-striped ribbon are now being shown in this market, and are regarded especially smart in the type that features the black background with the very bright broad and narrow stripes. The new high crown with the rolling brim that turns up on one side is noted as is the tip tilted down over the small roll-front brim. In some cases just a simple metal or plain covered buckle acts as the trimming, while in others the ribbon is fringed to make a tassel that hangs low off the side brim.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....3¼@3¾% for the best names
Wednesday .....3¼@3¾% for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Better Coat Buying Ahead.

Little buying of women's coats is reported at present, but improvement is expected soon. In three or four weeks fair activity is anticipated. While in some quarters prospects for Fall are not considered altogether bright, it is thought that perhaps by September or October business will have picked up to a reasonably satisfactory degree. Sports coats will be widely worn, and it is reported that some manufacturers are concentrating on these models. In other than sports coats, quieter colors will predominate, with black and penny brown the volume shades.

***

Toy Buying Is Improving.

Buying of toys, which has been limited for some time, is now improving, and business is expected to be more active during the next three months than it is, usually. Although from 50 to 60 per cent. of the buying in preparation for the holiday season has been done already, many of the retailers, both large and small, have not placed their advance orders as freely as in former years. It is upon this fact that expectations of good business during August, September and October are based. Dolls, especially the "mama" variety, and wheel goods are selling best at the moment, as it was on these toys that the buyers placed relatively the least business early last Spring.

***

Gray Goods Firm at Close.

Trading in the gray goods market lagged yesterday. The fluctuations in raw cotton, which went down in the morning but rebounded in the afternoon, served to restrict the operations of buyers. In the early trading in printcloths prices, in sympathy with the easing off of cotton, dropped an eighth of a cent on important constructions. There were early sales of 39½-inch 64-60s at 5¾ cents and of 39-inch 68-72s at 10⅝ cents. Later in the day sellers were firmer in their views, and business in these constructions was done at an eighth higher. Other late sales included 39-inch 80-squares at 13½ cents and 38½-inch 60-48s at 8¼ cents, the prices being for spot goods. Buyers paid 9¼ and 8¼ cents, respectively, for 5-yard and 5.50-yards sheetings. Sateens were quiet. The remainder of the market was bare of feature.

***

Now Grouped With Sportswear.

Many of the large retailers are working out the problem of the proper location in the store of their knitted outerwear merchandise. The question is whether knitted outerwear should be placed in the sportswear, miscellaneous or women's departments, or have a separate department of its own. A few months ago there was only one well-known store that had a separate department for outerwear, but now several either have this individual grouping or combine knitted outerwear with sportswear. The latter action has been taken where the revenue from the knitted merchandise is not yet large enough to warrant a separate department. The grouping of knitted garments with sportswear is becoming quite general and is said to be working out very well.

***

Linens Favored for Next Spring.

Little doubt exists now as to whether dress linens will repeat in 1925 their success of this season. Leading importers here appear convinced that they will be the case, with the brighter colored linens retaining their leadership. Importers say that prices show conflicting tendencies at the moment, those abroad being higher than local quotations. Owing to the restricted supply of yarns and the active demand for them, the foreign mills have made advances of from 10 to 25 per cent., depending on the cloth and the manufacturer. Importers have been doing some buying during the last few days, with more scheduled in the near future. Salesmen will go out to call on retailers about the middle of September to book orders for deliveries beginning in the early part of 1925.

***

Denim Prices Are Rising.

The turn in raw cotton prices has contributed to greater strength in denims. The mills are not producing much goods. The largest, in fact, is shut down until Aug. 11, and stocks on hand are very light. The greater firmness from a price standpoint has been reflected in second-hand trading, and those sellers who a while ago did business in denims at 20 cents were said yesterday to be buying

COOLIDGE FOR POSTAL RISE.

Will Support Any Revenue Producing Wage Increase Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—National officers of the Association of Post Office Clerks announced after a conference today with President Coolidge that they had been assured of the Executive's support for any postal pay increase bill scientifically drawn and carrying provision for raising the necessary revenues.

Mr. Coolidge vetoed the Postal Pay bill passed by the last Congress because it carried no provision for revenue and was not based on the Post Office Department's survey of costs. The survey will be completed in September, and a bill based upon it will be drawn. A revenue producing section will be introduced when Congress meets in December.

"The President promised us he would support such a bill and authorized us to make such a statement to the meeting in Minneapolis in September of the National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, the National Post Office Supervisors' Association, and the United National Association of Post Office Clerks," C. C. Francisco, President of the clerks' association, said after the conference.

Awards Contract for Gas Boosters.

The Western Electric Company has awarded a contract to the Buffalo Forge Company of New York City of installing gas boosters in the gas house of the Western Electric's $20,000,000 plant under construction at Kearny, N. J.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning LACkawanna 1000.

ALTUS, Okla.—Baker & Hanna Co.: F. Hanna; dry goods; 395 B'way (Woodward & Mitchell).

ATHENS, Ga.—Michael Bros.: M. G. Michael; millinery, fancy goods, silks, furs; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

ATHENS, Ga.—Nathan Goodman & Sons: A. Goodman, Fall woolen, silk dresses; 156 W. 34th (Cohen & Goldberg).

ATLANTA, Ga.—Harris-Ross, Inc.: C. Y. Rhea, men's furnishings; E. W. Merrett, men's shoes; Collingwood.

BALTIMORE—S. Neuberger & Sons: M. Neuberger, dry goods, linens; domestics; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.: W. U. Starkey, hosiery, gloves, sweaters, furnishings; 75 Leonard (H. W. Pittmann).

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons & Co.: basement, Mr. Ring, women's misses' dresses; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White & Co.: Miss I. Burke; infants' Winter coats; 432 4th Av. (13th floor).

BOSTON—David Weinstein (Jobber): D. Weinstein, all kinds staple sweaters; 38 W. 17th (N. Blooma).

BOSTON—Bedford Mfg. Co.: P. Goldberg, materials and trimmings for girls and junior dresses; 53 W. 34th, Room 904.

BROCKTON, Mass.—McCaffrey Co.: Mr. McCaffrey, jobs linen dresses; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).

BRYAN, Texas—The Fair; W. R. Thomas, general merchandise; Imperial.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Schwartz Bros.: D. A. Shumacker, furs; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; W. S. Oehns, hosiery; 315 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Glick Bros.; W. Glick, clothing materials; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell & Co.; A. W. Merritt, upholstery, draperies; 43 White.

CHICAGO—Davis D. G. Co.; A. C. Berwanger, women's appare, furs; 1,107 B'way.

CINCINNATI—Adler Stores; L. Pulwers, new Fall silk dresses, immediate delivery; 9-10 A. M.; 398 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—Artistic Garment Co. (Jobbers); J. Levine, ladies' Fall stout coats, popular and better grade; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers' Market).

CLEVELAND—Adler Stores; G. Adler, new Fall silk dresses, immediate delivery; 9-10 A. M.; 398 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.: F. R. Hettinger, leather goods, jewelry; 1,115 B'way (E. M. Bostman); Pennsylvania.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—M. Citron, cotton goods, hosiery, underwear; McAlpin.

DALLAS, Texas—Perkins Bros. Co.; W. A. Ballard, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—H. B. Hicks, dry goods, clothing; Pennsylvania.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss M. Mahler, neckwear, laces; Miss M. Owen, assisting; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DAYTON—Home Stores; R. C. Alder, boys' clothing, hosiery, gent. mdse.; 150 B'way (F. Lilienthal, Inc.).

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.: A. F. Pohlmann, petticoats, juniors' suits; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younger Bros.: A. J. Edelson, jewelry, silverware, art needlework; 445 4th Av. (I. S. Farisan).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; H. Mahoney, misses' coats; Miss Fetz, muslin and silk underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; J. Alexander, millinery; 498 7th Av.

DETROIT—Ernst Kern Co.: J. R. Davidson, mdse mgr., men's furnishings, women's hosiery; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal, Inc.).

DETROIT—Ernst Kern Co.: W. L. Durant, coats, dresses, basement; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook); Collingwood.

DETROIT—Frank & Seder Co.: Miss M. Murray, blouses, sweaters; 1,372 B'way; (Nat. Dept. Stores, Inc.).

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.: H. P. Delman, jobs better-grade coats, furs; M. Selman, jobs and odd lots, single and two-pants suits; 100 W. 32d.

DETROIT, Minn.—L. Norby & Co.: J. E. Norby, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (Arthur Mincer, Inc.).

ENID, Okla.—Hirsch Bros.: A. Hirsch, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Adler Stores; L. Pulwers, new Fall silk dresses; 9-10 A. M.; 398 5th Av.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—Capital Dept. Store; K. Stein, ready-to-wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.

FORT ATKINSON, Wis.—Neiport D. G. Co.; Mr. Neiport, ready-to-wear; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—G. G. Ankenbruck Co.: O. G. Ankenbruck, jobs linen dresses; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).

GATESVILLE, Texas—B. Learid; B. Learid Sr., millinery, women's ready-to-wear; B. Learid Jr., shoes, men's furnishings; Imperial.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb.—S. N. Wolbach & Sons; Mrs. R. J. Reid, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,123 B'way (C. Wolbach).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; H. E. Atwell, draperies, contracts; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

HARTFORD, Conn.—S. Hart; furs; Breslin.

HIGHLAND PARK, Ill.—J. B. Garnett; J. B. Garnett, ready-to-wear; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

JACKSON, Mich.—Union Dept. Store; Miss N. M. Holmes, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

JAMESTOWN, N. D.—Oriady's; L. T. Oriady, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (Arthur Mincer, Inc.).

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Penn Traffic Co.; E. L. Hoffman, merchandise manager, trunks, furniture; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan); Pennsylvania.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Gilmore Bros.; A. Miljevich, dress goods, linings, silks, velvets; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal, Inc.); Pennsylvania.

KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird & Thayer; R. S. Moore, house furnishings; 25 Madison Av. (11th floor).

KANSAS CITY—Goldberg's; Miss Mulhern, jobs large quantities for jacquettes; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

KENTON, Ohio—D. B. Mourse & Son; D. B. Nourse, ready-to-wear; Miss Harrod, ready-to-wear; Latham.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Adler Stores; B. Adler, new Fall silk dresses; 9-10 A. M.; 398 5th Av.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Watt & Shand; W. O. Smith, carpets, rugs, upholstery; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

LANSING, Mich.—J. W. Knapp Co.; H. Holmes, jobs linen dresses; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).

LIMA, Ohio—Gus Holstein D. G. Co.; S. Holstein; C. J. Shifferly, piece goods, stationery, laces; Pennsylvania.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Mayer Bros. Co.; C. J. Mueller, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—M. M. Cohn Co.; H. Wolf, gloves, handkerchiefs, hosiery; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch); Pennsylvania.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—W. W. Couch; O. B. Singledove, men's furnishings; Imperial.

MEXIA, Texas—Higdon, McElroy Co.; J. L. McElroy, general merchandise; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—Lion Store; Miss F. Berkowitz, waists, dresses; 28 E. 25th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; W. H. Flack, dress goods, leather goods, silks, trimmings; 315 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; M. H. Benson, manager bargain annex, clothes, shoes, hosiery, furnishings, millinery, piece goods; 116 W. 32d (M. H. Gradwohl).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; W. Schrin, popular priced new Fall silk dresses; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; J. Kaplan, trimmed caracul jacquettes, silver wray jacquettes; 1,225 B'way (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—Stenzler & Co. (jobbers); B. Stenzler, ladies' Fall coats, all materials; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers' Market).

PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; Diamond, jobs capes, sport coats, suits; 71 W. 35th (M. Lichtenstein & Co.).

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; C. W. Schatz, silks, velvets; 1,140 B'way.

PORTLAND, Me.—The Vogue; B. E. De Roy, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; furs; Prince George.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Atyish Bros.; A. Atyish, Oriental rugs; Pennsylvania.

READING, Pa.—Adler Stores; M. Adler, new Fall silk dresses; 9-10 A. M.; 398 5th Av.

ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; F. W. Jones, shoes; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAN FRANCISCO—Cosgrave Cloak & Suit Co.; W. F. Jacobs, coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Miss Maxson, petticoats; 432 4th Av. (16th floor).

SEATTLE—Bon Marche; Mr. Kelly, men's furnishings, boys' clothing, underwear; 240 Madison Av.

ST. JOSEPH—Hirsch D. G. Co.; A. Kaplan, silk, wool goods; C. L. Crewdson, waists, ladies' ready-to-wear; Prince George.

ST. JOSEPH—John S. Brittain D. G. Co.; W. R. Jones, silks, dress goods; S. Jones, work clothing; 320 B'way; Room 1906.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.: E. J. Glader, hosiery, gloves, men's furnishings; 1,071 Broadway Av.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; H. M. Black; umbrellas, toilet goods, small wares, leather goods, clocks, silverware; 1,115 B'way (E. M. Bostman); Pennsylvania.

TACOMA—People's Store; Miss I. Evans, millinery; 22 E. 25th (W. T. Knott).

TRINIDAD, Colo.—James-Downing Furnishing Co.; W. M. Jamieson, Miss Elivian, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

TUCSON—Aria Steinfeld Co.; G. Taylor, Mr. Marino, Miss J. Cranbrook, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Beeslons Millinery Co.; F. W. Beeslons; millinery; C. L. Thomas; representing; 320 5th Av.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—David Spencer Co.; D. Spencer, jobs dresses (dollar day sale); 1,140 B'way (Fallows Buying Corp.).

WACO, Tex.—Sacks Specialty Shop; Harry Sacks, ready-to-wear, millinery; 71 W. 35th (M. Lichtenstein & Co.).

WARSAW, Wis.—Heinemann Bros.; S. Heinemann, staples, holiday and fancy goods; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

WASHINGTON—Lansburgh & Bro.; N. J. Simon, boys' clothing; 116 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann) Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons Co.; Miss A. M. Hagan; coats, suits, skirts, dresses, waists; 432 4th Av.

WHEELING, W. Va.—The Hub; W. H. Holden, bargain basement mdse., yard goods, men's, women's, boys' furnishings, curtain materials, draperies, bedspreads, sheets, pillow cases, &c.; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Justin Bergman; Mrs. M. Morrissey dresses; Miss J. E. Smith, notions, muslin underwear, corsets; 131 W. 35th (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—MacWilliams; C. D. Frey, ready-to-wear; Miss Druffner, ready-to-wear; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG gingham, 10000, fancies wanted. Call Melrose 0579.

BATHING supplies of every description wanted. James Behrend Co., 27 West 15th. Chelsea 2509.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—For cash; Arabella and lucette; all colors, especially brown and black. 1,328 Broadway, Room 938.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081; also materials similar to ormandale. Philip Broue, Chickering 6550.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16061 ormandales, velverettes, monetta, velours, 1316; all shades. Madison Square 1793.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Ormadale 16209, 0509, 0082, or similar. E. Heller & Co., 328 7th Av.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Good quality; also Stevens 4586 and velours. Henry Lowy & Son, 213 West 38th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—All makes of cheaper grades; black and brown only. Bramson Bros., 501 7th Av.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Americans, 16081 and better numbers. 39 West 32d, fourth floor. Longacre 1227.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—16081, all colors; for cash. Telephone Lackawanna 7445.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritans, 1035; also 16081, 13227; cash. Madison Square 2656.

BOLIVIA, Ormadale or similar Wanted—All colors. Lackawanna 2264.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—13227 and 16031, all shades. Chelsea 9585.

BOLIVIA Wanted—16081 American or similar. Excel Coat Co., 12 West 32d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—0590, brown. Plaster & Blier, 150 West 22d.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 0599, brown; also suedine. B. Landau, 498 7th Av.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All kinds bolivias. J. Korostoff & Sons, 38 West 32d.

BROADCLOTH, Single, Wanted—For cash; must be low price. Beaver Shirt Co., 387 Broadway.

CANTONS Wanted—Large quantity satin cantons, crepe satin, charmeuse, at price for cash. S. Schwartz & Bro., 149 West 36th.

CLOTH Wanted—Botanys 6103, Garfield's veloria, velnuvo, Gera's mokaine, Stevens downy wool. Chickering 7320.

CLOTHS Wanted—American 16081 black and 375, also 13231, Garfield's Delnemo, Botanys, Newzealia, Stevens 6236, all colors. S. & H. Gerona, black only. Penn. 3511.

CLOTH Wanted—Botany's neuzelia and similar suede cloth; all shades; also bolivias; at a price. Peppercorn, 164 West 23rd. Wisconsin 5817.

CLOTH Wanted—Cash; 15186 plain, cut 1816, 1353, 16081, 13227. Madison Square 8910.

CLOTHS Wanted—Americans 18200, 19, 28, Dawrences 2304 or similar. Lackawanna 2293.

CLOTH Wanted—American 13199, 488 and brown. Charnay & Freed. Lackawanna 4680.

CLOTH Wanted—Burolaine or Fashona kid fox, brown, navy; also Ormandale or similar kid fox; cash. Longacre 5006.

CLOTH Wanted—Wyandotte, buckskin 1316, 1353 and 6080, all shades. Jacob Leibowitz, 333 7th Av.

CLOTHS Wanted—Stevens Downey wool, 18199-12, Zanzibar 15183-3-1. Katz Garment, 48 West 25th.

CLOTHS Wanted—Flannels, high colors, also downy wool. Weinstein Brothers, Madison Square 7646.

CLOTH Wanted—Stevens 6275, 6254, all colors, for cash. Pennsylvania 7160.

CLOTH Wanted—18239-507, 13199, S.-G. Cloak Co., 20 West 17th.

CLOTH Wanted—American 13200, 13227, all colors. Phone Watkins 3-86.

CLOTH Wanted—Wyandotte's, velour, reindeer only. D. Strauss, 121 West 27th.

CLOTH Wanted—Downeywool, 16081, 13227, 13199, 15186, Madison 1497.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders; bring samples. 30 West 32d, third floor. See Cohen.

COATS Wanted—Buying discarded samples and jobs for cash. J. Korostoff & Sons, 38 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on better dress and sport coats. 24 floor, 1,295 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on snappy Fall coats. Bring samples. Epstein & Mazen, 104 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Jobbers placing orders newer styles. 9 West 20th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Better grade. Eisen & Son, 149 West 36th.

COATS Wanted — Jobs Fall, all kinds, fur trimmed; spot cash. Lackawanna 4045.

COATS Wanted—High grade, discarded Fall samples; for cash. Canal 0931.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders, better grade only. 31 West 31st, 4th floor.

CONTRACTOR Wanted on children's coats, W 262 Times.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Price must be between 80 cents and $1; good quality; no particular quantity. Stuyvesant 6680.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Satin backed; also satin-backed canton, at a price; all shades. Max Levine, 248 West 38th.

CREPE BACK SATIN Wanted. Ever Ready Dress Co., 131 West 28th.

CREPE De Chine Wanted—Shaw filled. 14 East 17th, 3d floor.

DOG Sets and Mouffions Wanted — Large quantities. Kanewits & Kronish, 41 West 20th, 9th floor.

DOWNEY Wool Wanted—5236, color 702; 6056, color 896. Chickering 4630. Mr. Gottlieb.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing orders on popular to highest priced new Fall dresses, silk, cloth and all new novelty materials. See Mr. Fink, 287 West 37th, second floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber will pay spot cash for all grades of silk dresses; no lot too large or too small; submit samples, 9 to 5 daily. 28 West 33d, 5th floor. Pennsylvania 6330.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now ready to place stock orders on silk and cloth dresses from $7.50-$13.75; will pay large quantities. King & Applebaum, 233 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted, entire stocks, close-outs, or regular numbers; spot cash. Marshall Semmelman, 17 West 30th. Lackawanna 2577.

DRESSES Wanted—Dress jobber placing orders on better-grade Fall dresses in all woolen materials. 24th Mr. Kramer, 148 West 37th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at stout silk dresses for stock orders. 120 West 36th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Stock orders placed snappy Fall dresses, silks, woolens. Warren Dress, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES—300 Summer dresses, of French voiles, Irish linen, to sell at sacrifice. Brill Dress, 162 West 34th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs Fall silks only. Highest prices, spot cash. Phone Samuels, Lackawanna 6481.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders Fall stouts. Empire Waist-Dress, 130 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Stouts. Call with samples, better grade only. 237 West 37th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Cotton and silks; quantity for cash. 144 West 37th, second floor. Lackawanna 1794.

DRESSES Wanted—Crepe satins, satin canteen; canton, crepes; jobber placing stock orders on Fall styles. Jess Dress, 333 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber now placing orders on Fall silks and cloth dresses; bring samples. Trojan Dress, 1,261 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now looking for new Fall dresses. 12th floor, 1,376 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silk or cloth; any quantity; cash. Paris Frock, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Your material, large quantities, spot cash. Madison Square 1925.

Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers

Telephone LACkawanna 1000.

Information welcomed from readers regarding misleading offers.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on popular-priced to highest grade new Fall merchandise in cantoon, crepe de chine, crepe satin, satin cantoon, charmeen, poiret twill and all novelty materials; samples 9-5 daily. 28 West 33d, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall styles; cash. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 12 West 21st.

FAILLES and Bengalines Wanted—Quantity for cash. 11th floor, 470 7th Av.

FURS Wanted—To buy for cash, any quantity of fur coats, jacquettes and chokers. Call with samples at 333 7th Av., one flight up, or call Lackawanna 4200 and representative will call.

FURS Wanted—Beaver, squirrel, opossum, mandel, fox collars. Philip Broue, Chickering 6550.

FURS Wanted—Beavers, squirrels, Mandels, dogs, collars and sets. B. Heller & Co., 328 7th Av.

FUR Collars and Cuffs Wanted—Squirrel, and beaver, lots, for cash. Karash & Eisen, 151 West 28th.

FURS Wanted—First quality beavers, squirrels and all other high-grade fur collars and sets; cash. Brimberg, 20 West 33d.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy large quantity Mandel's, squirrels and beaver collars. Marks

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks and Commodities Resume Upswing—Averages Highest Since 1916.

After a day or so of rest for breath and profit-taking, the markets again started forward yesterday in emphatic fashion, and in most of the day's trading buoyancy was the chief characteristic. Stocks, the commodities and the exchanges all joined in the upturn and it was quite evident that the more optimistic news from the reparations conference was finding reflection in American markets. Reports which reached the financial district at noontime that the compromise proposal made by French experts to end the conference deadlock had been accepted accounted for a great deal of the market cheerfulness. Our markets heretofore have not paid a great deal of attention to the conference because of the possibility that it would be a long-drawn-out affair and that there would be ample time to consider it as a market influence when an agreement or disagreement had been finally reached. It has been left to the foreign exchanges to act as a barometer for this conference, and their sharp upswing yesterday afternoon, in which sterling again crossed $4.40 and francs went through the five-cent mark, at once attracted attention to the possibility of an early settlement of the "loan difficulties" on the basis proposed by American and British bankers.

The stock market again passed an important milestone. In the thirteenth consecutive day in which trading has exceeded the 1,000,000-share mark, the average of fifty stocks advanced to a new high point for the year, passed the highest point reached in the "bull market" of 1920, and, in fact, reached the highest point at which fifty representative stocks have sold since 1916. The advance is all the more impressive because of its rapidity. It started soon after June 1 and has continued practically without interruption since that time. In other words, in little more than eight weeks the market has wiped out the losses established coincident with the sharp decline in production which occurred soon after the turn of March and reached its low point for the year long before there was any tangible evidence that the decline in production as a whole had been halted. As a matter of fact, after this eight weeks of advancing prices in stocks and commodities, there comes to hand only meagre evidence of any considerable change in industry as a whole.

Yesterday's car-loading figures were interesting in that they gave graphic reflection of the rapid manner in which the grains are being marketed on the stimulus of higher prices. Grain and grain products loaded during the week of July 19 increased by more than 5,000 cars over the previous week, and by more than 1,300 cars over the same week last year. Similar increases are recorded in live-stock shipments. The total car-loadings show an increase of approximately 19,000 cars over the preceding week, but continue to show a very sharp decline as a whole from the figures of one year ago.

Foreign bank statements indicate a lower position than in the previous week and the increase of 24,220,200 francs in the French Bank's circulation brought that item to 40,106,003,200 francs. The weekly statement of the Bank of England exhibited a decline in the ratio from 18.60 in the previous week to 16.88, due in the main to a sharp decrease in reserves and an increase of £819,000 in circulation. Some, at least, of the expansion may be attributed to seasonal influences, although in view of the recent weakness in the franc, the rather drastic increase in the circulation figure attracted a great deal of international banking attention.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.

Trading was much quieter than recently, because of withdrawal of next March money, which had hitherto been placed at 3¼ per cent. This charge, however, obtained for six months' accommodation, but elsewhere there was little stirring and no big blocks of money in sight. Call loans, as usual, were made at 2 per cent. on the Exchange, with 1½ per cent. the ruling figure in the outside market. There was no especial activity about the commercial paper market, and while there was an occasional transaction at 3 per cent., it was because of the short maturity and excellence of the name, the general run of paper moving without change at 3¼ @3½ per cent. Acceptances were without feature.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Last.	Last.
2	2	2	2	2

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	2½@2¾
4, 5 and 6 months	2¾@3¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	2½@2¾
4, 5 and 6 months	3 @3¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	3¼@3¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months	3¾

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days	3½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 3½; 60 to 90 days	3½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	1½
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at	Bid. Asked.
30 days	1⅞
60 days	2¼ 2
90 days	2¼ 2
Four months	2¼ 2¼
Six months	2⅝ 2⅜
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	2¾ 2½

London Market.

Money in London ⅝ off at 2 per cent. short bills unchanged at 2⅜ per cent. three months' bills unchanged at 2 13-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 2d off at 92s 9d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a London price of 110¼. Highest for the year to date, 115 1-8, on Jan. 21; lowest, 110¼, July 23. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 102⅛, on Feb. 21, 1923.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $364,000,000; balances, $38,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $59,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $373,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 3-16d off at 34½d per ounce; New York price ¼c off at 67¾c.

Range for 1924:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35½d May 31	22¼d Apr. 7
New York	68½c July 29	49c Jan. 11

Range for 1923:

London	32¾d Dec. 18	20¼d Feb. 9
New York	66½c May 21	47c Aug. 20

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
1,154,097	1,196,045	1,300,480	606,465	575,095	139,383,850	145,399,592	154,694,782	103,366,381	140,050,990½

1924. High.	1924. Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
89¾	73½	600	Adams Express (6)	86	86	86	86	-	86	87½
12⅝	10	100	Advance Rumely	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	-	11	12¾
41¼	28½	200	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ¼	39	40¾
82½	67¼	200	Air Reduction (4)	79	79½	79	79½	+ ¼	79½	80
10¼	4½	3,800	Ajax Rubber	8¾	9¼	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛	8¾	8⅝
1⅞	⅝	2,000	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1	1⅛
78	65	4,100	Allied Chemical & Dye (4)	73	78½	73	75¾	+ ⅜	77¼	77½
118¾	110	100	Allied Chem. & Dye pf. (7)	116¾	118¾	116¾	118¾	+ ⅝	116	116¾
65¾	41¾	1,700	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	54¾	55¼	54¾	55	+ ¼	54¾	55¼
98	90	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf. (7)	98	98	98	98		96	99½
17¾	7¾	1,900	Am. Agri. Chemical	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	- ¼	15¾	16
49⅝	16⅝	1,700	Am. Agri. Chemical pf.	41¼	41¾	40	40¾	+ 1	40¾	41¼
28¾	22¾	1,100	Am. Beech Nut.	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼	- ¾	28	28½
126½	95¾	22,100	American Can (16) x d	124¾	126¼	124	125¾	+ 1¾	125¾	125⅝
116½	109	500	American Can pf. (7)	116	116½	116	116½	+ 1	116	117
178	153½	100	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	173	172	172	172	- 1	170	172
23¼	14¾	600	American Chicle	22¾	23¾	22¾	23¼	+ ¾	22¾	23
6⅝	3⅝	100	Am. Drug Syndicate	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	- ⅛	4¾	5
119¾	88	100	American Express (6)	115¾	118¾	115¾	118¾	+ 2¾	118	118¾
107⅝	93	4,400	Am. & F. Pow. 2d paid (7)	106	107⅝	106	107½	+ 1¾	106	107
106¾	91¾	1,200	Am. & F. Pow. full paid (7)	106¾	106¾	105½	106¾	+ 1	107	108
13⅝	7¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	9¾	10¾	9¾	10¾	+ ⅛	10	10¼
63	50¼	900	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	58½	63½	58½	63½	+ 1¾	59	62½
96	86	100	American Ice (7)	91½	91½	91½	91½	+ ½	91¼	91¾
25¾	17¾	7,900	American International	25¾	24½	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛	23⅝	24
12¾	10	300	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	11	11	11	11	- ⅛	11	
22⅝	13¾	200	American Linseed	21¼	21¾	21	21		20¾	21
45	30	600	American Linseed pf.	42	42	41⅝	42		41¾	42¾
81	70¼	2,800	Am. Locomotive (6)	79¾	80⅜	79¾	80	- ¼	79⅝	80¼
120¼	116¾	100	Am. Locomotive pf. (7)	120¼	120⅝	120¼	120⅜	+ ⅛	119¾	120¾
113¾	107¼	100	American Metal pf. (7)	113	112	112	112		110¾	112¾
108¾	94¼	800	American Radiator (4)	108¾	107	106¾	107	+ 1	106½	107
43	25	100	American Republics	39	39	39	39	+ 2	39	42
15¾	10¾	4,700	Am. Ship & Commerce	11¾	12	11	11	- ¼	11	11¾
70¾	57¼	3,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. (6)	69¾	70¾	69¼	70¾	+ ¾	70	70¼
150	134	500	American Snuff (12)	144½	150	144½	149½	+ 8¼	148	149
40¾	33½	600	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	37¾	37¾	37¼	37¼	- ¾	37	37¾
61¾	39¾	1,000	Am. Sugar Refining	46¾	47¾	46¾	47¾	+ ¾	46½	47¾
99¾	79	200	Am. Sugar Refining pf. (7)	89¾	89¾	88½	89¾	+ ¾	89¾	89¾
25¾	6¾	700	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	- ¼	9¾	9¾
130¾	121¾	7,100	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	124⅞	125¾	124⅞	125	+ ½	124⅝	125
157	136¾	800	American Tobacco (12)	149¾	150	149¾	150	- 2	150	150¾
153	135¾	300	Am. Tobacco, Cl. B (12)	148	148	143	148		147¾	148½
104¾	101	100	American Tobacco pf. (6)	105	105	105	105	- 1	104¾	105¾
117¾	40	1,300	Am. W. W. & Electric	117¾	117¾	113¾	113¾	- 2¾	113	113¾
78¾	62	10,200	American Woolen (7)	77¾	77¾	76	77¼	+ 1	77	77¾
102¾	96¾	100	American Woolen pf. (7)	102¼	102½	102¼	102¼	+ ¼	101¾	103
7	1⅛	200	Am. Writing Paper pf.	5	5	5	5		5	5¾
34⅜	24	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	- ¼	29	29½
41	28¾	4,900	Anaconda Copper	36¾	36¾	36¼	36½	- ¼	36¼	36½
100¾	83¾	3,400	Armour & Co. pf. Del. (7)	100¾	100¾	100¼	100¼	- ¼	100	100½
109¾	78	1,700	Associated Dry Goods (6)	108¼	109¾	108¼	109	+ ¾	109	110
34⅝	27¾	100	Associated Oil (1½)	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	+ ¼	28¾	28¾
109¾	97½	3,100	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (6)	104¾	104¾	104¼	104¼	+ ¼	104¾	104¾
93¾	85¾	500	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe pf. (5)	93	93	93	93		93	94
37	19¾	700	Atlanta, Birm. & Atlantic	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
134¾	112½	2,900	Atlantic Coast Line (18)	133¾	134¼	133¾	134	- ¼	133½	134½
21¾	10¾	700	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	15¾	16¾	15¾	16½	+ ¾	16¾	16¾
37¾	20¾	400	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	19¾	20¾	19¾	20¾	+ ¾	20	21
140¾	78¼	1,500	Atlantic Refining (4)	84	88	84	88	+ 3	85½	86½
118	109¼	100	Atlantic Refining pf. (7)	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	- ¾	110	110½
30	18¾	600	Austin Nichols	24¼	24¼	24	24	- ¼	23¾	24½
131	104¾	16,300	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	120¾	121¾	119¾	121¾	+ 2	121½	122
64¾	52¼	11,600	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	62¾	63¾	62¾	63¾	+ ¾	63¾	63¾
61¾	56¼	700	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	60¾	61	60¾	60¾		60½	61¼
21¾	14	2,900	Barnsdall, Class A	20	20¾	19¾	20¾	+ ¾	20¾	20¾
16¼	10	1,400	Barnsdall, Class B	14¾	15	14¾	15	+ ¼	14¾	15
59	39½	200	Bayuk Cigars	44	44	44	44	+ ½	42½	44¾
97	96	100	Bayuk Cigars 1st pf. (7)	97	97	97	97	+ 1	94	97½
62½	41¾	8,900	Bethlehem Steel	44	44¼	43¾	44	+ ¼	44	44¼
1	½	1,000	Booth Fisheries	½	½	½	½		½	¾
118	107¾	100	Brooklyn Edison Elec. (8)	115	115	115	115	- ¼	115	115½
29¼	13¾	3,000	Brooklyn-Manh. Transit	27¾	27¾	27½	27¾	+ ¼	27¼	27¾
74¾	48¾	200	Brooklyn-Manh. Tr. pf. (6)	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾	- ¾	70	70¾
71	58¾	500	Brooklyn Union Gas (4)	69	69	68¾	69	+ ¼	69	69¼
112¾	97¼	500	Burns Brothers (10)	111	111	110	110	- 1	110¾	112¾
27	10¾	100	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼	- ¼	24¾	25¾
6¼	3⅜	600	Butte Copper & Zinc	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛	5⅝	5⅝
20¾	14	400	Butte & Superior	18¾	18¾	18	18	- ¼	17¾	18¼
23¾	17	1,100	Butterick Co.	18¾	19¼	18	19¼	+ 1¼	18¾	19¼
4¾	1¾	300	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾		1¾	2
87¾	80	600	California Packing (6)	86¾	87¾	86¾	87¾	+ ¾	87	
29¾	19½	2,200	California Petroleum (1¾)	23¾	23¾	22¾	22¾	+ ¼	22¾	23¼
5¾	2¾	800	Callahan Zinc & Lead	3¾	3¾	3¼	3¼		3¼	3½
54¾	41¾	600	Calumet & Arizona (2)	54	54	51½	51½	- 2½	53	54
55	32¾	100	Canada Southern (3)	55	55	53	53	- 1¼	53¾	
150¾	142¾	200	Canadian Pacific (10)	145¾	148¼	145¾	145¾	- 1	147¾	148½
17¾	9¾	300	Central Leather Co.	14¾	14¾	13¾	13¾	- ¼	13¾	14
35¾	25¾	100	Century Ribbon Mills (2)	27½	27½	27½	27½	- ¼	27	29
49¾	40¾	7,800	Cerro de Pasco Copper (4)	44¾	44¾	44	44¼	- ¼	44	44¾
28¾	24¾	100	Certain-teed Products	28	28	28	28		25	27
66¾	42½	7,800	Chandler Motor (6)	49	51¾	49	50¾	+ 2¾	50¾	50½
89¾	67¾	8,500	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	88¾	89¾	88¾	88¾	+ ¾	88½	88¾
57	50¼	300	Chicago & Alton	5	5	5	5		4¾	5
51½	37	800	Chicago & East. Illinois pf	46¼	46¾	46¼	46¾	+ ¼	46	47¾
7⅛	4	400	Chicago Great Western	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
18¾	10¾	1,200	Do pf	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾		16½	16¾
18¾	11¾	2,700	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	15¾	16¾	15¾	16	+ ¼	16	16¼
30¾	21¾	2,900	Do pf	26¾	27	26¾	26¾	+ ¼	26½	26¾
63¾	40¾	700	Chicago & Northwest. (4)	62¾	62¾	62	62¼	+ ¼	61¾	62¼
26¾	21½	10,000	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	35¾	36	35¾	35¾	+ ¼	35¾	35¾
91	76¾	200	Do pf (7)	90	90	90	90	+ ¼	89½	90
79¼	65¾	100	Do pf (6)	78	78	78	78	- ¼	77¾	78
61¾	39	1,400	Chicago Yellow Cab	48¼	49	48¾	49	+ 1	49½	49¾
32¾	25¾	5,200	Chile Copper (2½)	31¾	31¾	31¼	31¾	+ ¼	31¾	31¾
22¾	15	600	Chino Copper	21	21	20¾	21		20¾	21
139¾	110	100	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L. (5)	134½	134½	134½	134½		130	134½
75¾	59¾	100	Cleveri., Peabody (5)	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾		62¾	63¾
77¾	61	1,200	Coca-Cola (2)	73¾	73¾	73¼	73¾	+ ¼	73½	73¾
49¾	24¾	18,400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	47¾	48¼	47	47	- ¼	47	47¾
37	20	100	Colorado Southern	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	+ ¼	35¼	35¾
60¾	50	100	Do 1st pf (4)	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾		59	60
42¾	33	1,200	Colum. G. & El. (2.60) ex d.	41	41¼	41¼	41¼		41¼	41¾
55¾	40¾	1,600	Columbian Carbon (4) ex d.	44	46	44	45¾	+ 1¾	44¾	45¾
67¾	43½	500	Commercial Solvents A (4)	60	60	58	58½	+ 2½	58½	59
60	33	500	Do B	53	53¾	53	53¾	+ 1¾	53	55
66¾	32¾	2,000	Congoleum Co. (3)	47¾	48¼	47¾	47¾	- ¼	47¾	47¾
13¼	7¾	100	Conley Tin Foil	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	- ¼	10	10¼
22¾	11¾	3,800	Consolidated Cigar (2)	18	20	18	20	+ 2¾	19½	20
84	59¾	100	Do pf (7)	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	+ ¾	74	76¼
72¾	60¾	7,500	Consolidated Gas (5)	70¼	70¾	70¼	70¾	+ ¼	70¾	70¾
8	2¾	1,300	Consolidated Textile	5	5¾	5	5¾	+ ¼	5¾	6
60	48¾	1,800	Continental Can	57	58	56¾	56¾	- ¼	56¾	56¾
6¾	6	1,700	Continental Motors (80c)	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾		6¾	6¾
37¾	31¾	5,400	Corn Products Refining (2)	34	34¾	33¾	34¼	+ ¼	34¾	34¾
123	115¾	400	Do pf (7)	121½	123	121½	123	+ 2	122½	124
40¾	23¾	3,000	Cosden Co.	27¾	28¾	27¾	27¾	+ ¾	27¾	28
71¾	42	2,800	Crucible Steel (4)	56¾	56¾	55¾	56¼	- ¼	56¼	56½
18	11¾	800	Cuba Cane Sugar	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾		14¾	14¾
71¾	53¾	5,700	Do pf	64¼	65¾	64¼	64¾	+ ¼	64¾	65
52	42	2,800	Cuban American Sugar (3)	32	32¾	31¾	31¾	+ ¼	31¾	32¼
74½	52¼	400	Cuban Dom. Sugar pf	45	45¼	45	45		44	46
32¾	17	1,400	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	56¾	57¾	56¾	56¾	+ ¾	56¼	57
69¾	41	3,600	D. Boone Woolen Mills (3)	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	- ¼	13½	14
122¾	104½	15,600	Davison Chemical	58¾	60¾	58¾	59¾	+ ¾	59¾	60
131¾	110¾	800	Delaware & Hudson (9)	120¾	122	120¾	122	+ 1¼	121¾	122¾
109¾	102¾	1,600	Del., Lack. & Western (6)	130¾	131	129¾	130¾	+ ¾	129¾	130¾
35	25	300	Detroit Edison Co. (8)	107¾	107¾	107¼	107¾	+ ¾	107¾	107¾
20¾	15	12	Detroit & Mack. pf. odd lot	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	- 1¾	35	15¾
15¾	8	600	Dome Mines (2)	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ¼	15¾	16¼
11¾	9¾	200	Douglas-Pectin (1)	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	- ¼	11¼	11¾
3¼	2¼	100	Duluth, South Sh. & Atl.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾		2¾	3
141¾	112	7,100	Du Pont de Nemours (8)	127¾	129¾	127¾	128¼	+ 2¾	129	129¾
89½	85	100	Dupont de Nem. deb. (6)	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	+ ¼	89	89¼
112¾	104¼	300	Eastman Kodak (16¾)	109¾	109¾	109	109¾	+ ¾	108½	109
64	50¾	1,800	Electric Storage Bat. (4)	57¾	59	57¾	58¾	+ 1	58¾	58¾
67½	55½	200	Endicott-Johnson (5)	62¾	62¾	62¼	62¾		62	62¾
115	105¼	100	Endicott-Johnson pf. (7)	108	108	108	108	- ¾	107¾	108¾
35¼	20¾	22,400	Erie	33¾	34½	33¼	34¾	+ 1¼	34¾	34¾
42¾	29¾	15,100	Erie 1st pf	40	41¾	40	41¾	+ 1¾	41¾	41¾
39¾	29¾	900	Erie 2d pf	38¾	39¼	38¾	39		38¾	39¼
25¾	18¼	7,700	Exchange Buffet (2)	22¼	24	22½	23¾	+ 1½	23¾	23¾
28¾	25¼	200	Fairbanks-Morse (2.60)	26½	26¼	26½	26¾		26¾	26¾
87	61	8,300	Famous Players-Lasky (8)	86¾	87	85¾	86¾	+ ¾	86	86¾
97¼	87¼	200	Fam. Players-Lasky pf. (8)	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼		96	98
49¾	41¾	100	Federal Min. & Sm. pf. (7)	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	+ ½	46½	47
13⅝	9¼	2,400	Fifth Avenue Bus (6¼c)	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾		11¾	11¾
15¾	9¼	200	Fifth Avenue Bus, cash	11¾	12¾	11¾	12¾		11¾	11¾
10¼	3¼	900	Fisk Rubber	5	5¼	5	5¼	+ ¼	5	5¼
68	35¾	100	Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	50	50	50	50	- 1	49½	52
62¾	44¼	1,700	Fleischmann Co. (12½)	61¾	62¾	61¾	62¾	+ 1½	62¾	62¾
75¾	66¾	1,500	Foundation Co. (6)	71¾	73¼	71¾	73½	+ ¾	73	73¼
13⅞	8	2,300	Freeport-Texas	9¼	9¾	9	9¼		9¼	9¾
47¾	35¼	700	General Am. Tank Car (3)	41¾	42¾	41¾	42	+ ¾	42	43
94¾	69¾	900	General Asphalt	82¾	83	82¾	83		83	83¾
112¾	97¼	400	General Baking (6)	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	- ¼	109¾	112
90	74¾	100	General Cigar (8)	89	89	89	89		88	89
260¾	193½	13,600	General Electric (8)	255	260¾	255	260	+ 3¾	259¾	260
117¾	104¾	800	General Elec. spec. (60c)	113¾	114¾	113¾	114¾	+ ¾	114	114¾
104¾	10¾	19,900	General Motors (1.20)	14¼	14¾	14¼	14¾	+ ¼	14¾	14¾
91¾	84¾	100	General Motors pf. (6)	86	86	86	86	- ¼	86	87
96¾	95¼	200	General Motors pf. (7)	96¾	96¾	96¼	96¼	- ¼	96¾	97
89¾	84¾	800	General Motors deb. (6)	86¾	86¾	86	86		86	86¾
34¾	25¾	200	General Refractories (2)	34¾	34¾	34¼	34¼	- ¼	34	36
47¾	34¾	10,400	Gen. Petroleum (2)	44¾	44¾	44	44		43¾	44
58¾	53¾	2,600	Gimbel Brothers	53¾	55	53¾	54¾	+ ¾	53¾	54¾
11¾	10¼	500	Glidden Co.	10¾	10¾	10	10	- ¼	10	10¾
40¾	39¾	1,000	Gold Dust	39¾	40¾	39¾	40¾	+ ¾	40	40¾
14¾	14¾	300	Goldwyn Pictures	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¼	14¾	14¾
23¾	22¾	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	22¾	23	22¾	23		22¾	23
79¾	73¾	100	Goodrich (B. F.) pf. (7)	79	79	79	79	- ¼	78½	79
55¾	56¾	1,500	Goodyear T. & R. pf.	55¾	56¾	54¼	54¼	- ¾	55	56
5¾	5¼	100	Gray & Davis	5	5	5	5		5	5¾
67¾	42¾	1,400	Great Northern pf. (5)	67¼	67¾	67	67¾		67	67¾
31¾	28	200	Gt. N. ctfs. for o. prop. (3)	30	30¾	30	30¾	+ ¼	30¾	30¾
91¾	86	600

Dividend Paying Common Stocks of Public Utilities

The general trend of public utility common stocks toward higher price levels evidences a growing realization of the investment opportunities presented by securities of this class.

Included among our current offerings are well seasoned dividend paying common stocks of electric light, power, gas and transportation companies which should prove particularly attractive investments at this time.

Offerings Submitted on Request

STONE & WEBSTER
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
BOSTON CHICAGO

LEE, HIGGINSON & Co.
Established 1848
NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO
HIGGINSON & CO.
London

LAGE & CO.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
Chicago Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
160 BROADWAY
New York
NEW YORK CHICAGO

PARTIAL PAYMENTS

IT is not a man's income so much as his ability to conserve a part of his earnings and increase it by careful investing, that spells success.

The development of odd lot and partial payment purchases of securities enables the investor to purchase good issues without waiting until he has accumulated a comparatively large sum.

Our interesting free booklet describing the terms and benefits of our payment arrangement will be sent to any one interested on request.

Ask for Booklet T-256

John Muir & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York

A Speculative Opportunity

New York Railways
"Real Estate 4s"
Due 1942

Under the terms of the proposed Plan of Reorganization these Bonds appear to be in line for higher prices.

Request Circular T-18

Wm Carnegie Ewen
Investment Securities
2 Wall Street New York
Telephone Rector 8278-4

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.

Day's Sales—	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
United States Government bonds...	$3,929,300	$1,501,450	$3,358,900	$6,633,800	$8,591,300
Other domestic bonds.....	9,210,500	3,970,500	7,184,000	3,800,500	2,530,000
Foreign bonds	2,602,500	1,239,000	1,700,500	1,406,500	698,500
Total all bonds.....	$15,742,300	$6,710,950	$12,243,400	$11,840,800	$11,819,800
Year to Date—					
United States Government bonds....	$598,037,260	$497,779,360	$1,119,903,755	$1,127,716,580	$1,766,471,200
Other domestic bonds.....	1,283,039,700	971,509,400	1,169,829,200	509,881,700	349,156,500
Foreign bonds	297,081,200	293,478,900	386,566,300	183,035,700	178,827,300
Total all bonds.....	$2,176,158,160	$1,762,767,660	$2,676,299,255	$1,820,583,980	$2,294,954,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Range 1924— Date.	High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
106.1	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	June 2,'21	101.28	99.29	1694	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.14	101.14	101.12	101.12	....	101.11	101.12	3.30
102.25	Oct. 28,'22	98.4	July 11,'21	101.30	99.20	....	Liberty 3½s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.10	July 8,'24	93.00	May 19,'20	102.10	99.27	....	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	102.10	102.30	3.67
102.8	July 29,'24	93.25	May 19,'20	102.8	97.30	....	Lib. 1st cv 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.13	July 8,'24	91.12	May 20,'20	102.13	96.6	....	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	....	....	....	....	....	101.21	101.26	3.53
101.16	July 23,'24	91.18	May 21,'20	101.16	98.5	....	Lib. 2d 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
103.04	June 18,'24	90.00	June 7,'20	103.04	99.20	....	Lib. 1st-2d cv 4¼s, 32-47	....	....	....	....	....	101.10	102.00	....
102.17	July 29,'24	88.00	May 21,'20	102.17	98.9	270	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 32-47	102.11	102.18	102.9	102.15	—3	102.11	102.13	3.90
102.14	July 25,'24	84.00	July 20,'20	102.14	99.4	....	Lib. 1st-2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	—2	101.27	101.28	3.60
102.00	July 9,'24	81.12	May 29,'20	102.03	98.4	1,140½	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	101.23	101.29	101.23	101.27	—1	....	....	....
101.28	July 29,'24	83.16	Dec. 28,'20	101.28	98.2	19	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	101.23	101.25	101.23	101.25	—1	....	....	....
102.22	July 30,'24	85.20	Dec. 29,'20	102.22	99.8	4574	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	102.18	102.20	102.16	102.20	+1	102.20	102.21	3.54
102.18	July 29,'24	82.12	May 19,'20	102.18	99.8	3	Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg.	102.16	102.16	102.15	102.16	—2	....	....	....
102.21	July 30,'24	82.00	May 20,'20	102.21	98.8	1,645½	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	102.16	102.18	102.14	102.17	—1	102.16	102.17	3.52
102.17	July 29,'24	82.15	May 20,'20	102.17	98.7	8	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	102.13	102.13	102.13	102.13	—3	....	....	....
105.26	July 30,'24	96.4	Mar. 27,'22	105.26	99.8	3554	Treasury 4½s, 1947-52	105.19	105.21	105.19	105.19	....	105.20	105.21	3.97
105.12	July 29,'24	98.20	Apr. 25,'23	105.12	99.13	2	Treasury 4½s, reg.	105.12	105.12	105.12	105.12	+1	....	....	....

Beginning March 22, 1923, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1924 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945
1.....82
a f 6s, Ser A, temp, 1957
16.....93½
2.....93½
17.....93½
2.....93½
53.....93¾
15.....93½
2.....94
8.....93¾
6.....93¾
1.....94
7s, 1927
11.....102¾
16.....102¾
1.....102½
5.....102¾
Austrian Govt gtd a f 7s, 1943
3.....93½
1.....93½
1.....96¾
11.....93½
16.....93¼
12.....93¾
10.....93½
10.....93¾
1.....94
Chinese Ry 5s, 1951
11.....47½
Cy of Bergen 5s, 1945
2.....100½
Cy Bordeaux 6s, 1934
4.....85¾
2.....85¾
6.....85¾
45.....85¾
8.....86
City of Carlsbad a f 8s, Interim ctfs, 1954
2.....95
City of Christiana a f 8s, 1945
1.....110
Cy of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944
5.....94½
Cy of Greater Prague 7½s, 1952
1.....89
5.....88½
Cy of Lyons 6s, 1934
20.....85½
27.....85¾
6.....86
Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934
1.....85¾
13.....85¼
1.....85¾
25.....85¾
2.....86
City of Montevideo a f 7s, 1952
5.....90
1.....90½
Cy of Rio de Janeiro a f 8s, 1946
2.....95¾
a f 8s, 1947
2.....94½
1.....94¾
9.....94½
City of Sao Paulo a f 8s, Interim rcts, 1952
13.....97½
City of Soissons 6s, 1936
3.....84¼
Cy of Tokio 5s, 1952
4.....62¾
City Zurich 8s, 1945
1.....109¾
Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951
1.....98¾
2.....98½
1.....98¾
8s, 1952, Int ctfs
5.....94½
Cy of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944
5.....96¾
9.....97¼
2.....97¼
2.....97½
5.....97¼
5.....97½
1st & ref 8s, Ser. A, 1947
1.....105¾
5.....107
Buff Roch & Pit con 4½s
17.....88¾
12.....89
Bush Term 5s, 1955
5.....87½
Bush Ter Bldg gtd 5s, 1960
1.....96¾
2.....96¾
Cal Petrol temp a f 6½s, 1933
25.....98¾
2.....95¾
Canadian Gen Elec deb 5s, Ser A, 1942
4.....108
Canada S S Lines 1st s f 7s, 1943
2.....93
Can Nor 6½s, 1946
10.....115½
7s, 1940
1.....115½
5.....115
Canadian Pac deb 4s, perp
4.....81
Carc, Clinch & Ohio 5s, 1938
3.....98½
s f 6s, Ser A, 1952
1.....90
Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, int ctfs
1.....90½
13.....90½
Dom Canada 5s, 1926
14.....101¼
5½s, 1929
5.....103½
4.....103¾
9.....103½
5s, 1931
5.....101¼
5.....101¾
5s, 1952
3.....84¼
5.....102¾
10.....102¾
10.....102¾
51.....102¾
Dutch E Ind s f 5½s, '53
6.....90
4(c).....91
1.....90¾
trust rects
6.....89½
5.....89¾
57.....89½
2.....89¾
6s, 1947
5.....98¼
1.....95¼
8.....95½
7.....95¾
2.....95½
1.....95¾
6s, 1962
6.....95¾
15.....95¾
5.....95¼
4.....95¾
5.....95¾
Franconian Indust Dev temp deb 7½s, 1942
5.....93½
5.....93¾
4.....93¾
1.....93¾
1.....93¾
French Gov 7½s, 1941
5.....100
2.....99¾
1.....100
1.....99¾
14.....100
12.....100¼
4.....100¾
23.....100¾
38.....100¾
4.....100¾
French Gov 8s, 1945
13.....103
15.....102½
4.....103
5.....102¾
9.....102¾
2.....103
1.....102½
35.....103
10.....103¾
1.....103¼
Chic & E Ill gen 5s, 1951
6.....72¾
1.....72¾
1.....72¾
1.....72¾
3.....72
2.....72¼
Chic Gt Wn 4s, 1950
2.....85½
5.....85¾
1.....85¾
Chic Ind & L 1st & gen 6s, 1965
1.....100
1.....100¾
5.....100
Chic L S & E 6½s, 1960
1.....91¾
Chic Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A, 1989
5.....74½
4s, 1925
10.....79¾
14.....79¾
5.....79¾
36.....79¾
15.....79¾
3.....79¾
6.....79¾
4.....79¾
2.....79¾
Chile Copper col tr 6s, 1923
10.....104¾
Sold.....104¾
9.....104¾
Chi Gas & Elec s f 5½s, 1951
Clev C C & St L ref & imp 5s, ser A, 1929
2.....108¼
3.....108¾
1.....108¾
Clev Un Term s f 6s, Ser B, 1973
27.....100
2.....100½
Clev Un Stk 4½s, Ser A, 1993
2.....92¼
1st 5s, Ser B, 1963
2.....101
6½s, 1963
1.....116¾
5.....116¾
5.....117
Chi & West Ind con 5s, 1952
10.....77
1.....77¾
30.....77¾
6.....77¾
5.....77¾
5.....77¾
3.....77¾
Cons Pwr & Lgt 1st & ref 6½s, Ser A, 1943
3.....79
3.....79¼
4.....95¾
70
Consumers Pwr un 5s, Ser C, '52
2.....90½
1.....90
3.....90¾
6.....90¼
4.....90
Cuba Cane Sug conv 7s, 1930
1.....96¼
conv deb 8s, stamped, 1930
6.....100¼
10.....100¾
15.....100½
Del & Hudson 1st ref 4s, 1943
10.....90¼
14.....90
conv 6s, '25
5.....97¼
5.....97¾
9.....97¾
1.....97¼
5½s, 1937
6.....101½
7s, 1930
15.....100¾
Den Gas & El 1st & ref 5s, 1951
12.....90
Den & RG con 4s, 1936
11.....78
1st & ref 5s, 1955
1.....44¾
6.....44
10.....43¾
Farmers Ln & Tru rects
11.....43¾
5.....45
Des Moines & Ft D 1st gtd 4s, 1935
2.....29
Det Edison col tr 5s, 1933
5.....101
ref 5s, 1940
2.....99½
5.....99¼
Det River Tun 4½s, 1961
2.....92¾
Dominion Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1939
5.....65
Dul SS & Atl 5s, 1937
20.....83¾
DuPont deNm 7½s, 1931
5.....108
1.....108½
1.....108½
Duquesne Lgt 1st 5½s, 1949
1.....102
col tr 6s, 1949
10.....105½
3.....105¾
8.....105¾
Eastern Cuba Sug 7½s, 1937
4.....107¾
20.....107
10.....107½
Elk Horn Coal conv 6s, 1925
10.....99½
Emp Gas & Fu, Ser A, 1937
8.....108¾
19.....108½
5.....108¾
Ser A, 1972
5.....105¾
5.....105½
Colo Industrl 5s, 1934
2.....81½
Col & Southrn ref & ext 4½s, 1935
Col G & E 1st 5s, 1927
1.....90½
stamped
1.....89½
5.....100
2.....99½
Commonwith Power s f 6s, 1947
1.....94¾
6.....94¾
1.....94¾
1.....94½
Compania Azucarera Antilla 1st s f 7½s, 1939
6.....90
Compana Azucarera Baraqua s f 7½s, 1937
1.....102
Consoln Coal 1st ref 5s, 1950
9.....88¾
Cons Pwr & Lgt 1st & ref 6½s, Ser A, 1943
2.....93
conv deb 8s, 1930
1.....96¾
Cuba Cane Sug conv 7s, 1930
1.....96¼
conv deb 8s, stamped, 1930
6.....100¼
10.....100¾
15.....100½
Del & Hudson 1st ref 4s, 1943
10.....90¼
14.....90
conv 6s, '25
5.....97¼
5.....97¾
9.....97¾
1.....97¼
5½s, 1937
6.....101½
7s, 1930
15.....100¾
Den Gas & El 1st & ref 5s, 1951
12.....90
Den & RG con 4s, 1936
11.....78
1st & ref 5s, 1955
1.....44¾
6.....44
10.....43¾
Farmers Ln & Tru rects
11.....43½
5.....45
Des Moines & Ft D 1st gtd 4s, 1935
2.....29
Det Edison col tr 5s, 1933
5.....101
ref 5s, 1940
2.....99½
5.....99¼
Det River Tun 4½s, 1961
2.....92¾
Dominion Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1939
5.....65
Dul SS & Atl 5s, 1937
20.....83¾
DuPont deNm 7½s, 1931
5.....108
1.....108½
1.....108½
Duquesne Lgt 1st 5½s, 1949
1.....102
col tr 6s, 1949
10.....105½
3.....105¾
8.....105¾
Eastern Cuba Sug 7½s, 1937
4.....107¾
20.....107
10.....107½
Elk Horn Coal conv 6s, 1925
10.....99½
Emp Gas & Fu, Ser A, 1937
8.....108¾
19.....108½
5.....108¾
5.....94
2aff.....94
1.....94
5a7f.....93¾
1.....94¼
Erie con ext 1s, 1930
1.....107¾
1st con 4s, 1996
14.....71¼
12.....71½
20.....72
10.....72¼
23.....72¾
7.....72½
6.....72¾
49.....72½
5.....73
13.....72¾
17.....73
10.....73½
57.....73
10.....73¼
16.....73
1st gen 4s, 1996
1.....63
1.....63¼
1.....63½
2.....63¾
1.....63¾
6.....63½
6.....63½
2.....63¾
2.....63½
2.....63½
Humble Oil ref deb 5½s temp, 1932
25.....99¼
Ill Bell Tel 1st & ref 5s, Ser A, 1956
2.....98¼
10.....98
2.....95½
1.....95¾
Ill Cen 4s, 1952
3.....88
4s, 1953
2.....85¾
ref 4s, 1955
2.....90½
3.....90¾
10.....90
5½s, 1034
1.....103¾
1.....103¾
5.....103¾
1.....103½
Chi St L N O Joint 5s, Ser A, 1963
20.....97¾
5.....97¾
5.....97¾
15.....96¾
Omaha Div 3s, 1951
6.....71¾
Wn Lns 4s, 1951
1.....101¼
Ind Stl 5s, 1952
4.....101
1.....101¼
Int Rap Trans 1st & ref 5s, 1966
10.....68¼
40.....68¾
10.....68¾
3.....68¾
5.....69
10.....68¾
1.....68½
1.....68½
5.....68¾
stamped
3.....67
5.....67¾
30.....67¾
1.....67¾
12.....68
15.....67¾
3.....68
1.....68
5.....67¾
3.....68
4.....68¼
5.....68
Int Rap Tran 6s temp, 1932
1.....66
1st77.....68¾
4.....68¾
9.....68½
5.....68¾
12.....68½
2.....66¾
Magma Cop conv 7s, 1932
7.....71¾
11.....116
2s7f.....116
18.....116¾
8.....116¾
6.....116¾
2.....116¾
Manhat con 4s, 1990
1.....61
106.....20
Manila El Co 1st ref 5s, 1953
1.....88
7.....91¾
Kingdm of the Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 8s, 1962
2.....85¾
7.....85¾
14.....85¼
10.....85½
2.....85¾
12.....85¾
7.....85¾
Paris Lyons Mediterran'n 6s, 1958
5.....78¾
15.....78¾
15.....79
10.....79½
17.....79¾
70.....79½
Rep of Bolivia s f 8s, 1947
4.....93¾
5.....93
16.....93¼
Rep of Chile s f 7s, 1942
9.....98
s f, 1926
6.....103½
1(c)..104
6.....103½
s f 8s, 1941
14.....107
9.....107½
1.....107¼
7.....107½
15.....108
s f 8s, 1946
2.....106½
5s of 1944
1.....95
s f 5½s, 1953
Interim ctfs
32.....96¾
21.....96½
3.....96¾
10.....96¾
2.....96¾
4½s, 1949
2.....87
Republic of Colombia 6½s, 1927
2.....92½
Rep of Fin'nd a f 6s, 1945
1.....87
5.....94¾
4.....87
Rep of Haiti a f 6s Ser A, 1952
2.....89¾
3.....89¾
Rep of Mexico 4s, 1954 assented
2.....16
1.....15½
1.....15¾
Rep of El Salvador a f 8s Ser A, 1948
1.....101½
Rep of Pansma extnl sec sf 5½s, t r., 1953
1.....90¼
State Queensland 6s, 1947
41.....101¾
2.....102
State of Rio G do Sul 8s, 1946
2.....*97
2.....99½
State of Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1936
15.....99½
2.....96¾
Swiss Govt ext loan temp 5½s, 1946
7.....96½
43.....96¾
2.....96½
Int Mer Marine s f 6s, 1941
1.....86¾
Int Paper cv 6s, 1954
1.....87
Iowa Cent 1st 5s, 1938
1.....85
3.....84¼
K Cy F S & M 6s, 1929
1.....104
4s, 1936
10.....81
10.....81¼
13.....81¼
10.....81½
10.....81
10.....80¾
Kan Gas&Elec 1st s f 6s Ser A, 1952
5.....89¾
Kan City So 5s, 1950
10.....89¾
5s, 1950
6.....71¾
Kan City Ter 4s, 1960
5.....85¾
Kan Gas & El 1st s f 6s Ser A, 1952
5.....94¾
Julius Kayser s f 7s, 1942
1.....102½
4.....102
6.....101¾
Kelly Sp Tire s f 6s, 1931
4.....95¾
18.....95¾
Kenn & M 1st 5s, 1923
1.....83½
ctfs of dep
5.....83¾
Kinney & Co conv 7½s, '36
1st7f.....104½
Laclede G Lt 1st & ref 5s, '53 and ex 5s, '54
3.....97½
1st col & ref 5½s Ser C, 1953
18.....95
5.....94¾
8.....94¾
1.....95
Lacka Steel 5s, 1950
1.....91¾
L S & M So 4s, 1928
1.....98½
1931
8.....94¾
Lehigh Valley col tr 6s, '28
1.....103¾
1.....103¾
Lehigh Vy of Pa con 4s, 2003
1.....82¼
21.....81¾
Lex Av & P F 1st 5s, 1993
15.....82
Liggett & Myrs 5s, '51
1.....98¾
2.....98¾
Lng Isld ref 4s 1949
2.....86
Lorillard Co 7s, 1944
3.....116¾
5s, 1951
9.....97¼
Louisv Gas & E 6s Ser A, 1952
1.....91¾
1.....91¾
4.....91
1.....91¾
Lou & Nash 7s, 1930
5.....107¾
1st s f 5s, Ser B
2.....104¼
ref 5½s, 2003
3.....106¾
1.....106¾
coll tr 5s, 1931
9.....101
unified 4s, 1940
1.....92¼
St L Div 3s, 1980
10.....82¾
Mo Kan & T 1st 4s, 1990
10.....82¼
5s15f.....82¾
5.....82¾
2.....82¾
16.....82¾
Mo Kans & T prior lien 5s, Ser A, 1962
17.....86½
4.....86¼
4.....86¼
7.....86¾
4s, Ser B, 1962
3.....70½
12.....70¾
6s, Ser C, 1932
2.....101¾
4.....101¾
2.....102
adj 5s, 1967
25.....62¾
84.....62
194f.....61¾
3.....61¾
10.....61¾
10s7f.....61¾
4.....61¾
19.....61¾
2s7f.....61¾
1.....61¾
25.....61¾
Mo Pacific 4s, 1940
8.....93¼
7.....93¼
3.....93¾
7.....93¾
1st & ref 5s, 1926
31.....100¼
1965
5.....83
1.....83¼
18.....83
6.....83
1st & ref 5s, Ser B, '81
1.....85¾
5.....85½
4.....85¾
3.....85½
ref & ext 4½s, 1981
1.....94½
Minn & St L ref & ext 4s, 1949
1.....20
1.....20½
5.....20½
ref & ext 5s, 1962
4.....17½
M St P & S S M coll trust 6½s, 1974
2.....103
con 4s, 1938
1.....85¼
Minn S Ste M & Atl 4s, '26
5.....99¾
Miss Cent 5s, 1949
2.....91
Mo K & T 1st 4s, 1990
10.....82¾
5s15f.....82¾
5.....82½

Investment Securities

F. S. Smithers & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
19 Nassau St. New York

Chas. D. Barney & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Established 1875

Investment Securities

MAIN OFFICE
15 Broad Street
BRANCH OFFICE
647 Madison Avenue
Near 60th Street

MYRON S. HALL & CO.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
100 BROADWAY
NEW YORK

Exempt from New York State and Federal Income Taxes

City of Lackawanna, N. Y.
Union Free School District No. 6
4½% Bonds
Maturities
$21,000 May 1, 1927
31,000 May 1, 1928
31,000 May 1, 1929
Prices to Yield 4.00%
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State
Descriptive Circular upon request
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
37 Wall Street
247 Broadway 355 Madison Avenue

Minneapolis St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Co.
First Consolidated 4s
Due July 1, 1938
Price at the market
To yield about 5.10%
Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
New York Chicago

REPORT PROGRESS BY VAN SWERINGENS

Conference Held With Pere Marquette's Bankers on the Rail Merger Plan.

STOCK MARKET AFFECTED

Shares of Two Roads Figuring in Consolidation Project Reach New Highs for Year.

There were three developments in the movements of the Van Sweringens for the consolidation of the Erie, the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Nickel Plate and the Pere Marquette yesterday. The first was that a conference was held with the bankers of the Pere Marquette, J. & W. Seligman & Co., to be continued today. The second was that the Van Sweringens have definitely decided that there shall be no official announcement of the plan until the deal has been completed in all of its details. The third was that the Van Sweringens expected to spend the remainder of the week and longer if necessary in New York City clearing up some of the details of the undertaking.

Those who were familiar with what transpired at the meeting of the Pere Marquette and the Van Sweringens said yesterday that no terms of the transfer had been mentioned. To date the conferences have been simply to outline the proposition of the transfer of the Pere Marquette stock in the most general terms.

Representatives of the Van Sweringens said yesterday that they would make no statements concerning their plans until the deal was finished. This, it was pointed out, has always been the policy of the Cleveland interests. The statement was made that only a few very confidential representatives of the Van Sweringen interests had any idea of what was going on in New York outside of what they read in the newspapers.

The news of a series of conferences on the proposed consolidation had a direct effect on the stock market yesterday, with both the stocks of the Nickel Plate and the Pere Marquette going to new high records for the year, the Pere Marquette reaching 63 before the close of the market. This advance was accounted for by the reports that the Van Sweringens were prepared to offer 70 in Nickel Plate common stock for the Pere Marquette stock and 40 in Nickel Plate for the Erie. A banker who has attended some of the conferences denied yesterday that any such figures had been mentioned in connection with the transaction.

FINDING IN NEW HAVEN CASE.

Master Says Road Seeks Share on B. & M. Board, Not Control.

BOSTON, July 31.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Is not seeking control of the Boston & Maine Railroad, but wishes proportionate representation on its Board of Directors in order to safeguard its interests, says Elbridge R. Anderson, appointed as Master by the Supreme Court.

Mr. Anderson has been hearing the facts in a suit brought by Edmund D. Codman, representing minority stockholders of the Boston & Maine, who alleged that the New Haven was acting in violation of the law in trying to obtain representation on the Boston & Maine Board.

In his finding Mr. Anderson says the New Haven officers believed that as they were the indirect holders of 28 3-10 per cent. of the Boston & Maine stock they had a right to proportionate representation on the board in order to see that this interest was not depleted, and, if possible, to aid in devising means to assist in increasing Boston & Maine revenues.

"I find that in the controversy, begun in 1922 and continuing to the present time," he concluded, "the New Haven management has not increased its holdings in the Boston & Maine in any respect."

NEW GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Federal Financing in September to Be $350,000,000.

United States Treasury financing in September will approximate $350,000,000, according to estimates advanced yesterday by New York bankers. On Sept. 15 $391,000,000 of Treasury notes will mature and these, it was believed, would be refunded at an interest cost of considerably less than half the rate paid on the maturing notes.

The trend of the money market, which has led to an abundance of loanable funds for short maturities, has proved a help to Treasury economy and it was believed that the new issue would bear 2 per cent. coupons and mature in six months. If refunding the outstanding notes the Treasury would find itself in the position of getting new money at a new low rate to pay off a loan assumed when money rates were at their peak.

Government maturities for 1924-1927 consist of Treasury notes bearing 5¾, 5½, 4¾, 4¼ and 4¼ per cent. coupons, the 5¾s maturing in 1924 being the highest rate paid by the Goverment in any financing incident to or following the World War.

43,851 NEW STOCKHOLDERS.

American Telephone & Telegraph Reports a Gain.

Since the first of the year the American Telephone & Telegraph Company has gained 43,851 stockholders, an average of 6,264 new shareholders a month, and bringing the total to 325,000, exclusive of any additional shareholders which may be gained as a result of the new issue of $151,000,000 common stock and exclusive of more than 100,000 employes who are now paying for shares on the instalment plan. This increase further augments the lead established by the A. T. & T. over all other corporations in number of registered stockholders.

The first instalment of $20 a share is due today on the subscriptions to the new stock issue recently announced.

QUITS MONTREAL COMPANY.

E. A. Robert Succeeded as President by Julian C. Smith.

E. A. Robert has resigned as President of the Montreal Tramways and Power Company. Mr. Robert has severed his last connection with the companies controlled by the Montreal Tramways and Power Company. The new United Securities, Ltd., now has full control of the company and its subsidiaries, it is said.

The new interests have elected Julian C. Smith President to succeed Robert, and have elected to succeed three retiring directors the following: Howard Murray, Gordon W. MacDougal, K. C., and George Montgomery, K. C.

Acquire Agricultural Patents.

Frank B. Bateman announced yesterday the acquisition by Bateman Brothers, Inc., of Philadelphia, of the patents, patterns, dies, jigs and inventory pertaining to the agricultural implement division of the Walter A. Wood Mowing and Reaping Machine Company at Hoosick Falls, N. Y. Patents and other rights were reserved only in Great Britain and Ireland. Mr. Bateman said steps would be taken immediately to revive the business.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Allied Conference Acceptance of French Proposals Causes Heavy Buying and Vigorous Gains.

European exchanges received just the sort of stimulus they have long been awaiting when yesterday, about noon, dispatches indicated that the allied conference would accept the French proposals for security before the German loan was arranged, and as a result the list moved up sharply. Where sterling, the francs and continentals had been on offer through the forenoon, and at levels which showed a break through Wednesday's low, the turn in the foreign situation at once brought covering orders from speculators, and urged not a little fresh buying for the long account. The rally in the French franc was the most vigorous of all, and from around 4.97½ cents the bill was bought on a big scale on up to 5.08 cents. The Belgian remittance was also sent higher, to 4.00½ cents.

Sterling was turned up ⅝ cent, to $4.40⅛ on commercial buying, and a reflection of the conference development. The Swiss franc made another new high at 18.66½ cents, an 18-point advance overnight. Switzerland has lately been showing an improved trade balance, and this, with the higher interest prevailing abroad, has combined to draw funds back across the sea. Italian, Holland, Spanish and the Scandinavians were all strong. South Americans and Far Easterns, too, displayed an underlying tone of strength.

THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1924.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.40¼	$4.39⅞	$4.40	$4.39⅝
PARIS	5.08	4.97½	5.04⅝	5.02
ROME	4.33¾	4.32¾	4.33¼	4.33
AMSTERDAM	38.39	38.17	38.18	38.15
*BERLIN	4.186	4.186	4.186	4.186
MADRID	15.33	15.31	15.85	15.31
STOCKHOLM	26.62	26.60	26.60	26.60

*Value of $1 in billions of marks.

Closing Rates.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

Europe.

	Thurs. day.	Wednes. day.	Week ago.	Year ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.40	4.39¾	4.40¼	4.86⅜
Cables	4.40¼	4.40	4.40¼	4.86⅝
Com., 60 days	4.39⅜	4.39¼	4.39⅞	4.85⅞
Com., 90 days	4.38¾	4.38½	4.38¾	4.85⅜
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.04⅛	5.02	5.13⅛	5.76⅛
Cables	5.05	5.02½	5.14	5.77
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.33½	4.33	4.32¾	4.23½
Cables	4.33¾	4.33½	4.33¾	4.24
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.40¼	4.54½	4.61	4.60½
Cables	4.61	4.55	4.61½	4.61
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0000000002¼		.0000000002¼	.0000000024
	.0000000002¼		.0000000024	.0000000024
Cables	.0000000002¼		.0000000024	.0000000024
	.0000000002¼		.0000000024	.000088
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014½	.0014¼	.0014⅜	.0014⅛
Cables	.0014¼	.0014¾	.0014⅜	.0014⅞
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.8 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.96½	2.97	2.97¾	2.94
Cables	2.96½	2.97	2.97¾	2.94
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.08	16.12	16.16	18.16
Cables	16.10	16.14	16.18	18.18
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.51	2.51	2.51¼	1.75
Cables	2.51	2.54	2.51½	1.74
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.77	1.76	1.82	1.90
Cables	1.81	1.81	1.85	1.93
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.18	38.16	38.19	39.28
Cables	38.22	38.19	38.23	39.33
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0012⅝	.0012¼	.0012⅝	.0065
Cables	.0012⅝	.0012¼	.0012⅝	.0065
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	13.54	13.56	13.53	15.97
Cables	13.56	13.58	13.51	16.00
*POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per zloty.				
Demand	1.93	1.93	1.93	.0045
Cables	1.93	1.93	1.93	.0045
PORTUGAL—Par $1.0805 per escudo.				
Demand	2.80	2.50	2.75	3.98
Cables	2.91	2.85	2.80	4.03
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.44	.44	.44	.50½
Cables	.44	.44	.44	.50½
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.33	13.31	13.35	14.09
Cables	13.35	13.33	13.37	14.11
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.60	26.60	26.61	26.58
Cables	26.62	26.62	26.63	26.61
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.66⅛	18.48½	18.58	17.83
Cables	18.68⅛	18.50½	18.60	17.85
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.19⅛	1.19	1.18½	1.06¼
Cables	1.19⅛	1.19	1.18½	1.06¼

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	53.00	53.00	52.75	51.875
Cables	53.125	53.125	52.875	52.00
Peking—				
Demand	75.00	75.00	74.50	72.375
Shanghai—				
Demand	72.63	72.75	72.00	69.63
Cables	72.75	72.875	72.12	69.75
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	31.88	31.88	31.75	30.50
Cables	32.00	32.00	31.87	30.62
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	49.25
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	49.50
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.625
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	40.94	41.00	41.03	48.73
Cables	41.06	41.12	41.15	48.85

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	32.875	32.875	32.75	33.75
Cables	33.00	33.00	32.875	33.83
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	9.75	10.00	9.75	10.75
Cables	9.81	10.06	9.81	10.80
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	9.77	9.86	10.15	12.20
Cables	9.82	9.91	10.20	12.26
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.13	4.13	4.12	4.23
Cables	4.14	4.14	4.13	4.24
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	76.83	76.92	75.90	76.63
Cables	76.98	77.27	76.25	76.97

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	99.62	99.62	99.31	97.62

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian rubis notes were as follows (par 51.40 cents per ruble):

	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
100-ruble notes	1922.	1922.	15	19
500-ruble notes	1921.	1921.	10	11¾

*Effective July 1, by Government decree, sixty replaced mark; relation fixed at 1,000,000 Polish marks for one sixty. Present price is for new currency, while for year ago per prose mark.

Stocks Put on Trading List.

The New York Curb Exchange admitted yesterday to trading the following industrial stocks: Standard Publishing Company, 400,000 authorized shares Class A stock, par value $25; Pond Creek Pocahontas Company, 125,000 authorized shares capital stock, no par value, and Parke, Davis & Co., 1,000,000 authorized shares capital stock, par value $25.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Porter Feary, sales manager and assistant secretary of S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., has resigned, effective today. He will form a finance company under the name of Porter Feary & Co., Inc.

On and after today the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company will deliver at its office, 22 William Street, permanent Missouri-Kansas-Texas Railroad Company 6 per cent. secured gold notes due March 1, 1936, upon surrender of a like amount of interim receipts.

Kenneth H. Rockey has been admitted as a partner in the firm of Huth & Co., 30 Pine Street.

Otto Abrahams of Abrahams & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, will leave on the Olympic for a three months' stay in Europe.

The American Trust Company has been appointed corporate trustee of the first mortgage 15-year 6½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds due Jan. 1, 1939, of the General Leather Company.

GAIN OF A BILLION IN BANK DEPOSITS

Reports to Federal Reserve Show Increase of $1,250,000,000 From March 1 to July 15.

GOLD IMPORTATIONS HEAVY

Volume is the Major Influence in Credit Expansion, Says Government's Monthly Review.

Deposits of banks throughout the country which report to the Federal Reserve System increased $1,250,000,000 between March 1 and July 15, according to figures compiled by the New York Federal Reserve Bank and published today in its monthly review. In New York City, alone, bank deposits increased during this period by $700,000,000. The major influence in bank credit expansion was said to have been continued gold importation which during June totaled $25,181,000, bringing the total of net imports for the first half of this year to $225,267,000 against $109,641,000 for the first half of last year. June imports were the smallest for any one of the twelve months preceding July 1.

In its study of banking conditions, and of gold imports, the Review states:

"Between the middle of June and the middle of July the deposits of reporting member banks in this district showed a further increase of $100,000,000 to a new high-point and their loans and investments increased by a somewhat larger amount, due to increases both in loans on stocks and bonds and in investments. Loans largely for commercial purposes were somewhat lower and about $100,000,000 below the high point of the year reached in the Spring, reflecting the decrease in general business activity. Comparison of the figures for New York City for the Second District, and for the country indicates that more than half the expansion of loans and deposits shown by all reporting banks in recent weeks has been in the New York City banks. While the deposits of all reporting banks have expanded by a billion and a quarter dollars since the first of March, those of banks in New York City alone have expanded by over 700 millions in the same period.

"This expansion in bank credit and the ease in money conditions which has accompanied it may be traced largely to the cumulative effect of continued gold imports, a movement of funds from the interior and some return of currency from circulation. The rapidity of the changes in money conditions in the past two months, however, may be further and more immediately accounted for by a change in the relationship between New York City member banks and the Federal Reserve Bank. Early in June the New York City member banks practically extinguished their indebtedness to the Reserve Bank. Up until that time these banks had been almost continuously in debt at the Reserve Bank for many months, with the exception of a few brief periods. Under these conditions gold imports or other funds received were utilized to pay off loans at the Reserve Bank and the funds were thus retired from circulation, without the creation of additional bank credit and with but little effect on money conditions. But with member banks out of debt at the Reserve Bank any gold or other funds received were added to their reserves and became immediately available as the basis for increased deposits and loans and investments and exercised a direct influence toward easier money conditions.

"Imports of gold in June totaled $25,181,000 and were the smallest for any month since June last year. Figures for the Port of New York indicate some further decline in the volume of imports in the first three weeks of July. Of the June imports, $13,000,000 came from England, $6,000,000 from Argentina and over $2,000,000 each from Canada and the Netherlands. Exports totaled only $268,000.

"For the first six months of this year net imports amounting to $222,387,000 were the largest for any six months' period since 1921. Approximately half of the large imports of the past six months have been from Great Britain."

NEW BANK IN WHITE PLAINS.

Local Financiers Complete Organization—To Open Sept. 1.

A new bank for White Plains has been organized, according to announcement yesterday, to be known as the Peoples National Bank of White Plains, N. Y. It will have a paid-in capital and surplus of $125,000, of which $25,000 will be surplus, and is expected to open on Sept. 1.

The organizing committee consists of Edwin B. Day of White Plains, formerly Vice President and Director of the Battery Park National Bank of New York; Ivan Flood of the real estate firm of Flood & Ehrhart, White Plains, and Secretary of the Westchester County Chamber of Commerce; Eugene F. McKinley, attorney, White Plains; Edward T. Perine of Perine & Nichols, certified public accountants of New York City, formerly Treasurer of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, and Henry A. Vogt, President of the White Plains Savings and Loan Association.

RESERVE BANK POSITION.

Comparison of the Week's Items With Those of Preceding Periods.

Following is the comparison of the highest and lowest figures of the Reserve System in 1924 to date, and in the previous full years. Figures are in thousands of dollars:

Total Gold Holdings.

	High.		Low.	
1924	$3,187,537	July 23	$3,053,886	Jan. 2
1923	3,139,257	June 18	3,049,461	Jan. 3
1922	3,060,980	Oct. 11	2,875,289	Jan. 4
1921	2,970,044	Dec. 21	2,066,922	Jan. 7
1920	2,559,588	Dec. 30	1,934,561	Mar. 19
1919	2,201,804	June 6	2,068,786	Aug. 20
1918	2,080,274	Dec. 27	1,987,120	Jan. 4
1917	1,971,133	Dec. 28	742,063	July 6
1916	732,356	Dec. 29	484,630	May 5
1915	542,413	Dec. 30	251,306	Jan. 29

Rediscounts.

	High.	1924:	Low.	1924.
Govt. obl.	$422,764	Jan. 18	$85,271	July 23
Other sec.	375,119	Jan. 12	206,561	July 23
	High.	1923.	Low.	1923.
Govt. col.	477,053	July 4	281,996	Jan 19
Other col.	481,503	Oct. 2	219,760	Jan. 31
	High.	1922.	Low.	1922.
Govt. col.	477,456	Jan. 4	115,326	July 28
Other col.	636,111	Jan. 4	257,045	Aug. 16
	High.	1921.	Low.	1921.
Govt. col.	1,104,303	Jan. 7	431,801	Nov. 18
Other col.	1,351,818	Jan. 7	392,540	Dec. 23
	High.	1920.	Low.	1920.
Govt. col.	1,072,980	Feb. 27	1,141,036	Dec. 30
Other col.	1,611,316	Dec. 3	715,485	Jan. 30
	High.	1919.	Low.	1919.
Govt. col.	1,863,476	May 16	1,414,950	Dec. 19
Other col.	484,514	Dec. 26	172,568	May 9

Reserve Note Circulation.

	High.		Low.	
1924	$2,245,230	Jan. 2	$1,182,712	July 16
1923	2,411,088	Jan. 3	2,197,739	Aug. 1
1922	2,464,121	Dec. 27	2,122,010	June 14
1921	3,270,023	Jan. 7	2,266,006	Nov. 30
1920	3,404,581	Dec. 23	3,350,244	Jan. 30
1919	3,667,646	Dec. 26	3,450,759	Jan. 31
1918	3,685,244	Dec. 28	1,234,934	Jan. 30
1917	1,246,438	Dec. 28	399,768	Jan. 29
1916	375,353	Dec. 29	152,246	June 30
1915	189,026	Dec. 30	14,500	Jan. 30

Ratio of Reserve.

With all percentages computed on the basis introduced by the Reserve Board on March 15, 1921, the highest and lowest reserve percentage of the Federal Reserve system compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1924	80.7	May 31	73.6	Jan. 2
1923	76.3	July 28	71.3	Jan. 3
1922	80.4	Aug. 9	71.1	Jan. 4
1921	75.1	Dec. 7	66.4	Jan. 7
1920	45.0	Dec. 17	40.5	May 14
1919	91.1	Feb. 8	82.3	Dec. 24
1918	82.9	Feb. 8	47.9	Dec. 5
1917	86.2	Mar. 30	80.3	Dec. 29

The reserve percentages of the New York Reserve Bank compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1924	81.5	May 31	73.8	Jan. 2
1923	87.0	June 29	73.0	Jan. 3
1922	89.6	Jan. 23	79.3	Jan. 4
1921	84.1	Sep. 21	73.5	Feb. 4
1920	42.3	Sep. 24	35.6	Dec. 20
1919	93.9	June 20	85.2	Dec. 27
1918	93.1	June 8	52.8	Dec. 21
1917	94.4	Aug. 2	81.7	Dec. 27

OFFER $12,000,000 RAIL BOND ISSUE

Lehigh Valley Plans Redemption of 10-Year Trust Securities Ahead of Maturity.

$12,000,000 FOR POWER CO.

Duke-Price First Mortgage Issue Will Be Put on the Market Tomorrow at 99.

Offering will be made tomorrow of $12,000,000 first mortgage bonds of the Duke-Price Power Company, Ltd., by a group in the United States headed by the National City Company, and in Canada by the National City Company, Ltd. The bonds will bear 6 per cent. coupons, due in twenty-five years, and will be offered at 99 to yield about 6.08 per cent.

Another issue of $12,000,000 is offered today by Drexel & Co. and the First National Bank of Lehigh Valley Railroad Company general consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds which are priced at 99½ to yield in excess of 5 per cent.

The power company's capital stock is owned up to three-quarters by J. B. Duke, the tobacco man, who also is interested extensively in hydroelectric developments, and the remaining quarter of the $19,000,000 paid in capital stock, is held by Price Brothers & Co., Ltd., of Canada, large manufacturers of newsprint. The hydroelectric property is on the Saguenay River, south of Lake St. John and about 125 miles from Quebec.

J. B. Duke has been acquiring the lands and rights for the development for the last ten years, and it was said yesterday that the initial unit, comprised of a 300,000-horsepower station, would be ready for operation next January.

The Duke and Price interests, it is understood, agreed to advance during the next three years any sums which may be necessary to pay interest on the bonds.

The $12,000,000 Lehigh Valley bonds are non-callable before maturity, in 1936, and will provide funds to be used toward the redemption of $15,000,000 ten-year 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, to be called for payment at 103 on Sept. 1, which is in advance of their maturity. These bonds, it was stated by the bankers, would be accepted in payment of the new bonds, and would be received at 103 and accrued interest to date of payment. Fully registered bonds in negotiable form will be accepted at 103 less discount at the rate of 6 per cent. a year from date of payment to Sept. 1 next.

A syndicate composed of George H. Burr & Co., E. J. Van Ingen & Co., Rutter & Co. and J. G. White & Co. have purchased a new issue of $850,000 Miami, Fla., 4½ per cent. bonds, which will be offered publicly next Monday.

Remick, Hodges & Co. are offering $250,000 Town of Stratford, Conn., 4 per cent. coupon bonds, due Sept. 1, 1925-1943, at prices to yield 3.25 to 3.90 per cent.

Austin, Grant & Co. are offering a new issue of $100,000 De Soto County, Fla., 5½ per cent. road bonds maturing from July 1, 1936-1954, at prices to yield 5.40 per cent.

Announcement of the sale of the $2,000,000 Borden Mills, Inc., issue, offered yesterday, was made by Blair & Co., Inc., and Hayden, Stone & Co.

Water Works Purchase Denied.

Referring to the report in a trade paper yesterday that the Electric Bond and Share Company had bought control of the American Water Works and Electric Company by purchasing shares in the open market and in Holland, S. Z. Mitchell, President of Electric Bond and Share, said that no company with which he was connected "has any interest, remote or contingent, in American Water Works and Electric Company," or had ever considered such purchase.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from preceding page.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Eng T & T 5s, Ser A. 1952	5	4½	Trans eq 7s. 1925	2	3½	Ser D	2	93⅝	Ser A. 1947	1	92	Utah Power & Light 5s. 1944	1	92½
	20	4¼		5	3¾		5	93⅝	So Bell Tel & T 5s. 1941	1	92⅝		1	92⅝
	5	93⅞		10	4		20	94		1	92⅝	Vertientes Sug 7s. 1942	5	97½
	1	93⅞		10	4⅛		10	94⅛	So Pac conv 4½. 1929	1	87½		1	97½
	5	94		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½	Va Car Chem 7s. Ser A. 1947	1	97½
	2	94		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½		2	97½
1st 5s. Ser B. 1954	1	92		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½		2	97½
	2	92		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½		2	97½
6½s, temp. 1934	5	93¾		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½		2	97½
	5	93¾		1	4⅛		1	94⅛		1	87½		2	97½
	1

STUDEBAKER SALES UNDER LAST YEAR'S

Profits for Six Months Just Ended Nearly $6,000,000 Below Same Period in 1923.

REGULAR DIVIDENDS PAID

Official of Corporation Expects Remainder of 1924 to Be as Good as First Half.

The Studebaker Corporation, for the quarter ended June 30, reports net sales of $35,503,735, against $49,370,091 in the same period last year, and net profits of $4,030,010, after taxes, against $7,200,202 in 1923. The net profit for the June quarter, after allowing for dividends on the preferred stock, was equal to $2.07 a share on the 1,875,000 shares of no par value common stock outstanding, against $4.52 a share earned on the 750,000 shares of stock of $100, a share par value outstanding in the first quarter of this year, and $9.40 a share on the same amount of $100 par value stock outstanding in the second quarter of last year.

The company reports net sales in the first half of this year of $71,106,226, against $92,648,545 in the same period in 1923. After all expenses and reserves for taxes the company reported net profits of $7,572,269 for the six months of this year, which, after preferred dividends, was equal to $3.88 a share earned on the 1,875,000 no par value shares of common stock outstanding. The net profits of $13,371,174 reported in the first half of 1923 were equal, after preferred dividends, to $17.41 a share on the 750,000 shares of $100 par value common stock outstanding at that time.

Directors of the Studebaker Corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend yesterday of $1 a share on the new no par value common stock, and the regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the preferred stock, both dividends being payable Sept. 1, to stockholders of record Aug. 9. In April of this year the company split up its common stock, issuing 2½ shares of the new no par value common stock for each share of $100 old par value common stock held.

Commenting upon operations, A. R. Erskine said: "Despite the generally unsatisfactory conditions of business this year, we nearly earned our full year's dividend in the first six months, net being $3.88 a share against an annual dividend requirement of $4. We expect results for the last six months of this year to equal those of the first half." A total of 28,152 automobiles were sold in the second quarter of this year, against 43,680 in the same period last year, while six months sales aggregated 57,587 cars against 81,891 cars in the first half of last year.

The consolidated income account for the June quarter compared with last year follows:

	1924.	1923.
Net sales	$35,502,735	$49,370,091
Profit	4,662,796	8,174,328
Reserve for taxes	632,786	974,126
Net profit	$4,030,010	$7,200,202

Consolidated income account for six months ended June 30, 1924, compares as follows:

	1924.	1923.
Net sales	$71,106,226	$92,648,545
Profit	8,690,416	15,259,783
Reserve for taxes	1,127,147	1,888,609
Net profit	$7,572,269	$13,371,174

Consolidated balance sheet of Studebaker Corporation and subsidiary companies as of June 30, 1924, compares as follows:

ASSETS.	1924.	1923.
Plant and property	$54,867,789	$45,990,440
Housing development	1,515,942	1,539,107
Trade name & goodwill	19,807,277	19,807,277
Inventories	25,067,305	20,956,192
Cash	8,025,312	18,426,295
Sight drafts	2,282,339	4,867,265
Investments	1,646,148	3,327,201
Accounts and notes receivable	9,376,581	7,213,365
Deferred charges	422,454	365,599
Total	$123,010,927	$122,492,741

LIABILITIES.		
Preferred stock	$8,400,000	$8,300,000
Common stock	*75,000,000	†75,000,000
Accounts payable	1,311,814	9,398,477
Notes payable	6,000,000	.....
Miscellaneous reserve	999,524	4,233,512
Reserve for Federal taxes	3,244,586	4,440,067
Special surplus	4,860,000	4,455,000
Surplus	23,195,003	19,165,685
Total	$123,010,927	$122,492,741

*Represented by 1,875,000 no par shares. †Par value $100.

DU PONT INCOME DROPS.

Consolidated Net for Six Months $8,089,699 Against $10,540,941.

The E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. reports net sales of $47,761,349 for the six months ended June 30, 1924, against $49,326,999 in the same period last year, and consolidated net income of $8,089,699 against $10,540,941 in 1923. After certain deductions the company reported net income of $7,610,089 available for dividends against $10,125,883 last year. The net income for the half year ended June 30, 1924, after dividends on the debentures, left a balance equal to $5.84 a share earned on the $95,060,900 common stock outstanding against $8.54 a share earned in the first half of last year. After all dividends the company reported a surplus of $1,755,940 against $5,265,349. The profit and loss surplus on June 30, 1924, was $53,398,415 against $42,917,559 on the same date last year.

The general balance sheet showed cash holdings of $18,029,533 on June 30, 1924, against $18,596,377 on the same date last year, marketable securities valued at $7,270,456 against $5,170,269; securities, including General Motors stock, valued at $90,509,940 against $88,901,364, notes and accounts receivable $13,283,224 against $14,058,514 and inventories valued at $25,005,144 against $25,629,800. Notes, accounts and other current items payable amounted to $5,471,244 against $6,579,850.

SCANT SUPPLY OF BONDS.

The supply of bonds in dealers' hands was reported yesterday to be the smallest in many years and many houses reported that they had fewer issues, or parts of issues, in their portfolios than ever before. A quiet August is in prospect due to the absence of any large blocks of new financing in prospect, but in September a brisk revival of new financing business is expected.

Railroad financing would be to the fore in the last four months of the year, it was said, and in this classification was said to be another offering of bonds for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company in connection with its refunding operations. The initial offering in this undertaking consisted of $35,000,000 of bonds, and bankers and representatives of the railroad company are now working out details for the next offering, which probably will be of the same amount. Other roads, including the New Haven and the St. Paul, also have approaching maturities to meet, but all of them are holding back as long as they can so as to cut down the time in which they would have to pay interest on borrowed money. Issues floated now, even at low rates, would be an added expense in that they will not do their actual refunding of outstanding issues until next year.

Report Shows Improved Markets.

Moody's Weekly Review of financial conditions, issued yesterday, noted that "optimism is growing rapidly, and the markets are responding." The review says this is true not only of the stock and bond markets, but also of many commodities.

Guayaquil & Quito Earnings.

Earnings of the Guayaquil & Quito Railway Company for 1923 available for bond service amounted to $56,800 against, compared with $78,197 scores in 1922, according to the annual report made public yesterday. This is an increase of $4,603 scores.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	70.62	69.80	70.49	+.38
25 industrials	117.40	115.56	117.00	+1.16
50 stocks	94.11	92.73	93.74	+.76

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 30	93.63	92.26	92.96	+.03
July 29	93.91	92.63	92.93	—.02
July 28	93.45	92.37	92.97	+.34
July 26	92.96	92.19	92.73	+.38
July 25	92.74	91.81	92.35	+.10
July 24	92.95	91.62	92.25	+.18
July 23	92.55	91.71	92.07	+.05

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

July.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	94.11 July 31	88.48 July 5	93.74
1923	93.56 July 23	77.27 July 31	77.02
1922	84.50 July 31	79.30 July 5	83.87
1921	87.60 July 5	81.54 July 16	83.75
1920	96.06 July 2	78.37 July 27	79.84

YEARLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

*1924	94.11 July 31	82.26 Apr. 22	93.74
†1923	92.52 Mar. 6	73.82 July 5	78.46

Full Years.

1923	92.52 Mar. 6	77.15 Oct. 29	84.15
1922	93.06 Oct. 18	66.21 Jan. 10	86.66
1921	93.15 May 4	68.35 June 21	86.50
1920	94.07 Apr. 8	62.70 Dec. 22	67.90
1919	92.59 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	79.99

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	.....$1.41	—.01	+.77 +5.16

DAILY RANGE OF 40 DOMESTIC BONDS.

July 30	...$1.42 —.06	July 23	...$1.57 +.14
July 29	...$1.50 —.06	July 22	...$1.43 +.11
July 28	...$1.56 —.13	July 21	...$1.32 —.09
July 26	...$1.69 +.05	July 19	...$1.41 +.21
July 25	...$1.64 +.04	July 18	...$1.20 +.15
July 24	...$1.60 +.03	July 17	...$1.05 +.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	$1.69 July 28	76.96 Jan. 2	$1.41
†1923	79.43 Jan. 3	75.86 July 5	76.23

Full Years.

1923	79.43 Jan. 3	75.58 Oct. 2	76.71
1922	82.54 Aug. 22	75.01 Jan. 3	79.12
1921	76.31 Nov. 29	67.56 June 30	75.27
1920	73.14 Oct. 21	65.57 May 31	68.66
1919	79.05 June 2	71.05 Dec. 7	72.00

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
10 Govt issues	...100.65	+.18	+.15 +.69

DAILY RANGE OF 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

July 30	...100.47 —.10	July 21	...100.10 +.19
July 29	...100.57 +.21	July 19	...99.91 —.06
July 28	...100.36 +.03	July 18	...99.97 +.16
July 26	...100.33 +.07	July 17	...99.81 +.01
July 25	...100.24 —.10	July 16	...99.80 +.26
July 24	...100.34 +.14	July 15	...99.54 —.01
July 23	...100.22 +.06	July 14	...99.55 —.36
July 22	...100.16 +.06	July 12	...99.91 —.11

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1924	100.65 July 31	97.31 Jan. 5	100.65
†1923	100.43 July 24	96.02 Jan. 30	99.96

Full Year.

1923	101.14 June 7	96.92 Jan. 30	97.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Firm Tone Again Prevails at London—Prices Heavy at Paris.

LONDON, July 31.—Gilt-edged securities were firm on the Stock Exchange today. Oil shares were easy and British industrials quiet. Old 2½ per cent. consols, 1-16 higher at 56⅞; British 5 per cent. war loan, 101⅛ and 4½ per cent. war loan, 96⅝, both unchanged.

De Beers Mining 11⅝ and Rand Mines 3, both unchanged from yesterday.

PARIS, July 31.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 10 centimes lower at 52 francs. Five per cent. loan 25 centimes lower at 66 francs 90 centimes.

Exchange on London was quoted at 88 francs and 40 centimes against 87 francs 55 centimes yesterday, while the dollar was quoted at 20 francs 5 centimes, against 19 francs 92 centimes.

BANKER TO VISIT GERMANY.

George Le Blanc to Sail Tuesday—May Go Into Russia.

George Le Blanc, Vice President of the Equitable Trust Company, will leave New York next Tuesday on the North German Lloyd liner Columbus for a trip through Germany, possibly into Russia, and back by way of France and England. It is understood that the trip will be for business purposes, although Mr. Le Blanc said yesterday that he was not in a position to discuss it.

The Equitable Trust Company has played an important part in financing some of the important German industries which have had to rely on American credits to help them through present chaotic conditions.

The principal cities in Mr. Le Blanc's itinerary are Berlin, Paris and London, with a possible trip to Moscow or Leningrad. While in Germany he will visit the Ruhr and the Black Forest, in both of which sections are centred important German industries. In Germany now are representatives of many American banks, these men having been detailed to Germany in anticipation of a settlement of the reparations problem, after which it is expected that excellent business opportunities for American capital will be opened in Continental Europe.

UNITED ALLOY STEEL.

Net Income for Six Months $648,017 Against $1,972,585 a Year Ago.

For the six months ended June 30, 1924, the United Alloy Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries report total income of $1,750,122, against $3,719,945 in the same period last year. After reserves for depreciation, interest and Federal taxes, the company reported net income of $648,017, against $1,972,585 last year. The net income for the first half of this year, after preferred dividends, was equal to 66 cents a share earned on the 900,000 shares of no par value common stock outstanding, against $2.32 a share earned on the common stock in the first half of last year. After payment of both preferred and common dividends there was reported a surplus of $132,517, against $887,085 last year.

The balance sheet on June 30, 1924, showed cash holdings of $2,180,946, against $2,242,550 on the same date last year; Government securities valued at $273,375, against $274,420; notes and accounts receivable $3,684,680, against $4,947,717, and inventories valued at $9,962,619, against $12,772,304. Accounts payable aggregated $1,656,500, against $2,542,886 last year.

PHILLIPS JONES REPORT.

Profit for Half Year $48,499—$2.20 a Share Earned on Preferred.

The Phillips Jones Corporation for the half year to June 30 reports net profit of $48,499 against $513,752 last year. The net income for the period was equal to $2.20 a share earned on the preferred stock outstanding, against $22.58 last year. After payment of $77,128 for preferred dividends the company reports a deficit of $28,629.

The balance sheet on June 30 showed a profit and loss surplus of $2,108,832 against $2,690,529 on the same date last year. Current assets on June 30 amounted to $6,035,310, and current liabilities to $2,888,006, leaving the company net working capital of $4,049,304, against $4,518,607 on June 30, 1923.

Jersey Central Power Report.

The consolidated report of the Jersey Central Power and Light Corporation and subsidiaries for the twelve months ended May 31 shows a balance available for dividends and depreciation, after deducting annual interest on funded debt and Federal income taxes, of $744,250. Gross was $4,920,821, an increase of $434,776 over the previous year.

CORPORATE MEETINGS TODAY

For Dividend Action.

Eastern Steamship Lines.
Standard Oil Company of New York.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Phosphate Mining Company.

PRODUCTION OF OIL AGAIN ON INCREASE

Average Daily Output Last Week Up 10,200 Barrels, but Still Under Last Year.

BIG COMPANIES STOCK UP

Storage Equipment Ordered by the Standard of New Jersey and New England Refining.

The average daily output of crude oil in the United States increased 10,200 barrels last week, but production still is 286,700 barrels a day less than in the corresponding week last year. The American Petroleum Institute reports 1,967,700 barrels of oil produced daily last week, against 1,977,500 barrels in the previous week and 2,274,400 barrels in the corresponding week last year.

The daily average production of the various fields compared with one week and one year ago follows, figures being in barrels:

	1924. July 26.	July 19.	1923. July 28.
Oklahoma	485,950	480,100	487,350
Kansas	79,700	79,750	83,200
North Texas	76,350	75,850	75,000
Central Texas	163,100	164,950	100,700
North Louisiana	56,300	56,000	61,750
Arkansas	149,100	147,250	136,000
Gulf Coast	122,400	120,500	107,000
Eastern	107,500	108,000	113,500
Wyo. and Montana	122,100	122,900	159,950
California	624,200	622,200	850,000
Total	1,967,700	1,977,500	2,274,400

Production for the country as a whole is about 12.8 per cent. below the peak level of 2,290,700 barrels, the daily average reported in the week of Sept. 5, 1923. The Southern California fields are now about 50 per cent. below their peak, while the State of California is producing 28.4 per cent. less than its 1923 peak.

Both the imports of petroleum and receipts from California showed a sharp falling off last week, compared with the previous week. Receipts of California crude oil at Atlantic and Gulf ports last week aggregated 262,000 barrels against 1,262,000 in the previous week, while imports of petroleum amounted to 1,300,000 barrels against 2,151,000 the week before.

Due to the large stocks of petroleum products being carried, the large companies are in the market for new storage facilities. The Standard of New Jersey is reported to be in the market for a number of tanks to be erected along the Atlantic Seaboard. The New England Oil Refining Company is also in the market for 3,500 tons of steel for the construction of tanks at Fall River.

The Sinclair Refining Company yesterday announced a reduction of one cent a gallon in gasoline prices in the Middle West, thus meeting the reduction announced by the Standard of Indiana Wednesday.

GASOLINE SUPPLY FALLS.

Western Petroleum Refiners Report a 3 Per Cent. Reduction of Stocks.

Special to The New York Times.

TULSA, Okla., July 31.—The 141 members of the Western Petroleum Refiners report another reduction in surplus stocks of gasoline carried in storage as of July 26. Stocks of gasoline on hand that day amounted to 123,780,000 gallons, a reduction of 3 per cent. for the week. The total compares with stocks of 124,658,000 gallons carried on July 19 and with 130,234,000 gallons carried on July 12.

Crude-oil runs last week amounted to 1,645,000 barrels, an increase of 0.2 per cent. compared with the total of 1,642,000 barrels the week before.

Gasoline production last week aggregated 27,990,000 gallons, an increase of 2.7 per cent. compared with the total of 27,245,000 gallons in the week of July 19. Shipments of gasoline dropped 2.4 per cent. to 21,332,000 gallons, against 32,623,000 gallons the week before.

RECEIVER FOR A RAILWAY.

Montana Line Promoted by Former Governor Haskell of Oklahoma.

BUFFALO, Wyo., July 31.—A receiver today was appointed for the Wyoming North and South Railway, of which former Governor Haskell of Oklahoma was a promoter.

When the Wyoming North and South Railway was organized a few years ago it was planned to build a line from Miles City, Mont., a point on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, to Casper, Wyo., a distance of 330 miles. On Sept. 15, 1923, the line was opened from Casper to Salt Creek, Wyo. The greater part of the remainder of the system is still under construction.

Foundation Company Offers Stock.

The Foundation Company is reported to have completed arrangements for the sale of 10,000 additional shares of common stock at from $65 and $70 a share. It is understood that the stockholders will be offered the stock first, the bankers taking all shares not subscribed for.

Indian Bank Reduces Rate.

LONDON, July 31.—The Imperial Bank of India today reduced its discount rate from 5 to 4 per cent.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Amount.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Am. Metal	75c	Q Sept.	2 Aug. 18
Do pf	1¾	Q Sept.	2 Aug. 20
Campbell Soup pf	1¾	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 15
Cities Service	*½	M Sept.	1 Aug. 15
Do	†1¼	Ex Sept.	1 Aug. 13
Do pf & pf B	1¾	M Sept.	1 Aug. 15
Consolidated Gas	$1.25	Q Sept.	15 Aug. 7
Deere & Co. pf	75c	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 15
Firestone Tire & Rubber 7% pf	1¾	Q Aug.	15 Aug. 1
Lake of Woods Mill	3	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 23
Do pf	1¾	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 23
Lima Loco Works	$1	Q Sept.	2 Aug. 15
Libby Owens S. G.	50c	Q Sept.	2 Aug. 23
Do pf	$1.75	Q Sept.	2 Aug. 23
N. Y., Chi. & St. L. com and pf	1½	Q Oct.	1 Aug. 13
Studebaker Corp.	1¾	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 9
Do pf	$1.75	Q Sept.	1 Aug. 9

*Payable in cash scrip. †Payable in common stock scrip.

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1925	103	103¼	4.30
Do	7	Oct., 1933	107¼	107½	5.90
Am. Thread	7	Jan., 1929	103¼	103½	5.95
Assoc. Corp. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	103¼	103¾	5.05
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	102¼	102½	3.65
Bell Tel. Co. of Can.	7	Apr., 1925	102	102¼	3.55
B. & O. R.R. Sec.	6	July, 1929	102½	103	5.15
Can. North. Ry.	6	Mar., 1925	100¾	100¾	2.40
Cent. Argen.	6	Feb., 1927	99¾	100	6.00
Cent. S. K. Cor.	7	June, 1929	100½	101¼	5.80
Cent. States El.	7	Mar., 1929	102¼	102¾	5.35
Chi. R. I. & P.	5	Mar., 1926	98½	98¾	6.10
Childs Co. cv.	6	June, 1929	103¾	104¼	5.05
Colmb. G. & E.	6	Mar.1, '25	100¼	100¾	5.80
Empire G. & F.	7	May, 1928	97½	98	8.10
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1933	100	100¼	5.98
Fisher Body	6	Feb., 1925	100⅝	102½	
Gen. Pet.	6	Apr., 1928	100	100½	5.90
Gen. Cigar	6	Dec.1, '25	101¼	102¼	4.20
Do	6	Dec.1, '26	101¼	102¼	5.20
Do	6	Dec.1, '27	101¼	102	5.35
Gulf Oil	5	Dec., 1937	98	98¾	5.25
Gulf Oil of Penn.	5½	N.-Y., 25-28	100¼	101¼	
Hocking Valley	5	May, 1926	100¾	101¼	4.40
Humble O. & R.	5½	July 15, '32	99¾	99½	5.50
Kans. City Term.	5½	Nov., 1925	102¼	102½	4.60
Kennecott Cop.	7	Feb., 1930	105¾	106¼	5.65
Lake S. & M. So.	4	Feb., 1928	93¾	93¾	5.50
Mass. Gas.	5	Apr., 1927	99¾	100¼	4.90
Mo. Pac. R. R.	5	July, 1927	99¾	100	5.00
Phil. Rap. Tr.	6	Dec., 1925	100¾	101¼	5.10
Pittsburg Valley	5	May, 1926	100¾	101¼	4.60
Pure Oil	5½	F.-A. '24-'26	100	100¾	
Rem. Arms Co.	6	Apr., 1927	98	98¼	6.50
Solvay & Co.	5	Apr., 1928	100¾	100¾	5.30
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	6	Aug., 1929	100¾	100¾	5.95
S. O. of N. Y.	5½	May, 1933	107⅝	108¼	5.35
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1932	93⅜	94	6.10
Union Pac. R. R. Co. cv.	4	July, 1927	98½	99¾	4.20
Vacuum Oil	7	Apr., 1926	107	107¼	6.20
West. El. Mfg.	7	May, 1931	104¾	105¼	6.30
Wheel. S. Corp.	8	May, 1931	108¼	108¾	5.30
Wis. Cent.	5½	Apr. 16, '27	101¼	101¾	5.00

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	33	34
Adirondack Power & Light pf	93½	97
Alabama Trac., Lt. & Power	45	47
American Gas & Electric	76½	76¾
American Gas & Electric pf	45½	46½
American Light & Traction	127¼	128½
American Light & Traction pf	92	94
American Power & Light	293	296
American Light & Power pf	90¼	91½
American Public Utilities	75	80
Appalachian Power	78	78½
Appalachian Power pf	87	89
Arkansas Light & Power	47	50
Arkansas Light & Power pf	91	92½
Carolina Light & Power	142	144
Cities Service	140¼	141½
Cities Service pf	72¾	74
Cities Service pf. B	67	70
Cities Service Bankers' shares	14	14½
Colorado Power	34	35½
Colorado Power pf	85½	86
Columbus Ry. Power & Light	113	....
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf	130	....
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf	97	100
Commonwealth Power Corp.	96½	96¾
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf	79	80
Continental Gas & Electric	58	60
Continental Gas & E. partic.	77	80
Continental Gas & E. pf.	85½	90
Cont. Gas & Elec. pr. pf. w. war	6	7
Consumers' Power 6% pf	90	93
Eastern Texas Electric, stk	69	70
Eastern Texas Electric pf	97	....
Electric Railway Securities	15	15½
Electric Bond & Share	100	102
El Paso Electric, new stock	93	....
Empire Gas & Fuel	87	92
Federal Utilities	10	....
Federal Utilities pf	75	....
General Gas & Electric, stk	52½	54½
General Gas & Elec. conv. pf. A	59	61
General Gas & Electric pf. A	101	104
General Gas & Electric pf. B	117	....
Galveston-Houston Electric	35⅞	36⅛
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	71	74
Illinois Power & Light pf	93	95
Kentucky Securities Corp.	70	72
Kentucky Securities Corp. pf	70	73
Lehigh Power Securities	80	81
Mich. Elec. pf. A	5	8
Mississippi River Power	50	51
Mississippi River Power pf	86½	89
Mountain States Power	23	26
Mountain States Power pf	90	....
National Power & Light	133	134
National Power & Light pf	90½	92
North Carolina Pub. Ser. pf	90	91
Northern Ohio Electric	70	73
Northern Ohio Electric pf	90	....
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	91½	92½
Portland Ry., Lt. & P.	37	39
Portland Ry., Lt. & P. pf	74	78
Power Sec. Corp.	10	12
Power Sec. Corp. pf	36	39
Puget Sound Power & Light	80	82
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 6% pf	79	82
Puget Sound Power & Lt. 7% pf	100½	103½
Republic Railway & Light	37¾	38¾
Republic Railway & Light 8% pf	85	89½
Sierra Pacific Electric	17	18
Southern California Edison	98½	99½
Southern Cal. Edison 7% pf	103	105
Southern Cal. Edison 8% pf	118	....
So. Power & Light	24	26
Standard Gas & Electric pf	49	50
Tampa Electric Co.	155	160
Tenn. Electric Power	33½	33¾
Tenn. Electric Power 1st 6% pf	70	81
Tenn. Electric Power 2d 6% pf	64½	65½
Tenn. Electric Power 7% pf	92½	94
United Am. El., bankers' shares	12⅝	15½
United Light & Electric	34	35
United Gas & Electric pf	78	79
Vermont Hydro-Electric pf	91	96
Western Power	30½	31½
Western Power 7% pf	80	82
West Va. Lt., Heat & Power pf	94½	96½
West. Penn. Power 7% pf	101½	103

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

Security.	Rate.	Issue.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. Government	5	1886	64	66
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	73¾	73¾
Belg. Restoration	5	1919	33	36
Belg. Prem.	5	1920	36	39
Bolivia	6	*1940	70¾	80
Brazil	4½	1883	41½	43½
Brazil	4	1889	38	40
Brazil	4	1910	39	41
Brazil	5	1895	48	50
Brit. Exchequer	5¾	*1925	87¾	90¾
British Fund	4	Mar., 1919	76¾	78¼
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	*1929-47	87¾	89¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., *1927	93¼	95¼
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	*1929	91⅝	93⅜
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	80¾	82¾
Canada	5	1927	102¼	....
Canada	5½	Nov., *1933	104⅝	105½
Cent. Pac. R. R. (Eur. iss.)	4	*1946	69½	70
Chi., Mil. & St. P. R. R. (Eur. iss.)	4	....	71¼	71¾
Chile	1st 5s	1911	71	75
City of Pelotas	6	1911	53	56
Colombia	6	1918	87	90
Costa Rica	7	1911	80	84
Cuba	6	*1920	99	100
French Gov. Vic.	5	Jan., 1931	33½	35½
French Loan	5	1917	27	29
French Loan	5	1920	40½	42½
French Loan	6	1920	39½	42
Italian War Loan	5	....	41½	42½
Paris-Orleans Ry.	6	*1956	39	42
Midl. R.	6	*1960	39	42
Russian rentes	4	1894	7¾	8¼
Uruguay	5	1919	68	70

*Maturity date.

CANADIAN SECURITIES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Alberta	5s	1926	100½	102¼
Alberta	5s	1943	98¼	100
Alberta	5½s	1928	101½	102½
Alberta	5½s	1947	102¾	104¼
Alberta	5s	1943	98¼	100
British Columbia	4½s	1925	100	100¾
British Columbia	5s	1925	100¼	100¾
British Columbia	5s	1948	98½	100
British Columbia	6s	1926	102	102¾
Calgary	5s	1935	94	96
Calgary	5½s	1947	97	99
Manitoba	5s	1926	100¼	101¼
Manitoba	5s	1946	100¼	101¼
Montreal	4s	1964-38	86½	100
New Brunswick	6s	1931	104	105¼
Nova Scotia	6s	1925	101	101¾
Nova Scotia	5s	1941	104	105¾
Ontario	5s	1926	100½	101¼
Ontario	5s	1942	100	101½
Ontario	5½s	1937	103¾	104¾
Ontario	6s	1934	110¾	111¾
Ontario	6s	1926	100¾	101½
Quebec	5s	1942	98½	100
Saskatchewan	5s	1942	98½	99½
Saskatchewan	6s	1927	102¾	103½
Toronto	5s	1937	98¾	100
Winnipeg	5s	1943	98¼	100

GUARANTEED STOCKS.

Company.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta & Char. Air L.	0	168½	171
Alb. & Susquehanna R. R.	11	192	196
Canadian Southern R. R.	3	53	54½
Cleve. & Pitts. R. R.	7	69	70½
Erie & Kalamazoo	*8½	77	80
Ft. Wayne & Jack. pf.	5½	103	106
Georgia R. R. & Bank	12	190	195
Gold & Stock Tel.	6	106	111
Lackawanna R. R. of N. J.	4	78	80
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	4	57½	59½
Morris & Essex R. R.	7	76½	78
Mobile & Birmingham pf.	4	63	65
N. Y., L. E. & W. pf.	5	90	101
Northern R. R. of N. J.	4	58	61
Oswego & Syracuse	9	85	87
Pitts., Bos. & L. E.	8	25½	30
Rensselaer & Saratoga	6	57	59
Pa. Ft. W. & Chicago	7	139	140½
Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R.	10	113½	115
United N. J. R. & Can.	10	198½	200½
Utica, Chen. & Susq.	8	114	117
Valley R. R.	5	97	100
Warren R. R.	7	98	99

*Dividend subject to Federal income tax.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	320	325	Fifth Nat.	240	250
Am Exch	315	320	First	1835	....
Am Union	190	....	Garfield	295	305
Bank of U S	189	190	Gotham	129	130
Bowery	500	....	Greenwich	375	400
Bryant Park	165	....	Harriman	390	....
B'way Cent	165	....	Hanover	890	....
Bronx Boro	250	....	Manhat Co	160	165
Bronx Nat	150	....	Mech & M	368	373
Batch & D	135	145	Mutual	390	415
Capitol Nat	125	132	Nat American	135

CAR LOADINGS GAIN 19,869 IN A WEEK

But They Are Still 99,145, or 10 Per Cent. Below a Year Ago.

LARGEST SINCE MARCH 1

High Grain Prices Increase the Movement—Merchandise Traffic More Active.

Increases in the movement of grain and grain products, forest products and miscellaneous freight were the outstanding features in the car loading figures for the United States for the week ended July 19, which were made public yesterday by the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. Total loadings for the week were 930,284, the largest for any week this year since March 1, when the loadings of coal were exceptionally heavy on account of the threatening coal strike at that time. Compared with the previous week the loadings increased 19,869 cars, but they were still 99,145, or practically 10 per cent. under the same week of last year.

High prices in the grain markets have tended to increase the movement to market the statistics show. Grain and grain products loaded during the week of July 19 totaled 47,628 cars, or 5,658 more than the previous week, and an increase of 1,369 compared with the same week of last year. In the Western district alone 33,490 cars were loaded with grain and grain products, an increase of 3,574, compared with the same week of 1923.

Loadings of merchandise and less than carload freight, often taken as a criterion of business conditions, increased 3,589 from the second week of July with a total of 238,956, which was 3,567 less than the same week a year ago. Miscellaneous freight loadings amounted to 338,330 cars, 8,488 above the week before, but 6,500 less than the same week of last year.

Forest products totaled 84,410 cars, 4,362 above the week before, but 11,412 cars less than the same week in 1923. Compared with the same week in 1922, it was an increase of 6,249 cars.

Compared by districts increases in the volume of freight above the previous week was reported in all districts except the Southern. The Southwestern was the only district to show an increase compared with the same week in 1923, and the Northwestern was the only one which failed to show an increase when contrasted with the corresponding week two years ago.

Total loadings for the past week compare as follows:

	1924.	1923.	1922.	1921.
July 19	930,284	1,029,429	845,548	790,348
July 12	910,415	1,019,809	850,676	776,252
July 5	759,942	850,082	707,025	639,698
June 28	908,355	1,023,471	863,845	774,808

Record car loadings for all time were registered in the last week of September, 1923, with a total of 1,097,274 cars. Previous to 1923 the largest number of loadings in a single week were those of the week of Oct. 15, 1920, with 1,018,330 cars.

Since the first of the year the total loadings have been 25,787,348, compared with 26,904,822 in the same period of last year and 22,423,516 in the same period of 1922. The following figures show the result of car loadings since the first of the year:

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Four weeks of January	3,362,196	3,373,965	2,785,119
Four weeks of February	3,617,432	3,821,500	3,027,886
Five weeks of March	5,907,706	4,581,176	4,068,132
Four weeks of April	3,499,210	3,784,268	2,963,416
Five weeks of May	3,625,472	4,047,603	3,414,031
Four weeks of June	3,657,751	4,876,893	3,841,683
Week ended July 5	759,942	850,082	707,025
Week ended July 12	910,415	1,019,809	850,676
Week ended July 19	930,284	1,029,429	845,548
Total	25,787,348	26,904,822	22,423,516

Stock Exchange Seats Sold.

The New York Stock Exchange membership of Richard A. Springs was sold yesterday to Joseph Klingenstein for $21,000, an advance of $2,000 compared with the last previous sale. The membership of Sidney S. Wormser was also sold to John M. Hynes for $30,000.

FRENCH BANK SHOWS GAIN IN CIRCULATION

State a Heavy Borrower—Bank of England Ratio Goes Lower.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

	Francs.
Gold in hand	increased 132,000
Silver in hand	increased 127,000
Notes in circulation	increased 24,200,200
Treasury deposits	increased 239,000
General deposits	decreased 3,120,600
Bills discounted	increased 35,689,000
Advances	decreased 43,182,000

The State borrowed 300,000,000 francs from the bank during the week. Advances to the State now stand at 23,000,000,000 francs, as against 24,100,000,000 a year ago and 23,804,000,000 in 1922. Largest amount ever reached by these advances, 27,000,000,000, in 1921; smallest during the last three years, 21,200,000,000, in March, 1922.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	Gold.	Silver.	Circulation.
1924	5,623,516,000	200,190,000	40,106,003,200
1923	5,537,881,600	283,316,000	37,153,403,000
1922	5,530,350,065	285,355,517	35,399,294,400

The highest point which the Bank of France's outstanding note circulation ever reached was 40,315,994,000 francs, on March 6 of this year. The lowest point reached since concerted reduction began was 35,281,890,295, on April 27, 1922, which was the lowest of any week since Aug. 29, 1919. Highest of 1924 to date was the 40,315,994,000 on March 6; lowest, 38,400,145,000 on Jan. 25.

The Bank of England.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England showed the following changes for the week:

Gold coin and bullion	increased £38,942
Reserve in banking dept.	
gold and notes	decreased 781,000
Notes in circulation	increased 819,000
Loans on Govt. sec'ties	increased 6,080,000
Loans on other sec'ties	increased 1,985,000
Notes in reserve	decreased 781,000
Public deposits	increased 867,000
Other deposits	increased 6,416,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities is 16.88 per cent.; last week it was 18.00 per cent. The 19.53 per cent. average of May 22 was the highest of 1924 to date; loest, 12.40, on Jan. 4. The highest percentage since the war began was 23.50, on March 17, 1920; lowest 7.20, on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one and two years ago:

	1924.	1923.	1922.
Total gold holings	£128,308,665	£127,640,838	£127,899,520
Res. in bank. dept., gold and notes	20,967,000	20,769,000	20,975,836
Notes in circulation	128,442,000	126,621,000	125,774,190
Public deposits	12,105,000	12,784,000	15,355,502
Other deposits	111,993,000	105,759,000	107,960,768
Govt. securities	45,308,000	44,279,881	
Other securities	81,865,000	69,921,000	76,960,414
Ratio of reserve	16.88	17.53	16.25

The Bank of England's official discount rate remained unchanged at 4 per cent., to which it was advanced from 3 per cent. on July 5, 1923. At this date last year the rate stood at 4 per cent., at 3 in 1922, at 5½ in 1921, at 7 in 1920, at 5 in 1919, 1918, 1917, at 6 in 1916, at 5 in 1915 and at 6 in 1914.

FOREIGN BOND AVERAGES.

JULY, 1924.

Ten Government Issues.

Date.	Close.	Net Ch'ge.	Date.	Close.	Net Ch'ge.
July 1	100.46	— .04	July 17	99.81	+ .15
July 2	100.33	— .13	July 18	99.97	+ .16
July 3	100.31	— .02	July 19	99.91	— .06
July 5	Holiday.		July 21	100.10	+ .19
July 5	100.35	+ .04	July 22	100.16	+ .06
July 7	100.20	— .15	July 23	100.22	+ .06
July 8	100.17	— .03	July 24	100.36	+ .14
July 9	100.15	— .02	July 25	100.38	+ .02
July 10	100.16	+ .01	July 26	100.23	+ .07
July 11	100.02	— .14	July 28	100.36	+ .68
July 12	99.91	— .11	July 29	100.57	+ .21
July 14	99.81	— .10	July 30	100.78	+ .21
July 15	99.54	— .01	July 31	100.65	+ .18
July 16	99.80	+ .26			

Range for July.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1924	100.65	31	99.54	15	100.65
1923	100.43	24	99.52	11	99.92

Year to date.

1924	100.65	July 31	97.40	Mar. 8	100.65
1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	99.92

Full year.

1923	101.14	June 17	96.92	Jan. 30	97.83

STOCK EXCHANGE TRADING IN JULY.

The following table gives the amount of the dealings in the stocks from which the averages are compiled as well as the total dealings in the rails and industrials and the combined trading in both classes of issues and the number of the latter appearing in the daily and weekly transactions:

July—	Stocks in Averages— 25 Railroads.	25 Industrials.	50 Stocks.	All Rails.	All Industrials.	All Stocks.	No. Net Chg. of Is.	Av. Pr.
1	58,500	171,500	230,000	104,800	800,829	905,629	422	— .14
2	82,700	115,700	198,400	136,340	711,629	847,969	420	— .14
3	85,500	80,100	145,600	119,040	562,366	678,406	415	+ .10
4—Independence Day, holiday.								
5	31,700	16,400	48,100	49,500	161,601	211,101	257	+ .10
Five days	238,400	383,700	622,100	406,480	2,236,425	2,642,905	630	— .08
7	90,300	83,300	173,600	189,100	433,699	627,799	378	+ .40
8	115,500	135,400	249,900	231,100	850,314	931,414	417	+ .57
9	118,800	138,000	256,800	262,200	754,361	1,016,561	426	
10	63,200	131,000	194,200	173,000	759,200	932,200	433	— .50
11	123,400	87,200	210,600	200,800	611,027	811,827	421	+ .31
12	40,900	37,000	77,900	88,600	334,900	423,500	339	+ .18
Week	552,200	610,200	1,162,400	1,144,800	3,548,501	4,693,301	637	+ .96
14	114,200	130,200	244,400	231,400	704,314	935,714	434	+ .27
15	149,700	145,700	295,400	275,500	728,715	1,004,215	455	— .19
16	180,400	135,600	322,000	346,100	659,176	1,003,276	435	— .21
17	152,000	149,800	301,800	280,720	708,758	1,089,478	437	+ .08
18	204,400	86,900	291,300	402,113	680,847	1,125,960	454	+ .70
19	70,100	48,100	118,200	158,900	328,500	487,400	370	+ .24
Week	857,400	691,300	1,578,700	1,630,733	3,809,110	5,635,843	632	+ .96
21	160,800	155,600	316,400	324,958	780,400	1,105,353	461	+ .61
22	162,400	126,900	309,200	357,700	959,026	1,316,726	486	+ .30
23	177,000	144,300	321,200	330,580	964,300	1,294,880	497	— .05
24	216,100	106,500	322,600	358,490	806,220	1,164,710	463	— .18
25	226,500	91,800	318,300	345,900	721,067	1,066,967	445	— .10
26	89,700	67,700	157,400	148,100	376,515	524,615	379	+ .38
Week	1,046,500	692,700	1,739,200	1,865,728	4,607,528	6,473,251	632	+1.62
28	139,943	162,000	301,943	259,174	867,646	1,126,820	465	+ .24
29	150,900	233,900	384,800	249,700	1,055,780	1,305,480	482	— .02
30	249,700	189,950	439,650	282,450	938,200	1,220,650	475	— .03
31	132,500	214,800	347,100	211,142	842,958	1,154,097	472	+ .76
Four days	686,843	857,400	1,423,793	977,466	3,799,976	4,777,442	576	+1.01
Month	3,290,943	3,235,300	6,526,193	6,225,292	18,000,540	24,225,742	754	+4.48
July, 1923	1,648,950	3,221,826	4,870,776	2,313,229	10,355,219	12,668,448	606	— .90
July, 1922	1,831,720	3,335,378	4,987,098	2,558,900	12,589,632	15,148,592	647	+4.10
July, 1921	1,923,533	3,767,910	5,691,443	2,631,900	9,763,507	12,395,316	490	+ .78

*Including tractions, †including all other stocks except rails and tractions.

The following table gives the par value of the daily and weekly dealings in the various classes of bonds:

July.	Corporations.	U. S. Govs.	Foreign.	State.	City.	Total Bonds.	Net Ch'ge Avg. Price 40 Bonds.
1	$6,709,500	$5,944,800	$2,149,800	$2,000	$2,000	$14,808,300	— .06
2	7,615,000	4,806,250	2,439,500	10,000	15,000	14,871,250	— .04
3	7,538,000	3,197,000	2,190,000	1,000	1,000	13,023,250	— .06
4	Independence Day—Holiday.						
5	1,919,000	422,500	847,000	.....	2,000	3,190,500	+ .05
5 Days	$23,378,500	$16,188,800	$7,627,000	$1,000	$15,000	$47,190,800	— .11
7	$6,626,000	$2,464,250	$2,179,000	.....	$10,000	$11,273,250	+ .18
8	8,779,000	2,538,000	2,945,000	.....	.....	14,262,550	+ .19
9	7,742,500	2,250,600	2,529,000	.....	.....	12,522,100	+ .11
10	8,905,000	3,307,650	2,090,000	.....	.....	14,302,650	+ .17
11	7,333,500	2,669,250	2,082,000	1,000	6,000	12,091,750	— .13
12	5,810,000	540,000	1,249,000	.....	5,000	5,704,000	— .05
Week	$45,639,500	$13,770,000	$12,644,000	$1,000	$22,000	$70,096,500	+ .15
14	$8,289,500	$1,211,150	$2,139,000	.....	$3,000	$11,737,150	.....
15	10,436,500	2,964,000	1,983,500	.....	2,000	15,388,000	+ .16
16	12,811,500	1,288,450	2,051,500	.....	2,000	17,253,450	+ .22
17	11,545,500	2,147,200	2,029,000	2,000	.....	15,723,700	+ .05
18	11,168,750	1,168,750	1,530,200	.....	2,000	13,837,250	+ .14
19	4,744,800	763,200	1,122,500	.....	.....	6,630,700	+ .21
Week	$59,099,000	$10,443,750	$11,451,000	$2,000	$9,000	$81,274,750	+ .73
21	$8,770,000	$2,999,850	$2,224,500	.....	$4,000	$13,998,350	— .09
22	12,051,500	3,010,650	5,197,000	.....	5,000	19,264,150	+ .11
23	13,154,000	3,717,150	2,909,500	.....	.....	19,780,650	+ .14
24	11,586,000	4,475,300	1,024,000	.....	.....	17,085,300	+ .05
25	11,494,000	3,406,750	1,636,000	.....	.....	15,536,750	+ .04
26	4,762,000	917,700	1,077,000	.....	26,000	6,782,700	+ .05
Week	$63,739,500	$18,419,650	$13,168,000	.....	$36,000	$92,348,550	+ .28
28	$8,466,000	$3,511,950	$1,838,500	.....	$17,000	$13,813,050	— .15
29	9,840,500	3,557,000	1,685,450	.....	5,000	15,085,950	— .06
30	9,460,500	1,969,450	1,479,500	.....	10,000	13,323,450	— .06
31	9,210,000	3,929,300	2,602,500	.....	.....	15,742,300	— .01
5 Days	$36,789,500	$12,378,750	$8,605,950	.....	$32,000	$57,946,750	— .28
Month	$227,185,000	$68,579,950	$53,896,950	$4,000	$117,000	$348,749,850	+ .17
July, '23	$96,816,900	$26,191,300	$26,369,000	$9,000	$125,000	$178,379,000	— .08
July, '22	$145,158,000	$116,604,850	$40,009,850	.....	$382,000	$302,534,650	+1.80
July, '21	$40,315,500	$179,525,650	$19,254,500	$367,000	$144,000	$237,606,150	+2.87

PLAN TO INCREASE MEXICAN OIL OUTPUT

Large Producers Take Steps to Settle Problem Which Retards Industry There.

COMMITTEE TO BE NAMED

Representatives Will Soon Go to Mexico City to Confer With Government Officials.

A committee representing American petroleum companies with interests in Mexico is being organized to visit the Mexican capital to discuss the problems of the industry in that country, according to information obtained in oil trade circles. The committee, which is expected to be announced shortly, will represent all the companies holding membership in the Association of Producers of Petroleum in Mexico, which include the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, Mexican Petroleum Company, Sinclair Consolidated, Texas Company and the Atlantic Refining.

According to the representative of one of the largest companies the committee will confer with officials of the Mexican Government with the view of removing the difficulties which have retarded the development of the oil industry in Mexico, and resulted in a falling off in production from the peak level established in 1922. The problems of the industry, as viewed by this representative, are not only confined to the question of taxation, but also to recent legislative acts, some of which are said to be of a confiscatory nature.

Recent estimates made by one of the larger Standard Oil companies placed the American investment in Mexican oil fields at over $500,000,000. More than been lost as a result of the exhaustion of producing fields through the invasion of salt water, but hope is expressed that much of this can be recovered as more wells opened through the investment of additional capital. American oil companies, it was explained however, are reluctant to "sink" more money in Mexican oil fields without proper guarantees.

It is also hoped that the problems which have arisen out of the interpretation of Article 27 of the Carranza Constitution of May 1, 1917, also can be straightened out by a frank discussion with representatives of the Mexican Government. Article 27 deals with subsoil rights and it exercised to the strict letter of the Constitution would prevent development of new fields, except by special permission of the Mexican government.

The development of new fields, according to the opinion of producers, is as of much concern to the Mexican Government as the American oil companies involved. The greater portion of the revenue obtained by the Mexican Government is derived from taxes collected on the production and exports of crude and refined petroleum products.

FRANC FALLS AGAIN ON BANK STATEMENT

Increase of 243,000,000 in the French Circulation Sends the Dollar to 20.16 on Bourse.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—On the Paris Bourse today the dollar passed the twenty mark, touching 20.76 at 12 o'clock and falling off to 20.09 at the closing of the Bourse, following reports from New York. The pound closed at 86.40.

While, of course, the news from the London conference has an important effect on the money market here, the weekly statement of the Bank of France was of a nature to depress the franc. The discouraging aspect of the bank's statement was a further increase of 243,000,000 francs in circulation, bringing the total to 40,334,000,000. During the week there was an increase of 800,000,000 francs in advances to the Government, bringing the total back to 23,000,000,000.

It is recognized as probable that, due to the end of the month settlements, the circulation figures will show a further rise next week unless the Bank of France, by sale of securities, counteracts this tendency.

While arbitrage securities showed a betterment in response to the rise in the dollar and pound, French securities were heavy today, especially Government bonds, which suffered a general decrease all along the line.

It is generally realized here in financial circles that a failure in the London conference would create a bad situation on the Bourse, upsetting the relative stability which has existed during the two months, during which, although the franc has shown consistent weakness, it has not taken any of those jumps which so much upset the securities.

Orders for Rails and Cars.

Subsidiary companies of the United States Steel Corporation are credited with having received orders for 30,200 tons of steel rails during the past week, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. Inquiries are in the market for 20,000 additional tons and several orders for freight cars.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1945	M. & S. 82	82¼
Argentine 6s, 1957	M. & S. 94	94¼
Argentine 1927	J. & J. A.102½	102¾
Austrian Gov. 7s, 1943	J. & D. 93½	93¾
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.100¾	100¾
Belgium 8s, 1945	J. & J.107¾	108
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.106¾	106¾
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D. 84½	84¾
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942	M. & N. 97	98
Cuba 5s, 1953	F. & A. 94½	95
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.109¾	110
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N.110¾	110¾
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N. 95½	96
City of Gt. Britain 7½s, '52	M. & N. 99	99½
City of P. Alegre 8s, '61	J. & D. 98½	97½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D. 96¾	96½
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1942	J. & D. 96¾	96½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.100¾	101¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A.103½	103¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.101¾	101¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	J. & D.101¾	101¾
Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947	M. & N. 76½	77
Hungary 7½s, 1944, w. i.	F. & A. 87½	87½
Rep. of Colom. 6½s, 1927	A. & O. 98	98¼
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942	M. & N. 98¼	98¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.106½	106
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.103½	103¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.105½	105¾
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952	M. & N. 90¼	90½
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D. 46½	47¼
City of Christiania 8s, '45	A. & O.106¾	110
City of Copenh. 5½s, 1944	A. & O. 94¾	94¾
City of Montevideo 7s, '52	M. & N. 90	91
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O. 98½	98¾
Czech. Rep. 8s, '51, ctfs	.....	97½
Czech. Rep. Bol. s. f. 8s, '47	M. & N. 97½	97¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S. 94¾	95¼
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A. 92¼	92½
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A. 87¾	88¼
Rep. Cuba ext. 5½s, 1953	.....	94¾
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O.110	110¾
Denmark 8s, 1942	J. & J. 99¾	99¾
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. '46, F. & A.104¾		105¼
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46, F. & A.104¾		105¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J. 95¾	95¾
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S. 95¾	95¾
Dutch East Indies 5½s, 1953	M. & S. 94¾	95¼
Dutch E. Ind. 5½s, ests.	M. & N. 90	90¾
El Salvador 8s, 1948	J. & J.101¾	102
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J. 93	93½
French Gov. 6½s, 1941	J. & D.101¾	101
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & N.103¾	103¾
Finland 6s, 1945	M. & S. 87	87¾
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.100¾	100¾
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J. 75½	75¾
Japanese 4½s, 1925	F. & A. 87½	87¾
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25	J. & J. 87½	87¾
Japanese 6½s, 1954	F. & A. 91¾	91¾
Orientate Dev. 6s, 1953	M. & S. 85	85½
Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, 1947	J. & J. 79¾	80
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N. 85¾	86
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N. 85¾	86
City of Soissons 6s, 1936	M. & N. 84	84¾
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & D. 15½	16¼
U. S. of Mexico 4s, ...	.....	15¾
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1910	J. & J. 19	20¼
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan. 28½	31
U. S. of Mexico 5s, ...	.....	33
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1913	J. & J. 33¼	33¾
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S. 97	97¾
King. of Neth. 6s, 1954	A. & O. 98¾	99
King. of Norway 5s, 1940	A. & O.112	112½
King. of Norway 6s, 1952	A. & O. 97½	97¾
King. of Norway 6s, 1943	F. & A. 97½	97¾
King. of S. C. & S. 8s, '62	M. & N. 85¼	85½
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	F. & A. 78¾	79
Paulista Ry. 7s, ...	.....	93¾
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947	F. & A.101¾	102
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O.100	100¼
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	.....	A. & O. 96¼	97
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	.....	A. & O. 95¼	95¾
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	.....	A. & O. 94¼	94¾
Rio Janeiro 6½s, 1959	.....	A. & O.101¾	102%
Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942	.....	M. & S. 90¼	90¾
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36	J. & J. 99¼	99¾
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N. 97	98
Dept. of the Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J.100¼	100¾
King. of Sweden 6s, 1939	J. & D.105¾	108%
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.114	114½
Swiss Gov. 5½s, 1946	A. & O. 96¼	96¾
City of Tokio 5s, 1952	M. & S. 92¾	93
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.104½	105
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.100¾	111
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A.100	100¼
Un. K. 6½s, 1937	J. & J.104¼	104½
U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1937	J. & J. 90¼	91½

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	103¾	104¾
2s, c, 1930	103¾	104¾
3s, r, 1946	95	97¼
3s, c, 1946	95	97¼
4s, r, 1925	100¾	101¾
4s, c, 1925	100¾	101¾
Pan 2s, r, 1936	103¼	106
Pan 2s, c, 1936	103¼	106
Pan 3s, r, 1961	94½	96¼
Pan 3s, c, 1961	94½	96¼
P I 4s, '34, r	91	93
P I 4s, '34, c	91	93
P I 4s, '36, r	91	93
Dist of Col 3-65s	99¾	100

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Sus.	190	197
All Am C.	99¾	100
Alle & W.	98	.....
Alli Realty	115	.....
Am Bk N.	120	133
Do pf	96	.....
Am B Sug.	41	41¾
Do pf	73½	76
Am G & E	79½	80¼
Pf	104½	107¾
Am C & F	.....	.....
Do pf	122	123
Am Chain, Class A	22¼	22½
Am Chicle	75	.....
Am Coal	64	.....
Am Ice pf	80	91
Am R pf	110	127¼
Am Roll M	17	.....
pf	104½	.....
Am Saf R	6¼	6¾
Am S & R	6	.....
pf	100	103¾
Am Sn pf	95	100
Am Sti Fd	.....	.....
pf	103	104½
Am Tob pf	89	93
Am Wat Wks	.....	.....
1st pf ctfs	.....	92¾
Am Zinc	8¾	9
Ann Arbor	14	16
Ark Nat G	4	4¼
Arnold C	94	100
Art Metal	15	16
Assets R	¾	1
Assoc G E	.....	.....
1st pf	36	37
2d pf	33	35
All Pf	33	35½
Atlas Pf	93	95
Atlas T	8½	9
Aug N	85½	87
Auto K H	13½	15
Auto Sales	3	5
Pf	15	18½
Balk L pf	24½	116%
B & A pf	90¾	91¾
Bar Leath	18	24
Do pf	80	95
Bayuk Cig	52	52½
2d pf	93¾	100
Beech Creek	37	.....
B-Nut	52	52½
Do pf	100	.....
Beth S	78	.....
Pf	91	91½
Bloomenthal	80	85½
Booth Fish	.....	.....
Pf	31	36
Bett G	2½	6
Do 1st pf	52½	.....
Do 2d pf	17	24
Brown Sh	46¾	47½
Do pf	97	99
Brune Ter	3	5½
B R & P	50	62
Do 1st pf	74	82
Burt & S	105	.....
Do pf	80	.....
Burns Bros	.....	.....
Pf	97	100
Do pr pf	.....	120%
Bush Ter	23½	25
Pf	Stdg	.....
Pf	92¾	95¾
Cal Pet pf	95	96½
Cal & Elec	11¾	12
Cal Pkg	74	76
Case (J. I.)	26	28
Do pf	55	59
Cent L pf	44½	47
C R R of N J	.....	.....
1st pf	23½	24
2d pf	23	24
Cent Ver	2	3
Chain Belt	85	90%
Wis C ctfs	37¾	.....
Wis Pump	18	20
Pf	77	79
Chic Nip & T	94½	96¼
Pf	87	90
Chic Pneu T	6¾	7
Pf	45	50
Chic Rys ctfs	1¾	2
Pf ctfs	4	5
Chic Yel C	29¾	30¼
Pf	86	87
Childs	3	4
Pf	20	25
Chile Cop	21¾	21¾
Chino Cop	74	75
Cities Service	140%	139¼
Pf B	104	106
Pf C	104	106
Clev Graph B	61½	61
Clev Metal	49¾	49¾
Coast Cos	96	98
Coast Cos 1st pf	96	98
Coast Cos 2d pf	96	98
Colo Fuel	21	21¼
Colo Fuel pf	93	94
Colo Oil & G	7	7½
Pf	45	50
Colo Power	41	42
Pf	92	93
Colum Gas	104%	108¼
Colum Graph	16	17
Pf	60	70
Comm Cred	35	40
Pf	85	90
Comm Inv T	37	38
Pf	96	98
Comm Solv	140%	139¼
Conley T F	10¾	10¾
Consol Cig	20	21
Pf	96	98
Consol Coal	70	75
Consol Dairy	2	3
Consol Gas	70¾	70¾
Consol Ice	2	3
Pf	15	20
Consol Rub	118	118
Studeb Co	.....	.....
Pf	111¼	115
Sup. Steel	26	28¾
Sw'ts Co of Am	2	2¼
Pf	2	3
Symington	17¾	18
T P L Tr	240	300
Tran & W	34½	35
T R T	46	48
Pf	94	96¼
Und T of	116	.....
U B & P	60	80
Union Oil	7	8
Pf	75	75¾
U Oil Sts	.....	.....
Pf	115	120
Un Drug	83½	85
Do 1st pf	47½	48¾
U Dyes	2	3
Do pf	.....	88
U C I P	63	65
U S Exp	4¾	4¾
U S Tob	52¾	54
Do pf	106	109
U P & R	14¾	15¾
Do pf	50	55
Van Raalte	30	32%
Do 1st pf	81	87
Va-Car Ch

AGGRESSIVE BUYING LIFTS COTTON PRICE

Liquidation Ceases as Weather Reports Indicate Continued Need of Rain.

GAIN IS 49 TO 62 POINTS

Early Trading Here Depressed by Extensive Sales at Liverpool, on Wednesday.

After further selling during the first hour yesterday, liquidation in the cotton market ceased and aggressive buying developed later in the session. Aside from precipitation of half an inch to an inch at two stations in Texas, weather failed to bring relief in drought sections of the belt. Two private reports were issued, one showing a condition of 69 and an indicated yield of 12,250,000 bales. The other placed the condition at 67.1 and stated that reports were almost unanimous of drought over the greater part of Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. Favorable European news and advances in grain and securities influenced sentiment. Prices showed a gain of 49 to 62 points on the day. Clearances amounting to about 26,000 bales brought the season's export movement to 5,800,000 bales.

A break of fifty English points in Liverpool, coming after the unsettled condition of both American markets resulting from extensive liquidation on Wednesday, had a depressing influence on early trading.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
October	26.00	28.93	27.57	28.87-93	28.25
December	27.15	28.22	26.89	28.17-22	27.55
January	27.20	28.00	26.76	27.95-28.00	27.46
March	27.50	28.35	27.12	28.30-35	27.70
May		28.45	27.18	28.40-45	27.78

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 65 points advance, 32.40c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 30.75c, 60 points advance; New Orleans, 29.42c, 67 points advance; Savannah, 30.12c, 62 points advance; Augusta, 29.58c, 63 points advance; Memphis, 29.50c, unchanged; Houston, 30.50c, 60 points advance; Little Rock, 30.25c, 25 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	5,600	1,578	
Exports season	5,748,934	9,178	
Exports	3,159	8,789	
U. S. stock	59,749	36,709	
Ports stocks	210,689	181,178	
U. S. arrivals	1,689	1,806	

*Last day of year; no figures.

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 68 points decrease, 18.04 for middling. Sales, 4,000; American, 2,000. Imports, 13,000; American, 9,000. Futures opened quiet, 17 to 22 points decrease; closed steady, 47 to 54 points decrease. Prices: Oct. 18.18d.; Dec., 15.81; Jan., 15.75; March, 15.67.

Manchester: Yarns easier. Cloths irregular.

JULY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of July aggregated 24,225,742 shares, an increase of 7,422,757 shares as compared with the previous month and of 11,557,-504 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. There were fourteen million-shares days, of which the largest was 1,316,726 shares, on the 22d. The smallest full day's total was 927,190 shares, on the 5th. For the Saturday half-holiday the largest trading for the two hours was 624,615 shares, on the 26th, and the smallest 211,101 shares, on the 5th.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for July and the seven months of this year, as compared with the corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS (SHARES).

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1924	24,225,742	139,283,850
1923	12,668,448	144,225,414
1922	15,148,592	152,877,950
1921	9,236,134	101,804,738
1920	12,395,316	136,118,587*
1919	34,170,891	173,754,045
1918	8,547,851	81,516,202
1917	13,127,745	114,403,040
1916	9,184,441	94,189,623
1915	14,326,813	76,586,458
1914	7,890,590	45,989,158
1913	6,133,884	51,194,881
1912	7,169,868	76,564,826
1911	5,441,558	59,031,158
1910	14,296,325	111,626,370
1909	15,811,144	111,920,040
1908	13,872,335	98,372,197
1907	12,797,738	129,256,209
1906	16,300,558	164,350,078
1905	15,018,558	156,659,420
1904	12,134,845	62,770,441
1903	14,780,826	96,988,762
1902	16,317,937	103,865,277
1901	15,930,888	101,719,213
1900	6,274,439	72,220,650
1899	8,024,706	108,487,322
1898	4,784,803	67,199,382
1897	7,011,657	83,388,983
1896	5,542,770	30,904,210
1895	5,868,404	37,119,904
1894	2,817,182	27,768,112
1893	5,893,183	52,917,188
1892	3,488,083	49,192,622
1891	3,440,651	32,488,794
1890	5,830,257	31,806,644
1889	5,284,782	36,621,276

*Dealings in bonds amounted to a par value of $348,748,850, divided as follows: Corporations, $227,183,000; United States Governments, $68,878,350; foreign, $52,-687,500; State, $4,000; city, $117,000. Last month's total was a decrease of $46,094,-000, as compared with the previous month, but an increase of $170,389,850 as compared with the corresponding month last year. The heaviest day's trading was $18,944,150, on the 22d, and lightest day's trading $11,273,350, on the 7th. For the Saturday half-holiday the maximum total was $6,630,700, on the 19th, and the minimum total was $3,190,500, on the 5th.

Bond dealings for the month and the seven months of this year made the following showing:

BONDS.

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1924	$348,748,850	$2,176,158,160
1923	178,379,000	1,760,008,310
1922	306,524,450	2,634,987,355
1921	242,783,200	1,762,901,884
1920	227,996,150	2,236,990,450
1919	283,498,750	1,874,478,259
1918	120,489,000	870,397,000
1917	63,856,100	572,772,950
1916	97,650,000	909,362,800
1915	58,480,500	451,620,200
1914	51,997,100	425,051,100
1913	34,801,800	317,443,300
1912	51,917,500	456,726,000
1911	40,484,000	528,494,500
1910	58,388,250	405,721,500
1909	94,284,500	603,640,000
1908	61,120,000	509,492,020
1907	28,848,700	283,895,100
1906	98,510,500	482,013,300
1905	60,158,000	403,136,350
1904	62,070,960	368,262,560
1903	57,518,800	399,370,450
1902	71,902,200	458,284,800
1901	68,145,700	485,471,720
1900	28,708,900	413,890,320
1899	46,692,410	601,575,480
1898	73,917,350	470,135,080
1897	58,966,770	385,408,850
1896	21,676,350	338,743,900
1895	45,827,320	305,876,270
1894	17,224,400	198,413,250
1893	39,921,000	223,905,900
1892	28,076,500	341,515,210
1891	16,037,937	103,865,277
1890	15,930,888	101,719,213
1889	6,274,439	72,220,650

Range for July.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1924	81.69	26	80.48	3	81.41
1923	77.05	23	75.95	5	76.90
1922	80.06	1	79.47	27	79.97
1921	69.10	1	67.56	20	68.58
1920	67.17	1*	66.20	26	66.98
1919	79.05	2	77.91	30	77.91
1918	77.21	1	76.58	21	76.90
1917	82.44	2	78.77*	19	80.50
1916	87.04	6	82.91	14	84.38
1915	75.54	22	68.96	10	73.58
1914	80.08	7	67.41	30	68.77
1913	70.24	27	65.80	9	69.54
1912	72.76	5	69.71	12	81.80

Year's Range.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1924	71.03	July 25	57.80	Jan. 3	70.49
1923	67.05	Mar. 6	54.61	Aug. 4	58.33
1922	75.53	Sep. 11	52.57	Jan. 10	61.98
1921	56.54	Mar. 29	47.50	Jan. 21	53.75
1920	64.95	Nov. 4	48.68	Dec. 22	64.03
1919	78.75	Nov. 10	56.94	Jan. 15	62.85
1917	82.22	Jan. 2	52.03	Dec. 16	59.81
1916	93.78	Nov. 8	74.83	Apr. 22	80.57
1915	82.35	Mar. 4	54.15	Feb. 24	82.23
1914	89.94	Jan. 23	66.35	July 30	68.04
1913	91.42	Jan. 9	75.82	June 10	79.79
1912	97.28	Oct. 4	86.74	Dec. 16	90.27
1911	99.61	June 26	84.40	Sep. 23	91.37

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1924	117.40	July 31	103.26	Apr. 22	117.00
1923	118.44	Mar. 6	99.05	Oct. 27	109.98
1922	116.24	Oct. 18	79.86	Jan. 19	111.00
1921	96.00	May 9	65.24	Aug. 25	83.30
1920	120.83	Apr. 8	76.55	Dec. 22	81.90
1919	138.12	Nov. 5	80.37	Feb. 10	123.23
1918	91.55	Oct. 10	71.31	Jan. 15	84.04
1917	99.74	Jan. 4	82.16	Dec. 20	71.95
1916	119.30	Nov. 20	86.69	July 15	95.88
1915	109.97	Oct. 28	61.85	Feb. 24	100.78
1914	81.08	Jan. 31	48.48	July 30	53.50
1913	87.08	Jan. 9	60.27	June 10	66.34
1912	74.50	Sep. 30	61.74	Feb. 1	66.18
1911	69.76	June 5	54.75	Sep. 25	63.83

COMBINED.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1924	94.11	July 31	82.26	Apr. 22	93.74
1923	92.52	Mar. 6	77.15	Oct. 29	84.15
1922	93.04	Oct. 18	63.21	Jan. 31	85.53
1921	73.13	May 9	58.35	June 21	68.50
1920	74.07	Apr. 3	62.70	Dec. 22	67.96
1919	99.60	Nov. 5	80.73	Jan. 21	80.69
1918	80.16	Nov. 10	64.12	Jan. 15	78.89
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.54	Nov. 20	80.71	Apr. 22	88.25
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	65.00	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	84.70	Jan. 31	57.44	July 30	60.30
1913	79.25	Jan. 9	63.00	June 10	68.00
1912	84.41	June 20	69.75	Sep. 25	77.00

*To date.

BOND AVERAGES.

JULY, 1924.

Forty Domestic Issues.

Date.	Close.	Ch'ge.	Date.	Close.	Ch'ge.
July 1	90.58	—.06	July 17	91.26	+.15
July 2	90.54	—.04	July 18	91.20	+.15
July 3	90.48	—.02	July 19	91.41	+.21
July 4	Holiday.		July 21	91.32	—.09
July 5	90.53	+.05	July 22	91.49	+.17
July 7	90.71	+.18	July 23	91.57	+.4
July 8	90.80	+.09	July 24	91.60	+.03
July 9	90.89	+.11	July 25	91.64	+.04
July 10	90.86	—.03	July 26	91.69	+.05
July 11	90.73	—.13	July 28	91.56	—.13
July 12	90.68	—.05	July 29	91.50	—.06
July 14	90.68	...	July 30	91.42	—.08
July 15	90.58	+.10	July 31	91.41	—.01
July 16	91.00	+.22			

Range for July.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1924	91.69	26	90.48	3	91.41
1923	77.05	23	75.95	5	76.90
1922	80.06	1	79.47	27	79.97
1921	69.10	1	67.56	20	68.58
1920	67.17	1*	66.20	26	66.98
1919	79.05	2	77.91	30	77.91
1918	77.21	1	76.58	21	76.90
1917	82.44	2	78.77*	19	80.50
1916	87.04	6	82.91	14	84.38
1915	75.54	22	68.96	10	73.58
1914	80.08	7	67.41	30	68.77
1913	70.24	27	65.80	9	69.54
1912	72.76	5	69.71	12	81.80

Year's Range.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1924	91.69	July 26	76.95	Jan. 3	91.41
1923	79.45	Jan. 8	75.58	Oct. 2	76.71
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.12
1921	74.21	Mar. 30	67.56	June 20	68.58
1920	72.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	66.65
1919	79.05	June 2	71.66	May 8	72.00
1918	83.36	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	76.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.30
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 20	88.64
1915	87.62	Mar. 24	81.52	Jan. 2	86.61
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	67.43	Dec. 2	87.36
1913	92.81	Jan. 10	83.45	Dec. 18	86.64

*To date.

Railroad Pleas Before I. C. C.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Colorado, Columbus & Mexican Railroad asked the Interstate Commerce Commission today for permission to construct 200 miles of new line from Farmington, N. M., to Grand Junction, Col. The Boston & Maine asked permission to abandon twenty-two miles of single track road. Permission was granted to that road to abandon four miles from Ashuelot to Old Orchard, and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy was permitted to abandon four miles between Lead and Deadwood, S. D.

Exchange Ruling on Schultz Stock.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday ruled that the common stock of the Schultz Refrigerator Corporation be not admitted to dealings on the Exchange until July 31, 1924, and not until

Shaffer Oil Co. Brings In a Well.

H. M. Byllesby & Co. announced yesterday that the Shaffer Oil and Refining Company had brought in well No. 8 on the Yahola lease in the Cromwell pool, Seminole County, Okla., on July 24. This well is flowing at the rate of about 4,500 barrels a day. The present production of the Shaffer Company is approximately 10,500 barrels a day.

Calumet & Hecla Loses in Quarter.

The Calumet & Hecla Consolidated Copper Company reports a loss of $104,-790 for the quarter ended June 30, 1924, after reserves for depreciation and depletion. This compares with a loss of $159,606 reported in the first quarter of the year.

$45,414,900 IN BONDS CALLED FOR AUGUST

Many Corporations Plan to Redeem Their Issues That Bear High Interest.

TO PAY BULK IN ENTIRETY

Braden Copper Mines Leading the List—Will Cancel $10,071,000 Six Per Cents.

Bonds to the amount of $45,414,900 have been called for payment this month in advance of maturity, of which total $41,087,700 represents issues called in their entirety, and $4,327,200 issues called in part to satisfy sinking fund requirements. The following table, compiled by Dow, Jones & Co., lists the issues thus called and the redemption prices:

Entire issues called:	Due.	Amount.	Price.
Braden Cop. Mines 6s	1931	$10,071,000	105
Kentucky Utilities 6s	1924	2,784,800	100
Gt. West. Power 8s	1936	2,500,000	105
West. Penn. Pr. cv. 6s	1924	2,500,000	100
So'western P & L 8s	1925	2,000,000	102
Davison Chem. 6s	1935	1,800,000	108
North Am. L. & P. 7s	1925	1,440,000	100
S. S. White Dent.Mfg.8s	1930	1,338,000	107½
United Elec. Light 7s	1930	1,000,000	102½
West Unit. G. & E. 6s	1927	690,000	100¼
Baton Rouge Elec. 6s	1939	475,000	105
G. Sommer & Co. 7s	1925	438,000	105
Hurley-Wright Bldg. 6s	1928	800,000	102
Gen.Am.Tk.Car eq. 6s	1925	390,000	101
Lake Sunapee Pr. 6s	1948	300,000	105
Wagner Elec. Mfg. 7s	1926	100,000	101
Olympia Lt & Pr. 5s	1929	90,000	105
Plaza Oper. Co. 8s	1931	2,000,000	100
W. F. Hall Print'g 6s	1930	925,000	103
Union Lt., H. & P. 7s	1925	2,029,100	100
Coal Dist. Power 6s	1937	301,000	103
Penn.-Ohio P & L. 8s	1930	2,795,900	107
Penn.-Ohio P & L. 6s	1926	2,000,000	101¼
Assoc. Gas & E. 6s	1941	985,400	105
Idaho Power gen. 8s	1930	2,000,000	104½
City Wat. E. St. L. 5s	1945	131,500	100
Total		$41,087,700	
Issues called, not entire issues:			
Union Tk. Car eq. 7s	1930	$2,500,000	103½
Palace Hotel, Frisco 6s	1928	200,000	100
Electrical Sec. eq. 5s	1942	121,000	103
Windmill Pt. Land 6s	1931	100,000	100¼
Grayling Lumber 6s	1926	79,000	101
United Elec. Sec. eq. 5s	1942	65,000	103
Parce Development 8s	1933	27,200	107½
Kenmore Pulp & P. 6s	1937	25,000	100
Union Tool cit. 6s	1931	22,000	102½
Roanoke Trac. & L. 5s	1958	20,000	105
Buffalo Cold Stor. 6s	1935	18,000	104½
Elec. Ry. Eq. Sec. 6½s	1925	16,000	100
Maher Collieries 6½s	1943	16,000	102½
North. Pac. Term. 6s	1938	63,000	110
Sheeph'd B-Hark. 7s	1926	65,000	100
Kelly Isl. L. & T. 6s	1938	1,000,000	105
Total		$4,327,200	

Total bds. called in Aug., 24 $45,414,900

All but nine of the issues or parts have been called for payment the first half of this month, virtually all of these having been redeemable yesterday.

SEES STRENGTH IN OIL.

Curtailment of Drilling Commented on by B. G. Dawes.

Curtailment of new drilling, forced by successive cuts in crude oil prices, has placed the industry in a stronger position than at any time in its history, according to B. G. Dawes, President of the Pure Oil Company, in a statement issued here yesterday.

Mr. Dawes said that overproduction was a temporary condition and that a surplus of oil "does not seriously affect financially strong and well-managed companies."

"It should not be forgotten that oil producers and refiners must guard against shortage of oil, which means higher prices for consumers, as well as protect the industry against overproduction, which sometimes means profitless prices for producers," said Mr. Dawes.

Teagle Looks for Slow Recovery.

Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, who is now in Europe, says he finds expectancy of improved business as a result of the London conference, according to dispatches received in the financial district yesterday. "It is likelier to take the form of a slow recovery than an abrupt boom," he added. Mr. Teagle denied that his conference with the European heads of his organization has anything to do with reported concessions in Persia, adding that his visit was necessitated by the death of Vice President F. D. Asche, who was in charge of the company's foreign business.

$25,000,000 Coal Merger Reported.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—Consolidation of more than fifty West Virginia coal mining properties, involving between $20,000,000 and $25,000,000, has just been effected, says The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

It is understood that the financing of the new corporation has been done largely through New York and Philadelphia banking interests.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of
Five Per Cent. Second Mortgage Gold Bonds of
THE DURLAND COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the second mortgage securing the five per cent. gold bonds of The Durland Company, dated May 1, 1900, due May 1, 1925, issued under said second mortgage or deed of trust dated May 1, 1900, between The Durland Company and Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, Trustee (Lawyers Title & Trust Company, Successor Trustee by merger), The Durland Company hereby calls for redemption on November 1, 1924, all of said bonds described in and issued under said second mortgage and deed of trust then outstanding and unpaid.

Payment of said bonds at 100% of the principal amount thereof will be made on or after November 1, 1924, at the Trust Department of the Lawyers Title & Trust Company, 160 Broadway, New York City, upon surrender of the bonds with coupons due May 1, 1925, attached. Coupons due November 1, 1924, should be detached and collected at the Coupon Department of the Lawyers Title & Trust Company.

Interest on all these bonds will cease November 1, 1924, and the coupons maturing after said date shall be null and void. The holders of any of said bonds may, however, at their option, surrender any of the bonds held by them, with all coupons thereto attached, at any time prior to November 1, 1924, at said office, and receive in payment therefor the principal at once thereof and accrued interest to the date of surrender.

THE DURLAND COMPANY,
By ANNA T. FARRELL, Secretary.
Dated, August 1, 1924.

102% of Par and Interest.
THE KNOXVILLE GAS COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BONDS
To the Holders of the Bonds Secured by the First Mortgage of The Knoxville Gas Company, dated Oct. 1st, 1903:

You are hereby notified that this Corporation intends to pay out and redeem the following numbered outstanding First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds, of the face value of $1,000 each, issued pursuant to the terms of the First Mortgage of The Knoxville Gas Company to United States Mortgage & Trust Company, dated Oct. 1st, 1903, to wit:

87	126	192	349	410
112	148	233	362	440

The above numbered bonds will be redeemed and paid at the office of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, No. 45 Cedar Street, New York City, New York, on Oct. 1st, 1924, at the rate of 103% of par, plus accrued interest to that date, and upon such date all future interest upon such bonds will cease and the coupons therefrom will be void; all of which you will please take notice.

THE KNOXVILLE GAS COMPANY,
By HENRY L. DOHERTY, President.

IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
4½% STERLING LOAN
FIRST SERIES OF 1905

COUPONS DUE AUGUST 15, 1924

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned coupons will be paid on and after due date at the Agency of Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd., 150 Broadway, New York City.

M. KASHIWAGI, Agent.

COPPER PRICES OFF.

Lower Quotations Due to a Falling Off in Demand.

Copper metal prices were shaded a fraction in the local market yesterday. Prices, which have been advancing rapidly during the past two weeks, were quoted at 13¾ to 13¾ cents a pound yesterday, compared with 13¾ to 13½ cents a pound on Wednesday. The shading of prices, according to producers, was due to a sharp falling off in demand. This curtailment of demand, it was explained, was to be expected following the heavy buying of the past few weeks, which forced the price up from 12¾ to 13½ cents. Keener competition also prevails for whatever business is offered.

Export prices for copper were not affected by the lower quotation for domestic deliveries. Export metal was quoted at 13¼ cents, f. a. a. New York harbor, and 13⅝ cents c. i. f. London, Hamburg and Havre.

PIPE LINE PERMIT GRANTED.

Colorado Commission Issues Certificate Despite Opposition.

The Colorado Public Utilities Commission was reported yesterday to have granted the Colorado Gas and Oil Pipe Company a certificate of convenience and necessity for the construction of a pipe line from Wellington Dome in Northern Colorado, to Denver. Protests have been filed by the Union Oil Company of California, the Public Service Company of Colorado and others.

The Colorado Gas and Oil Pipe Line Company was formed by J. W. Atkins and associates, who have constructed similar lines in Arkansas and Louisiana. It was incorporated immediately after the Union Oil Company's discovery well came in for 80,000,000 cubic feet of gas on Wellington Dome last November, and according to advice the pipe line company at once applied for the permit.

10 P. C. Wage Cut at Dwight Mill.

CHICOPEE, Mass., July 31.—Notices were posted today in the mills of the Dwight Manufacturing Company, textile manufacturers, that beginning Monday wages will be reduced 10 per cent. and the working schedule will be increased from three to four days a week. The company normally employs about 1,200 and at present 900 hands.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Interest from Aug. 1st

Money deposited on or before the 4th of Aug. will *draw interest from the 1st.*

We *allow* interest from the 1st of *every* month.

One dollar opens an account in "The Friendly Bank"

IRVING SAVINGS BANK
115 Chambers St., New York

Let Us Tell You About
Banking by Mail
Employees Savings Club
Vacation Club

FINANCIAL NOTICES. | FINANCIAL NOTICES.

REORGANIZATION OF NEW YORK RAILWAYS CO.
To The Holders of Certificates of Deposit for
Sixth Avenue Railroad Company Stock:

A Plan and Agreement dated July 18, 1924, for the reorganization of New York Railways Company has been approved and adopted by the undersigned as the Committee constituted under the Deposit Agreement dated August 6, 1923, and a copy of said Plan and Agreement has been filed with Central Union Trust Company of New York, the Depositary under said Deposit Agreement. The Committee recommends the acceptance of said Plan and Agreement by all holders of certificates of deposit issued under said Deposit Agreement.

Any depositor may on or before August 28, 1924, upon surrender of his certificate of deposit to the Depositary at its principal office with a properly executed transfer of said certificate of deposit, and upon payment of all stamp taxes required by law and also of an amount equal to 2% of the par value of the Stock represented by such certificate of deposit, which amount the Committee has fixed as his proportionate share of the compensation, expenses and indebtedness of the Committee to the date of withdrawal, withdraw from the Deposit Agreement dated August 6, 1923, and upon such withdrawal shall be entitled to receive said Stock to the par amount set forth in his certificate of deposit so surrendered. Depositors who do not so withdraw on or before said date shall be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have irrevocably waived the right of withdrawal given them by the Deposit Agreement dated August 6, 1923, and said Plan and Agreement shall be binding on all depositors who shall not have so withdrawn, all of whom shall be conclusively and finally deemed for all purposes to have assented to said Plan and Agreement, and the terms thereof, and the Committee shall have full power and authority to use, transfer and deliver their Stock for the purpose of carrying out said Plan and Agreement.

Dated, New York, July 29, 1924.

JAMES B. MABON
J. Y. G. WALKER
ADRIAN H. LARKIN

D. A. HOHMAN, Secretary
Central Union Trust Company of New York,
80 Broadway, New York City
Depositary

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED UNDER DEPOSIT AGREEMENT DATED OCTOBER 31, 1921, AND ALL SUPPLEMENTS THERETO RELATING TO FIRST MORTGAGE AND COLLATERAL TRUST SEVEN PER CENT. SERIAL GOLD NOTES, ETC. OF

REPUBLIC MOTOR TRUCK CO., INC.,
A NEW YORK CORPORATION, OF THE EXCHANGE OF SUCH CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT FOR CERTAIN PREFERRED STOCK OF REPUBLIC MOTOR TRUCK CO., INC., A MICHIGAN CORPORATION, AND FOR VOTING TRUST CERTIFICATES REPRESENTING CERTAIN NON-PAR VALUE STOCK OF SAID MICHIGAN CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the Plan and Agreement of June 25, 1923, for the Reorganization of the Property formerly owned by Republic Motor Truck Co., Inc., a New York corporation, on file with the Depositary, Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, and with the Sub-Depositary, First Trust and Savings Bank, 68 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Illinois, the holders of Certificates of Deposit above described are now entitled upon surrender of their Certificates of Deposit in bearer form or, if registered, properly assigned in blank for transfer to the Depositary or Sub-Depositary which issued the same, to certificates for the number of shares of preferred stock and for voting trust certificates representing the number of shares of non-par value stock of the New Corporation for which the Mortgage Notes represented by their Certificates of Deposit are exchangeable. Each $1,000 Mortgage Note of Republic Motor Truck Co., Inc. (the New York corporation) represented by such a Certificate of Deposit will be exchanged for $500 par value of preferred stock and a voting trust certificate or certificates representing 13 shares of the non-par value stock of the New Corporation which is organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and also bears the name "Republic Motor Truck Co., Inc."

Holders of such Certificates of Deposit are therefore requested to surrender their Certificates, in the form above stated, to the Depositary or Sub-Depositary which issued the same at its address appearing above, for surrender and exchange for the stock and voting trust certificates to which such holders are entitled as above set forth. In surrendering Certificates of Deposit for exchange, certificate holders must notify in writing the Depositary or Sub-Depositary of the exact names in which certificates for preferred stock and voting trust certificates for non-par value stock of the New Corporation are to be issued and the addresses of such persons.

Dated, New York, July 30, 1924.

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, Chairman,
C. B. CAMPBELL,
E. C. KING,
Committee under Plan and Deposit Agreement dated as of October 31, 1921, and all Supplements thereto.
R. G. PAGE, Secretary, 16 Wall Street, New York City.
BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, 32 Liberty Street, New York City,
Counsel.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY
50-Year Sinking Fund Gold Debenture Bonds Due February 1, 1949.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article 4, Section 3, of the Indenture dated February 1, 1912, of the New York Telephone Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that the undersigned at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, will receive until 10 o'clock A. M., on Monday, August 25, 1924, offers for the sale to it as Trustee of sufficient bonds of the above issue as not exceeding 110% of par and accrued interest to exhaust the sum of Two Hundred Fifty-two Thousand Two Hundred Eighty Six Dollars and Ninety-three Cents ($252,286.93) in the Sinking Fund. Interest on the bonds accepted will cease on August 26, 1924.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all offers. Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT and made subject to acceptance in part thereof.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, New York, August 1, 1924.

DIVIDENDS.

LIMA LOCOMOTIVE WORKS, INCORPORATED.
Lima, Ohio.

July 30, 1924.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share on the Common Stock, without par value of this Company, for the three months ended July 31st, 1924, payable September 2nd, 1924, to holders of such Common Stock without par value of record at the close of business on August 15th, 1924.

L. A. LARSEN,
Vice President and Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of
Five Per Cent. Second Mortgage Gold Bonds of
THE DURLAND COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the second mortgage securing the five per cent. gold bonds of The Durland Company, dated May 1, 1900, due May 1, 1925, issued under said second mortgage or deed of trust dated May 1, 1900, between The Durland Company and Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, Trustee (Lawyers Title & Trust Company, Successor Trustee by merger), The Durland Company hereby calls for redemption on November 1, 1924, all of said bonds described in and issued under said second mortgage and deed of trust then outstanding and unpaid.

Payment of said bonds at 100% of the principal amount thereof will be made on or after November 1, 1924, at the Trust Department of the Lawyers Title & Trust Company, 160 Broadway, New York City, upon surrender of the bonds with coupons due May 1, 1925, attached. Coupons due November 1, 1924, should be detached and collected at the Coupon Department of the Lawyers Title & Trust Company.

Interest on all these bonds will cease November 1, 1924, and the coupons maturing after said date shall be null and void. The holders of any of said bonds may, however, at their option, surrender any of the bonds held by them, with all coupons thereto attached, at any time prior to November 1, 1924, at said office, and receive in payment therefor the principal at once thereof and accrued interest to the date of surrender.

THE DURLAND COMPANY,
By ANNA T. FARRELL, Secretary.
Dated, August 1, 1924.

DIVIDENDS.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
59 CEDAR STREET
NEW YORK

The FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR OFFICE DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST, 1924:
AUGUST 1, 1924.
Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Railway Co. Consolidated Mortgage 4s.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad Co. General Mortgage, Series "D."
Marion County, Indiana, Bridge Bonds.
Massillon & Cleveland Railroad Co. Quarterly dividend, 3%.
Wheeling Terminal Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 4s.
AUGUST 2, 1924.
Indianapolis, Ind., School Bldg., 4½%.
AUGUST 10, 1924.
Indianapolis, Ind., School Bldg., 4½%.

The American Sugar Refining Company

Preferred Dividend

On the Preferred Stock a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent, being the 131st consecutive dividend thereon; payable on the second day of October 1924 to stockholders of record on the second day of September 1924.

The Transfer Books will not close.

EDWIN T. GIBSON, Secretary.

Schulte Retail Stores Corporation.

A stock dividend of $3.00 per share has been declared payable in preferred stock on September 1st, 1924, to common stock holders of record at the close of business August 15th, 1924—

EAST SIDE HOUSE TO COST $1,500,000

Builders Buy Corner of Lexington Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.

PRICE WAS $500,000

Plan Twelve-Story Apartment for the Site, Formerly Part of Goelet Estate.

A notable addition to the many improvements that have been made in the Lexington Avenue section during recent months will be a tall apartment building, plans for which were announced yesterday when contracts were signed for the purchase by builders of the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.

The site fronts 75 feet on Lexington Avenue running back 140 feet on Thirty-seventh Street with an "L" on the latter thoroughfare. It is improved at present with six private residences and was formerly part of the Goelet estate.

The buyers of the property are the Morris White Holding Company, which purchased it from Harry E. Miller for $500,000. The new owners will improve the site with a twelve-story modern high-class apartment house to contain suites of five, six, seven and eight rooms each. Irving Feldman is the building contractor.

It is estimated that the entire operation will involve an investment of $1,500,000 including the cost of land and building. The brokers in the sale of the property were Weld & Suydam, Inc., and Hendrick Suydam of Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc.

Isidor H. Kempner & Sons sold the five-story apartments on the triangular plot southeast corner of Greenwich Avenue and West Thirteenth Street, known as 224-240 West Thirteenth Street, and 119 to 118 Greenwich Avenue. The property was purchased about three months ago from the estate of Ex-Police Commissioner "Bill" Devery, whose family had held it for twenty-five years. J. Irving Walsh was the broker. The purchaser in this transaction is I. D. Brokaw. The property is in the heart of Greenwich Village, being on the block opposite the Sheridan Theatre.

Geisler & Kraker in conjunction with Leon Lemle sold for the Emandess Holding Company the six-story new law walk-up at 223 and 225 East 124th Street, on a lot 40 by 100, renting at $9,800 and held at $75,000, to Jere K. Rettenberg.

The same brokers with Brown-Smith Realty Company sold for the Emandess Holding Company the six-story new law walk-up at 233 and 235 East 124th Street, on a lot 40 by 100, renting at $9,200 and held at $72,000, to Mary F. Hannagan.

Homer Realty Company, Martin M. Jay, salesman, sold for Jessar Realty Corporation to A. Schmidt, 556 West 156th Street, 6-story walk-up, 50 by 100, at $9,000.

The Allegiance Realty Company, representing Albert R. Korn and Harold Korn, sold 113 East 105th Street, a five-story tenement, with two stores and eighteen apartments, to an investor.

Henry Brady sold for Anne E. McDermott the three-story and basement tenement at 57 Sullivan Street, on a lot 21 by 60, to Judith Casazza.

Dwelling Buyers to Occupy.

Julius Kneifel sold the three-story dwelling at 35 West Ninety-fourth Street, including the furniture, on a lot 18.9 by 100.8 feet. The purchaser will occupy. The Houghton Company was the broker.

Patrick S. Creeden, as executor of the estate of James Creeden, sold to Michael Milman the four-story brick dwelling, with store, at 280 First Avenue, on a lot 22 by 94.2 feet. This is the first transfer of the property in thirty-three years. Thomas Ford was the broker.

$300,000 Loft Deal.

The Benenson Realty Company resold the twelve-story loft building at 31 and 33 West Twenty-first Street to the Best Made Bag Company, Inc. The building is on a plot 56 by 100, is fireproof and rents in excess of $45,000 per annum. It was held at $300,000.

ADD TO CORNER SITE.

Fee Owners Purchase Lease on Park Avenue.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. sold to the Gresham Realty Company the lease on the five-story dwelling at the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-second Street. The Gresham Realty Company has owned the fee to the property for over a year, but a long-term lease was held by Senior & Allen, Inc. The Gresham Realty Company owns the adjoining apartment and now controls the entire corner.

RESELL THE WHIST CLUB.

Builder Will Alter Property Into a Loft.

The Benenson Realty Company resold the Whist Club at 13 West Thirty-sixth Street to a builder who will at once undertake to remodel the club into a six-story store and loft building. The property is on a plot 24 by 98, and was held at $150,000.

New East Side Garage.

Plans and specifications have been completed by Samuel A. Hartz, architect, for the erection of a new three-story fireproof public garage, 100 by 100 feet, to be located at 403-11 East Sixty-fifth Street at an estimated cost of $125,000.

The 403-11 East Sixty-fifth Street Corporation are the owners and builders. Construction work is to commence immediately.

Speech Hospital Buys House.

The National Hospital for Speech Disorders has acquired title from Dr. James Sonnett Greene to the four-story dwelling at 142 East Thirty-seventh Street, on a plot 16 by 98.9, between Lexington and Third Avenues. Dr. Greene recently purchased the property from Mansfield G. Verplanck. He has been occupying the house under lease for several years.

Building Plans Filed.

50c. Av, 310, for a 7-story, offices, &c, 24x90; M. H. Polk, 40 Wall St, owner; C. H. Higgins, 19 West 44th St, architect; $150,000.

Post Av, 67 and 63, for two 5-story tenements, 37x105; Hensle Construction Co., 220 Eagle Av, owner; Moore & Landsteidel, 148th St and 3d Av, architects; $150,000.

Results at Auction.

At Bronx Exchange.

By A. Joseph & Co.

Westchester Av, 707, s w cor Forest Av, known as 723-731x42.2x175 through to 150 Jackson Av, one-story buildings; Bessie Burstein, Jackson Film Studio Corp., Max Mosiffird, attorney; amount due, $26,561.13; taxes, &c., $100; to Harry G. Diesing for $27,100 above a first mortgage of $47,500.

By James J. Donovan.

Clubhouse and property contents of Silver Beach Club on Fort Schuyler road, adjacent to Fort Schuyler; two-story building, boat, dock, &c.; Thomas J. O'Neill, Harry Hemmerdinger, amount due, $2,798.53; to the plaintiff for $100 above a mortgage of $1,000.

At 14 Vesey Street.

By Henry Bruder.

Fourth St, 205 E, 140-10 e Fourth St, 19.8x88.6xirreg; three-story building; Sheriff's sale of all rights, title and interest of Walter S. Loosbrock had on Feb. 28, 1923, etc., since; Maidas & Sharpiro, attorneys, 320 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SIDNEY FERTIG, Attorney, 320 Broadway, N. Y. City.

BUYING IN THE SUBURBS.

Jenkins Estate Sells Silver Lake Farm in New Jersey.

Marcellus Hartley Dodge, as trustee for the estate of George W. Jenkins, sold to Daniel A. Heald Silver Lake Farm comprising about 115 acres, together with superintendent's dwelling and complete group of dairy farm buildings, situated in Passaic Township, about three miles from Madison, Morris County, N. J. Silver Lake Farm was operated by the late George W. Jenkins and since his death by his estate as a high-class dairy farm. Mr. Heald will continue to operate the property as a dairy farm, transferring his herd from his present farm in Connecticut. The property purchased takes in practically all of Silver Lake, one of the most beautiful small lakes in New Jersey. Owners of the adjoining properties are Seth M. Thomas and Henry A. Colgate. Payson McL. Merrill Company negotiated the sale.

Mrs. Ethel Muriel Gould sold her English brick home in the Bonmar section of Pelham Manor to a client of Chauncey E. Griffen. The house consists of seven large rooms, on a plot of about ¾ acre, covered with forest trees and commanding extended views of the grounds of Pelham Country Club. The property was held at $37,000.

At West Hampton Beach, L. I., James Brownshield sold two ocean front cottages. The buyers are Mrs. Margaret MacCarteney of New York and Miss Mary E. Sharot of Brooklyn.

REMODEL OLD STABLE.

West Fourth Street Structure to Be Used for Restaurant.

Robert R. Myer and others have leased to Spalding Hall for ten years the old five-story stable at 136-138 West Fourth Street, between Sixth Avenue and Macdougal Street.

He will pay a net rental of $6,800 a year for the property. Possession will be taken on Oct. 1, 1924.

Mr. Hall intends to rebuild the present structure into a modern restaurant and apartment building. Ferdinand Savignano, architect, who is preparing the plans, places the estimated cost of the project at $100,000.

$575,000 Building Loan.

Charles B. Van Valen, Inc. have obtained for Martin Silverman a building and permanent loan of $575,000 on 160-166 West Seventy-ninth Street. The plot, 83 by 102.2, will be improved with a fifteen-story elevator apartment.

Trading in the Bronx.

James H. Cruikshank resold to Frank De Willis 677 to 683 Cauldwell Avenue, four two-story and basement two-family frame dwellings, on a plot 75 by 115, between East 156th Street and Westchester Avenue.

Buys Cooperative Suite.

An apartment in the cooperative building being erected at Fifty-first Street and Beekman Place was sold by Wagstaff & Outhwaite to Mrs. E. R. Walmsley.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALEXANDER HOLLANDER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Aug. 7, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 809½ Westchester Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' underwear, corsets, fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises.

CHARLES GINSBURG, Receiver.

SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 5 and 6.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX DAKS and ABRAHAM BRONSKY, individually and as co-partners, doing business as Daks & Bronsky, also as Plaza Clothing Shop, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Aug. 7, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,003 2d Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, machinery, fixtures, &c.

ARTHUR C. LEACH, Custodian.

JOSEPH KRINSKY, Attorney for petitioning creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 5 and 6.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LENNON BROS., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Aug. 11, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 532 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, &c.

HARRY ZALKIN, Receiver.

ROBERT S. ALLYN, Attorney for Receiver, 41 Park Row, New York.

Inspection Aug. 8 and 9.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DO-IT-ALL TRACTORS CORP., alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Aug. 11, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Port Morris Industrial Terminal Co., Inc., 130th St. and Locust Av., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gas engines, tractors, machinery, &c.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Trustee.

ABRAHAM H. SIMON, Attorney for Trustee, 159 Ramsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Inspection Aug. 8 and 9.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MITCHELL J. SATERLEE, trading as Ye Rovel Booterie, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1924, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 147 East 86th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of women's boots, shoes, rubbers, furniture, fixtures, &c.

LOUIS M. TAYLOR, Receiver.

LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 4 and 5.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of INDUSTRIAL COAL & COKE CORP., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, August 1st, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 552 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, &c.

AUGUSTIN DERBY, Trustee.

PETER B. OLNEY JR., Referee in Bankruptcy, 2 Rector St.

EMERSON SIMON, Attorney for Trustee, 277 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHOENIX DOLL CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1924, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 134 Spring St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dolls, parts, raw material, machinery, fixtures, &c.

JULIAN HARTRIDGE, Receiver.

SAM A. FRIED, Attorney for Receiver, 291 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Aug. 4 and 5.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DO

HOTEL PROPERTIES.

All Sections For Sale or Rent.

FOR SALE—Profitable New England hotel, clear; cleared but immediate possession can be had; 116 rooms, 100 rooms with bath; large parlors, dining room, coffee room and coffee room and roof garden; fine location and a money maker; can be seen at once. For further information write Smith, Gallatin & Co., 100 William Street, New York City. Members National Real Estate Board.

HOTELS FOR SALE OR LEASE—From 50 to 500 rooms, fully furnished; cash required from $15,000 up; consult our hotel department before buying. See Mr. O'Meara, Shaw & Starr, Inc., Times Bldg. Bryant 8500.

HOTEL for sale, Bridgeport, Conn. 95 rooms, furnished, steam heat; rental income; $5,000; worth investigating. Stauffer Realty Co., 25 West 42d St., Room 817.

BUILDINGS AND FACTORIES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Sale or Rent.

Corner 3d Av.—Five-story business building; very high; ground floor and basement; 100 feet deep; possession; principals only. Kelly, 443 3d Av.

432, 440-442 WEST (near 9th Av.)—50x100, 3-story building; price $250,000; income $36,000 year. Apply Hughes & Hughes, premises, Longacre 8270.

56TH ST. EAST OF 5TH AV.—Entire building for rent; suitable dressmaker, interior decorator, art dealer or similar opportunity for right tenant; long lease. H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 WEST 21ST.

42ND ST. (THREE DOORS EAST OF BROADWAY), 100-FOOT FRONT—FLOORS EXCELLENT LOCATION FOR BUSINESS HOUSE. THE BUSSEY CO., INC., 200 TIMES HALL PARK SOUTH.

SACRIFICE BUSINESS PROPERTY. $9,000, price, $46,000; expenses $6,000; will take $5,000 cash over mortgage; six-story building; one block from Broadway; owner needs immediate cash. Ryan & Co., 141 West 125th.

FACTORIES, ANY SIZE, ANYWHERE. GAILLARD REALTY CO., FACTORY BROKERS. 500 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 5583.

WEST SIDE taxpayer, below 116th St., 25x rear, $5,400; price $29,000; cash, $15,000. Durell, 37 7th Av.

FULLY equipped cloak factory for sale; also lofts to sublease. Goldberg & Eilen, 118 west 22d St.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Sale or Rent.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
2 AND 2-STORY FACTORY BUILDINGS, LOTS 75 TO 100,000 SQ. FT.
ALLAN FOX COMPANY, INC.,
216 BRIDGE PLAZA SO., ASTORIA 6901.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 SQ. FT. SPACE:
immediate occupancy or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CAILMAN COMPANY,
BRIDGE PLAZA. STILLWELL 0728.

LONG ISLAND CITY—10,000 feet at 65 cents; new garage, pipe building; Queens Boulevard and Van Pelt St.; very desirable. Futtle, Madison Square 5382.

LONG ISLAND CITY—Long lease; one-story and basement building, 8,000 square feet; will sell or lease as manufacturing, garage. Edwin Welch & Co., 216 East 59th.

LOFTS AND FLOORS.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

427 AV. (corner 28th St.)—Lofts, ground floor, basement; each contains 7,500 sq. ft.; light, heat, power, elevator, sprinklers, fire steam; immediate possession. Apply janitor on premises. 7th floor. Lexington 0500.

130 WEST 16TH ST., 133-137 EAST 17TH ST.—2d loft, 70x92; two elevators, 100 per cent. sprinkler; moderate rental. Apply owner, V. Greene & Co., 42 WEST 34TH ST., OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

29TH ST., 515 WEST—Lofts to lease, 50x100. Phone Owner. Chickering 5010.

30TH, 203 WEST—Parlor floor; also upper floor; light manufacturing. Chickering 5010.

37TH, 13 EAST—SHOWROOM, PARLOR FLOOR, LIGHT, MODERN.

38TH, 48 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable any business; will divide. Bryant 10135.

58TH ST., 39 WEST—Stoop floor, three rooms; rental $2,400; possession Oct. 1. Apply on premises, Plaza 0600, or Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 20 East 39th St. Phone Vanderbilt 0540.

58TH ST. and Bronx Blvd.—Fine loft, 50x100, modern, fireproof building; ideal for light manufacturing; light on all sides. For information call Davis & Lawrence Co. at above address, or your own broker.

MADISON AV., 790—Second floor, 25x90, $200 month; open for inspection.

DESIRABLE lofts; owner, 2,375 Bryant.

128 Bleecker St., also store, 25x100.

WEST 26th (200 pounds), 50x84; W. 26th (fireproof semi-bas't), 64x100.

GROUND floor, 7,000 sq. ft., west side, no pillars; moderate rent; immediate possession; gasoline tanks. Cross & Brown Company, 270 Madison Av. Caledonia 7000.

CHOICE LOFTS, MONAHAN BUILDING, 216-222 West 18th St. Watkins 9191.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

25,000 SQ. FT., railroad siding at door; New York freight rates; new concrete ground floor; 75x200 feet; light three sides, heat and sprinkler; 40 cents foot; live steam available; location 225 King St., Brooklyn. Phone Henry 1275. Acorn Insulated Wire Co.

LOFTS (3), for light manufacturing; each 20,000 square feet, very light; accessible location; occupancy Aug. 15. 754 Lexington Av., Brooklyn. Bushwick 7371.

Other Sections For Rent.

LOW-PRICED manufacturing and storage lofts close to New York.
BROKEN LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.,
1 Newark St., Newark, N. J.
Phone Hoboken 710.

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

42 WEST—Store, basement; elevator, steam, electricity; immediate. Owner, Bryant 2264.

44TH, 203 WEST—Store, vacant; temporary release; reasonable rent. Chickering 4369.

51ST, 16 WEST—Store 22x93; unusually light; especially suitable exclusive retail business. See Supt., 5 West 50th.

52D, 10 WEST—Parlor store, overlooking Plaza; desirable location for exclusive business; rent $4,800 yearly; also second floor front, ideal location for professional business or private; rent $175 monthly; open for inspection or telephone Chickering 7870.

55TH ST. 39 WEST—Parlor store, 3 rooms; rental $2,400; possession Oct. 1. Apply on premises, phone Plaza 1500 or Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 20 East 39th St. Phone Vanderbilt 0540.

57TH ST., 57 WEST (corner Lenox Av., subway station)—Stores; busy location.

116TH ST., 428 WEST (corner Amsterdam)—Suitable drug store. Call at premises.

LEXINGTON AV. 1,470 (95th)—Desirable corner store; suitable druggist, laundry, florist, stationery, grocery, automobile accessories, electric supplies.

STORE to let, next to corner, heart of business section, main street; wonderful opportunity for drug store, delicatessen, grocery or dairy. Write Zucker, Boonton, N. J.

STORE to lease, good location, for gents' furnishing; opposite Bloomingdales; cheap rent. Inquire Hosiery Shop, 130 East 59th.

STORE to let, 82 Willett St., suitable bakery or any business excepting barber. Apply Janitor, 1 flight, rear east.

STORES and basement to sublet, reasonable rent. Oxford Carpet Co., 2 West 15th St., Chelsea 1980.

CORNER STORE, good location, reasonable; 3 years' lease. Friedman, 1,411 3d Av.

Brooklyn—Long Island For Rent.

JAMAICA'S
MOST PROMINENT CORNER.
FULTON, CORNER WASHINGTON ST.
Exceptional offices particularly adapted for dentist, doctor, beauty parlor, photo studio or similar professions. Low rentals; desirable occupancy.
BRUNSWICK PRAVER CO.,
Stuart Building.
168-18 Jamaica Av. Phone Jamaica 6086.

JAMAICA'S
MOST PROMINENT CORNER.
Fulton, corner Washington St.,
Desirable stores ready for immediate occupancy; long lease; exceptionally low rentals.
BRUNSWICK PRAVER CO.,
Stuart Building.
168-18 Jamaica Av. Phone Jamaica 6086.

OFFICES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

9TH AV., 249-253
Southeast corner 24th St.
ATTRACTIVE OFFICES AND SHOWROOM. Apply to superintendent on premises or A. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5200.

3D AV., 500—Year's lease and mahogany fixtures for sale. Pennsylvania 1264.

5TH, 54 EAST—270 square feet, 3 windows, north light; building always open; $45 unfurnished; $55 furnished. Doulan Service.

57TH ST., 37-39 EAST,
Between 4th and Madison Avs.
ONE MONTH'S RENT FREE
on Summer leases.
Offices right at subway station.
Rent $40 monthly upward.
Apply on premises or Gramercy Park Realty Co., 342 Madison Av.

60TH, 110 WEST—Sunlight, spacious, private offices, furnished, telephone; sacrifice, $65.

41 EAST 42D ST. (LIGGETT BLDG.)—Attractive subleases, 500 feet, 16th floor, overlooking Park; handsomely furnished and decorated executive offices, modern building, Bryant 8500. Mr. Murray.

42D, 33 WEST—Two private offices and reception room; plaster partitions; best light; $1,500. Inquire room 1814, Aeolian Bldg.

42D, 51 EAST—Share outside furnished office; service; $40. Room 405.

43D, 25 WEST—Unit of about 500 sq. ft., 3 windows, partition; lease for one year or more; furnished or unfurnished. Phone Vanderbilt 7178.

43D ST., 23 WEST—Attractive furnished office. Murray Hill 0826, Room 509.

47TH, 345 WEST (Ronsax Building)—Light office, with partition, $36 month.

55TH, 345 WEST—Offices, several large, light, airy offices; also desk room in modern building. 7th floor. Telephone Circle 0565.

60TH, 17 WEST (Broadway)—Large, private office; service; reasonable. Room 912.

BROADWAY (near 14th)—Semi-private furnished office, phone, service; $40. Stuyvesant 9600.

BROADWAY, 1,465, Room 803—Beautiful furnished office, facing Times Square; also desk.

BROADWAY, 1,457 (42d), Room 1013—Office space, cool, light, mahogany furnished; $30.

CHURCH, 50 (Hudson Terminal Building, Room 533)—Private office, furnished, with part outer office if desired, fully furnished.

GRAND CENTRAL SECTION—Furnished, light, modern office; sublet reasonable. Murray Hill 10028.

KNICKERBOCKER BLDG.—Offices, furnished, unfurnished; small, large space; very desirable; also deskroom. Room 921, 152 West 42d.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,275—Small stores for rent; subway express corner.

LIBERTY ST., 120 (Room 606)—Small, quiet, private office, furnished, 2 telephones, typewriter, $30; immediate possession. Rector 2694.

MADISON AV., 842—One-half large, attractively furnished office; reasonable. Room 830.

MADISON AV., 280—Will sublet private office, furnished or unfurnished; good location. American Uniform Co.

WALL ST.—Desirable offices, desk room; monthly or longer. Bowling Green 7138.

SPLENDID CORNER OFFICE
DOWNTOWN.
1,150 sq. ft. at $2,400.
8 Windows. Plenty of Light and Air.
Modern Office Building. Best Service.
Close to Hudson Terminal.
"To see it is to rent it."
A. H. Mathews & Co., 14 Maiden Lane.
Rector 4677 or Cortlandt 0318.

LIGHT, airy office, fireproof building; ice water, towel service included; $60. American Circle Building, 1,834 Broadway. Inquire Supt.

OFFICES
$20 month and up.
236 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

FINANCE company located at Broadway and 42d St.; liquidating; will sell lease at sacrifice. Excelsior Securities Corp., 1,467 Broadway.

OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS.
Reasonable rent; at 146 Liberty St.
Wachtel & Auslander, Tel. Watkins 4135.

OFFICE, furnished, for rent, immediate possession, 1,547 Broadway, Room 607. Circle 9041.

FURNISHED private offices, $25 up; telephones, stenographer. 246 5th Av., 1st floor.

DESK, $15; mail, telephone privileges, $5; furnished office, $30. Duane, 296 Broadway.

SMALL offices and showrooms. Call Room 906, 42 West 27th St. Lackawanna 4762.

DESK ROOM or furnished office, cheap. Liggett Building. Murray Hill 9196.

OFFICES—Desk room, mailing privilege, telephone. Seneca Co., 145 West 45th St.

COMPLETE LIST, Grand Central district. H. C. Kopp & Co. Vanderbilt 4900.

DESK ROOM.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

5TH AV., 509-511, SUITE 305.
Desk space, suite, mail, phone; confidential, reliable office service; this combination $3 monthly.

5TH AV., 500—Office and desk space, well furnished; stenographic and telephone service if reasonable. Room 525. Pennsylvania 1264.

5TH AV., 500 (42d)—Suite 415, mail, phone, complete office service; $3 month.

56TH, 15 EAST (Madison Square)—Superior environment; mahogany furnished; moderate. Room 1008.

42D ST.—Just off Broadway, Candler Building, beautiful office, desk room, $25 up, including service. Phone Chickering 2270.

42D—Mahogany desk, modern, cool office, $15-$25. 8620 Grand Central Terminal.

BROADWAY or 5th Av. Address—Most beautiful furnished offices and best service in city; mahogany desks, $15 up; mail privilege, $4; bulletin and phone listing. Shaw, 923 Broadway, 151 5th Av.

BROADWAY, 165 (312)—Desk room or mailing privilege, phone service; reasonable.

BROADWAY, 220 (St. Paul Building)—Desk room, phone; rent $20. Seide, Room 613.

BROADWAY, 305, Room 907—Desk room with desk, $22, in lawyer's office.

CHURCH ST., 50 (Hudson Terminal)—Mahogany desk and telephone in first class office; $36. Room 569.

GOTHAM NATIONAL BUILDING—Furnished offices at Heart of New York, individual telephones, secretary; all at less cost than ordinary office. 1,819 Broadway at Columbus Circle.

TIMES SQUARE—1,457 Broadway, Room 812; Bryant 7848; service optional.

WILLIAM ST., 110—Desk room, beautifully furnished offices in one of the best equipped buildings downtown; phone, stenographer; $15 month. Suite 1800.

DESK room, sunlight, private office, mahogany furnished, telephone service; stenographer; reasonable. Room 902, 25 West 45th. Longacre 7606.

REDUCED expenses; desk, furnished office, $15; telephones. 1,123 Broadway (25th), Room 707.

DESK ROOM, $15; private office, $30; telephones, stenographer. 263 5th Av. Franklin.

DESK room in private office; telephone and service; ideal location. 1006 Times Building. Telephone Bryant 9208.

DESK privilege, full service, $5 monthly. Private desk, $15; mail privilege, $2. Hall and phone listings. Koch, 52 East 34th.

MAIL, telephone privileges, $5 monthly; confidential services. 246 5th Av., 1st floor.

DESK—Newly furnished offices; telephones, stenographer; $15. 246 5th Av., first floor.

DESK room or private office. Room 1103, 1,270 Broadway.

DESK, $15; furnished office, $35, including service; mailing, $3. Kerfut, 321 Broadway.

DESK ROOM or mail privilege; ideal location. See us, Suite 339, 30 Church St.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Sale.

NOSTRAND AV. store space in millinery, dress shop; rent $65, X 2474 Times Annex.

GARAGE to Let—Old-established garage and machine shop, 14,000 square feet, central location, for a term of years. Phone Far Rockaway 0900, or call at 1,221 Greenwood Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y.

FOUR offices, suitable artist, architect, engineer, contractor; prominently located approach Queensboro Bridge; $85. Davis, 306 East 59th St.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

WANTED, three-room office, nicely furnished with phone service; must be in financial district. Whitehall 6095 (Mr. Plank).

ENGINEER, gentile, desk room, downtown, with some one man who wants to reduce overhead; with or without furniture. A 842 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS and importers of staple interior decorators' artware wish representation and display space in city. W 314 Times.

STORES WANTED, 25x60, by old established east side hardware concern. W 871 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

11TH ST., 17 EAST (THE VAN RENSSELAER)—2 ROOMS AND BATH; ALL HOTEL SERVICE; $75 TO $150 A MONTH; 5TH AV. BUS AT THE DOOR; 4 MINUTES' WALK TO SUBWAY. ELEVATED AND STREET CARS.

26TH, 141 EAST—Modern and up-to-date apartments, furnished and unfurnished, parquet floors, shower baths, telephone, service; reasonable rates. Apply on premises.

28TH ST., 22 EAST—Two room and bath apartment, modern; near subway and "L."

29TH, EAST—Complete housekeeping apartment; ideal for two bachelors or couple; spacious; hangings, telephone; immediately. Madison Square 0225.

53D ST., 36 EAST—Attractive double room, private bath, handsomely furnished; $60.

56TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (at Central Park; Hotel Netherland)—Sublet by week or to Oct. 1 at very reasonable rates, suite of parlor, bedroom and bath. Inquire Room Clerk.

80S, EAST—Attractive 4 rooms, bath; long or short term lease; reasonable; immediate possession; Bronx. Wyckoff, 535 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 2525.

80TH ST., 12 EAST—Single, double; two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. San Jacinto Hotel.

86TH, 25 EAST—Two rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; $100 a month until October 1st; linens; maid service and meals if desired. Rhinelander 4317.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

81ST, 124 EAST—7-room elevator apartment, furnished; Steinway piano; large, sunny kitchen; all outside rooms; rent $65 month until Fall. Butterfield 0921.

87D ST. (cor. Madison Av.), Hotel Blen—2-2-3-room suites); 1-2 baths; exceptional service; restaurant; low Summer rates.

Furnished—West Side.

22D, 907—Three light rooms, comfortably furnished, kitchenette and bath; fine for business people or bachelors. Phone Bayside 2241, or Bayside 2234 for particulars.

51ST, 4 WEST (HOTEL WOLCOTT)—SEALTEX TUFUL SUITES. PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; SUMMER RATES: $40 AND $45 PER WEEK. SEE MANAGER.

59TH, 40 WEST—Attractive studios and apartments, private bath, kitchenette, piano; $7.50.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT)—Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $30 to $50 weekly. Longacre 2860.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT)—Elevator apartments, one, two and three rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $30 to $50 weekly. Longacre 3560.

45TH, 235 WEST—Attractively furnished 1, 2 and 3 room apartments.

49TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, private telephone, automatic elevator.

51ST, 28 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, well furnished; radio, victrola. Payne.

52D, 47 WEST—2-3 rooms, furnished, private bath, telephone, maid service.

54TH ST., BROADWAY (HOTEL CUMBERLAND)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; FROM $30 PER WEEK UP.

55TH, CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE — NEWLY FURNISHED — MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM AND BATH, $60 UPWARD; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH ST. AND 7TH AV.—To sublet, two rooms and bath; very reasonable; hotel service. Plaza Circle 3100.

55TH, 16 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano. Elberson, or Superintendent.

55TH, 12 WEST—1-room studio apartment, 1st floor, $100 monthly; reasonable.

56TH, 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 118 WEST (GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL)—TO SUBLET BY THE WEEK OR TO OCT. 1, DESIRABLE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; $45 WEEK.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—Modern elevator apartment house, newly furnished; maid, valet service; 2 and 3 rooms and bath; $23 weekly upward; references.

57TH—Two-room outside apartment, maid service, magnificently furnished; sacrifice. Circle 7222.

57TH, 130 WEST—Duplex apartment; concert grand; three bedrooms. Circle 2829. O'Kane.

58TH, 120 WEST—Luxurious 4 rooms, eighth floor, southwest; modern; reasonable. Markham.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet, overlooking Park, two and three room kitchenette apartments; special rates; one month or year.

68TH, 56 WEST—Spacious 1-room studio, beautiful, private bath, kitchenette; $85.

69TH, 20 WEST—At Broadway.

Hotel Marie Antoinette, entrance on B'way.
SUMMER RATES.
2 and 3 rooms and bath, $25 weekly and up; newly furnished and decorated; hotel service. Phone Columbus 1220.

66TH, 155 WEST—Subway, "L"; 5 light rooms, bath, $23 weekly. Janitor.

65TH, WEST (Near Central Park)—One-room apartment, attractively furnished; Steinway grand; until August-September; $60 monthly. Murray Hill 8945.

66TH ST., 45 WEST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; beautifully deporated.

68TH, 39 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, top floor, $75; August-September.

69TH, 245 WEST—1 and 2 room apartment, $25 weekly upward. Longacre 8260.

70TH, 113 WEST—Parlor floor, beautifully furnished; suitable doctor's office, studio, living.

70S—Sacrifice, beautiful three-room apartment, real kitchen, elevator; immediate. Endicott 8387.

71ST ST., 167 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms and bath; new building, unusual location; $100 month. Endicott 8747.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; by week, month or year; from $28 week or $100 month up. Endicott 1000.

72D, 118 WEST (HOTEL CARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS AND BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 244 WEST—Two bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath; light, charmingly decorated elevator apartment; Summer months. Endicott 8237.

72D, 132 WEST—Houghton Co. will recommend only inspected apartments. Endicott 0278.

72D ST., 43 WEST (corner)—Two and three rooms (studios), bath, kitchenette, elevator apartment; reasonable rent.

72D, 155 WEST—Apartments, all sizes, locations, furnished, unfurnished. Clark, Endicott 0653.

75TH ST., 28 WEST—Beautiful large room, real kitchen and bath; elegant house; only for refined couple; references.

75TH ST., 127 WEST—Summer rental until Sept. 1; apartment of 3 rooms in newly altered house; southern, northern exposure; charmingly furnished, complete for housekeeping. Apply premises. Tel. Endicott 9952.

80S—Six rooms, three baths, new building; magnificently furnished; sacrifice. Circle 7222.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., FACING PARK
HOTEL COLONIAL.
One, two and three outside rooms, bath.
Newly furnished and redecorated.
Special Summer inducements.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $28 WEEK, OR $120 PER MONTH.

81ST AND COLUMBUS AV., OPPOSITE PARK (ENDICOTT HOTEL)—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $28 WEEK, OR $120 PER MONTH.

81ST, 123 WEST.
Two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette; improvements.

82D—Two-room kitchenette apartment short, long lease; immediately $90. Endicott 1277.

84TH, 153 WEST—Modern three-room furnished housekeeping apartment; cool, clean, attractive; complete; telephone; $70 monthly; wonderful bargain.

84TH, 106 WEST—Beautiful, newly decorated 3 rooms, with high ceilings, and wood-burning fireplace; foyer and large closets; October occupancy; $1,600; references. Claybark. Phone Cortlandt 8746.

85TH, 4 WEST—Unusual floor, kitchenette, phone, maid service; long, short lease.

86TH, 311 WEST—Beautiful two rooms, kitchenette, piano, victrola; near Riverside Drive.

86TH, 19 WEST—Extra large front room, private bath, kitchenette, twin beds, maid service; in exclusive neighborhood; $18.50.

89TH, 310 WEST (Riverside)—Elegant one-room apartment, shower, bath, kitchenette; $100.

90S (near Riverside)—Beautiful five-room elevator apartment, piano; $100. Endicott 6340.

91ST, 27 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $75 UP; MAID SERVICE.

92D, BROADWAY—Doctor's separate suite in physician's apartment; complete service. Riverside 2435.

92D, 306 WEST—Beautiful 1-2-3 rooms, kitchenette; elevator; maid service.

93D, 270 WEST—Artist's unique house, large front room, bath, kitchen; park; $75; other one and two rooms, bath, kitchenette; Summer rate; maid, telephone.

93TH, 317 WEST—Nicely furnished, cool apartment; Summer months; reasonable. Apt. 53.

98TH, 220 WEST—Beautiful 2-room, bath, real kitchen; bargain. 4K.

99TH (2,626 Broadway)—Attractively furnished all outside rooms; running water; elevator apartment; 7th floor.

99TH, 244 WEST—Two rooms, completely furnished; rent $55.

97TH, 306 WEST—Four, six rooms, attractively furnished, redecorated; $100-$140. Tribelhorn.

98TH, 306 WEST (SCHUYLER ARMS).
Delightfully situated, modern, clean apartment hotel.
2 rooms, kitchenette, $20 weekly.
4 rooms, real kitchen, $35 weekly.
8 rooms, large kitchenette, $50 weekly.
ALSO SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES.
Rates include full hotel service, maid, linen, laundry, electricity, kitchen utensils, &c.

100TH, 215 (Broadway), Austin Arms—Cool, clean, comfortably furnished three-room elevator apartment, complete housekeeping, convenient, $20 weekly.

102D, 212 WEST—5 rooms, well furnished; $25 weekly; all improvements. Vidal.

108TH, 235 WEST—4-5 rooms, front, nicely furnished, clean; elevator; reasonable.

106TH (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator and non-elevator; $50 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 2000. Janitor, 215 S. 2 W. 14.

110TH, 410 WEST (corner Columbus Av.).
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, $55 month up.
High class elevator apartment house.
References essential. Phone Academy 0613.
8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

112TH, 507 WEST—6 rooms, completely furnished; real kitchen, immaculate, improvements. Greene, 2117.

113TH, 546 WEST—High-class apartments, two-three rooms, bath, electricity; maid.

113TH, 549 WEST—Attractive, four rooms, piano, elevator; twin beds. Inquire 11.

118TH (Columbia University)—Unusually attractive, spacious 2-room apartment; references. Schuyler 2117.

122D, 507 WEST (Columbia)—Elegantly furnished 4-room elevator apartment, fully equipped for housekeeping, including linens, silver; victrola, telephone; exceptional bargain; Summer, $90. Supt.

124TH, 534 WEST—Lady will share new apartment with lady; $30 monthly.

134TH, 501 WEST (Apt. 12).—Five rooms completely furnished; must sell furniture; $200; occupancy at once.

136TH (near Riverside)—Beautifully furnished four-room elevator apartment; $75. Endicott 6340.

160TH, 531 WEST—4 rooms front; all conveniences; adults; $20 per. Fay, telephone Wadsworth 0082.

COLUMBUS AV., 1410 WEST 110TH ST.).
CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
One, two and three room apartments, bath and kitchenette, $15 weekly up.
High-class elevator apartment house.
References essential. Phone Academy 0613.
8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Open Sunday.

HAVEN AV., 306 (Apt. 34)—3 rooms, completely furnished; very reasonable. Call after 6 P. M.

RIVERSIDE—Seven rooms, three baths, piano, victrola, magnificently furnished; $250. Circle 7222.

WEST END AV., 595, APT. 4.

VERY LOW RENTAL FOUR ROOMS, DINING ALCOVE AND BATH; BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, BUT WILL RENT UNFURNISHED IF DESIRED. 2 OR 14 MONTHS.

APPLY SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

WEST END AV., 674 (83d)—Beautiful one or two rooms, bath, kitchenette; best service; Summer rates; maid; telephone.

APARTMENTS OF THE BETTER CLASS, artistically decorated.
Dilts & Smith, 1,465 Columbus Circle.
Columbus 3568.

CHOICE APARTMENTS, 1 to 10 rooms, in best located and attractive buildings. Apply to Thomas H. O'Reilly, Broadway at 100th St., Telephone Academy 1600.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary—Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d. Endicott 0590.

BEAUTIFUL, two-room, kitchenette apartment, tastefully furnished; year lease, $85. Endicott 1277.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.—Furnished, unfurnished apartments. 176 West 72d. Endicott 1277.

LEASE and furniture six rooms, elevator; immediate possession. 600 West 144th. 2B.

TWO airy front rooms, use kitchen, dining room; $12 week. Morningside 5456.

Furnished—Bronx.

MARMION AV., 1,934 (near 178th and Southern Boulevard)—5 rooms; just painted, bath; steam heat, hot water, electricity; $60. Telephone Owner, Endicott 6344.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all modern improvements; maid service; near subway. Lane, 101 Montague St.

HEIGHTS—Parlor, bedroom and bath, well furnished, with first-class hotel convenience; will sublet until Sept. 1; only $25 per week. Inquire room clerk, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn, Clark and Henry Sts.

Unfurnished—East Side.

15TH, 105 EAST (subway station)—1 and 3 rooms, bath, phone, elevator apartments; housekeeping; $60 upward; immediate possession.

15TH, 310 EAST (facing Stuyvesant Park)—Studio apartment, 3 rooms, bath; improvements.

17TH, EAST—$70, 3 rooms; 4 very large; housekeeping; 5th wk. Irving Av. Stuy. 4061.

17TH, 102 EAST—Airy 2 rooms and bath and kitchenette.

20TH ST., 218 EAST—Six rooms, bath, all improvements; rent $70. Apply janitor, premises or Bohnenkamp & Schneider, 542 5th Av. Vanderbilt 2838.

22D ST., 152 EAST.
Three and six rooms in high class elevator apartment house; reasonable rent. See Superintendent, on premises.

26TH, 141 EAST—Elegant apartment, all improvements; suitable for either physician or dentist. Apply on premises.

36TH, 163 EAST (exclusive Murray Hill)—Two, three room bath, kitchenette, $1,800, $2,500; also bungalow on roof, 6 rooms, two baths, roof garden, $4,500.

40TH, 149 EAST—Living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, front apartment, southern exposure, exclusive elevator building, $150; sacrifice furnishings $750. Or rent furnished. Murray Hill 8634. Winn.

40TH, 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New fireproof building, 3 and 4 large light rooms, 2 elevators, night and hall service; several doctors' apartments; also studio apartment.

40TH, 124 EAST (southwest corner Lexington Av.)—New fireproof building; three and four large, light rooms; two elevators; night and hall service; several doctors' apartments; also studio apartment.

57TH, 125 EAST (near Park Av.)—Immediate possession or Oct. 1, seven and eight room apartments, high ceilings, 3 open fireplaces, 4 exposures. Apply Owner, Franklin Chace, on premises. Rent $5,000. Plaza 1653.

67TH, 122 EAST—Entire top floor, containing 2 rooms, bath. Fyfield, Plaza 4391.

68D ST., 105 EAST—Two rooms, bath and kitchen; furnished or unfurnished; possession October 1. Apply premises. Rhinelander 1240J or Butler-Baldwin, Vanderbilt 5015.

73D ST., 133 EAST—Seven rooms, electric light, all improvements, $125.

78TH, 221 EAST—Five rooms, bath, gas, steam, electric; entire building newly renovated; $65; two-room apartments, $35.

GRAMERCY PARK CORNER.
Unusually beautiful entire floor, three outside exposures, eight rooms, two baths; entirely decorated to suit; park key procurable; immediate or later. 2130 Times Annex.

GRAMERCY PARK—One, two or three rooms; rental reasonable. Phone Gramercy 1670.

IRVING PLACE,
Four-room housekeeping apartment in one of the most exclusive modern elevator apartment houses in the Gramercy Park section; very large rooms, with high ceilings, and wood-burning fireplace; foyer and large closets; October occupancy; $1,600; references. Claybark. Phone Cortlandt 8746.

IRVING PLACE, 78 (corner 19th, "The Block Beautiful")—Three or four rooms, all outside, ground floor, suitable doctor, dentist or private; $1,800-$2,000.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,375—2-3-5 rooms, electric light, all improvements; $60-$85-$100.

Unfurnished—West Side.

5TH AV., 226—Entire third floor, 3 large non-housekeeping rooms, facing 8th Av.; immediate or Oct. 1 occupancy. See Superintendents, Store.

9TH ST., 36-50 WEST (Wash. Square section)—6 and 7 large rooms and bath, maid's lavatory, 3 open fireplaces; 4 and 6 rooms and bath; steam; elevator; reference; lease.

11TH, 128 WEST—High-class elevator, 6-7 rooms; $1,800-$2,400. Manager.

19TH ST., 301-317 WEST.
High-class four-room garden apartments in new building; all improvements; $85 TO $98.
ALSO TWO DOCTORS' OFFICES, $80.
22D ST., 301-305 WEST.
Up-to-date four-room apartments in new building; all improvements; $98 TO $100.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
191 9TH AV. CHELSEA 5265.

23D ST., 357 WEST—Three and 4 room apartments; latest improvements; $65-$75. See Superintendent.

39TH, 56 WEST—Studio apartment (top floor); northerly and southerly exposures; $175; 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $65. Bielman, 1,481 Broadway.

49TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful six-room apartment and bath, $110 per month. Inquire doorman, 122 West 49th St.

49TH, 31 WEST—4 rooms, bath; kitchenette; north and south exposures; unusually attractive. See Agent, 2 West 50th.

50TH, 17 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; open fireplace; artistic; $1,800; possession.

50TH, 2 WEST—3 unusually large rooms, bath, kitchenette; exclusive elevator apartment.

67TH ST., 301 WEST—Beautiful 2-corner and 3-room apartments, bath and miniature kitchen; light; southern exposure; elevator building; $75 up. Columbus 7430.

85TH ST., 205 WEST (COR. 7TH AV.).
THE OSBORNE.
Newly modernized apartments of 2, 3 OR 4 ROOMS AND BATH.
Kitchens, kitchenettes, dining bays.
Rents $1,600 to $3,000.
Also at concessions, one apartment each of 4 LARGE ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
12 LARGE ROOMS AND 3 BATHS.
Apartments have high ceilings, forced, large closets, telephones; immediate or later possession with liberal allowances to Oct. 1.
Resident Agent, 205 W. 85th St.
Schuyler 9400. Owner, 1 Rockefeller Plaza.

WEST END AV., 595—Entire, well sublet six-room, two-bath apartment; over two years to run; $2,700. Warner executor, 8 Rector St. Phone Whitehall 8371.

WEST END AV., 712 (85th)—7 rooms; all improvements; excellent; $145.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

WEST END AV., 946—2-3-4-5-6-7-room apartments, 3 baths. Superintendent or Bryant 6778.

ELEVATOR BUILDINGS.
84th, 320 West—3 and 5 rooms.
124th, 234 Westn.—3 and 5 rooms.
VAN BUREN REALTY CO., OWNERS.
9 East 46th St. Vanderbilt 2956.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

166TH, 320 EAST (corner Findlay Av.)—Six-room apartment; all improvements; suitable physician or dentist; rental $45. Apply to Superintendent.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,501—Five rooms, every modern improvement; reasonable rent. Inquire Superintendent.

CONCOURSE PLAZA,
1615T ST.-GRAND CONCOURSE.
High-class 2-3-4 rooms.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
Unfur. and furnished, also transient rooms. FOR INFORMATION CALL JEROME 4700.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,028 (corner Bush St.)—Two blocks Burnside Av. subway station; 5 rooms, $35.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (171st St.)—Three, four, five rooms; reasonable rentals. Agent on premises.

KINGSBRIDGE

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

WEDNESDAY, 9 P. M.—Amusements, Automobiles, Boats, Resorts, Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT—Display Apartments and Real Estate with cuts, photographs, matrices or drawings.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Editorial Section.

TODAY, FRIDAY, 9 P. M.—Undisplayed classified, Business Opportunities.

TOMORROW, SATURDAY, 1 P.M.—Undisplayed classified, subject to omission.

Daily Edition

Advertisements for daily edition must be received before 4 P. M. on day preceding publication.

Classified Advertising Rates

Minimum space 2 lines. Agate line of 6 words.

Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	50c
Boarding and Board Wanted	50c
Help Wanted	55c
Lost and Found	55c
Real Estate, &c.	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
For Sale	65c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Mortgage Loans	70c
Employment Agencies	90c
Business Opportunities	$1.00
	Per Word.
Buyers' Wants, Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sundays)	12c

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted until midnight.

Errors worked by destroying advertisements in advance of closing time.

Reward of $100 offered by The New York Times for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

Telephone LAckawanna 1000.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Continued from preceding page.

New Jersey.

HOTEL ELMWOOD, EAST ORANGE. Residential hotel; under new management; every room with bath and telephone; convenient to station; excellent meals; special summer rate. Phone Orange 1462.

Staten Island.

THE WILLOWS (Hugenot Park)—Boating, bathing, fishing; excellent accommodations. Tottenville 1028.

Westchester County.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE, 25 MILES ON HUDSON; RIVER VIEW; EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE; EXCELLENT TABLE; REASONABLE RATES; GARAGE. CIRCLE 1980.

Other Sections.

THE MONTAUK, Mt. Pocono, Pa., 2,000 ft. elevation; rates $18-$22 week.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist, knowledge stenography; bright beginner; recommended; $14. Manhattan School, Orchard 8877.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, American, Christian, 35; expert balances, statements; not afraid hard work; $35 weekly. N 122 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, experienced; complete charge; references. Mildred Silverstein, 942 Leggett Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, beginner, some experience. R. Stein, Lenox 6513.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary, accountant, stenographer, expert, trial balance, credit manager, complete charge. Intervale 0763.

CHAMBERMAID, nursemaid, light colored girl; take care of one child; go to country. Harlem 08644. Apt. 3F.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, white, 13 years' experience, driving and repairing any car, neat, obliging, pleasant personality; three years steadily with last employer; exceptional private references verifying ability, honesty; desire city or country position. Edward, telephone Academy 4928.

CLERICAL position wanted; graduate of French university; has teaching experience; knows English well. Lin. 4538 Times.

COMPANION—Athletic American girl, graduate of Swiss school speaking French fluently, desires position with young lady. M 439 Times.

COOK—Young woman wishes position; excellent references; sleep out; state wages paid. Box 543, 131 West 38th.

DRESSMAKER—Summer gowns, alterations, difficult figures; daily or home; reasonable. Bradhurst 4719.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK, part time, mornings; excellent reference. Johnson, phone Aubrey 2699.

GIRL, colored, wishes part time housework, experienced, references. Bradhurst 5849.

HOUSEKEEPER—Norwegian, with boy 4, to take entire care apartment for business couple; experienced; references. Call Chickering 0100.

HOUSEKEEPER, American, 38, special physical care young child, Wadsworth 9011. Apt. 4K.

HOUSEKEEPER, chambermaid, waitress, part, whole time; tasty cooking; reliable. Morningside 0487.

HOUSEKEEPER, young, refined, in small family or business couple. K 443 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, whole part time; good cook; day's work, $3.50. Morningside 8620.

HOUSEWORKER, general, colored, good references; city, country. Bradhurst 5849.

KINDERGARTNER takes children out to parks; mornings, afternoons or will take care all day if desired. Phone Riverside 2206.

LAUNDRESS wishes to take in several washings; finest hand work; open air drying in fair weather; sanitary conditions; calls and delivers; dozen or piece work; good references. 707 Columbus Av. Riverside 0967.

MOTHER'S HELPER, refined, willing housework, sewing, care children. K 445 Times.

NURSE-COMPANION, hospital trained; all cases, to elderly lady; light housekeeping; $20-$25 week. K 342 Times.

NURSE, English trained; ladies, city, Southampton, recommend; infants, children Abbott, Columbus 2919.

NURSE, hospital trained; all cases children, elderly lady; $25 week. Academy 2042.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.

Desire to place my capable executive secretary; personality plus brains; available immediately; exceptional opportunity. A 602 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer; Christian; general office assistant; $30. Astoria 1028-J.

SECRETARY, stenographer; 5 years' experience; $30. K 436 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Does your firm require the services of a German-English stenographer? Thoroughly experienced; American concern preferred. N 139 Times.

STENOGRAPHER secretary, young, faithful, dependable assistant; advancement assured and surroundings most refined; $28-$30. E., 53 West 84th.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 4 year's experience; high school graduate; references; capable. Glenmore 8197.

STENOGRAPHER, 15 years' experience; first-class; American, Episcopalian; good education; $25. N 463 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, several months' experience; high school graduate; $12. A 639 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; familiar with office routine; salary $20. Miss Rosenberg, Fordham 4456.

TYPIST, general office assistant; two years' experience; $16. A 638 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, selling ability, telephone experience, pleasing personality, refined. Worth 1842.

YOUNG WOMAN, experienced, take care of invalid lady, day or part time. Harper, 97 South St., Jamaica, L. I.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, "Employers Free"—Cooks, housemaids, chambermaids, waitresses, part timers; references; city, country. Federal Employment Agency, Morningside 1459-4102.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, controller, extensive experience credits, office management and merchandising; capable executive; exceptional references. B 89 Times.

ACCOUNTANT of ability, systematizing, general and cost accounting, taxes, finances, wants a position; will make good if given an opportunity. N 388 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPING, firms without bookkeeper, 43 weekly books opened, &c. Bryant 6022.

ACCOUNTANT, wide and public experience, wants additional employment evenings. M 443 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Part time work Saturday afternoon and evenings. E. Moll, Whitehall 7990.

ACCOUNTANT desires part-time general accounting or office routine. N 125 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, desires part time connection week each month. N 102 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, now employed, open for proposition offering greater future; will consider agency, monthly guarantee or daily publication. A 620 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate, experienced, general proofing, statements, balances, posting; $35. J. 462 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, thoroughly experienced, assume complete charge; stenographer, typist. K 446 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, experienced corteggia, desires credits, collections, trustworthy and [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, full charge books, correspondence; reference. C 1218 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER desires position part time; expert, university graduate; references. E 420 Times.

BOY, colored, 19, wishes position; high school student. Edouards, Belle Harbor 8850W.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 32, married, Christian, wishes position commercial; no objection to hard work; best city references as private chauffeur. Bataille, Box 25, 1,508 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, married, 15 years' private driving experience, foreign and domestic cars, make all repairs, go anywhere; useful, willing. Fulton, 260 West 16th St.

CHAUFFEURS — High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 West 64th St. Columbus 8516-8519.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, eight years' experience, married, best reference, wishes private position. William Hall, 518 West 49th. Longacre 8263.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 30, 10 years' private references; expert mechanic, careful driver. Frank Pankert, 244 W. 121st. Morningside 0991.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—Expert driver; 5 years' experience; good appearance; obliging; exceptional references. 3 Man. 126 W. 91st. Riverside 0277.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, thoroughly experienced mechanic and perfect driver; honest, polite, unquestionable references. Inu, 146 West 65th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Rolls Royce, Packard, Loco.; long experience; willing. Grindall, Rhinelander 7870.

CHAUFFEUR wishes steady position; careful driver, any make. M 448 Times.

CHEF, first class; downtown; experienced. 332 West 72d.

CHEMIST, 23 years' experience in paint and color line; also expert on lacquers and lacquer enamels; accustomed handling large bodies of men. L 425 Times.

CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT, AVAILABLE AT ONCE.

Just completing large country home; 12 years' experience; steady, hustler, reliable; references. X 2408 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, terra cotta, 5 years' experience, desires position in a cut-stone plant. 103 N Y Times Brooklyn Branch.

ELECTRICIAN, 12 years' experience, theatre lighting specialist, house wiring. M 447 Times.

ENGINEER seeks evening employment editing, proofreading technical manuscript, radio salesman advertising copy, &c. N 499 Times.

EXECUTIVE position desired by young man, age 35, capable of earning $10,000 per year; seven years' experience, public utilities, Kansas and Missouri; best references furnished. Address Marsh, 816A Pennsylvania Hotel, or 5,921 McGee, Kansas City, Mo.

JANITOR, colored, wishes position; good references; understands steam. Bradhurst 5849.

MAN, executive ability, capable of handling foreign laborers, desires position; will travel. N 73 Times.

MANAGER, cafeteria, restaurant, hotel experience, wishes permanent connection, city or outside; steady, married, American. E 503 Times Downtown.

PORTER, houseman or doorman, colored, reliable, desires steady position. Thomas, 211 West 137th. Tel. Bradhurst 5258.

SALESMAN, married, has car, desires to represent jobber or manufacturer of merit wishing representation or additional representation Connecticut State; excellent reference, eight years' selling experience. M 426 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, capable, best credentials, desires connection with reputable firm; drive car; drawing account against commission or salary and expense. K 432 Times.

SECRETARY—Dependable, energetic, managerial experience, age 31, good education, pleasing personality, broad business experience, tactful, capable correspondent; now employed. A 617 Times Downtown.

SILK SALESMAN, experienced, with large following among the retail and cutting-up trades, desires connection with reliable silk house. K 439 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY (26), nine years' experience, college education, familiar business routines; capable executive; selling ability; good appearance. K 444 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 26, experienced, sales, manufacture, import; dependable; part time considered. A 623 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes high-class elevator apartments; experienced mechanic; references. N 127 Times.

YOUNG MAN (19) college student evenings, desires position with progressive concern offering unlimited opportunities. Box 1214, 1,270 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN seeks connection with agency; experience commercial art and copy; compensation subordinate to opportunity. L 438 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, three years' office experience, desires position at anything. A 616 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, with 1924 Ford sedan, seeks placement, established firm; sales experience; salary. M 451 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced order, follow-up, record, typing, payroll work, wishes position. M 435 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position assistant bookkeeper; references. E 985 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, familiar hardware, kindred lines, desires position. A 618 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, Christian, desires position; one with future. L 464 Times.

COUPLE—Lady going abroad wishes to place a Japanese cook-butler and his wife, chambermaid, both of whom have highly recommends; competent take entire charge. Telephone 4379 Endicott.

CHINA, GLASS, &C.—Now available, highly qualified sales executive, buyer, manager, manufacturer's representative, thoroughly experienced, foreign and domestic wares; best references. M 460 Times.

COUPLE, Japanese, want position in small family; city or country; butler and cook. Clarkson 1344, Mickey.

FISHERMAN, 32, clean cut, wants work; married, Christian, healthy, honest; best city references. Bataille, Box 25, 1,508 2d Av.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE AGENCY — Experienced cooks, butlers, chauffeurs; references. 100 West 46th. Bryant 7787.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

BILLING CLERK on Elliott-Fisher machine; must be competent; state qualifications, salary. M 457 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER wanted for about one hour every afternoon in office near Waldorf. Write, stating experience, salary expected. Box 441, 2501 World Tower Building.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in manufacturing line, to take entire charge of office routine; good salary to right girl. H. L. Hirsh Co., 2,965 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, near Cleveland St.

BOOKKEEPER—By law firm to keep estate and corporation books. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary expected. A 631 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND IMPORTING EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; ENTERPRISE TRADING CO., 276 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for complete set books, with fair knowledge typing; reply stating experience, age and salary desired. Y 2152 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, some experience; permanent; advancement. Radio Industries Corp., 131 Duane St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced; full charge. Kaplan, 90 B'way, Bkn.

CALCULATING MACHINE OPERATORS

trained; an opportunity to enter a well paid position in calculating and machine operation, a short intensive business course will fit you. See Mr. F. J. Ruckdeschel,

LIBRARY BUREAU,
380 BROADWAY.

COMPTOMETER operators, unemployed, also married operators, temporarily. F. Muriel Raxson, Room 330, 20 Church St. Cortlandt 8170.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC.,

REQUIRE SEVERAL

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.

Apply any time during the day at Employment Office, front balcony, 34th St. entrance.

NEW WEST BUILDING.

DIETITIAN, substitute assistant for one month; call or write. Woman's Hospital, 141 West 100th St., near Amsterdam Av.

EDIPHONE OPERATORS, permanent and temporary positions open. Call The Ediphone, 412 Broadway.

GIRLS to label bottles in wholesale drug house; chance for advancement; good salary; apply after 10 A. M. 257 Pearl St., New York City.

GOVERNESS, nursery, children ages 3, 7 and 9 years; $80 per month; reference. Telephone Roslyn 540.

GOVERNESS, tutor boy 12, girl 9; country; references. McCloskey, 56 West 97th.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, neat, quick and accurate; prefer one with automobile tire experience; must be able to price invoices. Christian firm. Apply between 10-11 only Friday morning. Mason Fire & Rubber Co., 549 W. 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced stenographer for newspaper syndicate; some literary ability desired, but not essential; state age, experience, references, phone number and religion; salary $25. Box 439, 2501 World Tower Building.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, mechanical equipment manufacturer, position permanent; in reply state age, experience and salary expected. B B 59 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER and typist for 2 weeks beginning Monday, Aug. 4; some experience required; applicants apply Friday 1 to 3. E. T. Backus, Room 507, 7 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER offered board lazy's bungalow, mountains; exchange easy hours; no salary; real estate experience. Y 2160 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, refined and courteous; must be accurate; experience not essential; must be perfect answering telephone. W 316 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with brokerage experience preferred; good salary to right party. Apply after 3 P. M., Room 1102, 115 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER, insurance, thoroughly experienced; preferred with knowledge of legal experience. 396 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER as assistant in credit department of publishing house. Call, or phone Harrison 7070. Tavelo-Knit Jacket, Park Av., cor. 130th.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; $15 start; good chance for bright beginner; call after 1 P. M. Elsenkramer, 404 Broome.

STENOGRAPHERS AND EDIPHONE OPERATORS, open, permanent, temporary positions. Call The Ediphone, 412 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, good appearance; must be high school or college graduate. Scadrons, 111 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; real estate office; permanent position. Lawrence, Blake & Jewell, 131 Broadway, N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER, printing experience desirable but not essential; $25 weekly. W 474 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, well experienced; salary to start $35. H. E. Wood & Co., 97 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, experienced, good handwriting. Box S. E., 212 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, best appearing, capable; Hirschl & Frank, 261 West 36th.

TELEGRAPHER-STENOGRAPHER; brokerage experience desirable. Apply after 3 P. M., Room 1102, 115 Broad St.

TYPIST, experienced young woman, rapid, accurate, one familiar with Noleteen preferred; write stating age, experience, salary, &c. W 296 Times.

TYPIST, one who understands plug switchboard; write stating age, salary and references to Coty, Inc., 714 8th Av.

WOMAN, refined, wanted during August; housework; retired minister's family of three in the country; beautiful, healthful surroundings; must demand good reference necessary, preferably from clergyman. Caroline Snedeker, St. James, Long Island.

WOMEN to canvass toilet articles; no experience necessary; $18 weekly and commission. 220 Broadway, Room 2, 2d floor.

STENOGRAPHER.

Substitute stenographer for three weeks' work; must be good. Phone Canal 3400, extension 89.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES.

Several refined women, good salaries paid; work consists of selling in wholesale showroom; experience not necessary; must be attractive in appearance and measure about 35 inches bust, 34 inches waist, 47 inches hips and be about 5 feet 5 inches in height; intelligent women will find congenial working conditions with excellent opportunity for advancement.

BLOGG & LITTAUER,
501 7TH AV.

MILLINERY MANAGER AND BUYER.

Experienced live wire to take charge of big New York store, one who knows the market thoroughly, understands city business and has catered to the young trade; must know how to dress attractive windows and possess executive ability; liberal salary and bonus to the right party. Address Great Eastern Millinery Co., 1,127 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MODELS.

MISSES—REGULARS—STOUTS.
16 36 42½

PERMANENT POSITIONS, GOOD SALARY; PLEASANT CONDITIONS; EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. ASK FOR MR. MARCUS.

PANSY DRESS CO.,
30 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
REFINED, EXPERIENCED,
HIGH-CLASS DRESSES.
JOSEPH A. MORRIS,
500 7TH AV.

MODEL, SIZE 36, FOR WHOLESALE FUR HOUSE; ASK FOR MR. WELLS. WELLS, TREISTER CO., 141 WEST 36TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR DRESSES; LONG SEASON;
GOOD SALARY.
SIEGEL LEVY,
205 WEST 39TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16, COATS; EXCEPTIONALLY LONG SEASON; HIGHEST SALARY.
M. F. KAUFMAN, 6 WEST 32D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16, FOR SHOWROOM.
STYLISH APPEARANCE.
L. & C. STERN, 116 WEST 32D, 10TH FLOOR.

MODELS, size 16, attractive, experienced, for knee suits; city. Call after 11, S. Silberblatt, 25 West 30th.

MODEL, very smart looking, for smart dresses. Joseph Rothbardt Co., 226 West 37th, 15th floor.

MODEL, LARGE 16; HIGH SALARY PAID. DAVID E. STROUSE, 6 WEST 20TH.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced; must also be typist and willing to do general clerical work. Call Garve, 10 East 38th St., 11th floor.

NIGHT NURSES, graduates, wanted. Apply Bonnaffon Burn Sanatorium, Scotch Plains, N. J. Tel. Fanwood 1455.

NURSE or nursery governess, English or French preferred, to care for three children, one attending school; must be willing to stay one year or longer; references required; state salary expected and experience. Address Edward Sulzbacher, Stahlman Building, Nashville, Tenn.

NURSES, graduate and undergraduate; apply Bay Chelsea Beach Hospital, Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

NURSES, graduates and undergraduates; maternity hospital experience. Dr. Yasuna Hospital, Lexington Av., corner 101st.

NURSE—Under graduate; day duty; excellent living conditions. Apply 420 East 58th.

NURSE-SECRETARY, experienced surgeon's office; 1:30-5; temporary. Regent 7179.

NURSERY GOVERNESS—References; experienced for 2½-year-old girl. Write or call after 10 A. M., 581 Montgomery St., Bklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typewriting and bookkeeping; references required; experience necessary; Christian firm. D. K. Deyrmanjian, 114 East 28th.

SALES DEPARTMENT MANAGER, thoroughly familiar with selling by mail; must have had long experience in getting up catalogues, follow-up letters and other details; one with knowledge of athletics and health building propaganda preferred. Box 447, 2501 World Tower Building.

SALESLADY wanted, experienced selling wholesale to imported handmade merchandise. Apply in store, Marshall Semmelman, 17 West 30th.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary, age 18, extra $3 day. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SECRETARY, stenographer, woman of ability, experience, used to handle feminine force; upper 5th Av. concern, very pleasant surroundings; knowledge French preferred but not essential. W 276 Times.

SHOPPER, FOR WOMEN'S DRESSES; MUST BE 40 OR 42 SIZE; EXPERT ON STYLES; HOURS 10 TO 3 P. M. WRITE BOX 390, 228 WEST 42D.

STENCILERS on greeting cards; experience only apply, by letter. Norcroft, 244 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.

Substitute stenographer for three weeks' work; must be good. Phone Canal 3400, extension 89.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, neat, quick and accurate; prefer one with automobile tire experience; must be able to price invoices. Christian firm. Apply between 10-11 only Friday morning. Mason Fire & Rubber Co., 549 W. 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced stenographer for newspaper syndicate; some literary ability desired, but not essential; state age, experience, references, phone number and religion; salary $25. Box 439, 2501 World Tower Building.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, mechanical equipment manufacturer, position permanent; in reply state age, experience and salary expected. B B 59 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

STENOGRAPHER and typist for 2 weeks beginning Monday, Aug. 4; some experience required; applicants apply Friday 1 to 3. E. T. Backus, Room 507, 7 East 42d.

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WOMEN to canvass toilet articles; no experience necessary; $18 weekly and commission. 220 Broadway, Room 2, 2d floor.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG GIRL, MARRIED PREFERRED, FOR PART TIME WORK IN REFINED AND UNUSUAL TEA ROOM, 161 PEARL ST. THE GREEN LINE, INC.

YOUNG LADY, attractive, 17-19, light office work; knowledge typing; pleasant surroundings; after 11 A. M. Moore & Hofmann, 136 W. 42d St.

YOUNG LADY, of good appearance, to take care of real estate office; short hours; call between 12 and 1 or 5 and 6. Room 910, 152 West 42d.

YOUNG LADY, experienced in wholesale jewelry line. Fred Kaufman, 576 6th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, about 18 years, in large Bronx office of corporation (vicinity Tremont); must be refined and good penman; about $15 to start, advancement; permanent. R. B., 1202 Times Bronx.

A NEW PLAN that fascinates and educates young people in the Bible offers a splendid opportunity to well educated women for permanent position; salary and commission; five telephone. Y 2125 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADIES for demonstrating new toys; good salary for right party; call after 9 A. M. Amuse Yourself Enterprise, 45 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, Inc
70 WALL ST.

STENOGRAPHERS

SIXTY-EIGHT most attractive positions, with immediate advancement, progressive firms, all lines; uptown, downtown, $20-$35

SECRETARY, knowledge French, steamship, $35

COLLEGE graduates; no experience necessary, $25

FILE Clerk, office clerks, $15-$22

TYPISTS, all lines; excellent, $15-$22

TELEPHONE-Typist $20; Addressograph $24

PLACEMENT CO., 15 EAST 40TH.

SECY.-STENO., VICE PRES., $35

SECY.-STENO., publicity, $35

SECY.-STENO., publ. house, $30

SECY.-STENO to sales manager, $30

STENOGRAPHER, sales dept., $25-$30

STENOGRAPHER, downtown, $27-$30

STENOGRAPHER, technical dictation, $25

STENOGRAPHER, adver. exp., $25

STENOGRAPHERS, many openings, $20-$25

TYPISTS, several openings, $20-$25

NO REGISTRATION FEES.

Rapid, accurate typist, $22; secretary, stenographer, $25; splendid opportunity for advancement; clerk-typist, $22.

ALICE DANA COLTER,
A. D. Colter Employment Agency,
8 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7139.

THE BRENTON COMPANY,
50 Church St., Room 379, 3d floor.

STENOS. (2), German-Eng. dictation, excellent oppor. in small organization...$35-$45

STENOS. (10), small offices.....$25-$30

TYPISTS (many).....$18-$25

FILE CLERKS.....$20-$22

CLERK, asstr. mail.....$20-$22

Comptometer operators, New York, Brooklyn...$20-$25

LIBRARIAN, Spanish-French.....$25-$30

HOTALING
9 Church St., Room 53, Cort. 0359.

Typist, manuscript work.....$20

Typist, switchboard (temp.), Wall St. exp. $25; stenographers, many, $25; typists, file clerks (3), $15-$22. Many other openings for girls.

FRED'K COMMERCIAL, 300 BROADWAY.

SECY., good at figures.....$35

STENOS., temp.-permanent (30).....$32-$16

TYPISTS, all lines.....$25-$16

COLLEGE GIRLS, many file openings.

CLERKS (filing, figuring, others...$25-$14

SETTEL & BLIZZARD AGENCY,
152 West 42d St., Room 1029.

Stenographers (4), typists (3), comptometers (4). Years positions pay $22 to $30; permanent; splendid opportunities; uptown and downtown.

VOCATIONAL BUREAU, INC.,
17 West 42d St. Interviews 9-2.

SECY.-STENOS.—Publ., Bank, Insur., $35; Hoboken—$25; L. I. C.—9-4:30 P. M., $25. Etc.

TYPISTS—Downtown—$25; Uptown—$22-$25.

FIFTH AV. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
500 FIFTH AV.

Secy.-Steno., bonds, eng. firms, banking, temporary-permanent, $22-$35; dictaphone operators, comptometer, $25; ledger clerks, $25; typists, $18-$23; clerks, $18.

ARCADE AGENCY, 50 BROADWAY.

Stenos., temporary, permanent, $25-$36; Elliott-Fisher oper., knowl. registration attachment, $25; file clerk, refined personality, Stock Exch. exper., $25.

MISS C. L. McGUINESS,
CARE NEW YORK BAR ASSOCIATION,
42 WEST 44TH ST.

Positions available for competent stenographers in high-class law offices.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
17 EAST 45TH., NEAR MADISON.

Secy.-Stenos., uptown, $30; secy., college preferred, $35; typists, $20-$25; ledger and stenographic positions, $25; typists, $18-$25.

H. AND J. EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY.

Beginner stenographer, high school graduate, $20. File clerk, $20. Comptometer operator, $25.

YAGER EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
15 East 40th. Suite 201.

Mrs. Cochran, Manager Female Dept.

Many excellent positions exp., beginners.

MACKEY AGENCY, 420 5TH ST., Stenographers, many, $22-$25-$30. Beginners $15-$18. Temporary, $30-$35. Typists, $18-$23. Switchboard-Typist, bank, $20.

MERCANTILE AGENCY, 200 BROADWAY.

Many immediate openings in high-class houses for refined girls; no waiting.

PERSONNEL PLACEMENT, 17 WEST 43D.

File clerk, $25; key punch, $22.

STENOS.! STENOS! STENOS!

PERMANENT-TEMPORARY.

MISS FISH, 1,457 Broadway (42d St.).

Stenographer-executive, $35; file clerk, $26; ledger clerk, typist, $22; many stenographers.

STENOGRAPHERS, private, general, $25-$30; beginner, $18. National Vocation Agency, 132 Nassau.

SECRETARY-Stenographers, uptown, salary $35. Typist and stenciling. Horn Agency, 508 5th Av. Entrance 42d St.

M. E. DUFFY,
1,400 BROADWAY.
MANY DESIRABLE POSITIONS.

Instruction.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING in ONE MONTH guaranteed pupils over 17 by Prof. Miller, who taught at Columbia Univ. 5 years. Open all year. Rooms cooled. MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND, 1,465 Broadway at 42d St. Phone Bryant 7180.

DESIGNING, dressmaking, pattern-cutting, millinery thoroughly taught; individual instruction; school open during July and August. 1876 visitors welcome; phone Longacre 7232. McDowell School, 58 West 40th St., New York City.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT, SENIOR—Wanted at once by firm of public accountants first-class senior; give references for term of years and state salary expected. E 993 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, familiar with general design. T 419 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER men's hosiery and underwear; thoroughly experienced man to assist buyer; state age and salary expected. W 283 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS—Five experienced men wanted in our repair department; must have had at least three years' experience and be over 25 years of age. Apply to Mr. Sweeney, Bates Chevrolet, Mott Av. at 140th St. Mott Haven or Mott Av. subway station.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, young man, about 18 years of age, preferably with some knowledge of bookkeeping, to assist bookkeeper of a radio corporation; excellent chance for advancement. A 619 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, from 22 years of age, high school graduate. Providence Thread Co., 183 West 19th.

BOY for office large publishing house; must be an intelligent worker and of neat appearance; position offers advancement. Call Friday, 9 A. M., Irving Berlin, Inc., 1,607 Broadway.

BUYER men's shirts and neckwear; excellent opportunity for a clean-cut man to connect with a responsible organization; state past experience. W 282 Times.

CARETAKER, reliable, country; free rent only; White Plains. Apply 41 East 29th St.

CASHIER in large chain shoe store. Times Square district; good handwriting and some clerical experience essential; hours 7:45 to 6; salary $30; apply by letter, giving age and experience. W 576 Times Downtown.

CASHIER, bonded in market business; early hours; give experience, if any, and age. V 902 Times Downtown.

CHEF for high-class restaurant; state previous experience. N 136 Times.

CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT; must have experience on steel structures; bring references. Call 12-2, Martin Silverman, 1,819 Broadway.

COOK, experienced, wanted for large hospital kitchen, to assume responsibility for meat department. Address Providence Hospital, Washington, D. C.

CREDIT MANAGER.

Experienced credit and office manager wanted with thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and checking credits for a large wholesale cloak and suit house.

Write full particulars as to age, salary and experience, also stating references as to honesty and ability. None other but experienced need apply.

BOX 883, 228 WEST 42D.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced, and designer for interior woodwork, store fixtures and refrigerators; good position for ambitious young man; give references; state salary expected. Y 2168 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; capable of preparing shop drawings and diagrams for building granite. Answer F. C. Box 478, Barre, Vt.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural detailer, G. C. Syvertsen, L. R. Eidlitz Building, Pa.

MALE HELP WANTED.

DRAFTSMEN—ELECTRICAL

with extensive experience in the design of power switchboards. Good opportunity with steady work for men who can qualify. Location, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CALL FOR INTERVIEW AT
467 10TH AV. (COR. 38TH ST.)

AUG. 5 AND 6 FROM 7 TO 9:30 P. M.

Inquire for D. L. Sawhill, representing the Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.

DRAFTSMEN—MECHANICAL

with several years' experience as designers or checkers. Good opportunity for first-class men. Location, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CALL FOR INTERVIEW AT
467 10TH AV. (COR. 38TH ST.)

AUG. 5 AND 6 FROM 7 TO 9:30 P. M.

Inquire for D. L. Sawhill, representing the Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.

FORD mechanic, permanent position. 4,701 New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn.

MANAGER

country estate, hotel and golf course, supervise all management, buying, employment, &c.; unless qualified by previous experience do not reply; salary $300 month and lodging. Address Estate, 650 Times Downtown.

MAN as stock and receiving clerk in engine room large building; apply Thursday or Friday between 10-12. Edward J. Hogan, Woolworth Building.

MANAGER, assistant, restaurant, who understands floor; state previous experience. N 187 Times.

MECHANIC on Ford cars, permanent position. 4,701 New Utrecht Av., Brooklyn.

MILLINERY MANAGER AND BUYER.

Experienced live wire to take charge of big New York store, one who knows the market thoroughly, understands city business and has catered to the young trade; must know how to dress attractive windows and possess executive ability; liberal salary and bonus to the right party. Address Great Eastern Millinery Co., 1,127 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

NATIONAL advertising solicitor, between 25-30; must have executive ability; salary open. See R. H., Penn. 1634.

OFFICE BOY not afraid of hard work in busy law office; no Summer workers need apply; references important; salary to start $10; state religion. V 909 Times Downtown.

PACKER on popular-priced dresses wanted; only those with experience need apply. Superior Dress Co., 35 West 25th.

PHYSICIAN (M. D.) few hours' work daily, good pay to assist physician who is now too much occupied to dictate answers to letters involving diagnosis. Give full

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 31.—A disturbance is central north of Newfoundland, with a trough extending southwestward to the Middle Atlantic Coast. Pressure is low in the Canadian region, and high over Ontario, and the upper lake region, the region of Bermuda and on the North Pacific Coast. During the last twenty-four hours showers and thunderstorms have occurred from the lake region and the Ohio Valley eastward to the Middle and North Atlantic States and at widely scattered points in the Rocky Mountain region. It has become cooler from the Lower Missouri Valley eastward through the lower lake region to the Atlantic Coast. Temperatures have risen over the Northwest.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Friday and Saturday in the States east of the Mississippi River except that there will be local thunderstorms Friday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States. Temperatures will not change materially Friday but it will become slightly warmer in the lower lake region Saturday.

Coastwise Weather Conditions.

In the following record of observations at United States Weather Bureau stations yesterday the temperatures given are the highest during the twelve hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. and the lowest during the corresponding twelve hours from 8 P. M. to 8 A. M.; the barometer reading and condition of weather are those recorded at 8 P. M., and the rainfall is for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 P. M.

Temperatures, Barom-Rain-

Stations.	*High.*	*Low.*	*ter.*	*fall.*	*Weather.*
Abilene	94	72	29.90		Pt. Cl'dy
Albany	74	64	29.88	.64	Cloudy
Atlanta	92	74	30.06	.02	Rain
Atlantic City	88	72	29.78		Cloudy
Baltimore	86	76	29.80	.62	Cloudy
Bismarck	84	54	29.98		Pt. Cl'dy
Boston	82	72	29.86	.70	Rain
Buffalo	84	58	29.96	.92	Cloudy
Charleston	94	74	29.98	..	Clear
Chicago	84	62	30.06	..	Cloudy
Cincinnati	88	70	29.92	..	Clear
Cleveland	74	62	29.96	.02	Pt. Cl'dy
Denver	94	62	29.96	..	Clear
Detroit	84	62	30.02	.22	Clear
Galveston	92	80	30.00	..	Clear
Helena	88	60	29.70	..	Cloudy
Indianapolis	84	72	29.98	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Jacksonville	94	72	30.04	..	Clear
Kansas City	96	72	29.98	..	Cloudy
Los Angeles	84	60	29.82	..	Clear
Milwaukee	86	58	30.10	.50	Cloudy
Minneapolis-					
St. Paul	70	48	30.08	..	Clear
New Orleans	92	78	30.00	..	Cloudy
New York	82	72	29.86	.35	Pt. Cl'dy
Oklahoma	96	74	29.92	.02	Cloudy
Philadelphia	86	76	29.90	..	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	78	66	29.90	.14	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	76	66	29.96	..	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	74	56	30.02		Pt. Cl'dy
Salt Lake City	96	70	29.72		Clear
San Antonio	96	74	29.90	..	Clear
Sault Ste.	70	56	29.98		Clear
San Francisco	76	56	29.84		Clear
Seattle	72	54	30.00		Clear
St. Louis	88	72	29.96	.24	Pt. Cl'dy
Washington	88	74			Cloudy
Wichita	98	74	29.82	.12	Cloudy

Western and Southern New England, Eastern and Central New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; continued cool Friday, except thunder showers in southeast, slightly cooler. Saturday fair.

North Carolina—Partly cloudy Friday, local thunder showers in east, slightly cooler. Saturday fair.

South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Extreme Northeast Florida—Thunder showers Friday. Saturday probably fair.

Florida—Local thunder showers Friday and probably Saturday.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday becoming unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Kentucky—Fair and slightly cooler Friday, Saturday becoming unsettled.

Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; slightly warmer Saturday.

New York City Weather Records.

Official Temperatures.

8 AM.	74	12 M.	70
9 AM.	72	1 PM.	69
10 AM.	72	2 PM.	71
11 AM.	74	3 PM.	81
12 M.	74	4 PM.	82
1 PM.	75	5 PM.	82
2 PM.	77	6 PM.	81
3 PM.	78	7 PM.	80
4 PM.	78	8 PM.	82
5 PM.	78	9 PM.	80
6 PM.	78	10 PM.	78
7 PM.	76	11 PM.	76
8 PM.	76	12 PM.	74

Average temperature yesterday, 76.
Average same date last year, 62.
Average same date for 46 years, 75.
High yesterday, 83, at 4 P. M.; low, 68, at 9:00 P. M.

Barometer—8 A. M., 29.87; 8 P. M., 29.81.
Humidity—8 A. M., 74; 8 P. M., 68.
Wind—8 A. M., north, velocity 6 miles; 8 P. M., northeast, velocity 16 miles.
Weather—8 A. M., cloudy; 8 P. M., cloudy.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:25—111 E. 23 St.; Associated Lavatory Co.	Not given
4:20—326 W. 30 St.; Mary Koth	Not given
7:22—305 3 Av.; not given	Not given
9:30—637 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn; Joseph Birmingham	Not given
11:00—3,911 3 Av., Bronx; Lena Fearman,	Not given
11:36—Edgewater Camps, Westchester, N. Y., bungalow; Catherine Wunderman	Not given
11:20—2,161 Madison Av., shanty; East Side Foundry Co.	Not given
11:15—113 W. 132 St.; not given	Not given
11:15—114 St. and 3 Av., Manhole Edison Co.	Trifling
12:40—140 E. 91 St.; not given	Not given
2:15—160 W. 55 St.; not given	Slight
2:50—707 E. 214 St., the Bronx; not given	Not given
4:28—1,730 Madison Av.; not given	Slight
5:15—1,200 Bedell & Elliott; Bedell & Neill, Hering Ave., the Bronx; not given	Slight
6:30—15 and 19 Ferry St.; L. Silverman & Son	Slight
7:05—Foreythe St. S. & M. Tire Co.,	Not given
7:05—305 3 Av.; Acme Printing Co.	Not given
7:30—100 St. and E. L. Alhouse	Not given
7:50—Broadway and 57 St., auto; T. Mosraca	Not given
9:12—160 Edgecombe, Av.; E. Davis,	Not given
9:25—Pier 33 North River, Spring St.; New York-New Jersey Tunnel	No damage
10:18—100 Willard St.; J. Handschn,	Not given
10:25—1 Av.; H. Czerny	Trifling
10:40—158 St. and North River; motor boat Manhattan; Hazert Co.;	Not given
11:00—37-01 W. Houston St.; A. Greenstein & Co.	Not given

Fire Department.

These orders issued yesterday:

The following Captains are promoted to the rank of Captain, with compensation each at the rate of $3,700 per annum, to take effect at 9 A. M., Aug. 1. They will report to the Assistant Chief of Department for assignment to duty:

William P. Hogan, H. & L. 5; Frank E. Boylan, Eng. 58; Timothy O'Leary, H. & L. 22.

Assignments to take effect at 9 A. M., Aug. 1:

Captains David M. Lynch, H. & L. 15; Joseph E. Broemmer, Eng. 21; Lieutenants Timothy O'Leary, Eng. 15; Frank E. Boylan, Eng. 40; William P. Hogan, Eng. 80.

Transfers to take effect 9 A. M., Aug. 1, as follows: Herbert J. Downward, Eng. 21, to H. & L. 112.

Lieutenants John H. Schirmer, Eng. 30, to Eng. 54; Jeremiah A. Cerny, Eng. 31, to Eng. 32; Edward J. Keating, Eng. 54, to Eng. 287; Otto Kanse, Eng. 83, to Eng. 154; Charles Kohlenberger, Eng. 154, to Eng. 31; Arthur T. McKeon, Eng. 40, to Eng. 87; Thomas F. Dougherty, H. & L. 14, to Eng. 54; Joseph G. Calhoun, Eng. 32, to H. & L. 14; Thomas A. Fitzpatrick, Eng. 287, to H. & L. 14.

Engineer William C. Samet of Eng. 17, having performed duty continuously for more than twenty years, is, on his own application, hereby retired on an annual pension of $1,380, payable monthly, to take effect from 9 A. M., Aug. 1.

Engineer George Stilley Jr. of Eng. 26, having performed duty continuously for more than twenty years, is, on his own application, hereby retired on an annual pension of $1,380, payable monthly, to take effect from 9 A. M., Aug. 1.

Fireman William Denkinger of H. & L. 26, having performed duty continuously for more than twenty years, is, on his own application, hereby retired on an annual pension of $1,250, payable monthly, to take effect from 9 A. M., Aug. 1.

Fireman Joseph Ruff, No. 2, of H. and L. 18, having performed duty continuously for more than twenty years, is, on his own application, hereby retired on an annual pension of $1,250, payable monthly, to take effect from 9 A. M., Aug. 1.

Fireman Frank B. Boylan, H. & L. 5, to the Dept. Ambulance, as chauffeur. Detail to take effect at 9 A. M., Aug. 1.

Fireman John J. Delayne (1), Eng. 55, to Dept. Ambulance, as chauffeur.

Chiefs of Battalion will forward reports on Friday, Aug. 3, giving a list of the locations of fire shooters in operation in their battalion districts. This will include those that have been temporarily loaned to, and are being operated by, the Department of Street Cleaning.

Special leave of absence, for 16 days, from 9 A. M., Aug. 17, is hereby granted to Capt. William Reed (1), Eng. 23.

Special leave of absence is granted to the following Firemen Francis X. A. White, Eng. 165, for 72 hours, from 9 A. M., Aug. 6.

Police Department.

Precinct to Traffic A: George Herritts, 28th Precinct to 13th Div., Raided Premises Squad; Henry W. Adami, 42-A to 13th Div., chauffeur; Edward McHugh, 39th to Traffic D, assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Henry Cullen, 68th to 3d., assignment to bicycle duty discontinued; Arthur A. O'Keefe, Traffic D to 3d Precinct, assignment to duty in traffic towers discontinued; Philip Korman, 13th Div., Division of Transportation to chauffeur.

To take effect 8 A. M., Aug. 1, 1924:

James A. Connors, 120th to 18th Div., Raided Premises Squad; James H. Guerin, 13th Div., Raided Premises Squad to Traffic D, assigned to duty in traffic towers.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div., Chauffeur—George J. Andrews Jr., 9-A; Edward F. Roos, Traffic B.

Temporary Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS—Charles B. Cleveland, 24 Precinct to 13th Div., office of the Police Reserve, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 11; James J. Lynch, Traffic D to 13th Div., Training School, for duty in School of Equitation, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., July 30.

SERGEANT—Robert J. Hamilton, 26th Precinct to 13th Div., Training School, for duty in School of Equitation, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., July 28.

PATROLMEN.

From 66th Precinct to the 11th Div. for 10 days, from 12 P. M., July 29, George J. Ahearn, Charles Voelpel, Forest Egbert, Albert McDonnell.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div., Training School, for duty in School of Equitation, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., July 28: Benjamin W. Keener, 2; Richard E. Brooks, 17; Edward F. Corcoran, 41; William S. Rush, 44; Edwin J. Burns, 85; Frank P. Freeman, 7; James A. Byers, 28; Thomas J. Burns Jr., 41; Alvin W. Henry, 45; John Copeland, 68.

For 18 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 1: John J. Flynn and Henry Wagner, 11th, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; David A. Wilson, 16th to 18th Div., Bureau of Uniform Inspection; Frank J. Hahn and James A. Dinan, 20th, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; George E. Lenihan and William J. A. Ford, 23d, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; James F. Corbley and William M. Neumiller, 24th, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; William T. McGronan and George J. Van Halle, 26th, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; Maurice Dobson, 13th Div., from office of Inspector General to office of Police Commissioner.

From precincts indicated to Traffic A, with bicycles: William Hauser, 17; Arthur P. Hunt, 22; Frank L. Dittmar, 27; John T. F. McMullen, 30; Francis X. Hickson, 35; Henry F. Sauvan, 20; Joseph A. Bolger, 32; Thomas F. Kearns, 27; William T. Shaughnessy, 34; David H. Dick, 60.

From precincts indicated to Traffic B, with bicycles: Anthony M. Lee, 19; Edward A. Gabel, 24; Henry Gutherman, 44; William Marxhausen, 31; George D. Hammond, 80.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div., John Dondero, 3; Harry Sellman, 43; Thomas E. J. McHugh, 9-A; William Regan, 49.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div. to duty in Division of Repairs: William J. Fallon, 15; Rowland Osterhaus, 19; William E. Cross, 34; Irvin Wyker, 38; Bernard F. Treanor, 43; Charles W. Enzler, 52; George T. Tindall, 18; Edward J. L. Shiel, 27; John W. Creamer, 34; Robert K. Richardson, 40; Thomas C. Giennon, 49-A.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div., office of Police Commissioner: James B. Leggett 7, Paul J. Shafer 10-A, Gaetano Greco 16, Edmund J. Frossard 20, Raided Premises Squad; Arthur J. McInerney 43, Paul J. Montgomery 44, George F. Hopp 58.

From precincts indicated to 13th Div., to duty in raided premises: Louis Hoffman 13, Frank Hagen 40, Henry J. McCormack 4, James J. Burke 8, David Geraghty 8A, Harry L. Dunwoody 10, James M. Gordon Jr., 10A, George P. Lang 12A, Francis J. Wilson 15, John C. Fleming 21, Thomas O'Day 22, Dennis O'Sullivan 34, Frederick Paone 39, William Miller 44, Patrick M. Dunne 45, William Nagel 53, Otto J. Boelson 69, William V. Lawlor 64.

Assignment Discontinued.

PATROLMAN—Alfonsos C. Jacobsen, 41st Precinct to 11th Div. (temporary), is discontinued from 8 A. M., July 30.

Leaves With Pay.

DEPUTY CHIEF INSPECTOR—John O'Brien, 4th Div., 25 days, from 9 A. M., Aug. 8, to be deducted from vacation.

ACTING DEPUTY CHIEF INSPECTOR—Thomas J. Kelly, 8th Div., for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 19, to be deducted from vacation.

INSPECTOR—Thomas F. McDonald, 6th Div., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 18, to be deducted from vacation.

DEPUTY INSPECTOR—Michael R. Kelly, 5th Div., for 20 days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 3, to be deducted from vacation.

Leaves Without Pay.

PATROLMEN—Thomas McHale, 12th, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., July 30; Richard J. Early, 28th, for 1 day, from 8 P. M., July 26.

Sick Leaves.

LIEUTENANT—James Keane, 73d, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 2.

SERGEANTS—James J. McGuirk, 20th, for 90 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 1; Edward T. Burke, 45th, for 10 days, from 8 A. M., Aug. 2.

PATROLMEN—John Hynes, 11th, for 90 days, from 8 A. M., July 28; George L. McGovern, 17th, for 30 days, from 12:01 A. M., Aug. 4.

Applications for Pay Approved.

PATROLMEN—Patrick Walsh, 2d, from 11:30 P. M., March 26, to 12 P. M., April 7; George Twohig, 6th, from 9 P. M., May 31, to 12 noon, June 12; William Smith, 16th, from 6 A. M., May 21, to 12 P. M., June 9; Bernard Butler, 30th, from 7:45 A. M., May 23, 12 P. M., June 10; Rudolph Hoffman, 45th, from 6:35 P. M., May 22, to 12 P. M., May 29; Thomas Healy, 59th, from 7:30 A. M., May 18, to 12 P. M., May 28; John C. Reid, 66th, from 8:20 A. M., May 31, during disability; Elmer H. Mullin, 70th, from 9 P. M., June 7, during disability; Eberhard Schaefer, 72d, from 6:20 P. M., May 31, to 12 P. M., June 10; James Burnett, Traffic A, from 6:05 P. M., May 22, to 12 P. M., June 13; Joseph R. Scheider, Traffic B, from 8:50 P. M., May 22, to 12 P. M., June 13; Charles O'Keefe, 12th Div., May 31; C. Thomas F. Rockett, Traffic B, from 8:50 P. M., May 22, to 12 P. M., June 13; Charles O'Keefe, 12th Div., from 12:20 P. M., June 7, during disability; George A. Seaquist, 12th Div., from 10:15 P. M., June 7, during disability; Henry W. Moller, 13th Div., Motorcycle Squad 2, from 9 P. M., May 13, to 12 P. M., May 30.

Estates Appraised.

New York.

BARRON, WILLIAM H (Sept. 2, 1923). Estate, $291,690. To son, James S., $64,765; to widow, Elizabeth K., $68,999; to daughters, Elisabeth B. and Madeline B. Conners, $65,465 each. William C. Rynard of 145 West Fifty-fifth Street, one of the executors.

BENJAMIN, SARAH J. (Feb. 21). Estate, $453,899; New York estate, $304,813. Divided equally among children, Arthur, Roscoe and Alice M.

DOYLE, ANNA MARIA (July 18, 1923). Estate, $10,226. Small legacies to friends and relatives; residue of $6,688 to St. Vincent's Hospital.

GARR, MAUDE R. (April 30, 1923). Estate, $244,023. To Elsie H. Smith, $25,000; residue divided equally between friends, Margaret G. Algate and Helen Gan Henry. Samuel Elliott, 449 Cedar Street, executors.

GROSS, ANNA (June 5, 1917). Estate, $42,686. To son, Alexander, of 1 West Sixty-seventh Street, executor, $30,368; son, Felix, $4,000; daughter, Robert, $1,006.

HANKS, ANNIE D. (Feb. 18). Estate, $76,960. To relatives and friends; residue of $6,921 to friend, Bruno Rosselli, Charles C. Lane, 509 West Fifty-seventh Street, executor.

KLOTZ, JENNIE E. (April 2). Estate, $28,373. To husband, Harry, $9,330, and sister, Mary St. Wilcox, $18,000. Harry L. Klotz of Corona, L. I., administrator.

LANE, SOFIE (May 18, 1922). Estate, $65,307. Divided equally among children, Arthur, Herman, Nathan, Hattie L. Spitzer and Esther. Arthur S. Lane of 1,984 Seventh Avenue, administrator.

LEARED, WILLIAM P. (Feb. 27, 1923). Estate, $23,737. To sister, Mary S. Rut, for life. Frank W. Dutton of Pittsfield, Mass., executor.

LUDLAM, GEORGE F. (April 14). Estate, $54,511, divided equally among children, Clarice L. De Boet, Frank and William, of 4 West Forty-third Street, all executors.

MORRIS, GUSTUS, JR. (Jan. 29), resident of New Jersey. Total estate, $50,770; New York estate, $35,910, to widow, Martha A., and Sumner N. Jones, one of the executors.

MURPHY, JOHN F. (Nov. 23, 1922). Estate, $14,995, to widow, Mary, of 467 Central Park West, executrix.

NEWMAN, SIMON S. (Jan. 21). Estate, $45,744, in trust for widow, Fannie, of 772 St. Nicholas Avenue, one of the executors.

SARGENT, CHARLES C. (Nov. 25, 1922.) Estate, $29,531, divided equally between daughters, Helen Hitchock and Elisabeth S. Walker, of 58 West Forty-seventh Street, for life; both executrixes.

SHEPMAN, ELLEN (Dec. 7, 1923). Estate, $41,581, divided equally among children, Era McEnany, Raynor L., Clark S. and Lester E., of 310 Audubon Street, New Rochelle, N. Y.

SMITH, HIGBIE (Nov. 19, 1923), resident of New Jersey. Total estate, $256,801; New York estate, $210,714, divided equally among widow, Elma, and daughters, Amy M. Bigelow, Erma, M. S. Murray and Evelyn M. Dunn. George O. Elmore of 121 Maiden Lane, one of the executors.

WALKER, DAVID (Nov. 8, 1923). Estate, $48,829, to friends, Sophie I. Ireland and Anthony Brown. $9,787 and $18,802 respectively.

WITTFIELD, EDWINA A. (May 23). Estate $34,766, divided equally among daughters, Virginia, Sue B. and Rebecca B. Queen. Virginia M. Whitfield of 112 West Seventy-fourth Street, administrator.

WOOLWORTH, SOPHIE C. (Jan. 3). Estate, $42,755, to sister, Lillian S. W. Taylor of 46 West Eighty-third Street; executrix.

ROVITA, BENITO (Dec. 4, 1922). Estate, $563,084; to widow, Catalina, $51,425, and children, John and Herbert, $13,616 each, and Grace, $12,616, all of 205 West Eighty-ninth Street, and all executors.

Westchester.

CORNISH, ANNA L. (Dec. 17, 1923). Estate, $14,823, to sons, Chester and Allen, and grandson, Allen. Allen L. Cornish of 28 Clinton Place, Mount Vernon, N. Y., executor.

CRAWFORD, STELLA A. (Dec. 3, 1923). Estate, $27,515, to sister, Ada, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., executrix.

DESPARD, MARIE C. (April 5). Estate, $16,848, divided equally between sister, Estelle D. Vanderhoof, and brother, Douglass C., of Bay Coast, Huntington, N. Y., executor.

HAYES, SCOTT RUSSEL (May 5, 1923). Estate, $32,410, to widow, Maude, of Spiegel Farm, N. Y., executrix.

HUNT, GEORGE W. (June 16, 1923). Estate, $619,118. To half-brother, John, $150,000; to cousins, William, Frank and Frederick Word, $114,662 each. Herbert D. Tent of 23 West First Street, one of the administrators.

JONES, MARY A. (Nov. 12, 1923). Estate, $19,264, to daughter, Alice P. Todd, executrix.

KEELY, KATHERINE M. (Dec. 13, 1923). Estate, $16,460, divided among friends and relatives; residue of $4,405 to St. Joseph's Church. Katherine White of 145 Hawthorne Avenue, Yonkers, one of the executors.

KINGMAN, WILLIAM L. (May 8). Estate, $58,077. To daughter, Bessie, and son, John, $1,000 each; residue of $46,524 to widow, Sarah, of 208 Glenwood Avenue, Yonkers, executrix.

WESSENKOPF, PHILIP (March 8). Estate; $36,535, to widow, Lena, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., executrix.

SILVERN, LOUIS (Nov. 26, 1923). Estate, $87,750, to widow, Bertha, of 5 South Fifteenth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., executrix; 4 sons.

SIMONS, SARAH L. (Feb. 11, 1923). Estate, $32,305, to husband, James, $13,000 and one-third personalty, and daughter, Hannah C. Morgan, $9,370. James W. Simons of Port Chester, N. Y., administrator.

TAYLOR, GEORGE C. (Nov. 18). Estate, $448,058, to widow, Mabel, of Pelham, N. Y., executrix, for life.

THOMASON, GEORGE (Sept. 17, 1923). Estate, $44,947, to widow, Isabella, for life. Fifth Avenue Bank, executor.

Bronx.

DODT, JOHN H. C. (Dec. 13, 1923). Estate, $14,816, to widow, Bertha, of 470 East 187th Street, Bronx, executrix.

DOWNING, ANDREW (July 7, 1923). Estate, $34,481, to friends; residue of $14,424 to James W. Pletcher Sr. of 427 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, executrix.

DONNE, MARY F. (Oct. 17, 1921). Estate, $76,064, to sister, Theresa, of 2,731 Webster Avenue, Bronx, executrix.

CAMPFER, HERMAN (Sept. 3, 1923). Estate, $44,251. To sister, Ida Barry, annuity of $600; residue of $38,201 to widow, Theresa, of 34 Wellesley Avenue, Yonkers, executrix.

GREENBERG, ROSE (Oct. 4, 1923). Estate, $23,405. To husband, Jacob, $9,671, and sons, Leo and Norman, $6,221 each. Jacob Greenberg of 978 East 180th Street, executor.

REVELL, JOSEPHINE B. (April 13). Estate, $231,152. To husband, Fleming, of Riverdale, Bronx, executor, one-third, and son, Fleming, two-thirds.

ROEBEN, REGINA (April 18). Estate, $19,784. To son, John, of Bergenfield, N. J., executrix.

SCHNIER, HENRY (Nov. 25, 1923). Estate, $58,902, to widow, Margarette, of 2,298 Perry Avenue, Bronx, executrix.

WEGENER, HUGO (Nov. 2, 1922). Estate, $30,509, to widow and children. Charles A., Weber of 2,216 Strang Avenue, Bronx, one of the executors.

Kings.

BISHOP, EMMA A (Feb. 1, 1924)—Net estate $2,200. To husband, George W. Bishop, executor, 1,915 Atlantic Avenue. The estate consists of equity in realty.

CAMPBELL, ALEXANDER CARLYLE (June 13, 1917)—Gross estate $206,526; net, $187,813. To widow, Lillian Z. Campbell, administratrix, 478 Bement Avenue, New Brighton, S. I., $150,272; daughters, Marjorie E. and Elaine C. Campbell, $18,268 each. The estate includes Golden Hill Farm, near Newburgh, N. Y., $9,750; an equity in 363 Parkwell Avenue, Asbury Park, $1,000; Bank $2,654, insurance and note $341, auto $1,050, from estate of decedent's father $19,-331; stock of Alexander Campbell Realty Company, 105 shares, $25,599; Alexander Campbell Milk Company 734 shares common and 497 shares preferred, $149,290.

Wills for Probate.

New York.

O'DONOHUE, AMY ISABELLE (July 21). Estate, in excess of $100,000, to husband, Ernest, income for life from trust, amounting to $2,500 per year; residue divided equally among Genevieve A. Kinney, Ernest V. Isabelle, A. Stephen H. Hand and Agnes. Ernest V. Amy of 46 West Seventieth Street, one of the executors.

RYKOWSKY, ISAAC SAMUEL (July 18). Estate, $15,000. To daughter, Mrs. Lena Mra, residue to widow, Lena, of 301 West 112th Street, one of the executors.

FISKAM, ESTHER (July 24). Estate, $25,000, to widow Anna of 202 West Eighty-sixth Street, executrix.

MAYER, LIZZIE (July 21). Estate, $8,500, to husband, John of 1,677 Avenue A, executor.

SHAPIRO, MAX (March 12). Estate, $1,250, divided among sisters and brothers. Freda Shapiro Schachter of 116 Avenue C, executrix.

Kings.

BARCLAY, ESTHER E. (July 22, 1924). Estate, $6,000, to husband, Albert A. Barclay, executor, 197 First Street.

BRAINERD, MARGARET S. (July 23, 1924). Estate, realty, over $10,000; personal property, over $10,000. To four nephews, each $500; residuary estate to husband, John W. Brainerd, executor, 92 Lincoln Road.

BRANTWOOD, MARRIANA J. (July 6, 1924). Estate $3,350. To husband, Joseph Brantwood, executor, 446 Lafayette Avenue.

CLEMENTE, ANNA (April 4, 1924). Estate, $8,000. To a son, G. Clemente, executor, 71 Wilson Avenue, life use, in trust for six grandchildren.

CRISTY, JAMES D. (June 26, 1924). Estate exceeds $10,000. To cousins, Elizabeth Cristy, executrix, 607 West 135th Street; Manhattan, pictures, books, jewelry, &c. L. and Martha Cristy, 200 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., to Mrs. Mary C. Cristy, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and Harriet Cosgood, New Haven, Conn., each $3,000.

DAY, FRANCIS E. (May 2, 1924). Estate, upwards of $30,000. One-half of which is in realty, to widow, Ella S. Day, executrix, 150 West Forty-second Street, Manhattan.

GRANT, HELEN M. W. (July 20, 1924). Estate, over $20,000, of which over $15,000 is realty. To George Durham, 858 Cumberland Street, "a faithful servant for many years," to deceased's family, $1,000 to the Women's Guild of Plymouth Church, $200; residuary estate to daughters, Helen Wolcott Grant, 175 Wartmouth Street, Boston, and Marion B. Grant, 64 South Oxford Street. The Brooklyn Trust Company, executor.

LUCAS, DAVID F. (June 16, 1924). Estate, amount of realty undetermined; personal property upwards of $1,000. Small bequests to a brother and a niece; residuary estate to four nephews, C. N. Lucas and John F. Lucas, Spalding, Canada; E. M. A. Smith, Eureka, Cal., and R. B. Lucas, San Francisco. Executor, The Kings County Trust Company.

STRASBURGER, JULIUS (July 5, 1924). Estate, $5,000, to widow, Rhoda M. Strasburger, executrix, 1,354 Delamore Place.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
VOLENDAM	Rotterdam	July 29
TUSCANIA	Piraeus	July 30
HOLLANDIA	Naples	July 30
CITY OF AUCKLAND	Bombay	July 30
CITY OF MADRID	Karachi	July 30
SARCOXIE	Bordeaux	July 28
VALENCIA	Liverpool	July 28
PATRIA	Marseilles	July 28
BANKA	Gibraltar	July 30
CITY OF CANTON	Auckland	July 30
MAKALLA	Melbourne	July 30
TREDINNICK	New Plymouth	July 30
LABETTE	Buenos Aires	July 31
ULUA	Havana	July 30

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
MONGOLIA	Hamburg	July 26
MONTEVIDEO	Cadiz	July 30
MONTCLARE	Amsterdam	July 30
WESTERN PLAINS	Kotka	July 24
KASHAM	Port Said	July 25
VIGOR	Genoa	July 27
MENELAUS	Liverpool	July 27
ROTTERDAM	Southampton	July 31
MOLOSSE	St. Nazaire	July 26
MINERIC	Port Said	July 29
SANTA ROSA	Cristobal	July 30
DIS OF COLUMBIA	Cristobal	July 30
WESTERN WORLD	Buenos Aires	July 31
STEEL ENGINEER	Buenos Aires	July 31
SCHODIC	Buenos Aires	July 31

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
VINCENT, Havana	Aug. 1	10 A.M.
TOLOA, Havana	Aug. 2	12 M.
LONDON MARINER, London	Aug. 2	12 M.
McKEESPORT, Rotterdam	Aug. 2	10 A.M.
OLEN, Bordeaux	Aug. 2	10 A.M.
EDITH, San Juan	Aug. 2	12 M.
SANTA TERESA, Havana	Aug. 2	12 M.
VERBANIA, London	Aug. 2	12 M.
CITY OF RANGOON, Shanghai	Aug. 2	9 A.M.
MASANIELLO, Marseilles	Aug. 2	3 P.M.
GLENBANK, Hongkong	Aug. 3	10 A.M.
NIRPURA, Auckland	Aug. 5	9 A.M.
YORO, Kingston	Aug. 6	3 P.M.
SURINAM, Trinidad	Aug. 6	3 P.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
MUNPLACE, Cherbourg	Aug. 6	10 A.M.
SANTA MARTA, Kingston	Aug. 6	12 M.
FRANCIS, Para	Aug. 7	9 A.M.
SANTA ANA, Valparaiso	Aug. 7	12 M.
STEEL NAVIGATOR, Bluefields	Aug. 7	10 A.M.
SAN LORENZO, San Juan	Aug. 7	12 M.
AMER. BANKER, London	Aug. 7	12 M.
MINNEWAYE, Rotterdam	Aug. 7	11 A.M.
EASTERN VICTOR, Antwerp	Aug. 8	3 P.M.
ASIA, Salonica	Aug. 8	3 P.M.
CARNA, Port au Prince	Aug. 8	3 P.M.
COM. ROLLINS, Kingston	Aug. 8	12 M.
CABEDELLO, Santos	Aug. 8	9 A.M.

Transcontinental Air Mail

The newly established transcontinental air mail service is operated in both directions daily, leaving Hazlehurst Field (New York) at 11 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, and San Francisco at 8 A. M., Pacific Standard Time. The planes carry mail for intermediate points as well, including Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Salt Lake City, &c. Mail for points not on the air route is forwarded by mail trains from the nearest air mail station.

The New York closing time on weekdays for this mail is 8:30 A. M., Daylight Saving Time, from the General Post Office and 31 A. M. at a little later at the air mail letter boxes painted red, white and blue, which are located in various parts of the city. The closing time at the box in Times Square is 9:05 A. M. The closing time on Sundays and holidays is 9 A. M. at the General Post Office and 9:46 A. M. at the Times Square box.

Wednesday's transcontinental air mail from San Francisco was running twelve hours late out of Chicago and is expected at Hazlehurst Field about 8 A. M., Eastern Standard Time, today.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—Wednesday's transcontinental air mail from New York arrived here on time.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the General Post Office and City Hall Post Office Station, New York, at 8 P. M. daily, as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	MATSONIA	Aug. 1
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only) via Seattle	ACHILLES	Aug. 2
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements, via Victoria	PRES. MADISON	Aug. 7
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia; also parcel-post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	MAUNGANUI	Aug. 8
Philippine Islands (letter mail only), also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Victoria	EMP. OF CANADA	Aug. 9
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia, via San Francisco	VENTURA	Aug. 10
Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for New Zealand and Australia, via Victoria	MAKURA	Aug. 23

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The War Department published these orders today:

Infantry.

Supplee, Lt. Col. H. C. M., to Ft. Benning, Ga.

Townsend, 1st Lt. G. R., to 1st Div., 24 Corps Area.

Leaves of Absence.

Prentiss, Maj. A. M., Gen. Staff., 1 mo.

Booth, Maj. L. D., Ord. Dept., 1 mo., 7 days.

McKay, Maj. W. G., M. C., 16 days.

Green, Maj. A. A., C. A. C., 1 mo.

Spalding, Capt. D., F., 4 mos.

Lynd, Capt. W. E., A. S., 1 mo.

Shosmaker, Capt. R. L., Inf., 1 mo.

Bacon, Capt. R. R., 2 mos.

Fisher, Capt. H. H., 1 mo.

Dawson, Capt. J. H., 3 mos.

Barnhill, Capt. L. H., Inf., 1 mo., 22 days.

Bertschey, Capt. S. L., 2 mos.

Oatman, Capt. C. D., Med. Corps, 1 mo.

Smith, Capt. R. P., M. C., 3 mos

Business Opportunities

Bank and business references required.

$100 reward for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one obtaining money fraudulently through announcements in The New York Times.

Telephone Lackawanna 1000.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY. Wanted—Some one to finance or become partner in newly formed corporation for the purpose of manufacturing and selling a new patented motor device. Big demand. For particulars call BLUEBIRD MOTOR DEVICE CORP., 93 Lewis St., Dry Dock 2241.

BUFFALO MANUFACTURER looking for New York distributor capable developing salesmen to handle assorted specialty line selling automobile fleet owners; also large advertisers, drug stores; must have sufficient capital handle orders, carry accounts; President arriving city Saturday; references; give phone. P 94 Times.

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BEAUTY PARLOR, GREENWICH VIL- lage; established trade; long lease; reasonable. N 141 Times.

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COLORFUL PARADE BY 10,000 MOOSE

Sweltering Heat Fails to Daunt Marchers, Who Are Reviewed by the Mayor.

QUEENS CROWNED AT DANCE

Order Urges Coolidge to Aid World Peace—Markakis, New Head, Installed on Final Day.

Traffic on Fifth Avenue was diverted yesterday afternoon when 10,000 members of the Loyal Order of Moose marched in the murky heat from Twenty-sixth Street to Sixty-sixth Street. The fezes, Zouave trousers and sashes worn by many of the Legions made the parade a colorful one.

Mayor Hylan, just back from California, made his first public appearance, reviewing the marchers from a stand at Fifty-ninth Street. He was applauded generously and his tanned countenance was wreathed with smiles. With the Mayor were Lieutenant Governor George R. Lunn, Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, the Director General of the order; Edward J. Henning, Assistant Secretary of Labor and former Supreme Dictator of the Moose; Willar A. Marakis, the new Supreme Dictator, and scores of lesser officials.

The column began to move at 1:35 o'clock. Even then the marchers were sweltering in air which was as humid as a wet sponge. Eleven divisions were in line. The men and women who formed them came from all parts of the United States, as well as Canada, Bermuda, South Africa, the Philippines, Hawaii, the Canal Zone and Alaska.

4,000 New Yorkers in Line.

First came a platoon of mounted police. The Mayor's Fraternal Committee was next and then the chief marshal, Edward H. Theis of New York Lodge 15, who is Deputy District Supreme Dictator. After him came his aids and then the Mooseheart Students' Band and the seventy Supreme Lodge officers, leading the 4,000 members of the New York Lodge.

The New York State lodges from outside the metropolitan district made up the first division, of which Leo P. H. Galvin of Rochester was marshal. They were followed by 1,000 Moose from the Philadelphia and Eastern Pennsylvania district, led by Clymer Missimer of Philadelphia. Then came Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Connecticut.

The metropolitan district lodges, those from the Pacific Coast and the Moose from New England formed three divisions. Some of the lodges from Western States had as many as fifty men in line. The Westerners preceded the Southerners, who comprised the last two divisions. More than thirty bands were in the parade, and their music was practically continuous, it seemed to those at the reviewing stand. And in the heat and humidity of yesterday this was considered no small feat for bandsmen.

Although the avenue was lined with spectators and windows of stores and office buildings were filled, the largest crowds gathered at Forty-second Street and about the Plaza. Special details of police handled the throngs admirably.

Sweiter in Oilskins.

The largest delegations from outside were those of Philadelphia and Chicago. The Atlantic City lodge was headed by two roller chairs from the boardwalk, each propelled by perspiring Moose. There were two floats from Atlantic City also. The women from the resort wore white frocks and capes of brilliant red. Perhaps the most uncomfortable of the marchers were the Moose from Gloucester, Mass., who were clothed in fishermen's oilskins. Despite the heat they did not discard their costumes. The rain which threatened held off, so that the costumes failed to prove utilitarian.

The New Rochelle marchers were garbed as farmers, each carrying a carpet bag. A sixty-one piece string band accompanied the Philadelphia delegation. The Camden, N. J., visitors were in red nad wore huge white shakos. Lavender and yellow bedecked the Jersey City contingent.

The women in the parade seemed to suffer most from the heat, but nearly all remained with their organizations throughout the entire line of march.

At the convention session in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor before the parade a resolution was unanimously adopted asking President Coolidge to further the cause of world peace. It was presented by Rabbi Rudolph Coffey of Oakland, Cal.

Director General Davis made his final address, in which he asked that every member of the order give a penny a day for the Mooseheart School at Mooseheart, Ill. He also urged that the membership be increased by another 100,000 before the convention at Baltimore next year. Mr. Davis said that if every member gave a penny a day the order would be able to establish three more schools similar to the one at Mooseheart, which is giving an education to 1,200 children.

It was announced that the annual dues of $2, which every member pays into the Mooseheart School fund, would be increased next year to $3.04. This will increase the school's income from $2,000,000 a year to $4,000,000, a larger sum than most universities receive.

Address by Order's New Head.

Supreme Dictator Marakie delivered his installation address before a large gathering in Madison Square.

"It is a great honor to be chosen head of an order comprising more than 600,000 men, and I am deeply appreciative," said he. "It is a fine compliment to be elected in New York City as the First Supreme Dictator from the Empire State. I know that the delegates who have assembled here from all over the continent have enjoyed themselves to the limit. This is the greatest convention the order ever held, as was to be expected in the greatest city in the world. We hope New York has liked us as well as we have liked New York and have appreciated her lavish hospitality.

"Though the Loyal Order of Moose has made steady progress since 1906, it has not yet reached its zenith. We shall move more rapidly now and 1,000,000 members by 1925 is no rash prediction, because this order does things. To help little children and to succor the aged are things that appeal to every red-blooded man, and those are the works of mercy of the order.

"The system of education that is exemplified at Mooseheart is of inestimable benefit to the whole problem of education, and we expect and predict that the Mooseheart influence before many years will be felt and seen in the entire educational system of America.

"And the new conception of duty to the aged and infirm that we are exemplifying at Mooseheaven, Fla., and impressing upon the hearts of all men, is bound to have an influence toward a more humane treatment of those men and women who, having done their part in the world's struggle, are entitled to an opportunity to pass their declining years in comfort and contentment. The aged husband and wife are entitled to go down the hill of life hand in hand and not be separated by the arbitrary fiat of an official clothed with authority.

"To bring about this new conception we have pledged our efforts. And whatever the Loyal Order of Moose, under the inspiring leadership of James J. Davis, sets out to do, always has become, and always will become, an accomplished fact."

Two Super-Beauties Chosen.

Florenz Ziegfeld and M. A. Rasko, a portrait painter, had a difficult task in trying to select a super-beauty from among twenty-two young women who assembled in the grand ballroom at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon—the winners in beauty contests staged by the order all over the country. Douglas Fairbanks was to have aided Mr. Ziegfeld and Mr. Rasko in the selection, but he sent word it would embarrass him too much to be present. After an hour's work all save five of the young women were eliminated. Finally, when the judges were unable to decide between two contestants, Secretary of Labor Davis suggested that both be chosen.

The winners, Miss Hazel Goodwin of 140 Irving Avenue, Syracuse, and Miss Elizabeth Fleisch of 656 Fifty-third Street, Brooklyn, will each receive a life-sized portrait of herself, painted by Mr. Rasko.

Several hundred of the convention women visited the birthplace of Theodore Roosevelt at 28 East Twentieth Street yesterday.

Queens Crowned at Final Dance.

The Moose crowned their two queens last night at a dance in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, which marked the conclusion of the convention. In performing the coronation ceremony Secretary Davis said: "The organization has always been non-political and non-sectarian. This afternoon, when it came to deciding between a blonde and a brunette, we decided to be non-partisan as well. So we have two queens."

Miss Fleisch is the blonde and Miss Goodwin the brunette. Both are 18 years old and neither has bobbed hair.

During the early part of the evening the winners and sixteen of the other beauties watched the dance from the south balcony. Before the coronation they marched around the armory, the winners escorted by Secretary Davis and the others by the drill team of the Rochester Lodge, dressed as Zouaves. About 3,500 members and guests were at the dance. Earlier in the evening the Rochester team and that of the Jersey City Lodge gave exhibitions of drilling.

Winners of Lodge Contests.

The winners of the lodge contests held during the convention were also announced. The first prize of $600 in Contest One, for the best exemplification of the ritual with drill team, went to New Orleans. Erie, Pa., won the second prize of $500; Indianapolis, third prize, $400; Greater Chicago No. 3, fourth prize, $300; Detroit, fifth prize, $200.

In Contest Two, best exemplification of ritualistic work without drill team: First prize, $300, to Columbia lodge, Washington, D. C.

In Contest Three, best drill teams of Moose Defenders: First prize, Rochester; second prize, New Orleans.

In Contest Four, competitive band contest, first prize: $500, went to Erie, Pa.; second, $300, to Williamsport, Pa., and third, $150, to Ridgewood, N. Y.

Davenport, Iwo,a won first prize of $80 in Contest Five, for male quartettes.

In Contest Six, uniform marching clubs coming the longest distance, participating in parade, having most members in line, and best appearing, the prizes were awarded as follows: First, $500, Philadelphia; second, $400, New Orleans; third, $300, Detroit; fourth, $200, Davenport, Iowa; fifth, $100, Gloucester, Mass.

STONE PRESAGES ACTION ON RADIO COMPANIES

Indicates That He Will Take Up Monopoly Complaint of the Trade Commission.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Indications were given at the Department of Justice tonight that Attorney General Stone is preparing an action against some of the radio equipment companies for alleged violation of anti-trust laws. The steps contemplated are understood to be based on the recent charge by the Federal Trade Commission that a monopoly existed among some of the companies.

The Attorney General declined to discuss the situation, but admitted that the "Sherman law section" of his department was considering the findings of the Trade Commission, which were said to be of such a character as to warrant close study and "a further investigation for additional facts."

Some department officials indicated a belief that an agreement existed among certain radio equipment makers with respect to selling prices, but they were not prepared to discuss procedure, nor would they say whether the companies were the ones cited by the Trade Commission. These were the Radio Corporation of America, the General Electric Company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the Westinghouse Company, Western Electric Company, the International Radio Company and the United Fruit and Wireless Specialty Company.

These, the commission in a complaint issued last January charged, were creating and maintaining a monopoly in radio apparatus and communication.

FOR NEW CABINET MEMBER.

Prof. Strayer Favors a Federal Department of Education.

Declaring that the educational conditions warrant the creation of a Federal Department of Education of Cabinet rank, Dr. George D. Strayer, professor of education in Teachers College, addressed several hundred members of the National Education Association last night in the Horace Mann Auditorium. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Summer session of Columbia University.

Dr. Strayer pointed out that greater Government participation was required to minimize the inequalities among the nation's school children and to eliminate enormous economic waste. Such a Federal department as he proposes, he said, should, in a large measure function as a research and investigating body.

Miss Olive M. Jones of New York, a former President of the Association said that the growing class consciousness among teachers indicated a growing need for more governmental cooperation.

MALE MOTHS DRUNKARDS.

But Female Butterflies Shun Whisky in London Test.

LONDON, July 31.—That male butterflies like to get drunk, while female ones shun liquor and are perfectly content with water as a beverage, is the discovery of the zoologist Sutt after experiments along these lines.

He kept all sorts of butterflies in his wire-screened garden and exposed several bowls, containing either pure water or whisky of different brands. The males invariably took to the liquor bowls and sipped until they fell off the brim and rolled on the ground.

The females, however, behaved and without exception shunned the alcohol.

ASSAIL DARWINIAN THEORY.

Georgia Legislators Would Refuse Funds for Schools Teaching It.

ATLANTA, July 31.—The Georgia House of Representatives today had before it a favorable report from its Committee on Education on a bill to withdraw all State funds from any school or other institution at which the Darwinian or any similar theory of evolution is taught. The bill is a copy of the Kentucky law.

Representative Pope styled the theory of evolution as "rotten stuff." Representative McCrory said if he was descended from a monkey he was ashamed of it, but didn't think he was. He said he believed God created man and monkeys.

Associated Press Bars Applicants.

A special meeting of The Associated Press was held at its office at 383 Madison Avenue yesterday to consider applications for membership from The Rochester Times-Union and The Baltimore Evening Sun. Both applications were rejected, that of the Times-Union by a vote of 500 to 340, and that of The Evening Sun by a vote of 568 to 331.

DAVEGA VACATION SALE

BATHING

Men's Bathing Suits; two-piece styles; all-wool, heavy weight.	$4.95, $2.57, $1.25, etc.
Suits for Men and Boys; all wool; Calif. Style; $4.00 value	$2.57
U. S. Rubber Bathing Shoes...	95c
Submarine Bathing Caps.....	$1.25
Lifeguard Swimming Belts....	$2.00 and up

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Cowhide full-lined Fielders' Gloves.....	$2.95
Official League Baseballs.....	95c
Louisville Slugger Bats.....	$1.39

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Lenox Rackets; reg. $3.50.....	$1.95
Premier Rackets; reg. $5.00...	$2.95
Special $8, $9, $10 Models....	$4.95

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No. 1-A Jr. Autographic; takes pictures 2½ in. by 4¼ in.; reg. $15.....	$13.45

One 6-Exposure Film Free with Each Kodak!

CAMPING

Famous Stonebridge Camping Lanterns, Reg. $2.00	49c
Camp Cook Stoves	$7.50 and up
Gold Medal Cots....Special at	$3.95

GOLF

Davega Golf Outfit. Four clubs and three-stay bag; $13.50 value.....	$9.95
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Re-Washed Golf Balls; famous makes; $6.00 value.....	$3.95
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Fresh Water Fishing Tackle Outfit, complete.....Special	$6.45

We carry a complete line of fishing tackle and accessories.

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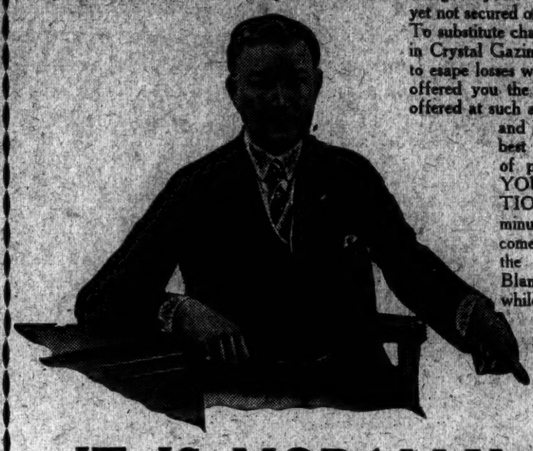
ANOTHER AWFUL CALAMITY

The newspapers are publishing detailed accounts of the fatal Long Island Railroad wreck, wherein death occurred, panic followed and scores of persons injured were rushed to hospitals. Danger of all kinds—Accident or Sickness—besets us on all sides. None of us are immune. Hence we should protect ourselves as much as possible. This message to you is of vital importance. If you have as yet not secured one of our policies, do so by all means. To substitute chance for Insurance is like putting faith in Crystal Gazing. DON'T TRUST TO LUCK to esape losses which Insurance will cover. Below is offered you the cheapest and widest protection ever offered at such a low price. Send the coupon below and learn important facts concerning your best interests. I have insured thousands of persons in every walk of life, and YOU SHOULD BE NO EXCEPTION. You can't afford to delay a minute longer. Accidents and sickness come unawares. Prepare for it.—Mail the coupon below for an Application Blank and full particulars—NOW—while the matter is fresh in your mind. You will thank me for bringing the proposition to your attention.



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